ADVANCED ALGEBRA

Monday, September 15, 1924 - 1.15 to 4.15 p. m., only

Answer eight questions. Each answer should be reduced to its simplest form. Papers entitled to less than 75 credits will not be accepted.

1 a Find the value of the expression
$$\frac{a^3-4a+7}{5}$$

when
$$a = 2 + \sqrt{-3}$$
. [8½]

b Add graphically
$$3+2\sqrt{-1}$$
 and $-5-\sqrt{-9}$ [4]

2 a Insert two geometric means between $-\frac{2}{3}$ and $\frac{144}{125}$ [8½]

b Multiply
$$x^{-\frac{1}{2}} + x^{-\frac{1}{2}}y^{-\frac{1}{2}} + y^{-\frac{1}{2}}$$
 by $x^{+\frac{1}{2}} - y^{+\frac{1}{2}}$ [4]

3 Solve the equation $x^3 - 6x^2 - 4x + 24 = 0$ two of whose roots are in the ratio of 1:3. $[12\frac{1}{2}]$

4 By applying Horner's method to the equation $x^3 - 16 = 0$, compute the cube root of 16 to two decimal places. [12½]

5 a Form a fourth degree equation with rational coefficients two of whose roots are $2 - \sqrt{-5}$ and $-1 + \sqrt{2}$. [7]

b Without solving, determine the nature of the roots of the equation $x^4 + 15x^2 + 6x - 11 = 0$ [51]

6 The number of feet in the diameter of a spheric balloon which is to lift a certain weight, can be calculated from the formula

$$D = \sqrt[8]{\frac{W}{.5236(A-g)}}$$

If W = 1374, A = .08072 and g = .0056, find by logarithms the diameter (D) of the balloon. $[12\frac{1}{2}]$

7 A gardener fills a rectangular space, 6 by 9 feet, with geranium plants; he buys 304 plants of another variety for a border of uniform width around the geraniums. If the directions for planting the second kind require 36 square inches for each plant, find the width of the border. [12½]

8 Solve the following set of equations and group the results:

$$3x^{3} - 5y^{3} = 28$$

 $3xy - 4y^{3} = 8$ [12]

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- 9 a There are 13 points in a plane no three of which lie in the same straight line. Find the number of triangles that can be formed by joining the points. [6]
 - b In how many ways can a set of 5 books by one author and a set of 4 by another author be arranged on a shelf if each writer's works are placed together? [6½]

10 Transform the equation $4y^3 - 36y^2 + 3y = 7$ into an equation lacking the second term. [12½]

11 Plot the graph of the equation $x^3 - 4x^2 - 5x + 14 = y$ from x = -3 to x = +5 and from the graph estimate to the nearest tenth the roots of the equation $x^3 - 4x^2 - 5x + 14 = 0$ [12]