

## 197TH HIGH SCHOOL EXAMINATION

## ELEMENTARY ALGEBRA

Monday, January 25, 1909 — 9.15 a. m. to 12.15 p. m., only

Answer eight questions, selecting at least two from each group.

Group I 1 Reduce the following fraction to lowest terms:

$$\frac{x^3 - 3x + 2}{x^3 + x^2 - 3x - 2}$$

2 a Express algebraically: 5 times the cube of  $a$  is divided by the fraction whose numerator is 6 times the square of  $b$  and whose denominator is the square of the difference between  $x$  and twice the cube of  $y$ .

b Express in words  $\frac{5(a^3 + b^3)}{(x + 2y^4)^3}$

3 Factor four of the following:  $x^{2n} + 2x^n y^n + y^{2n}$ ;  $x^6 - y^6$ ;  $2x^6 - 10x^4 - 28x^2$ ;  $ax + ay + bx + by$ ;  $10x^2 + 13x - 3$

4 Find two consecutive numbers such that one seventh of the greater exceeds one ninth of the less by one.

Group II 5 Divide  $1 - x^2$  by  $x^2 - 1$ ; then substitute the quotient thus found for  $x$  in the following expression and reduce to the simplest form:

$$(2 - x - x^2 - x^3 + x^6) - (1 + x - x^2 + x^3 - x^4)$$

6 By reducing the surds to the same order, determine which is the greater,  $\sqrt{3}$  or  $\sqrt[3]{5}$ .

7 If  $a = 0.8$ ,  $b = 20$ ,  $c = 5$  find the numeric value of  $\frac{\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{c}}$  [First rationalize the denominator.]

8 Prove that if four quantities are in proportion the product of the extremes is equal to the product of the means. [A numeric illustration will not be accepted as proof.]

Group III 9 Solve  $\begin{cases} x^2 + y^2 = 25 \\ x + y = 1 \end{cases}$

10 A carpenter agrees to build a fence for \$48; the owner, however, decides to shorten the length of the fence 2 rods and to pay \$2 more per rod, the fence thus costing \$60. Find the number of rods of fence and the cost per rod.

11 The length of a rectangular lot is 4 rods greater than its width, and its area is 60 square rods; find the dimensions of the lot.

12 The product of the square roots of two consecutive positive numbers is  $2\sqrt{14}$ ; find the numbers.