## Regents Exam Questions

G.SRT.D.9: Using Trigonometry to Find Area 5 www.jmap.org

## G.SRT.D.9: Using Trigonometry to Find Area 5

1 An obtuse angle of a parallelogram has a measure of $150^{\circ}$. If the sides of the parallelogram measure 10 and 12 centimeters, what is the area of the parallelogram?

1) $30 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$
2) $60 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$
3) $60 \sqrt{2} \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$
4) $60 \sqrt{3} \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$

2 The sides of a parallelogram are 6 and 8 , and the included angle is $150^{\circ}$. What is the area of the parallelogram?

1) 24
2) 48
3) $24 \sqrt{3}$
4) $48 \sqrt{2}$

3 What is the area of a parallelogram if two adjacent sides measure 4 and 5 and an included angle measures $60^{\circ}$ ?

1) $5 \sqrt{2}$
2) $10 \sqrt{2}$
3) $5 \sqrt{3}$
4) $10 \sqrt{3}$

4 What is the area of parallelogram $A B C D$ if $A B=4$, $A D=5 \sqrt{3}$, and $\mathrm{m} \angle A=60$ ?

1) 15
2) 30
3) $5 \sqrt{3}$
4) $10 \sqrt{3}$

5 What is the area of a parallelogram that has sides measuring 8 cm and 12 cm and includes an angle of $120^{\circ}$ ?

1) $24 \sqrt{3}$
2) $48 \sqrt{3}$
3) $83 \sqrt{3}$
4) $96 \sqrt{3}$

Name: $\qquad$

6 The sides of a parallelogram measure 10 cm and 18 cm . One angle of the parallelogram measures 46 degrees. What is the area of the parallelogram, to the nearest square centimeter?

1) 65
2) 125
3) 129
4) 162

7 In the accompanying diagram of parallelogram $A B C D, \mathrm{~m} \angle A=30, A B=10$, and $A D=6$. What is the area of parallelogram $A B C D$ ?


8 Two sides of a parallelogram are 24 feet and 30 feet. The measure of the angle between these sides is $57^{\circ}$. Find the area of the parallelogram, to the nearest square foot.

9 The two sides and included angle of a parallelogram are 18,22 , and $60^{\circ}$. Find its exact area in simplest form.

10 Find, to the nearest tenth of a square foot, the area of a rhombus that has a side of 6 feet and an angle of $50^{\circ}$.

11 The area of a parallelogram is 594 , and the lengths of its sides are 32 and 46 . Determine, to the nearest tenth of a degree, the measure of the acute angle of the parallelogram.

## G.SRT.D.9: Using Trigonometry to Find Area 5

## Answer Section

1 ANS: 2 REF: 019734siii
2 ANS: 1 REF: 060231siii
3 ANS: 4 REF: 089733siii
4 ANS: 2
$A=4 \cdot 5 \sqrt{3} \sin 60=20 \sqrt{3} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}=30$

REF: 011713a2
5 ANS: 2
$K=8 \cdot 12 \sin 120=96 \cdot \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}=48 \sqrt{3}$
REF: 061508a2
6 ANS: 3
$K=(10)(18) \sin 46 \approx 129$
REF: 081021a2
7 ANS:
30. $K=(10)(6) \sin 30^{\circ}=30$

REF: 010924b
8 ANS:
$K=a b \sin C=24 \cdot 30 \sin 57 \approx 604$
REF: 061034a2
9 ANS:
$K=a b \sin C=18 \cdot 22 \sin 60=396 \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}=198 \sqrt{3}$

REF: 061234a2
10 ANS:
$K=a b \sin C=6 \cdot 6 \sin 50 \approx 27.6$
REF: 011429a2
11 ANS:
$594=32 \cdot 46 \sin C$
$\frac{594}{1472}=\sin C$
$23.8 \approx C$
REF: 011535a2

