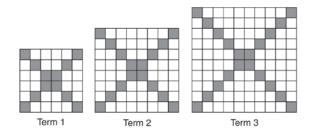
## F.LE.A.2: Sequences 1b

1 The diagrams below represent the first three terms of a sequence.



Assuming the pattern continues, which formula determines  $a_n$ , the number of shaded squares in the *n*th term?

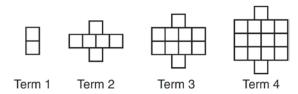
- 2 Which function defines the sequence  $-6, -10, -14, -18, \dots$ , where f(6) = -26?
- 3 A theater has 35 seats in the first row. Each row has four more seats than the row before it. Which expression represents the number of seats in the *n*th row?
- 4 What is the *n*th term of the sequence -1,3,7,11,...?
- 5 Given f(9) = -2, which function can be used to generate the sequence  $-8, -7.25, -6.5, -5.75, \dots$ ?
- 6 The third term in an arithmetic sequence is 10 and the fifth term is 26. If the first term is  $a_1$ , which is an equation for the *n*th term of this sequence?
- 7 The sequence  $a_1 = 6$ ,  $a_n = 3a_{n-1}$  can also be written as
- 8 In 2014, the cost to mail a letter was 49¢ for up to one ounce. Every additional ounce cost 21¢. Which recursive function could be used to determine the cost of a 3-ounce letter, in cents?
- 9 A sunflower is 3 inches tall at week 0 and grows 2 inches each week. Which function(s) shown below can be used to determine the height, f(n), of the sunflower in n weeks?

I. 
$$f(n) = 2n + 3$$

II. 
$$f(n) = 2n + 3(n-1)$$

III. 
$$f(n) = f(n-1) + 2$$
 where  $f(0) = 3$ 

10 A pattern of blocks is shown below.

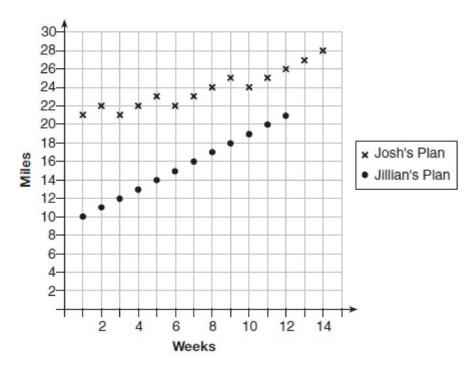


If the pattern of blocks continues, which formula(s) could be used to determine the number of blocks in the *n*th term?

I	II	III
$a_n = n + 4$	$a_1 = 2$ $a_n = a_{n-1} + 4$	$a_n = 4n - 2$

- 11 Which recursively defined function has a first term equal to 10 and a common difference of 4?
- What is a formula for the *n*th term of sequence *B* shown below? B = 10, 12, 14, 16, ...
- 13 A sequence has the following terms:  $a_1 = 4$ ,  $a_2 = 10$ ,  $a_3 = 25$ ,  $a_4 = 62.5$ . Which formula represents the *n*th term in the sequence?
- 14 Which recursively defined function represents the sequence 3,7,15,31,...?
- 15 The formula of the *n*th term of the sequence 3, -6, 12, -24, 48... is
- 16 What is the formula for the *n*th term of the sequence  $54, 18, 6, \dots$ ?
- 17 In an arithmetic sequence,  $a_4 = 19$  and  $a_7 = 31$ . Determine a formula for  $a_n$ , the  $n^{th}$  term of this sequence.
- While experimenting with her calculator, Candy creates the sequence 4, 9, 19, 39, 79, .... Write a recursive formula for Candy's sequence. Determine the eighth term in Candy's sequence.

- 19 Simon lost his library card and has an overdue library book. When the book was 5 days late, he owed \$2.25 to replace his library card and pay the fine for the overdue book. When the book was 21 days late, he owed \$6.25 to replace his library card and pay the fine for the overdue book. Suppose the total amount Simon owes when the book is n days late can be determined by an arithmetic sequence. Determine a formula for  $a_n$ , the nth term of this sequence. Use the formula to determine the amount of money, in dollars, Simon needs to pay when the book is 60 days late.
- 20 Elaina has decided to run the Buffalo half-marathon in May. She researched training plans on the Internet and is looking at two possible plans: Jillian's 12-week plan and Josh's 14-week plan. The number of miles run per week for each plan is plotted below.



Which one of the plans follows an arithmetic pattern? Explain how you arrived at your answer. Write a recursive definition to represent the number of miles run each week for the duration of the plan you chose. Jillian's plan has an alternative if Elaina wanted to train instead for a full 26-mile marathon. Week one would start at 13 miles and follow the same pattern for the half-marathon, but it would continue for 14 weeks. Write an explicit formula, in *simplest form*, to represent the number of miles run each week for the full-marathon training plan.

## F.LE.A.2: Sequences 1b Answer Section

1 ANS: 
$$a_n = 4n + 8$$

REF: 061424ai

2 ANS:

$$f(x) = -4x - 2$$

REF: 081610ai

3 ANS:

$$35 + (n-1)(4)$$

REF: 061520a2

4 ANS:

$$a_n = -1 + 4(n-1)$$

REF: 061624a2

5 ANS:

$$f(n) = -8.75 + 0.75n$$

REF: 061720aii

6 ANS:

$$a_n = 8n - 14$$

REF: 081416ai

7 ANS:

$$a_n = 2 \cdot 3^n$$

REF: 081618aii

8 ANS:

$$a_1 = 49; \ a_n = a_{n-1} + 21$$

REF: 011708ai

9 ANS:

I and III

REF: 061421ai

10 ANS:

II and III

REF: 061522ai

11 ANS:

$$f(1) = 10$$

$$f(x) = f(x-1) + 4$$

REF: 081514ai

12 ANS:

$$b_n = 8 + 2n$$

common difference is 2.  $b_n = x + 2n$ 

$$10 = x + 2(1)$$

$$8 = x$$

REF: 081014a2

13 ANS:

$$a_n = 4(2.5)^{n-1}$$

$$\frac{10}{4} = 2.5$$

REF: 011217a2

14 ANS:

$$f(1) = 3$$
,  $f(n+1) = 2f(n) + 1$ 

REF: 011618ai

15 ANS:

$$a_n = 3(-2)^{n-1}$$

REF: 011715a2

16 ANS:

$$a_n = 54 \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^{n-1}$$

REF: 061026a2

17 ANS:

$$\frac{31-19}{7-4} = \frac{12}{3} = 4 \ x + (4-1)4 = 19 \ a_n = 7 + (n-1)4$$
$$x + 12 = 19$$

$$x = 7$$

REF: 011434a2

18 ANS:

$$a_1 = 4$$
  $a_8 = 639$ 

$$a_n = 2a_{n-1} + 1$$

REF: 081729aii

19 ANS:

$$\frac{6.25 - 2.25}{21 - 5} = \frac{4}{16} = \$.25 \text{ fine per day. } 2.25 - 5(.25) = \$1 \text{ replacement fee. } a_n = 1.25 + (n - 1)(.25). \ a_{60} = \$16$$

REF: 081734aii

20 ANS:

Jillian's plan, because distance increases by one mile each week.  $a_1 = 10$   $a_n = n + 12$ 

$$a_n = a_{n-1} + 1$$

REF: 011734aii