January 25, 1966

Part I

Answer all questions in this part. Each correct answer will receive 21/2 credits. No partial credit will be allowed. Write your answers in the spaces provided.

- Find the value of $x^2 2x$ when $x = 1 + \sqrt{2}$.
- Find all values of x for which 3-x>2x+1.

3. Express $\frac{5}{3+i}$ with a real denominator.

4. Given the equation 3x + 2y = 7. Find the smallest integral value of x for which the corresponding value of y is negative.

5. When f(x) is divided by x-2, the quotient is x+3 and the remainder is 7. Find f(0).

6. The solution of the inequality $x^2 - 2x - 8 > 0$ has the form x > a or x < b. Find the value of a.

7. A straight line has a slope of 3/2 and a y-intercept of -6. Find the abscissa of the point where the line crosses the x-axis.

8. Calculate the number of distinct arrangements of the six letters of the word RECEDE.

9. In how many ways may a committee of 3 students be selected

from a group of 7 students?

 A bowl contains 15 red balls, 15 black balls and 45 white balls. All the balls are identical except for color. If one ball is drawn at random, what is the probability that it will be red?

Solve for the positive value of $x: 25^{2x} = 5x^2 - 12$

Solve the following set of equations for x:

 $\frac{4}{x} + \frac{9}{y} = 5$ $\frac{8}{x} - \frac{3}{x} = 3$

12____

13. A particle moves in a line so that its velocity at any time t is given by the formula $v = 5t^2 - 2t$. For what value of t is the acceleration zero?

13

14__

14. The graph of the function $y = x^3 + ax^2 + bx - 6$ intersects the x-axis at (1,0), (2,0), and (3,0). Find the value of b.

15____

15. Find the value of $\log_a \left(\frac{1}{81} \right)$.

16. One root of the equation $x^3 - 3x^2 - x + 4 = 0$ lies between 2.8 and 2.9 Find this root to the nearest tenth.	16
17. For what value of k will the point $(k, k + 1)$ lie on the line $y = 3x - 1$?	17
18. Find the sum of the infinite geometric progression 2, —1, 1/2	18
Directions (19-24): Write in the space provided the number prece pression that best completes each statement or answers each question.	
19. One root of the equation $x^4 - 3x^3 + 2x + 4 = 0$ is (1) 1 (2) 2 (3) -1 (4) 0	19
20. Which may be a root of the equation $3x^5 + ax^4 + bx^8 + cx^2 + dx + 1 = 0$, where a, b, c and d are integers? (1) $\frac{1}{2}$ (2) $\frac{1}{3}$ (3) 3 (4) $\frac{1}{4}$	20
21. When $x^3 - 3x^2 + kx + 4$ is divided by $x + 2$, the remainder is -2 . The value of k is (1) 0 (2) -1 (3) -7 (4) -8	21
22. The centripetal force on an object moving around a circle varies directly as the square of its speed and inversely as the radius of the circle. If both the speed and the radius are halved, then the centripetal force on the object is (1) halved (2) doubled (3) divided by 8 (4) unchanged	22
23. A man travels m miles per hour for t hours and then changes his rate and travels s miles per hour for h hours. His average rate of speed for the entire trip is $(1) \frac{mt + sh}{2} \qquad (2) \frac{m + s}{2}$	
$(3) \frac{mt + sh}{m + s} \qquad (4) \frac{mt + sh}{t + h}$	23
24. A general equation of the family of lines perpendicular to $6y = 4x - 3$ is (1) $2y = -3x + k$ (2) $2y = 3x + k$ (3) $3y = 2x + k$ (4) $3y = -2x + k$	24
Part II	
Answer sixteen questions from this part, 25-48. Each correct answer 2½ credits. No partial credit will be allowed. Questions marked * are optional topics in the syllabus. Write your answers in the spaces provided the syllabus.	e based upon
25. Write the reciprocal of $\frac{\sqrt{5}-1}{3}$ as a fraction with a	
rational denominator.	25
26. Given: $2^{y+2} = 4^{y-1}$. Express x in terms of y .	26
27. Write in simplest form the 4th term only of the expansion of $(r^2 + r^{-3})^8$	27

- 28. Find the value(s) of x which will satisfy the equation $\sqrt{x+3}=3-x.$ 28 29. If $f(x) = x^5 + x^3 + x^0 + x^{-2} + x^{-4}$, determine the value of f(i) where $i = \sqrt{-1}$. 30. What is the ordinate of the point where the graph of the equation $y = 5^{\circ} + 2$ crosses the y-axis? 30 31. Express in simplest form: 31_ $25b^{2}$ Find the radius of the circle whose equation is 32 $x^2 + 4x + y^2 - 6y = 23$. Find the value of x for which $\log 2 + \log (4x - 7) = \log x$. 33___ 34. Express in the form a + bi the quotient obtained when $12(\cos 90^{\circ} + i \sin 90^{\circ})$ is divided by $3(\cos 60^{\circ} + i \sin 60^{\circ})$. 34 35. Given the equation $x^2 - 6x + k = 0$. Find the value of k such that one root of the equation is twice as large as the other root.
- 37. Find the slope of the line tangent to the curve whose equation is $y = x^3 12x + 20$ at the point where the curve crosses the y-axis. 37______

36____

38_

38. In 3 years a man will be half as old as his father will be. If the sum of their present ages is 69 years, find the present age of the father.

36. Determine the three roots of $x^3 - x^2 + x - 1 = 0$.

- 39. If a, -a and b represent roots of the equation $x^3 + 2x^2 + px + q = 0$, find the value of b.
- 40. The arithmetic mean between two numbers is 3 and their positive geometric mean is 2√2. Find the smaller of the two numbers. 40______
 - 41. Given $x^2 2ax + a^2 5 = 0$. Express x in terms of a. 41_____
- 42. A root of $x^3 + 8 = 0$ lies in quadrant IV. Express this root in the form $r(\cos \theta + i \sin \theta)$.
 - *43. Find a root of the equation $\begin{vmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 1 & x & 3 \\ 1 & 3 & x \end{vmatrix} = 0.$

Directions (44-48): For each of the following which you select, write in the space provided the number preceding the expression that best completes the statement.

44. If $2^a + 2^a$ is written in the form 2^n , then n equals (1) 2a (2) a + 1 (3) a + 2 (4) a^2 44.

45. The graph of $y = \log_2 x$ intersects (1) the x-axis only (2) the y-axis only (3) both coordinate axes (4) neither coordinate axis

46. A formula from the Theory of Relativity that shows the effect of velocity on time is given by $T = \frac{t}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{v^2}{c^2}}}$ If the formula is solved for v, then the positive value of v equals $(1) \frac{T}{c} \sqrt{T^2 + t^2} \qquad (2) \frac{T}{c} \sqrt{T^2 - t^2}$ $(3) \frac{c}{T} \sqrt{T^2 + t^2} \qquad (4) \frac{c}{T} \sqrt{T^2 - t^2} \qquad 46$ 47. When drawn on the same set of axes, exactly how many distinct points do the graphs of $y = x^2 + 2$ and $x^2 + 4y^2 = 16$ have in common? (1) 1 (2) 2 (3) 3 (4) 4

*48. The curve whose equation in polar form is $r^2 \sin \theta \cos \theta = 1$ is (1) a circle (2) an ellipse (3) a parabola (4) a hyperbola 48.