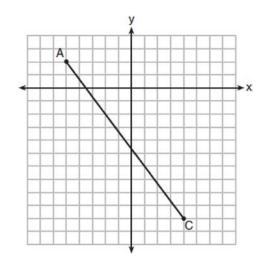
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G.GPE.B.6 Directed Line Segments 1a

1 In the diagram below, \overline{AC} has endpoints with coordinates A(-5,2) and C(4,-10).



If *B* is a point on \overline{AC} and AB:BC = 1:2, what are the coordinates of *B*?

1)
$$(-2,-2)$$
 2) $\left(-\frac{1}{2},-4\right)$ 3) $\left(0,-\frac{14}{3}\right)$
4) $(1,-6)$

- 2 What are the coordinates of point *C* on the directed segment from *A*(-8,4) to *B*(10,-2) that partitions the segment such that *AC:CB* is 2:1?
 1) (1,1) 2) (-2,2) 3) (2,-2) 4) (4,0)
- 3 The coordinates of the endpoints of <u>QS</u> are <u>Q(-9,8)</u> and <u>S(9,-4)</u>. Point *R* is on <u>QS</u> such that <u>QR:RS</u> is in the ratio of 1:2. What are the coordinates of point *R*?
 1) (0,2) 2) (3,0) 3) (-3,4) 4) (-6,6)
- 4 The coordinates of the endpoints of \overline{SC} are S(-7,3)and C(2,-6). If point *M* is on \overline{SC} , what are the coordinates of *M* such that *SM*:*MC* is 1:2?

1)
$$(-4,0)$$
 2) $(0,-4)$ 3) $(-1,-3)$ 4) $\left(-\frac{5}{2},-\frac{3}{2}\right)$

5 Point *M* divides *AB* so that AM:MB = 1:2. If *A* has coordinates (-1,-3) and *B* has coordinates (8,9), the coordinates of *M* are

1) (2,1) 2)
$$\left(\frac{5}{3},0\right)$$
 3) (5,5) 4) $\left(\frac{23}{3},8\right)$

- 6 The endpoints of directed line segment PQ have coordinates of P(-7,-5) and Q(5,3). What are the coordinates of point A, on PQ, that divide PQ into a ratio of 1:3?
 1) A(-1,-1) 2) A(2,1) 3) A(3,2)
 4) A(-4,-3)
- 7 The endpoints of AB are A(-5,3) and B(7,-5).
 Point P is on AB such that AP:PB = 3:1. What are the coordinates of point P?
 1) (-2,-3) 2) (1,-1) 3) (-2,1) 4) (4,-3)
- 8 Point *Q* is on \overline{MN} such that MQ:QN = 2:3. If *M* has coordinates (3,5) and *N* has coordinates (8,-5), the coordinates of *Q* are 1) (5,1) 2) (5,0) 3) (6,-1) 4) (6,0)
- 9 Directed line segment AJ has endpoints whose coordinates are A(5,7) and J(-10,-8). Point E is on AJ such that AE:EJ is 2:3. What are the coordinates of point E?
 1) (1,-1) 2) (-5,-3) 3) (-4,-2) 4) (-1,1)
- 10 Line segment *RW* has endpoints *R*(-4,5) and *W*(6,20). Point *P* is on *RW* such that *RP:PW* is 2:3. What are the coordinates of point *P*?
 1) (2,9) 2) (0,11) 3) (2,14) 4) (10,2)
- 11 Directed line segment *DE* has endpoints D(-4,-2)and E(1,8). Point *F* divides \overline{DE} such that DF:FEis 2:3. What are the coordinates of *F*? 1) (-3.0) 2) (-2,2) 3) (-1,4) 4) (2,4)

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Regents Exam Questions G.GPE.B.6: Directed Line Segments 1a www.jmap.org

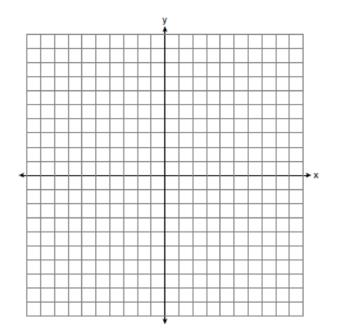
- 12 The coordinates of the endpoints of directed line segment *ABC* are A(-8,7) and C(7,-13). If *AB:BC* = 3:2, the coordinates of *B* are 1) (1,-5) 2) (-2,-1) 3) (-3,0) 4) (3,-6)
- 13 Point *P* divides the directed line segment from point A(-4,-1) to point B(6,4) in the ratio 2:3. The coordinates of point *P* are 1) (-1,1) 2) (0,1) 3) (1,0) 4) (2,2)
- 14 What are the coordinates of the point on the directed line segment from K(-5, -4) to L(5, 1) that partitions the segment into a ratio of 3 to 2?

1)
$$(-3,-3)$$
 2) $(-1,-2)$ 3) $\left(0,-\frac{3}{2}\right)$ 4) $(1,-1)$

15 Point *P* is on the directed line segment from point X(-6,-2) to point Y(6,7) and divides the segment in the ratio 1:5. What are the coordinates of point *P*?

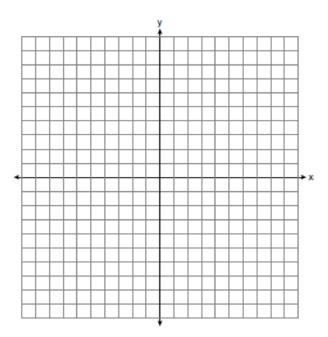
1)
$$\left(4,5\frac{1}{2}\right)$$
 2) $\left(-\frac{1}{2},-4\right)$ 3) $\left(-4\frac{1}{2},0\right)$
4) $\left(-4,-\frac{1}{2}\right)$

16 The coordinates of the endpoints of \overline{AB} are A(-8,-2) and B(16,6). Point *P* is on \overline{AB} . What are the coordinates of point *P*, such that *AP:PB* is 3:5? 1) (1,1) 2) (7,3) 3) (9.6,3.6) 4) (6.4,2.8) 17 The coordinates of the endpoints of \overline{AB} are A(-6,-5) and B(4,0). Point *P* is on \overline{AB} . Determine and state the coordinates of point *P*, such that AP:PB is 2:3. [The use of the set of axes below is optional.]

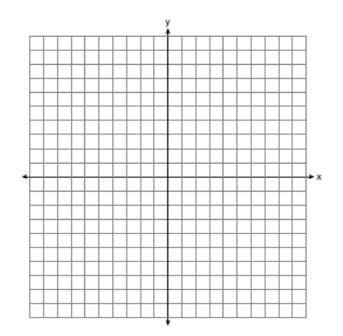


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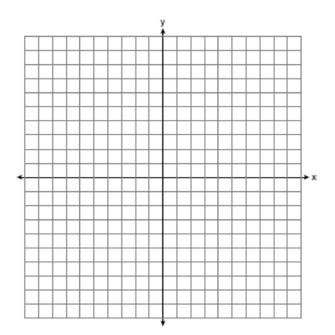
18 Line segment PQ has endpoints P(-5,1) and Q(5,6), and point R is on \overline{PQ} . Determine and state the coordinates of R, such that PR:RQ = 2:3. [The use of the set of axes below is optional.]



19 Directed line segment *PT* has endpoints whose coordinates are P(-2, 1) and T(4, 7). Determine the coordinates of point *J* that divides the segment in the ratio 2 to 1. [The use of the set of axes below is optional.]



20 Directed line segment *AB* has endpoints whose coordinates are A(-2,5) and B(8,-1). Determine and state the coordinates of *P*, the point which divides the segment in the ratio 3:2. [The use of the set of axes below is optional.]



- 21 The endpoints of \overline{DEF} are D(1,4) and F(16,14). Determine and state the coordinates of point *E*, if DE: EF = 2:3.
- 22 Point *P* is on segment *AB* such that AP:PB is 4:5. If *A* has coordinates (4,2), and *B* has coordinates (22,2), determine and state the coordinates of *P*.

4

G.GPE.B.6 Directed Line Segments 1a **Answer Section**

1 ANS: 1

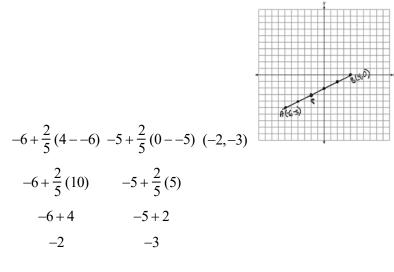
$$x = -5 + \frac{1}{3}(4 - 5) = -5 + 3 = -2$$
 $y = 2 + \frac{1}{3}(-10 - 2) = 2 - 4 = -2$
REF: 011806geo
2 ANS: 4
 $-8 + \frac{2}{3}(10 - 8) = -8 + \frac{2}{3}(18) = -8 + 12 = 4 + \frac{2}{3}(-2 - 4) = 4 + \frac{2}{3}(-6) = 4 - 4 = 0$
REF: 061919geo
3 ANS: 3
 $-9 + \frac{1}{3}(9 - 9) = -9 + \frac{1}{3}(18) = -9 + 6 = -3 + \frac{1}{3}(-4 - 8) = 8 + \frac{1}{3}(-12) = 8 - 4 = 4$
REF: 081903geo
4 ANS: 1
 $-7 + \frac{1}{3}(2 - 7) = -7 + \frac{1}{3}(9) = -7 + 3 = -4 + 3 + \frac{1}{3}(-6 - 3) = 3 + \frac{1}{3}(-9) = 3 - 3 = 0$
REF: 082213geo
5 ANS: 1
 $-1 + \frac{1}{3}(8 - 1) = -1 + \frac{1}{3}(9) = -1 + 3 = 2 - 3 + \frac{1}{3}(9 - 3) = -3 + \frac{1}{3}(12) = -3 + 4 = 1$
REF: 011915geo
6 ANS: 4
 $-7 + \frac{1}{4}(5 - 7) = -7 + \frac{1}{4}(12) = -7 + 3 = -4 - 5 + \frac{1}{4}(3 - 5) = -5 + \frac{1}{4}(8) = -5 + 2 = -3$
7 REF: 012005geo
7 ANS: 4
 $-5 + \frac{3}{4}(7 - 5) = -5 + \frac{3}{4}(12) = -5 + 9 = 4 + 3 + \frac{3}{4}(-5 - 3) = 3 + \frac{3}{4}(-8) = 3 - 6 = -3$
REF: 082302geo
8 ANS: 1
 $3 + \frac{2}{5}(8 - 3) = 3 + \frac{2}{5}(5) = 3 + 2 = 5 + \frac{2}{5}(-5 - 5) = 5 + \frac{2}{5}(-10) = 5 - 4 = 1$

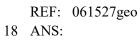
REF: 011720geo

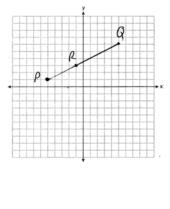
9 ANS: 4

$$5 + \frac{2}{5}(-10-5) = 5 + \frac{2}{5}(-15) = 5 - 6 = -1$$
 $7 + \frac{2}{5}(-8-7) = 7 + \frac{2}{5}(-15) = 7 - 6 = 1$
REF: 012410geo
10 ANS: 2
 $-4 + \frac{2}{5}(6--4) = -4 + \frac{2}{5}(10) = -4 + 4 = 0$ $5 + \frac{2}{5}(20-5) = 5 + \frac{2}{5}(15) = 5 + 6 = 11$
REF: 061715geo
11 ANS: 2
 $-4 + \frac{2}{5}(1--4) = -4 + \frac{2}{5}(5) = -4 + 2 = -2 - 2 + \frac{2}{5}(8--2) = -2 + \frac{2}{5}(10) = -2 + 4 = 2$
REF: 061814geo
12 ANS: 1
 $-8 + \frac{3}{5}(7--8) = -8 + 9 = 1$ $7 + \frac{3}{5}(-13-7) = 7 - 12 = -5$
REF: 081815geo
13 ANS: 2
 $-4 + \frac{2}{5}(6--4) = -4 + \frac{2}{5}(10) = -4 + 4 = 0$ $-1 + \frac{2}{5}(4--1) = -1 + \frac{2}{5}(5) = -1 + 2 = 1$
REF: 062222geo
14 ANS: 4
 $-5 + \frac{3}{5}(5--5) - 4 + \frac{3}{5}(1--4)$
 $-5 + \frac{3}{5}(10) - 4 + \frac{3}{5}(5)$
 $-5 + 6 - 4 + 3$
 $1 - 1$
REF: spr1401geo
15 ANS: 4
 $x = -6 + \frac{1}{6}(6--6) = -6 + 2 = -4$ $y = -2 + \frac{1}{6}(7--2) = -2 + \frac{9}{6} = -\frac{1}{2}$
REF: 081618geo
16 ANS: 1
 $-8 + \frac{3}{8}(16-8) = -8 + \frac{3}{8}(24) = -8 + 9 = 1 -2 + \frac{3}{8}(6--2) = -2 + \frac{3}{8}(8) = -2 + 3 = 1$

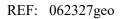
17 ANS:



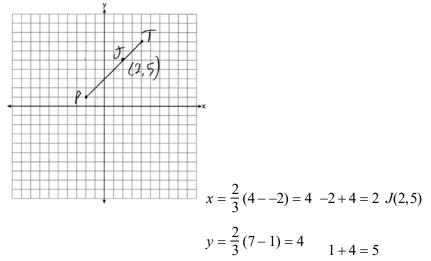


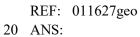


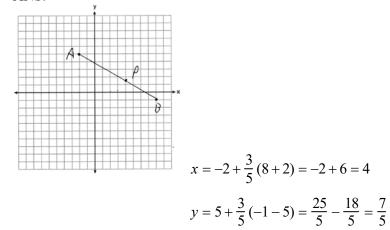
$$-5 + \frac{2}{5}(5 - -5) + \frac{2}{5}(6 - 1) (-1, 3)$$
$$-5 + \frac{2}{5}(10) + \frac{2}{5}(5)$$
$$-5 + 4 + 2$$
$$-1 + 3$$



19 ANS:





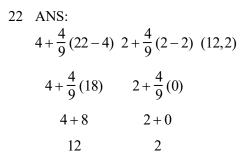


REF: 012328geo

21 ANS:

$$\frac{2}{5} \cdot (16-1) = 6 \frac{2}{5} \cdot (14-4) = 4 \quad (1+6,4+4) = (7,8)$$

REF: 081531geo



REF: 061626geo