A.REI.C.7: Quadratic-Linear Systems 5b

- 1 What is the total number of points of intersection in the graphs of the equations $x^2 + y^2 = 16$ and y = 4?
- 2 The graphs of the equations $x^2 + y^2 = 4$ and y = x are drawn on the same set of axes. What is the total number of points of intersection?
- 3 What is the total number of points of intersection of the graphs of the equations $x^2 + y^2 = 16$ and y = x?
- 4 Consider the system shown below.

$$2x - v = 4$$

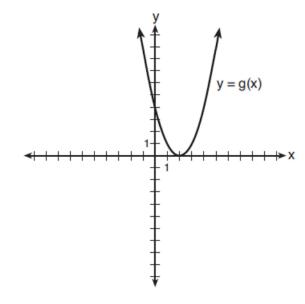
$$(x+3)^2 + v^2 = 8$$

The two solutions of the system can be described as

- 1) both imaginary
- 2) both irrational
- 3) both rational
- 4) one rational and one irrational
- 5 The equations $x^2 + y^2 = 25$ and y = 5 are graphed on a set of axes. What is the solution of this system?
- 6 Which ordered pair is a solution of the system of equations shown below? x + y = 5

$$(x+3)^2 + (y-3)^2 = 53$$

7 What is the solution to the system of equations y = 3x - 2 and y = g(x) where g(x) is defined by the function below?



8 Algebraically determine the values of *x* that satisfy the system of equations below.

$$y = -2x + 1$$

$$y = -2x^2 + 3x + 1$$

9 Solve the following systems of equations algebraically: 5 = y - x

$$4x^2 = -17x + y + 4$$

10 Solve:
$$x^2 + y^2 = 5$$

$$x + y = 3$$

11 Solve:
$$x^2 + y^2 = 17$$

$$x + y = 5$$

12 Solve: x + y = 1

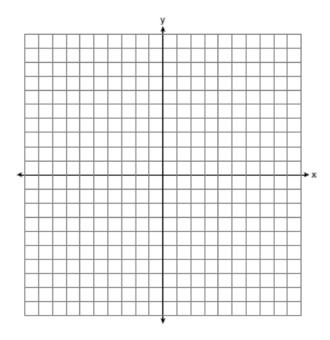
$$x^2 + y^2 = 61$$

13 Solve the system of equations shown below algebraically.

$$(x-3)^2 + (y+2)^2 = 16$$

$$2x + 2y = 10$$

On the set of axes provided below, sketch a circle with a radius of 3 and center at (2,1) and also sketch the graph of the line 2x + y = 8.

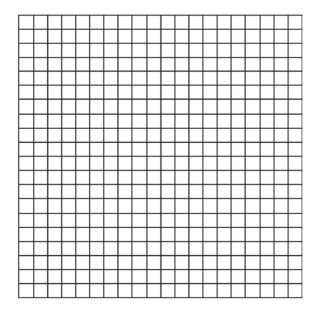


What is the total number of points of intersection of the two graphs?

15 Solve the following system of equations algebraically or graphically: $x^2 + y^2 = 25$

$$3y - 4x = 0$$

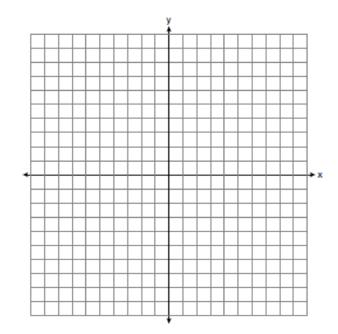
[The use of the accompanying grid is optional.]



16 On the set of axes below, solve the following system of equations graphically and state the coordinates of *all* points in the solution.

$$(x+3)^2 + (y-2)^2 = 25$$

$$2y + 4 = -x$$



A.REI.C.7: Quadratic-Linear Systems 5b Answer Section

1 ANS:
1
$$x^2 + y^2 = 16$$

 $x^2 + 4^2 = 16$
 $x^2 + 16 = 0$
 $x = 0$

REF: 060119a

2 ANS:
2
$$x^2 + y^2 = 4$$

 $x^2 + x^2 = 4$
 $2x^2 = 4$. $(\sqrt{2}, \sqrt{2}), (-\sqrt{2}, -\sqrt{2})$
 $x^2 = 2$

REF: 010920a

 $x = \pm \sqrt{2}$

3 ANS:
2

$$x^2 + y^2 = 16$$

 $x^2 + x^2 = 16$
 $2x^2 = 16$. $(\sqrt{8}, \sqrt{8})$ and $(-\sqrt{8}, -\sqrt{8})$
 $x^2 = 8$
 $x = \pm \sqrt{8}$

REF: 080625a

4 ANS: 1

$$(x+3)^{2} + (2x-4)^{2} = 8 b^{2} - 4ac$$

$$x^{2} + 6x + 9 + 4x^{2} - 16x + 16 = 8 100 - 4(5)(17) < 0$$

$$5x^{2} - 10x + 17 = 0$$

REF: 081719aii

5 ANS:

$$(0,5)$$

 $x^2 + 5^2 = 25$
 $x = 0$

6 ANS: (-5,10)

$$x + y = 5 . -5 + y = 5$$

$$y = -x + 5 y = 10$$

$$(x + 3)^{2} + (-x + 5 - 3)^{2} = 53$$

$$x^{2} + 6x + 9 + x^{2} - 4x + 4 = 53$$

$$2x^{2} + 2x - 40 = 0$$

$$x^{2} + x - 20 = 0$$

$$(x + 5)(x - 4) = 0$$

$$x = -5,4$$

7 ANS:

$$\{(1,1),(6,16)\}$$

$$y = g(x) = (x-2)^{2} (x-2)^{2} = 3x-2 y = 3(6)-2 = 16$$

$$x^{2} - 4x + 4 = 3x-2 y = 3(1)-2 = 1$$

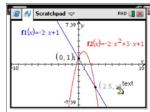
$$x^{2} - 7x + 6 = 0$$

$$(x-6)(x-1) = 0$$

$$x = 6, 1$$

REF: 011705aii

8 ANS:



$$-2x + 1 = -2x^2 + 3x + 1$$

$$2x^2 - 5x = 0$$

$$x(2x-5)=0$$

$$x=0,\frac{5}{2}$$

REF: fall1507aii

9 ANS:

$$\left(-\frac{9}{2}, \frac{1}{2}\right) \text{ and } \left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{11}{2}\right). \quad y = x + 5$$

$$y = 4x^2 + 17x - 4 \quad 4x^2 + 16x - 9 = 0$$

$$(2x + 9)(2x - 1) = 0$$

$$x = -\frac{9}{2} \text{ and } x = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$y = -\frac{9}{2} + 5 = \frac{1}{2} \text{ and } y = \frac{1}{2} + 5 = \frac{11}{2}$$

REF: 061139a2 STA: A2.A.3

10 ANS:

(2,1) and (1,2)

REF: 119409al

11 ANS:

(4,1) and (1,4)

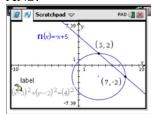
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12 ANS:

(6,-5) and (-5,6)

REF: 010015al

13 ANS:



$$y = -x + 5$$
 $y = -7 + 5 = -2$

$$(x-3)^2 + (-x+5+2)^2 = 16$$
 $y = -3+5=2$

$$y = -3 + 5 = 2$$

$$x^2 - 6x + 9 + x^2 - 14x + 49 = 16$$

$$2x^2 - 20x + 42 = 0$$

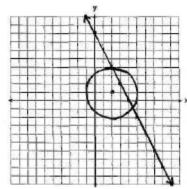
$$x^2 - 10x + 21 = 0$$

$$(x-7)(x-3) = 0$$

$$x = 7,3$$

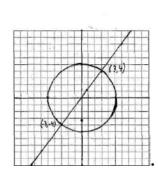
REF: 061633aii

14 ANS:



REF: 010029a

15 ANS:



$$x^2 + (\frac{4}{3}x)^2 = 25$$

$$x^2 + \frac{16}{9}x^2 = 25$$

$$3y - 4x = 0$$

$$y = \frac{4}{3}x$$

$$x^2 = 9$$

$$x = \pm 3$$

$$y = \frac{4}{3}(3) = 4$$

$$x^2 = 9$$

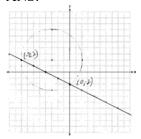
$$x = \pm 3$$

$$\chi^2 = 9$$

$$=\frac{4}{3}(-3)=-4$$

REF: 060439a

16 ANS:



REF: 081237ge STA: G.G.70