

University of the State of New York

## Examination Department

118th examination

### ALGEBRA

Wednesday, January 24, 1894—9:15 a. m. to 12:15 p. m., only

100 credits, necessary to pass, 75

Answer any 10 questions but no more. If more than 10 questions are answered only the first 10 of these answers will be considered. Give each step of solution. Reduce fractions to lowest terms. Express final result in its simplest form and mark it Ans. Each complete answer will receive 10 credits.

1 Define simple equation, binomial, simultaneous equations, radical quantity, surd.

2 The area of a rectangle is 48 sq. ft; its perimeter (sum of its sides) is 32 ft; find its length and width.

3 Reduce the following to its simplest form, having a positive numerator:  $\left(\frac{2a+3b}{3a-2b} - \frac{3a-2b}{2a+3b}\right) \frac{a^2}{a^2+b^2}$ .

4 Multiply  $x^2y^{-1} - x + y - x^{-1}y^2$  by  $xy^{-1} - 1 + x^{-1}y$ .

5 Factor each of the following quantities:

(a)  $4a^2b^4 - 25x^6y^4$ , (b)  $16a^4 + 8a^2b^2 + b^4$ , (c)  $x^3 - y^3$ , (d)  $12a^2 - 5ab - 3b^2$ , (e)  $x^3 + y^3$ .

6 Solve  $\frac{ax}{b} + \frac{2bx}{c} = 2ax - b(x - c)$ .

7 Solve  $\frac{a}{x} + \frac{b}{y} = c$ ,  $\frac{b}{x} + \frac{a}{y} = d$ .

8 Solve  $3ax^2 + 2bx = 2ac$ .

9 The sum of the squares of two numbers increased by the product of the numbers is 61, and the same sum diminished by the product is 21; find the numbers.

10 Write an algebraic expression for a number whose units, tens and hundreds are respectively  $x$ ,  $y$  and  $z$ .

11 Simplify the following:  $3[2a - (3a + \{2b - \overline{c - a}\} + b) - c]$ .

12 Expand by the binomial formula  $\left(2a - \frac{b^2}{3}\right)^5$ , and indicate all the work for finding the coefficients.

13 The numerator of a certain fraction is to its denominator as 2 to 3; if 5 be added to the numerator the ratio will be as 3 to 2; what is the fraction?

14 Find the numeric value of the following expression when  $x=4$ ,  $y=3$ ,  $m=1$  and  $n=2$ :  $\frac{3x^n}{ny} - 2mx^{-\frac{1}{2}}y^m + 2nx^{-m}y^2$ .

15 Simplify the following radicals:  $\sqrt{\frac{a^4 b^3}{2}}$ ,  $\sqrt[3]{40}$ ,  $4\sqrt[4]{15\frac{1}{2}}$ ,

$$\sqrt[3]{\frac{a^2}{b}}$$

$$\sqrt[3]{\frac{a}{b^2}}, \quad \sqrt{a^4 b^2 - a^2 b^4}$$