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University of the State of New York

Examinations Department

81st examination

PLANE GEOMETRY

Wednesday, June 15, 1892-9:15 a.m. to 12:15 p.m., only

48 credits, necessary to pass, 36

Note.—Draw carefully and neatly each figure in construction or proof, using letters instead of numerals. Arrange work logically.

- 1. Define and illustrate (a) sector; (b) segment; (c) equimultiples of two quantities; (d) the altitude of a triangle; (e) the center of a regular polygon.
- 2. Find the number of degrees in an angle inscribed in the segment of a circle whose arc is 240°. Explain fully.
- 3. Prove that a radius perpendicular to a chord bisects the chord and the arc which it subtends.
- 4. Prove that the square described on the hypotenuse of a right triangle is equal to the sum of the squares described on the other two sides.
- 5. Prove that the areas of similar triangles are to each other as the squares of their homologous sides.
- 6. Prove that if two lines intersect, the opposite or vertical angles will be equal.
- 7. Make the following constructions and prove the correctness of each:
 - (a) To draw a line through a given point parallel to a given line. 4
 - (b) To construct a triangle when its three sides are given. When is the construction impossible?
- 8. Find the area of a field in the form of a trapezoid whose bases are 45 rods and 27 rods, and each of whose other sides is 15 rods. 4 0. Find:
 - (a) The area of a circle whose circumference is 60 feet.
 - (b) The area of an equilateral triangle whose perimeter is 60 feet.