

## Examinations Department

115th examination

## ALGEBRA

Tuesday August 15, 1893 — 2 to 5 p. m., only

100 credits, necessary to pass, 75

Answer any 10 questions, but no more. If more than 10 questions are answered only the first 10 of these answers will be considered. Each complete answer will receive 10 credits.

NOTE — Give each step of solution. Reduce fractions to lowest terms. Express final result in its simplest form and mark it *Ans.*

1 Define *rational quantity, surd, radical, symmetric equation, pure equation.*

2 Multiply  $a^{\frac{2}{3}} - 2a^{\frac{1}{3}}b^{\frac{1}{2}} + b$  by  $a - 3a^{\frac{2}{3}}b^{\frac{1}{2}} + 3a^{\frac{1}{3}}b - b^{\frac{3}{2}}$  and divide the product by  $a^{\frac{1}{3}} - b^{\frac{1}{2}}$ , giving the work entire.

3 Find the interest on  $a$  dollars for  $y$  years,  $m$  months and  $d$  days at  $p$  per cent *per annum*.

4 Factor

$$6a^2 - 5ab - 6b^2; a^2 - a - a^2b - ab;$$

$$6 + x - x^2; 3x^6y + 3x^4y^3 + 3x^2y^5.$$

5 Simplify  $\frac{1}{a-2x} - \frac{(a+2x)^2}{a^3-8x^3}$  and find its value when  $a=6$  and  $x=2$ .

6 Solve  $\begin{cases} 2ax + by = 3c \\ bx + 3ay = 5bc \end{cases}; \begin{cases} \frac{a}{x} + \frac{b}{y} = 2c \\ \frac{1}{x} + \frac{2b}{y} = 7. \end{cases}$

7 Solve  $\begin{cases} x^2 + y^2 = y - xy \\ x + y = -xy - 1. \end{cases}$

8 Form the equation whose roots are  $\frac{1}{a}$  and  $\frac{2b}{3}$  and prove your work by solving the equation.

9 Expand by the binomial formula  $(2a^2 + 3b^3)^5$  indicating all the work for finding the coefficients.

10 Extract the square root of the following:

$$\frac{4}{a^2} - \frac{4b}{a} + \frac{4}{ac} + b^2 - \frac{2b}{c} + \frac{1}{c^2}.$$

11 The sum of two numbers is 7 times their difference. The difference of their squares is twice their sum. Find the numbers.

12 Simplify  $\sqrt{a^2x + a^4}$ ,  $3\sqrt{\frac{2a+3b}{3}}$ ,  $\sqrt{\frac{a}{b}} \times \sqrt{\frac{b}{a}}$ ,  $2ax\sqrt{45}$   
 $+ ax\sqrt{20}$ ,  $\sqrt[3]{81}$ .

13 The number of linear feet in the perimeter of a rectangle exceeds by 2 the number of square feet in its surface; its length is to its width as 3 to 4. Find the length and width.

14 Find the least common multiple and greatest common divisor of  $6x^2 - 4x - 2$ ;  $9x^3 - 27x + 18$ .

15 Simplify  $4a [a - 3 \{2b + a(3c - 1) - b\} + 2]$ .