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## G.SRT.C.7: Cofunctions 1

1 In scalene triangle $A B C$ shown in the diagram below, $\mathrm{m} \angle C=90^{\circ}$.


Which equation is always true?

1) $\sin A=\sin B$
2) $\cos A=\cos B$
3) $\cos A=\sin C$
4) $\sin A=\cos B$

2 In $\triangle A B C$ below, angle $C$ is a right angle.


Which statement must be true?

1) $\sin A=\cos B$
2) $\sin A=\tan B$
3) $\sin B=\tan A$
4) $\sin B=\cos B$

3 Right triangle $A B C$ is shown below.


Which trigonometric equation is always true for triangle $A B C$ ?

1) $\sin A=\cos C$
2) $\cos A=\sin A$
3) $\cos A=\cos C$
4) $\tan A=\tan C$

4 In the diagram below, $\triangle D O G \sim \triangle C A T$, where $\angle G$ and $\angle T$ are right angles.


Which expression is always equivalent to $\sin D$ ?

1) $\cos A$
2) $\sin A$
3) $\tan A$
4) $\cos C$

5 Right triangle $T M R$ is a scalene triangle with the right angle at $M$. Which equation is true?

1) $\sin M=\cos T$
2) $\sin R=\cos R$
3) $\sin T=\cos R$
4) $\sin T=\cos M$

6 In $\triangle A B C$, the complement of $\angle B$ is $\angle A$. Which statement is always true?

1) $\tan \angle A=\tan \angle B$
2) $\sin \angle A=\sin \angle B$
3) $\cos \angle A=\tan \angle B$
4) $\sin \angle A=\cos \angle B$

7 If scalene triangle $X Y Z$ is similar to triangle $Q R S$ and $\mathrm{m} \angle X=90^{\circ}$, which equation is always true?

1) $\sin Y=\sin S$
2) $\cos R=\cos Z$
3) $\cos Y=\sin Q$
4) $\sin R=\cos Z$

8 In right triangle $A B C, \mathrm{~m} \angle C=90^{\circ}$ and $A C \neq B C$. Which trigonometric ratio is equivalent to $\sin B$ ?

1) $\cos A$
2) $\cos B$
3) $\tan A$
4) $\tan B$

9 Right triangle $A C T$ has $\mathrm{m} \angle A=90^{\circ}$. Which expression is always equivalent to $\cos T$ ?

1) $\cos C$
2) $\sin C$
3) $\tan T$
4) $\sin T$

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10 In right triangle $A B C, \mathrm{~m} \angle C=90^{\circ}$. If $\cos B=\frac{5}{13}$, which function also equals $\frac{5}{13}$ ?

1) $\tan A$
2) $\tan B$
3) $\sin A$
4) $\sin B$

11 In $\triangle A B C$, where $\angle C$ is a right angle, $\cos A=\frac{\sqrt{21}}{5}$. What is $\sin B ?$

1) $\frac{\sqrt{21}}{5}$
2) $\frac{\sqrt{21}}{2}$
3) $\frac{2}{5}$
4) $\frac{5}{\sqrt{21}}$

12 Which expression is always equivalent to $\sin x$ when $0^{\circ}<x<90^{\circ}$ ?

1) $\cos \left(90^{\circ}-x\right)$
2) $\cos \left(45^{\circ}-x\right)$
3) $\cos (2 x)$
4) $\cos x$

13 Which expression is equal to $\sin 30^{\circ}$ ?

1) $\tan 30^{\circ}$
2) $\sin 60^{\circ}$
3) $\cos 60^{\circ}$
4) $\cos 30^{\circ}$

14 The expression $\sin 57^{\circ}$ is equal to

1) $\tan 33^{\circ}$
2) $\cos 33^{\circ}$
3) $\tan 57^{\circ}$
4) $\cos 57^{\circ}$

15 In a right triangle, the acute angles have the relationship $\sin (2 x+4)=\cos (46)$. What is the value of $x$ ?

1) 20
2) 21
3) 24
4) 25

Name: $\qquad$

16 For the acute angles in a right triangle, $\sin (4 x)^{\circ}=\cos (3 x+13)^{\circ}$. What is the number of degrees in the measure of the smaller angle?

1) $11^{\circ}$
2) $13^{\circ}$
3) $44^{\circ}$
4) $52^{\circ}$

17 In a right triangle, $\sin (40-x)^{\circ}=\cos (3 x)^{\circ}$. What is the value of $x$ ?

1) 10
2) 15
3) 20
4) 25

18 If $\sin (2 x+7)^{\circ}=\cos (4 x-7)^{\circ}$, what is the value of $x$ ?

1) 7
2) 15
3) 21
4) 30

19 Find the value of $R$ that will make the equation $\sin 73^{\circ}=\cos R$ true when $0^{\circ}<R<90^{\circ}$. Explain your answer.
20 In right triangle $A B C$ with the right angle at $C$, $\sin A=2 x+0.1$ and $\cos B=4 x-0.7$. Determine and state the value of $x$. Explain your answer.

21 Explain why $\cos (x)=\sin (90-x)$ for $x$ such that $0<x<90$.

22 Given: Right triangle $A B C$ with right angle at $C$. If $\sin A$ increases, does $\cos B$ increase or decrease?
Explain why.
23 When instructed to find the length of $\overline{H J}$ in right triangle $H J G$, Alex wrote the equation $\sin 28^{\circ}=\frac{H J}{20}$ while Marlene wrote $\cos 62^{\circ}=\frac{H J}{20}$.
Are both students' equations correct? Explain why.


## G.SRT.C.7: Cofunctions 1

 Answer Section```
1 ANS: 4 REF: 061512geo
2 ANS: 1 REF: 081919geo
3 ANS: 1 REF: 012304geo
4 ANS: 1 REF: 062312geo
5 ANS: 3
Sine and cosine are cofunctions.
REF: 062206geo
6 ANS: 4 REF: 011609geo
ANS: 4 REF: 082210geo
8 ANS: 1 REF: 011922geo
9 ANS: 2 REF: 082311geo
10 ANS: 3 REF: 061703geo
11 ANS: 1 REF: 081606geo
12 ANS: 1 REF: 081504geo
13 ANS: 3
90-30=60
REF: 012401geo
14 ANS: 2
90-57 = 33
REF: 061909geo
15 ANS: 1
2x+4+46=90
2x=40
x=20
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REF: 061808geo
16 ANS: 3

$$
\begin{aligned}
4 x+3 x+13 & =90 \quad 4(11)<3(11)+13 \\
7 x & =77 \quad 44<46 \\
x & =11
\end{aligned}
$$

REF: 012021geo
17 ANS: 4

$$
\begin{array}{r}
40-x+3 x=90 \\
2 x=50 \\
x=25
\end{array}
$$

REF: 081721geo

18 ANS: 2
$2 x+7+4 x-7=90$

$$
\begin{aligned}
6 x & =90 \\
x & =15
\end{aligned}
$$

REF: 081824geo
19 ANS:
$73+R=90$ Equal cofunctions are complementary.

$$
R=17
$$

REF: 061628geo
20 ANS:
$4 x-.07=2 x+.01 \operatorname{Sin} A$ is the ratio of the opposite side and the hypotenuse while $\cos B$ is the ratio of the adjacent

$$
\begin{aligned}
2 x & =0.8 \\
x & =0.4
\end{aligned}
$$

side and the hypotenuse. The side opposite angle $A$ is the same side as the side adjacent to angle $B$. Therefore, $\sin A=\cos B$.

REF: fall1407geo
21 ANS:
The acute angles in a right triangle are always complementary. The sine of any acute angle is equal to the cosine of its complement.

REF: spr1407geo
22 ANS:
$\cos B$ increases because $\angle A$ and $\angle B$ are complementary and $\sin A=\cos B$.
REF: 011827geo
23 ANS:
Yes, because $28^{\circ}$ and $62^{\circ}$ angles are complementary. The sine of an angle equals the cosine of its complement.
REF: 011727geo

