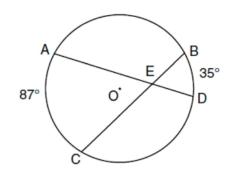
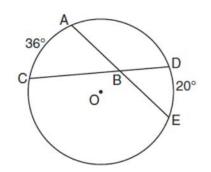
G.C.A.2: Chords, Secants and Tangents 10

1 In the diagram below of circle *O*, chords \overline{AD} and \overline{BC} intersect at *E*, $\widehat{mAC} = 87$, and $\widehat{mBD} = 35$.



What is the degree measure of $\angle CEA$?

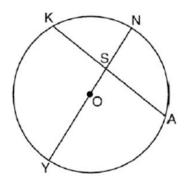
- 1) 87
- 2) 61
- 3) 43.5
- 4) 26
- 2 In the diagram below of circle *O*, chords \overline{AE} and \overline{DC} intersect at point *B*, such that $\widehat{mAC} = 36$ and $\widehat{mDE} = 20$.



What is $m \angle ABC$?

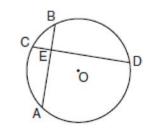
- 1) 56
- 2) 36
- 3) 28
- 4) 8

3 In circle O, chord \overline{KA} intersects diameter \overline{YN} at S.



If $\widehat{mYK} = 120^\circ$ and $\widehat{mYA} = 105^\circ$, what is $m\angle ASN$?

- 1) 22.5°
- 2) 75°
- 3) 97.5°
- 4) 120°
- 4 In the accompanying diagram of circle *O*, chords \overrightarrow{AB} and \overrightarrow{CD} intersect at *E* and $\overrightarrow{mAC}: \overrightarrow{mCB}: \overrightarrow{mBD}: \overrightarrow{mDA} = 4:2:6:8.$

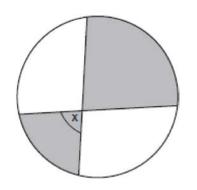


What is m∠*DEB*?

- 1) 36
- 2) 90
- 3) 100
- 4) 126

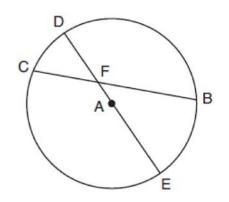
Regents Exam Questions G.C.A.2: Chords, Secants and Tangents 10 Name: www.jmap.org

5 The accompanying diagram shows a child's spin toy that is constructed from two chords intersecting in a circle. The curved edge of the larger shaded section is one-quarter of the circumference of the circle, and the curved edge of the smaller shaded section is one-fifth of the circumference of the circle.



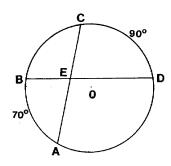
What is the measure of angle *x*?

- 1) 40°
- 2) 72°
- 3) 81°
- 4) 108°
- 6 In circle A below, chord \overline{BC} and diameter \overline{DAE} intersect at F.

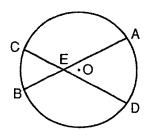


If $\widehat{\text{mCD}} = 46^{\circ}$ and $\widehat{\text{mDB}} = 102^{\circ}$, what is $\text{m}\angle CFE$?

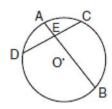
7 In the accompanying diagram, \overline{AC} and \overline{BD} are chords of circle *O* and intersect at *E*. If $\widehat{mAB} = 70$ and $\widehat{mCD} = 90$, find $m \angle BEA$.



8 In the accompanying diagram, chords \overline{AB} and \overline{CD} intersect at *E*. If $\widehat{mAD} = 70$ and $\widehat{mBC} = 40$, find $\underline{m\angle AED}$.

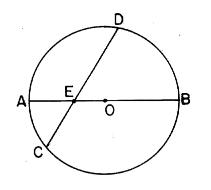


9 In the accompanying diagram of circle *O*, chords \overrightarrow{AB} and \overrightarrow{CD} intersect at *E*, $\overrightarrow{mAC} = 50$, and $\overrightarrow{mBD} = 150$. Find $m \angle AED$.

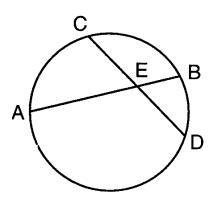


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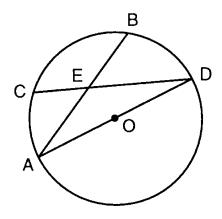
10 In the accompanying diagram, \overline{AB} is a diameter of circle *O* and chord \overline{CD} intersects diameter \overline{AB} at *E*. If $\widehat{mAD} = 100$ and $\widehat{mAC} = 40$, find $\underline{m\angle DEB}$.



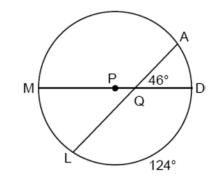
11 In the accompanying diagram, chords \overline{AB} and \overline{CD} intersect at *E*. If $\overline{mAC} = 75$ and $\overline{mDB} = 45$, find $m\angle AED$.



12 In the accompanying figure of circle *O*, chords \overline{AB} and \overline{CD} intersect at *E* and \overline{AD} is a diameter. If $\widehat{mCB} = 82$, find $\underline{m}\angle AED$.



13 In the diagram below of circle *P*, diameter \overline{MD} and chord \overline{AL} intersect at *Q*, $m \angle AQD = 46^\circ$, and $\widehat{mLD} = 124^\circ$.

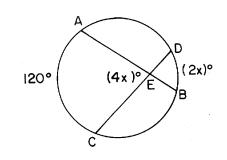


What is \widehat{mAD} ?

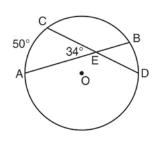
- 1) 36°
- 2) 46°
- 3) 51°
- 4) 92°

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14 In the diagram below, chords \overline{AB} and \overline{CD} intersect at *E*. If $m \angle AEC = 4x$, mAC = 120, and mDB = 2x, what is the value of *x*?



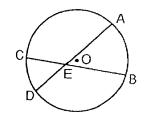
- 1) 12
- 2) 20
- 3) 30
- 4) 60
- 15 In the diagram below of circle *O*, chords \overline{AB} and \overline{CD} intersect at *E*.



If $m \angle AEC = 34$ and $\widehat{mAC} = 50$, what is \widehat{mDB} ?

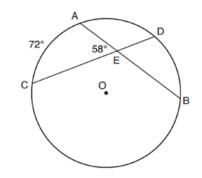
- 1) 16
- 2) 18
- 3) 68
- 4) 118

16 In the accompanying diagram of circle *O*, $\widehat{\text{mAB}} = 64$ and $\mathbb{m} \angle AEB = 52$.



What is the measure of \overrightarrow{CD} ?

- 1) 104°
- 2) 80°
- 3) 52°
- 4) 40°
- 17 In the diagram below of circle *O*, chords \overline{AB} and \overline{CD} intersect at *E*.



If $\widehat{mAC} = 72^\circ$ and $\underline{m}\angle AEC = 58^\circ$, how many degrees are in \widehat{mDB} ?

- 1) 108°
- 2) 65°
- 3) 44°
- 4) 14°

G.C.A.2: Chords, Secants and Tangents 10 Answer Section

```
1 ANS: 2

\frac{87+35}{2} = \frac{122}{2} = 61
REF: 011015ge

2 ANS: 3

\frac{36+20}{2} = 28
REF: 061019ge

3 ANS: 3

\frac{120 + (180 - 105)}{2} = \frac{195}{2} = 97.5
```

REF: 012510geo

4 ANS: 2 REF: 060221siii

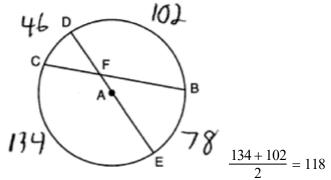
5 ANS: 3

Because the curved edge of the larger shaded section is one-quarter of the circumference of the circle, that arc measures 90°. Because the curved edge of the smaller shaded section is one-fifth of the circumference of the circle, that arc measures 72° . The angle formed by the intersection of two chords is equal to half the sum

of the intercepted arcs.
$$x = \frac{90+72}{2} = 81$$
.

REF: 080408b

6 ANS:



REF: 081827geo

7	ANS: 80			
8	REF: ANS: 55	018410siii		
9	REF: ANS: 80	069411siii		
10	REF: ANS: 60	060111siii		
11	REF: ANS: 120	088709siii		
12	REF: ANS: 131	089811siii		
13	REF: ANS: $\frac{56+x}{2}$			
	<i>x</i> + 56	5 = 92		
	x	= 36		
14 15	REF: ANS: ANS: 50+x 2	2	REF:	018931siii
	50 + x			
	x	= 18		
16	REF: ANS:	011214ge 4	REF:	019429siii

ID: A

17 ANS: 3

$$\frac{x+72}{2} = 58$$

 $x+72 = 116$
 $x = 44$

REF: 061817geo