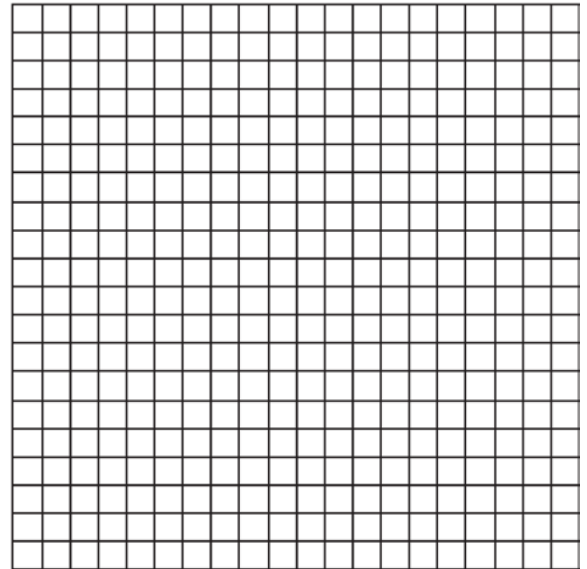


**A.CED.A.1: Exponential Decay**

- 1 The amount  $A$ , in milligrams, of a 10-milligram dose of a drug remaining in the body after  $t$  hours is given by the formula  $A = 10(0.8)^t$ . Find, to the *nearest tenth of an hour*, how long it takes for half of the drug dose to be left in the body.
- 2 Depreciation (the decline in cash value) on a car can be determined by the formula  $V = C(1 - r)^t$ , where  $V$  is the value of the car after  $t$  years,  $C$  is the original cost, and  $r$  is the rate of depreciation. If a car's cost, when new, is \$15,000, the rate of depreciation is 30%, and the value of the car now is \$3,000, how old is the car to the *nearest tenth of a year*?
- 3 The current population of Little Pond, New York, is 20,000. The population is *decreasing*, as represented by the formula  $P = A(1.3)^{-0.234t}$ , where  $P$  = final population,  $t$  = time, in years, and  $A$  = initial population. What will the population be 3 years from now? Round your answer to the *nearest hundred people*. To the *nearest tenth of a year*, how many years will it take for the population to reach half the present population? [The use of the grid is optional.]



### A.CED.A.1: Exponential Decay Answer Section

1 ANS:

$$5 = 10(0.8)^t$$

$$\frac{5}{10} = 0.8^t$$

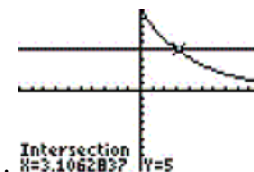
3.1. Half the dose is left,  $A = 5$ :  $\log \frac{5}{10} = \log 0.8^t$

$$\log 0.5 = t \log 0.8$$

$$t = \frac{\log 0.5}{\log 0.8} \approx 31$$

```

Plot1 Plot2 Plot3
Y1=10*.8^X
Y2=5
Y3=
Y4=
Y5=
Y6=
Y7=
  
```



REF: 080132b

2 ANS:

$$V = C(1-r)^t$$

$$3000 = 15000(1-.3)^t$$

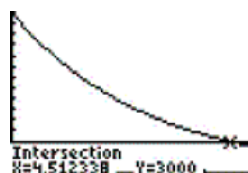
4.5.  $.2 = 7^t$

$$\log .2 = \log 7^t$$

$$t = \frac{\log 0.2}{\log 0.7} \approx 4.5$$

```

Plot1 Plot2 Plot3
Y1=15000(1-.3)^X
Y2=3000
Y3=
Y4=
Y5=
Y6=
  
```



REF: 010230b

3 ANS:

16,600, 11.3.  $P = 20000(1.3)^{-0.234t} \approx 16600$ . Half of Little Pond's present population is 10,000.

$$10000 = 20000(1.3)^{-0.234t}$$

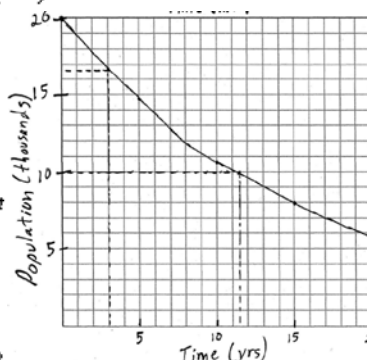
$$.5 = (1.3)^{-0.234t}$$

$$\log .5 = \log 1.3^{-0.234t}$$

$$\log .5 = -0.234t \cdot \log 1.3$$

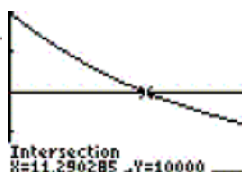
$$\frac{\log .5}{\log 1.3} = -0.234t$$

$$t \approx 11.3$$



```

Plot1 Plot2 Plot3
Y1=20000*1.3^(-.234X)
Y2=10000
Y3=
Y4=
Y5=
Y6=
  
```



REF: 010632b