# JMAP REGENTS AT RANDOM

NY Algebra II Regents Exam Questions from Spring 2015 to August 2022 Sorted at Random

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#### **Algebra II Regents at Random**

1 What is the solution set for x in the equation below?

$$\sqrt{x+1} - 1 = x$$

- 1) {1}
- 2) {0}
- $3) \{-1,0\}$
- 4) {0,1}
- 2 A fast-food restaurant analyzes data to better serve its customers. After its analysis, it discovers that the events D, that a customer uses the drive-thru, and F, that a customer orders French fries, are independent. The following data are given in a report:

$$P(F) = 0.8$$

$$P(F \cap D) = 0.456$$

Given this information, P(F|D) is

- 1) 0.344
- 2) 0.3648
- 3) 0.57
- 4) 0.8
- 3 For all values of x for which the expression is defined,  $\frac{x^3 + 2x^2 - 9x - 18}{x^3 - x^2 - 6x}$ , in simplest form, is equivalent to
  - 1) 3

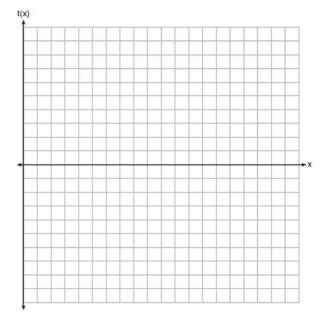
  - 3)  $\frac{x+3}{x}$ 4)  $\frac{x^2-9}{x(x-3)}$

4 Chuck's Trucking Company has decided to initiate an Employee of the Month program. To determine the recipient, they put the following sign on the back of each truck.



The driver who receives the highest number of positive comments will win the recognition. Explain *one* statistical bias in this data collection method.

5 Graph  $t(x) = 3\sin(2x) + 2$  over the domain  $[0, 2\pi]$ on the set of axes below.



6 A runner is using a nine-week training app to prepare for a "fun run." The table below represents the amount of the program completed, A, and the distance covered in a session, D, in miles.

A	$\frac{4}{9}$	<u>5</u> 9	<u>6</u> 9	<u>8</u> 9	1
D	2	2	2.25	3	3.25

Based on these data, write an exponential regression equation, rounded to the *nearest thousandth*, to model the distance the runner is able to complete in a session as she continues through the nine-week program.

7 A savings account, *S*, has an initial value of \$50. The account grows at a 2% interest rate compounded *n* times per year, *t*, according to the function below.

$$S(t) = 50\left(1 + \frac{.02}{n}\right)^{nt}$$

Which statement about the account is correct?

- 1) As the value of *n* increases, the amount of interest per year decreases.
- 2) As the value of *n* increases, the value of the account approaches the function  $S(t) = 50e^{0.02t}$ .
- 3) As the value of *n* decreases to one, the amount of interest per year increases.
- 4) As the value of *n* decreases to one, the value of the account approaches the function  $S(t) = 50(1 0.02)^{t}$ .
- 8 The height above ground for a person riding a Ferris wheel after *t* seconds is modeled by

$$h(t) = 150 \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{45}t + 67.5\right) + 160$$
 feet. How many

seconds does it take to go from the bottom of the wheel to the top of the wheel?

- 1) 10
- 2) 45
- 3) 90
- 4) 150

9 The completely factored form of

$$n^4 - 9n^2 + 4n^3 - 36n - 12n^2 + 108$$
 is

- 1)  $(n^2-9)(n+6)(n-2)$
- 2) (n+3)(n-3)(n+6)(n-2)
- 3) (n-3)(n-3)(n+6)(n-2)
- 4) (n+3)(n-3)(n-6)(n+2)
- 10 The solutions to the equation  $5x^2 2x + 13 = 9$  are

$$1) \quad \frac{1}{5} \pm \frac{\sqrt{21}}{5}$$

$$2) \quad \frac{1}{5} \pm \frac{\sqrt{19}}{5} i$$

$$3) \quad \frac{1}{5} \pm \frac{\sqrt{66}}{5} i$$

4) 
$$\frac{1}{5} \pm \frac{\sqrt{66}}{5}$$

- 11 If \$5000 is put into a savings account that pays 3.5% interest compounded monthly, how much money, to the *nearest ten cents*, would be in that account after 6 years, assuming no money was added or withdrawn?
  - 1) \$5177.80
  - 2) \$5941.30
  - 3) \$6146.30
  - 4) \$6166.50

12 Selected values for the functions f and g are shown in the tables below.

X	f(x)	X	g(x)
-3.12	-4.88	-2.01	-1.01
0	-6	0	0.58
1.23	-4.77	8.52	2.53
8.52	2.53	13.11	3.01
9.01	3.01	16.52	3.29

A solution to the equation f(x) = g(x) is

- 1) 0
- 2) 2.53

- 3) 3.01
- 4) 8.52
- 13 Jake wants to buy a car and hopes to save at least \$5000 for a down payment. The table below summarizes the amount of money he plans to save each week.

Week	1	2	3	4	5
Money Saved, in Dollars	2	5	12.5	31.25	

Based on this plan, which expression should he use to determine how much he has saved in *n* weeks?

1)  $\frac{2-2(2.5^n)}{1-2.5}$ 

3)  $\frac{1-2.5^n}{1-2.5}$ 

 $2) \quad \frac{2 - 2(2.5^{n-1})}{1 - 2.5}$ 

- 4)  $\frac{1-2.5^{n-1}}{1-2.5}$
- 14 If  $f(x) = x^2 + 9$  and g(x) = x + 3, which operation would not result in a polynomial expression?
  - 1) f(x) + g(x)
  - f(x) g(x)
  - 3)  $f(x) \bullet g(x)$
  - 4)  $f(x) \div g(x)$

- 16 The graphs of the equations  $y = x^2 + 4x 1$  and y + 3 = x are drawn on the same set of axes. One solution of this system is
  - 1) (-5,-2)
  - (-1,-4)
  - 3) (1,4)
  - 4) (-2,-1)
- 15 If x 1 is a factor of  $x^3 kx^2 + 2x$ , what is the value of k?
  - 1) 0
  - 2) 2
  - 3) 3
  - 4) -3

17 Given  $a(x) = x^4 + 2x^3 + 4x - 10$  and b(x) = x + 2, determine  $\frac{a(x)}{b(x)}$  in the form  $q(x) + \frac{r(x)}{b(x)}$ . Is b(x) a factor of a(x)? Explain.

18 The table below shows the number of hours of daylight on the first day of each month in Rochester, NY.

Month	Hours of Daylight
Jan.	9.4
Feb.	10.6
March	11.9
April	13.9
May	14.7
June	15.4
July	15.1
Aug.	13.9
Sept.	12.5
Oct.	11.1
Nov.	9.7
Dec.	9.0

Given the data, what is the average rate of change in hours of daylight per month from January 1st to April 1st? Interpret what this means in the context of the problem.

19 For a given time, x, in seconds, an electric current, y, can be represented by  $y = 2.5(1-2.7^{-10x})$ .

Which equation is *not* equivalent?

1) 
$$y = 2.5 - 2.5(2.7^{-1.10x})$$

2) 
$$y = 2.5 - 2.5 \left( \left( 2.7^2 \right)^{-.05x} \right)$$

3) 
$$y = 2.5 - 2.5 \left( \frac{1}{2.7^{.10x}} \right)$$

4) 
$$y = 2.5 - 2.5(2.7^{-2})(2.7^{.05x})$$

- When a ball bounces, the heights of consecutive bounces form a geometric sequence. The height of the first bounce is 121 centimeters and the height of the third bounce is 64 centimeters. To the *nearest centimeter*, what is the height of the fifth bounce?
  - 1) 25
  - 2) 34
  - 3) 36
  - 4) 42
- 21 Which statement(s) are true for all real numbers?

I 
$$(x-y)^2 = x^2 + y^2$$
  
II  $(x+y)^3 = x^3 + 3xy + y^3$ 

- 1) I, only
- 2) II, only
- 3) I and II

4

4) neither I nor II

The Beaufort Wind Scale was devised by British Rear Admiral Sir Francis Beaufort, in 1805 based upon observations of the effects of the wind. Beaufort numbers, B, are determined by the equation  $B = 1.69\sqrt{s + 4.45} - 3.49$ , where s is the speed of the wind in mph, and B is rounded to the nearest integer from 0 to 12.

Beaufort Wind Scale		
Beaufort Number	Force of Wind	
0	Calm	
1	Light air	
2	Light breeze	
3	Gentle breeze	
4	Moderate breeze	
5	Fresh breeze	
6	Steady breeze	
7	Moderate gale	
8	Fresh gale	
9	Strong gale	
10	Whole gale	
11	Storm	
12	Hurricane	

Using the table above, classify the force of wind at a speed of 30 mph. Justify your answer. In 1946, the scale was extended to accommodate strong hurricanes. A strong hurricane received a *B* value of exactly 15. Algebraically determine the value of *s*, to the *nearest mph*. Any *B* values that round to 10 receive a Beaufort number of 10. Using technology, find an approximate range of wind speeds, to the *nearest mph*, associated with a Beaufort number of 10.

- 23 If the function  $g(x) = ab^x$  represents exponential growth, which statement about g(x) is *false*?
  - 1) a > 0 and b > 1
  - 2) The y-intercept is (0, a).
  - 3) The asymptote is y = 0.
  - 4) The x-intercept is (b,0).
- 24 The scores of a recent test taken by 1200 students had an approximately normal distribution with a mean of 225 and a standard deviation of 18.

  Determine the number of students who scored between 200 and 245.

25 Completely factor the following expression:

$$x^2 + 3xy + 3x^3 + y$$

- 26 The parabola described by the equation  $y = \frac{1}{12}(x-2)^2 + 2$  has the directrix at y = -1. The focus of the parabola is
  - 1) (2,-1)
  - 2) (2,2)
  - 3) (2,3)
  - 4) (2,5)

- A student is chosen at random from the student body at a given high school. The probability that the student selects Math as the favorite subject is 

  1/4. The probability that the student chosen is a junior is 116/459. If the probability that the student selected is a junior or that the student chooses Math as the favorite subject is 47/108, what is the exact probability that the student selected is a junior whose favorite subject is Math? Are the events "the student is a junior" and "the student's favorite subject is Math" independent of each other? Explain your answer.
- 28 For the system shown below, what is the value of *z*?

$$y = -2x + 14$$

$$3x - 4z = 2$$

$$3x - y = 16$$

- 1) 5
- 2) 2
- 3) 6
- 4) 4
- 29 Which expression can be rewritten as (x+7)(x-1)?

1) 
$$(x+3)^2-16$$

2) 
$$(x+3)^2 - 10(x+3) - 2(x+3) + 20$$

3) 
$$\frac{(x-1)(x^2-6x-7)}{(x+1)}$$

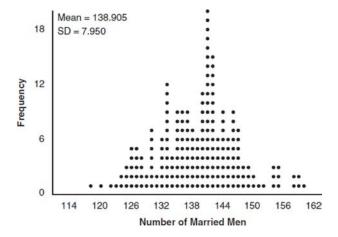
4) 
$$\frac{(x+7)(x^2+4x+3)}{(x+3)}$$

- 30 Determine, to the *nearest tenth of a year*, how long it would take an investment to double at a  $3\frac{3}{4}$  % interest rate, compounded continuously.
- 31 Given the following polynomials

$$x = (a+b+c)^{2}$$
$$y = a^{2} + b^{2} + c^{2}$$
$$z = ab + bc + ac$$

Which identity is true?

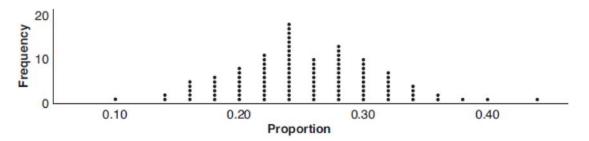
- $1) \quad x = y z$
- 2) x = y + z
- 3) x = y 2z
- 4) x = y + 2z
- 32 In a random sample of 250 men in the United States, age 21 or older, 139 are married. The graph below simulated samples of 250 men, 200 times, assuming that 139 of the men are married.



- a) Based on the simulation, create an interval in which the middle 95% of the number of married men may fall. Round your answer to the *nearest integer*.
- b) A study claims "50 percent of men 21 and older in the United States are married." Do your results from part a contradict this claim? Explain.

### Algebra II Regents Exam Questions at Random <a href="https://www.jmap.org">www.jmap.org</a>

A group of students was trying to determine the proportion of candies in a bag that are blue. The company claims that 24% of candies in bags are blue. A simulation was run 100 times with a sample size of 50, based on the premise that 24% of the candies are blue. The approximately normal results of the simulation are shown in the dot plot below.



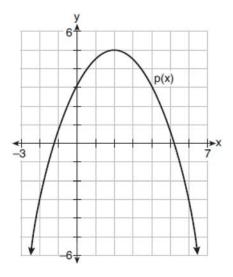
The simulation results in a mean of 0.254 and a standard deviation of 0.060. Based on this simulation, what is a plausible interval containing the middle 95% of the data?

1) (0.194, 0.314)

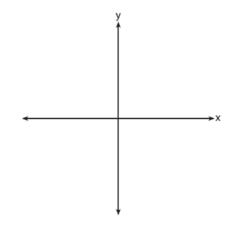
3) (-0.448, 0.568)

2) (0.134, 0.374)

- 4) (0.254, 0.374)
- 34 Consider  $f(x) = 4x^2 + 6x 3$ , and p(x) defined by the graph below.



35 The zeros of a quartic polynomial function are 2, -2, 4, and -4. Use the zeros to construct a possible sketch of the function, on the set of axes below.

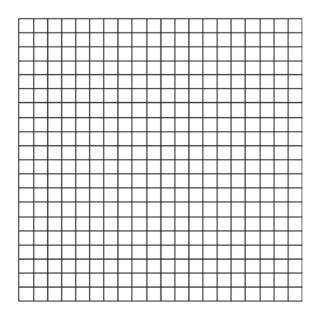


The difference between the values of the maximum of p and minimum of f is

- 1) 0.25
- 2) 1.25
- 3) 3.25
- 4) 10.25

36 Griffin is riding his bike down the street in Churchville, N.Y. at a constant speed, when a nail gets caught in one of his tires. The height of the nail above the ground, in inches, can be represented by the trigonometric function

 $f(t) = -13\cos(0.8\pi t) + 13$ , where t represents the time (in seconds) since the nail first became caught in the tire. Determine the period of f(t). Interpret what the period represents in this context. On the grid below, graph at least one cycle of f(t) that includes the y-intercept of the function.



Does the height of the nail ever reach 30 inches above the ground? Justify your answer.

37 The expression  $2 - \frac{x-1}{x+2}$  is equivalent to

1) 
$$1 - \frac{3}{x+2}$$

2) 
$$1 + \frac{3}{x+2}$$

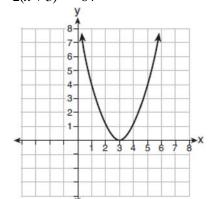
3) 
$$1 - \frac{1}{x+2}$$

4) 
$$1 + \frac{1}{x+2}$$

38 Which representation of a quadratic has imaginary roots?

x	У
-2.5	2
-2.0	0
-1.5	-1
-1.0	-1
-0.5	0
0.0	2

1)  $2(x+3)^2 = 64$ 



- 3)  $4) \quad 2x^2 + 32 = 0$
- 39 The weights of bags of Graseck's Chocolate Candies are normally distributed with a mean of 4.3 ounces and a standard deviation of 0.05 ounces. What is the probability that a bag of these chocolate candies weighs less than 4.27 ounces?
  - 1) 0.2257
  - 2) 0.2743
  - 3) 0.7257
  - 4) 0.7757

40 Express the fraction  $\frac{2x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{\left(16x^4\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}$  in simplest radical

form.

- 41 The graph of  $y = \log_2 x$  is translated to the right 1 unit and down 1 unit. The coordinates of the *x*-intercept of the translated graph are
  - (0,0)
  - 2) (1,0)
  - 3) (2,0)
  - 4) (3,0)
- 42 A manufacturing plant produces two different-sized containers of peanuts. One container weighs *x* ounces and the other weighs *y* pounds. If a gift set can hold one of each size container, which expression represents the number of gift sets needed to hold 124 ounces?
  - $1) \quad \frac{124}{16x + y}$
  - 2)  $\frac{x+16y}{124}$
  - 3)  $\frac{124}{x + 16y}$
  - $4) \quad \frac{16x + y}{124}$
- 43 Justify why  $\frac{\sqrt[3]{x^2y^5}}{\sqrt[4]{x^3y^4}}$  is equivalent to  $x^{\frac{-1}{12}}y^{\frac{2}{3}}$  using

properties of rational exponents, where  $x \neq 0$  and  $y \neq 0$ .

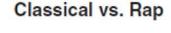
- 44 A researcher randomly divides 50 bean plants into two groups. He puts one group by a window to receive natural light and the second group under artificial light. He records the growth of the plants weekly. Which data collection method is described in this situation?
  - 1) observational study
  - 2) controlled experiment
  - 3) survey
  - 4) systematic sample
- A 7-year lease for office space states that the annual rent is \$85,000 for the first year and will increase by 6% each additional year of the lease. What will the total rent expense be for the entire 7-year lease?
  - 1) \$42,809.63
  - 2) \$90,425.53
  - 3) \$595,000.00
  - 4) \$713,476.20
- 46 Given  $P(x) = x^3 3x^2 2x + 4$ , which statement is true?
  - 1) (x-1) is a factor because P(-1) = 2.
  - 2) (x+1) is a factor because P(-1) = 2.
  - 3) (x+1) is a factor because P(1) = 0.
  - 4) (x-1) is a factor because P(1) = 0.
- 47 The height, h(t) in cm, of a piston, is given by the equation  $h(t) = 12\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{3}t\right) + 8$ , where t represents

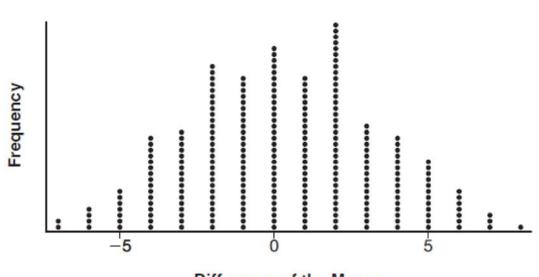
the number of seconds since the measurements began. Determine the average rate of change, in cm/sec, of the piston's height on the interval  $1 \le t \le 2$ . At what value(s) of t, to the *nearest tenth* of a second, does h(t) = 0 in the interval  $1 \le t \le 5$ ? Justify your answer.

48 To determine if the type of music played while taking a quiz has a relationship to results, 16 students were randomly assigned to either a room softly playing classical music or a room softly playing rap music. The results on the quiz were as follows:

Classical: 74, 83, 77, 77, 84, 82, 90, 89 Rap: 77, 80, 78, 74, 69, 72, 78, 69

John correctly rounded the difference of the means of his experimental groups as 7. How did John obtain this value and what does it represent in the given context? Justify your answer. To determine if there is any significance in this value, John rerandomized the 16 scores into two groups of 8, calculated the difference of the means, and simulated this process 250 times as shown below.





Difference of the Means

Does the simulation support the theory that there may be a significant difference in quiz scores? Explain.

49 Solve the following system of equations algebraically.  $x^2 + y^2 = 400$ y = x - 28

50 Algebraically solve for x: 
$$\frac{-3}{x+3} + \frac{1}{2} = \frac{x}{6} - \frac{1}{2}$$

51 Consider the function  $h(x) = 2\sin(3x) + 1$  and the function q represented in the table below.

x	q(x)
-2	-8
-1	0
0	0
1	-2
2	0

Determine which function has the *smaller* minimum value for the domain [-2,2]. Justify your answer.

52 After Roger's surgery, his doctor administered pain medication in the following amounts in milligrams over four days.

Day (n)	1	2	3	4
Dosage (m)	2000	1680	1411.2	1185.4

How can this sequence best be modeled recursively?

1) 
$$m_1 = 2000$$

3) 
$$m_1 = 2000$$

$$m_n = m_{n-1} - 320$$

$$m_n = (0.84)m_{n-1}$$

$$2) \quad m_n = 2000(0.84)^{n-1}$$

$$m_n = (0.84)m_{n-1}$$
4) 
$$m_n = 2000(0.84)^{n+1}$$

53 Elizabeth tried to find the product of (2+4i) and (3-i), and her work is shown below.

$$(2+4i)(3-i)$$

$$= 6 - 2i + 12i - 4i^2$$

$$=6+10i-4i^2$$

$$= 6 + 10i - 4(1)$$

$$= 6 + 10i - 4$$

$$= 2 + 10i$$

Identify the error in the process shown and determine the correct product of (2+4i) and (3-i).

54 If 
$$(a^3 + 27) = (a+3)(a^2 + ma + 9)$$
, then *m* equals

55 The recursive formula to describe a sequence is shown below.

$$a_1 = 3$$

$$a_n = 1 + 2a_{n-1}$$

State the first four terms of this sequence. Can this sequence be represented using an explicit geometric formula? Justify your answer.

- 56 Judith puts \$5000 into an investment account with interest compounded continuously. Which approximate annual rate is needed for the account to grow to \$9110 after 30 years?
  - 1) 2%
  - 2) 2.2%
  - 3) 0.02%
  - 4) 0.022%
- 57 If  $ae^{bt} = c$ , where a, b, and c are positive, then t equals
  - 1)  $\ln\left(\frac{c}{ab}\right)$
  - 2)  $\ln\left(\frac{cb}{a}\right)$
  - 3)  $\frac{\ln\left(\frac{c}{a}\right)}{b}$
  - $\frac{\ln\left(\frac{c}{a}\right)}{\ln b}$
- 58 The probability that a resident of a housing community opposes spending money for community improvement on plumbing issues is 0.8. The probability that a resident favors spending money on improving walkways given that the resident opposes spending money on plumbing issues is 0.85. Determine the probability that a randomly selected resident opposes spending money on plumbing issues and favors spending money on walkways.
- 59 Write a recursive formula for the sequence 6,9,13.5,20.25,...

- 60 Which function is even?
  - 1)  $f(x) = \sin x$
  - 2)  $f(x) = x^2 4$
  - 3) f(x) = |x-2| + 5
  - 4)  $f(x) = x^4 + 3x^3 + 4$
- 61 Consider the probability statements regarding events A and B below.

$$P(A \text{ or } B) = 0.3;$$

$$P(A \text{ and } B) = 0.2; \text{ and }$$

$$P(A|B) = 0.8$$

What is P(B)?

- 1) 0.1
- 2) 0.25
- 3) 0.375
- 4) 0.667
- 62 Researchers in a local area found that the population of rabbits with an initial population of 20 grew continuously at the rate of 5% per month. The fox population had an initial value of 30 and grew continuously at the rate of 3% per month. Find, to the nearest tenth of a month, how long it takes for these populations to be equal.
- The profit function, p(x), for a company is the cost function, c(x), subtracted from the revenue function, r(x). The profit function for the Acme Corporation is  $p(x) = -0.5x^2 + 250x - 300$  and the revenue function is  $r(x) = -0.3x^2 + 150x$ . The cost function for the Acme Corporation is

1) 
$$c(x) = 0.2x^2 - 100x + 300$$

2) 
$$c(x) = 0.2x^2 + 100x + 300$$

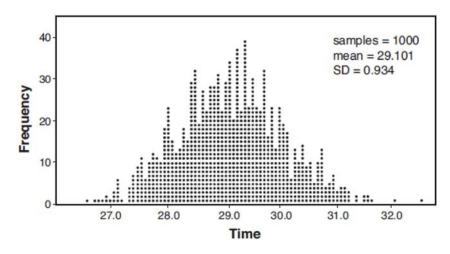
3) 
$$c(x) = -0.2x^2 + 100x - 300$$

4) 
$$c(x) = -0.8x^2 + 400x - 300$$

A radio station claims to its advertisers that the mean number of minutes commuters listen to the station is 30. The station conducted a survey of 500 of their listeners who commute. The sample statistics are shown below.

X	29.11
S <sub>x</sub>	20.718

A simulation was run 1000 times based upon the results of the survey. The results of the simulation appear below.



Based on the simulation results, is the claim that commuters listen to the station on average 30 minutes plausible? Explain your response including an interval containing the middle 95% of the data, rounded to the *nearest hundredth*.

- 65 When the function p(x) is divided by x 1 the quotient is  $x^2 + 7 + \frac{5}{x 1}$ . State p(x) in standard form.
- 66 Given  $c(m) = m^3 2m^2 + 4m 8$ , the solution of c(m) = 0 is
  - 1) ±2
  - 2) 2, only
  - 3) 2*i*,2
  - 4)  $\pm 2i$ , 2

- 67 Where *i* is the imaginary unit, the expression  $(x+3i)^2 (2x-3i)^2$  is equivalent to
  - 1)  $-3x^2$
  - 2)  $-3x^2 18$
  - 3)  $-3x^2 + 18xi$
  - 4)  $-3x^2 6xi 18$
- 68 An angle,  $\theta$ , is in standard position and its terminal side passes through the point (2,-1). Find the *exact* value of  $\sin \theta$ .

69 Which equation represents the equation of the parabola with focus (-3,3) and directrix y = 7?

1) 
$$y = \frac{1}{8}(x+3)^2 - 5$$

2) 
$$y = \frac{1}{8}(x-3)^2 + 5$$

3) 
$$y = -\frac{1}{8}(x+3)^2 + 5$$

4) 
$$y = -\frac{1}{8}(x-3)^2 + 5$$

- 70 The temperature, in degrees Fahrenheit, in Times Square during a day in August can be predicted by the function  $T(x) = 8\sin(0.3x - 3) + 74$ , where x is the number of hours after midnight. According to this model, the predicted temperature, to the nearest degree Fahrenheit, at 7 P.M. is
  - 1) 68
  - 2) 74
  - 3) 77
  - 81 4)
- 71 For positive values of x, which expression is

equivalent to 
$$\sqrt{16x^2} \bullet x^{\frac{2}{3}} + \sqrt[3]{8x^5}$$

- 1)  $6\sqrt[5]{x^3}$ 2)  $6\sqrt[3]{x^5}$ 3)  $4\sqrt[3]{x^2} + 2\sqrt[3]{x^5}$ 4)  $4\sqrt{x^3} + 2\sqrt[5]{x^3}$
- 72 What is the inverse of the function y = 4x + 5?
  - 1)  $x = \frac{1}{4}y \frac{5}{4}$
  - $2) \quad y = \frac{1}{4}x \frac{5}{4}$
  - 3) y = 4x 5
  - 4)  $y = \frac{1}{4x + 5}$

- 73 At Andrew Jackson High School, students are only allowed to enroll in AP U.S. History if they have already taken AP World History or AP European History. Out of 825 incoming seniors, 165 took AP World History, 66 took AP European History, and 33 took both. Given this information, determine the probability a randomly selected incoming senior is allowed to enroll in AP U.S. History.
- 74 Brian deposited 1 cent into an empty non-interest bearing bank account on the first day of the month. He then additionally deposited 3 cents on the second day, 9 cents on the third day, and 27 cents on the fourth day. What would be the total amount of money in the account at the end of the 20th day if the pattern continued?
  - \$11,622,614.67
  - 2) \$17,433,922.00
  - 3) \$116,226,146.80
  - 4) \$1,743,392,200.00
- 75 Algebraically solve for x:  $\frac{7}{2r} \frac{2}{r+1} = \frac{1}{4}$
- 76 The expression  $6 (3x 2i)^2$  is equivalent to
  - 1)  $-9x^2 + 12xi + 10$
  - 2)  $9x^2 12xi + 2$
  - 3)  $-9x^2 + 10$
  - 4)  $-9x^2 + 12xi 4i + 6$
- The first term of a geometric sequence is 8 and the fourth term is 216. What is the sum of the first 12 terms of the corresponding series?
  - 1) 236,192
  - 2) 708,584
  - 3) 2,125,760
  - 4) 6,377,288

## Algebra II Regents Exam Questions at Random <a href="https://www.jmap.org">www.jmap.org</a>

- 78 For which values of x, rounded to the *nearest* hundredth, will  $|x^2 9| 3 = \log_3 x$ ?
  - 1) 2.29 and 3.63
  - 2) 2.37 and 3.54
  - 3) 2.84 and 3.17
  - 4) 2.92 and 3.06
- 79 Explain what a rational exponent, such as  $\frac{5}{2}$  means.

Use this explanation to evaluate  $9^{\frac{5}{2}}$ .

- 80 If  $p(x) = 2x^3 3x + 5$ , what is the remainder of  $p(x) \div (x 5)$ ?
  - 1) -230
  - 2) 0
  - 3) 40
  - 4) 240
- 81 On a given school day, the probability that Nick oversleeps is 48% and the probability he has a pop quiz is 25%. Assuming these two events are independent, what is the probability that Nick oversleeps and has a pop quiz on the same day?
  - 1) 73%
  - 2) 36%
  - 3) 23%
  - 4) 12%
- 82 Which expression is equivalent to

 $(2x-i)^2 - (2x-i)(2x+3i)$  where *i* is the imaginary unit and *x* is a real number?

- 1) -4 8xi
- 2) -4 4xi
- 3) 2
- 4) 8x 4i

Which function's graph has a period of 8 and reaches a maximum height of 1 if at least one full period is graphed?

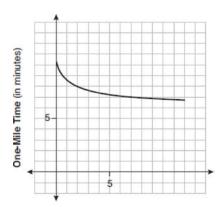
$$1) \quad y = -4\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{4}x\right) - 3$$

$$2) \quad y = -4\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{4}x\right) + 5$$

3) 
$$y = -4\cos(8x) - 3$$

4) 
$$y = -4\cos(8x) + 5$$

84 Irma initially ran one mile in over ten minutes. She then began a training program to reduce her one-mile time. She recorded her one-mile time once a week for twelve consecutive weeks, as modeled in the graph below.



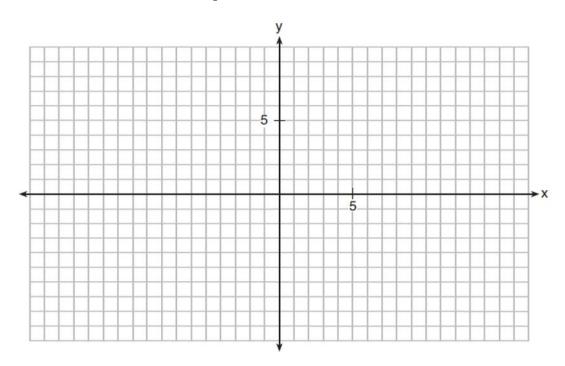
Number of Weeks

Which statement regarding Irma's one-mile training program is correct?

- 1) Her one-mile speed increased as the number of weeks increased.
- 2) Her one-mile speed decreased as the number of weeks increased.
- 3) If the trend continues, she will run under a six-minute mile by week thirteen.
- 4) She reduced her one-mile time the most between weeks ten and twelve.

## Algebra II Regents Exam Questions at Random $\underline{\text{www.jmap.org}}$

85 On the grid below, graph the function  $y = \log_2(x-3) + 1$ 



86 What is the solution set of the following system of equations?

$$y = 3x + 6$$

$$y = (x+4)^2 - 10$$

- 1) {(-5,-9)}
- 2) {(5,21)}
- $\{(0,6),(-5,-9)\}$
- 4)  $\{(0,6),(5,21)\}$
- 87 The half-life of a radioactive substance is 15 years. Write an equation that can be used to determine the amount, s(t), of 200 grams of this substance that remains after t years. Determine algebraically, to the *nearest year*, how long it will take for  $\frac{1}{10}$  of this substance to remain.
- 88 The operator of the local mall wants to find out how many of the mall's employees make purchases in the food court when they are working. She hopes to use these data to increase the rent and attract new food vendors. In total, there are 1023 employees who work at the mall. The best method to obtain a random sample of the employees would be to survey
  - 1) all 170 employees at each of the larger stores
  - 2) 50% of the 90 employees of the food court
  - 3) every employee
  - 4) every 30th employee entering each mall entrance for one week

89 Consider the system of equations below:

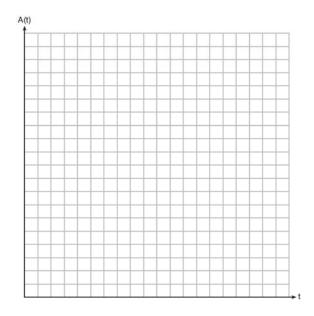
$$x + y - z = 6$$

$$2x - 3y + 2z = -19$$

$$-x + 4y - z = 17$$

Which number is *not* the value of any variable in the solution of the system?

- 1) -1
- 2) 2
- 3) 3
- 4) -4
- 90 Tony is evaluating his retirement savings. He currently has \$318,000 in his account, which earns an interest rate of 7% compounded annually. He wants to determine how much he will have in the account in the future, even if he makes no additional contributions to the account. Write a function, A(t), to represent the amount of money that will be in his account in t years. Graph A(t) where  $0 \le t \le 20$  on the set of axes below.



Tony's goal is to save \$1,000,000. Determine algebraically, to the *nearest year*, how many years it will take for him to achieve his goal. Explain how your graph of A(t) confirms your answer.

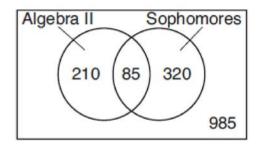
- 91 Julia deposits \$2000 into a savings account that earns 4% interest per year. The exponential function that models this savings account is y = 2000(1.04)<sup>t</sup>, where t is the time in years. Which equation correctly represents the amount of money in her savings account in terms of the monthly growth rate?
  - 1)  $y = 166.67(1.04)^{0.12t}$
  - 2)  $y = 2000(1.01)^t$
  - 3)  $y = 2000(1.0032737)^{12t}$
  - 4)  $y = 166.67(1.0032737)^t$
- 92 Which expression is equivalent to

$$\frac{2x^4 + 8x^3 - 25x^2 - 6x + 14}{x + 6}$$
?

- 1)  $2x^3 + 4x^2 + x 12 + \frac{86}{x+6}$
- 2)  $2x^3 4x^2 x + 14$
- 3)  $2x^3 4x^2 x + \frac{14}{x+6}$
- 4)  $2x^3 4x^2 x$
- Garla wants to start a college fund for her daughter Lila. She puts \$63,000 into an account that grows at a rate of 2.55% per year, compounded monthly. Write a function, *C*(*t*), that represents the amount of money in the account *t* years after the account is opened, given that no more money is deposited into or withdrawn from the account. Calculate algebraically the number of years it will take for the account to reach \$100,000, to the *nearest hundredth of a year*.
- 94 Write  $-\frac{1}{2}i^3(\sqrt{-9}-4)-3i^2$  in simplest a+bi form.

## Algebra II Regents Exam Questions at Random <a href="https://www.jmap.org">www.jmap.org</a>

- 95 There are 440 students at Thomas Paine High School enrolled in U.S. History. On the April report card, the students' grades are approximately normally distributed with a mean of 79 and a standard deviation of 7. Students who earn a grade less than or equal to 64.9 must attend summer school. The number of students who must attend summer school for U.S. History is closest to
  - 1) 3
  - 2) 5
  - 3) 10
  - 4) 22
- 96 Data for the students enrolled in a local high school are shown in the Venn diagram below.



If a student from the high school is selected at random, what is the probability that the student is a sophomore given that the student is enrolled in Algebra II?

- 1)  $\frac{85}{210}$
- 2)  $\frac{85}{295}$
- 3)  $\frac{85}{405}$
- 4)  $\frac{85}{1600}$

97 Which table best represents an exponential relationship?

у
8
4
2
1
1 2

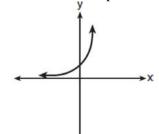
1)		2
	x	у
	8	0
	4	1
	0	2
	-4	3
2)	-8	4

X	У
0	0
1	1
2	4
3	9
4	16

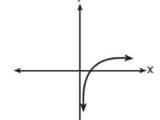
x	у	
1	1	
2	8	
3	27	
4	64	
5	125	

3)

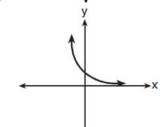
98 Which sketch best represents the graph of  $x = 3^y$ ?



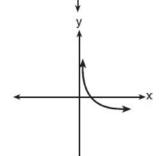
1)



2)

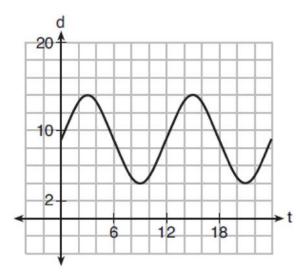


3)



4)

- 99 The world population was 2560 million people in 1950 and 3040 million in 1960 and can be modeled by the function  $p(t) = 2560e^{0.017185t}$ , where t is time in years after 1950 and p(t) is the population in millions. Determine the average rate of change of p(t) in millions of people per year, from  $4 \le t \le 8$ . Round your answer to the *nearest hundredth*.
- 100 The depth of the water at a marker 20 feet from the shore in a bay is depicted in the graph below.



If the depth, d, is measured in feet and time, t, is measured in hours since midnight, what is an equation for the depth of the water at the marker?

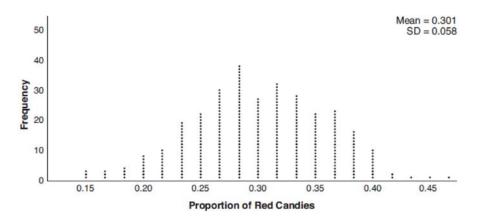
1) 
$$d = 5\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{6}t\right) + 9$$

$$2) \quad d = 9\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{6}t\right) + 5$$

$$3) \quad d = 9\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{6}t\right) + 5$$

$$4) \quad d = 5\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{6}t\right) + 9$$

101 Mary bought a pack of candy. The manufacturer claims that 30% of the candies manufactured are red. In her pack, 14 of the 60 candies are red. She ran a simulation of 300 samples, assuming the manufacturer is correct. The results are shown below.



Based on the simulation, determine the middle 95% of plausible values that the proportion of red candies in a pack is within. Based on the simulation, is it unusual that Mary's pack had 14 red candies out of a total of 60? Explain.

102 For x > 0, which expression is equivalent to

$$\frac{\sqrt[3]{x^2} \cdot \sqrt{x^5}}{\sqrt[6]{x}}?$$

- 1) *x* 
  - 3
- 2) *x*
- 3)  $x^3$
- 103 When the expression  $(x+2)^2 + 4(x+2) + 3$  is rewritten as the product of two binomials, the result is
  - 1) (x+3)(x+1)
  - 2) (x+5)(x+3)
  - 3) (x+2)(x+2)
  - 4) (x+6)(x+1)

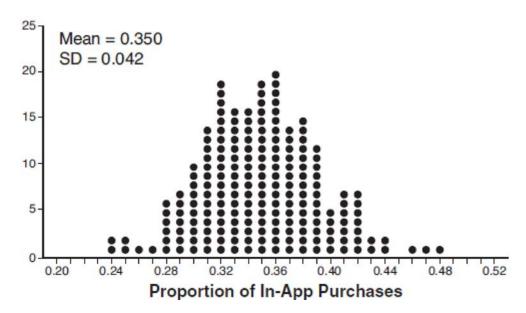
104 What are the solution(s) to the system of equations shown below?

$$x^2 + y^2 = 5$$

$$y = 2x$$

- 1) x = 1 and x = -1
- 2) x = 1
- 3) (1,2) and (-1,-2)
- 4) (1,2), only
- 105 A random sample of 100 people that would best estimate the proportion of all registered voters in a district who support improvements to the high school football field should be drawn from registered voters in the district at a
  - 1) football game
  - 2) supermarket
  - 3) school fund-raiser
  - 4) high school band concert

106 Some smart-phone applications contain "in-app" purchases, which allow users to purchase special content within the application. A random sample of 140 users found that 35 percent made in-app purchases. A simulation was conducted with 200 samples of 140 users assuming 35 percent of the samples make in-app purchases. The approximately normal results are shown below.



Considering the middle 95% of the data, determine the margin of error, to the *nearest hundredth*, for the simulated results. In the given context, explain what this value represents.

- 107 Stephanie found that the number of white-winged cross bills in an area can be represented by the formula  $C = 550(1.08)^t$ , where t represents the number of years since 2010. Which equation correctly represents the number of white-winged cross bills in terms of the monthly rate of population growth?
  - 1)  $C = 550(1.00643)^t$
  - 2)  $C = 550(1.00643)^{12t}$
  - 3)  $C = 550(1.00643)^{\frac{t}{12}}$
  - 4)  $C = 550(1.00643)^{t+12}$

108 When factoring to reveal the roots of the equation  $x^3 + 2x^2 - 9x - 18 = 0$ , which equations can be used?

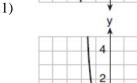
I. 
$$x^2(x+2) - 9(x+2) = 0$$

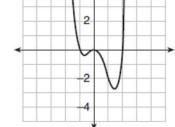
II. 
$$x(x^2-9)+2(x^2-9)=0$$

III. 
$$(x-2)(x^2-9)=0$$

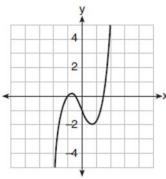
- 1) I and II, only
- 2) I and III, only
- 3) II and III, only
- 4) I, II, and III

109 Which graph represents a polynomial function that contains  $x^2 + 2x + 1$  as a factor?

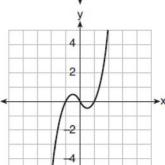




2)

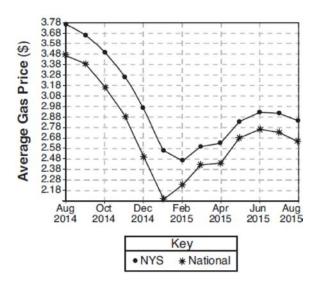


3)



4)

110 The graph below represents national and New York State average gas prices.



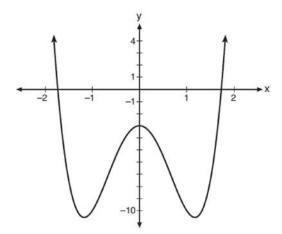
If New York State's gas prices are modeled by G(x) and C > 0, which expression best approximates the national average x months from August 2014?

- 1) G(x+C)
- G(x) + C
- 3) G(x-C)
- 4) G(x) C
- 111 Evaluate j(-1) given

 $j(x) = 2x^4 - x^3 - 35x^2 + 16x + 48$ . Explain what your answer tells you about x + 1 as a factor. Algebraically find the remaining zeros of j(x).

On July 21, 2016, the water level in Puget Sound, WA reached a high of 10.1 ft at 6 a.m. and a low of -2 ft at 12:30 p.m. Across the country in Long Island, NY, Shinnecock Bay's water level reached a high of 2.5 ft at 10:42 p.m. and a low of -0.1 ft at 5:31 a.m. The water levels of both locations are affected by the tides and can be modeled by sinusoidal functions. Determine the difference in amplitudes, in feet, for these two locations.

113 Consider the function  $p(x) = 3x^3 + x^2 - 5x$  and the graph of y = m(x) below.



Which statement is true?

- 1) p(x) has three real roots and m(x) has two real roots.
- 2) p(x) has one real root and m(x) has two real roots.
- 3) p(x) has two real roots and m(x) has three real roots.
- 4) p(x) has three real roots and m(x) has four real roots.

114 The equation 
$$t = \frac{1}{0.0105} \ln \left( \frac{A}{5000} \right)$$
 relates time,  $t$ ,

in years, to the amount of money, *A*, earned by a \$5000 investment. Which statement accurately describes the relationship between the average rates of change of *t* on the intervals [6000, 8000] and [9000, 12,000]?

- 1) A comparison cannot be made because the intervals are different sizes.
- 2) The average rate of change is equal for both intervals.
- 3) The average rate of change is larger for the interval [6000, 8000].
- 4) The average rate of change is larger for the interval [9000, 12,000].

115 What is the inverse of f(x) = -6(x-2)?

1) 
$$f^{-1}(x) = -2 - \frac{x}{6}$$

2) 
$$f^{-1}(x) = 2 - \frac{x}{6}$$

3) 
$$f^{-l}(x) = \frac{1}{-6(x-2)}$$

4) 
$$f^{-1}(x) = 6(x+2)$$

An estimate of the number of milligrams of a medication in the bloodstream *t* hours after 400 mg has been taken can be modeled by the function below.

$$I(t) = 0.5t^4 + 3.45t^3 - 96.65t^2 + 347.7t$$
,  
where  $0 \le t \le 6$ 

Over what time interval does the amount of medication in the bloodstream strictly increase?

- 1) 0 to 2 hours
- 2) 0 to 3 hours
- 3) 2 to 6 hours
- 4) 3 to 6 hours

117 The average monthly temperature of a city can be modeled by a cosine graph. Melissa has been living in Phoenix, Arizona, where the average annual temperature is 75°F. She would like to move, and live in a location where the average annual temperature is 62°F. When examining the graphs of the average monthly temperatures for various locations, Melissa should focus on the

- 1) amplitude
- 2) horizontal shift
- 3) period
- 4) midline

118 The populations of two small towns at the beginning of 2018 and their annual population growth rate are shown in the table below.

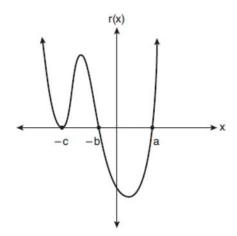
Town	Population	Annual Population Growth Rate
Jonesville	1240	6% increase
Williamstown	890	11% increase

Assuming the trend continues, approximately how many years after the beginning of 2018 will it take for the populations to be equal?

- 1) 7
- 2) 20

- 3) 68
- 4) 125
- A population of 950 bacteria grows continuously at a rate of 4.75% per day. Write an exponential function, N(t), that represents the bacterial population after t days and explain the reason for your choice of base. Determine the bacterial population after 36 hours, to the *nearest bacterium*.
- 121 Determine the quotient and remainder when  $(6a^3 + 11a^2 4a 9)$  is divided by (3a 2). Express your answer in the form  $q(a) + \frac{r(a)}{d(a)}$ .

120 A sketch of r(x) is shown below.



122 Which statement is true about the graph of

$$f(x) = \left(\frac{1}{8}\right)^x ?$$

- 1) The graph is always increasing.
- 2) The graph is always decreasing.
- 3) The graph passes through (1,0).
- 4) The graph has an asymptote, x = 0.

An equation for r(x) could be

1) 
$$r(x) = (x-a)(x+b)(x+c)$$

2) 
$$r(x) = (x+a)(x-b)(x-c)^2$$

3) 
$$r(x) = (x+a)(x-b)(x-c)$$

4) 
$$r(x) = (x-a)(x+b)(x+c)^2$$

123 What is the solution when the equation  $wx^2 + w = 0$  is solved for x, where w is a positive integer?

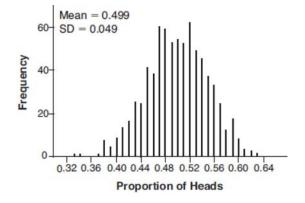
4) 
$$\pm i$$

124 Juan and Filipe practice at the driving range before playing golf. The number of wins and corresponding practice times for each player are shown in the table below.

	Juan Wins	Felipe Wins
<b>Short Practice Time</b>	8	10
<b>Long Practice Time</b>	15	12

Given that the practice time was long, determine the exact probability that Filipe wins the next match. Determine whether or not the two events "Filipe wins" and "long practice time" are independent. Justify your answer.

125 Robin flips a coin 100 times. It lands heads up 43 times, and she wonders if the coin is unfair. She runs a computer simulation of 750 samples of 100 fair coin flips. The output of the proportion of heads is shown below.



Do the results of the simulation provide strong evidence that Robin's coin is unfair? Explain your answer.

126 Which equation represents a parabola with a focus of (-2,5) and a directrix of y = 9?

1) 
$$(y-7)^2 = 8(x+2)$$

2) 
$$(y-7)^2 = -8(x+2)$$

3) 
$$(x+2)^2 = 8(y-7)$$

4) 
$$(x+2)^2 = -8(y-7)$$

- Suppose two sets of test scores have the same mean, but different standard deviations,  $\sigma_1$  and  $\sigma_2$ , with  $\sigma_2 > \sigma_1$ . Which statement best describes the variability of these data sets?
  - 1) Data set one has the greater variability.
  - 2) Data set two has the greater variability.
  - 3) The variability will be the same for each data set.
  - 4) No conclusion can be made regarding the variability of either set.
- 128 What is the solution set of the equation

$$\frac{2}{3x+1} = \frac{1}{x} - \frac{6x}{3x+1}$$
?

$$1) \quad \left\{-\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}\right\}$$

$$2) \quad \left\{-\frac{1}{3}\right\}$$

$$3) \quad \left\{\frac{1}{2}\right\}$$

4) 
$$\left\{\frac{1}{3}, -2\right\}$$

129 Given  $\tan \theta = \frac{7}{24}$ , and  $\theta$  terminates in Quadrant III, determine the value of  $\cos \theta$ .

## Algebra II Regents Exam Questions at Random <a href="https://www.jmap.org">www.jmap.org</a>

- she can wear them 2 hours the first day, and can then increase the length of time by 30 minutes each day. If this pattern continues, which formula would *not* be appropriate to determine the length of time, in either minutes or hours, she could wear her contact lenses on the *n*th day?
  - 1)  $a_1 = 120$

$$a_n = a_{n-1} + 30$$

- 2)  $a_n = 90 + 30n$
- 3)  $a_1 = 2$

$$a_n = a_{n-1} + 0.5$$

- 4)  $a_n = 2.5 + 0.5n$
- 131 A formula for work problems involving two people is shown below.

$$\frac{1}{t_1} + \frac{1}{t_2} = \frac{1}{t_b}$$

 $t_1$  = the time taken by the first person to complete the job

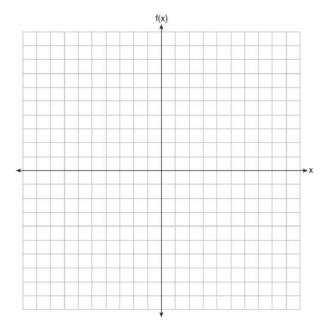
 $t_2$  = the time taken by the second person to complete the job

 $t_b = \mbox{the time it takes for them working}$  together to complete the job

Fred and Barney are carpenters who build the same model desk. It takes Fred eight hours to build the desk while it only takes Barney six hours. Write an equation that can be used to find the time it would take both carpenters working together to build a desk. Determine, to the *nearest tenth of an hour*, how long it would take Fred and Barney working together to build a desk.

132 Over the set of integers, factor the expression  $x^4 - 4x^2 - 12$ .

- 133 What is the equation of the directrix for the parabola  $-8(y-3) = (x+4)^2$ ?
  - 1) y = 5
  - 2) y = 1
  - 3) y = -2
  - 4) y = -6
- On the grid below, graph the function  $f(x) = x^3 6x^2 + 9x + 6$  on the domain  $-1 \le x \le 4$ .

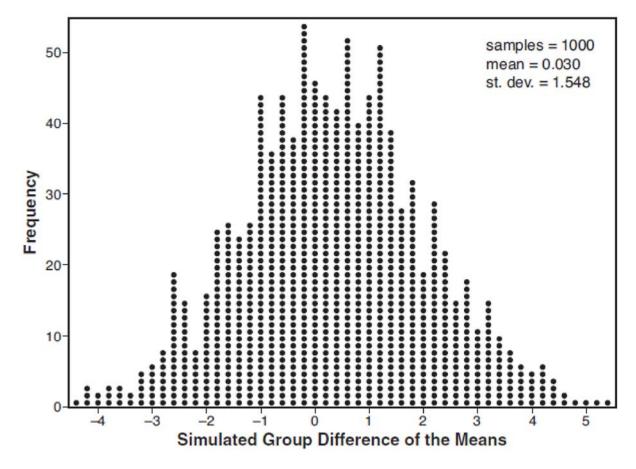


- 135 Perry invested in property that cost him \$1500. Five years later it was worth \$3000, and 10 years from his original purchase, it was worth \$6000. Assuming the growth rate remains the same, which type of function could he create to find the value of his investment 30 years from his original purchase?
  - 1) exponential function
  - 2) linear function
  - 3) quadratic function
  - 4) trigonometric function

136 Joseph was curious to determine if scent improves memory. A test was created where better memory is indicated by higher test scores. A controlled experiment was performed where one group was given the test on scented paper and the other group was given the test on unscented paper. The summary statistics from the experiment are given below.

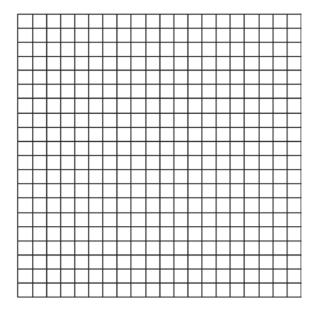
	Scented Paper	<b>Unscented Paper</b>
$\bar{x}$	23	18
S <sub>x</sub>	2.898	2.408

Calculate the difference in means in the experimental test grades (scented -unscented). A simulation was conducted in which the subjects' scores were rerandomized into two groups 1000 times. The differences of the group means were calculated each time. The results are shown below.



Use the simulation results to determine the interval representing the middle 95% of the difference in means, to the *nearest hundredth*. Is the difference in means in Joseph's experiment statistically significant based on the simulation? Explain.

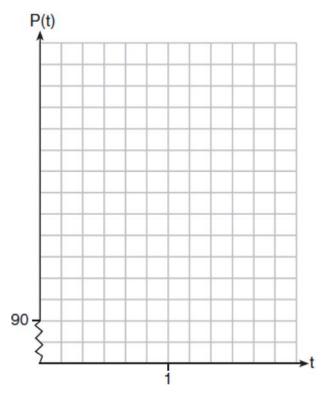
- 137 Which situation could be modeled using a geometric sequence?
  - 1) A cell phone company charges \$30.00 per month for 2 gigabytes of data and \$12.50 for each additional gigabyte of data.
  - 2) The temperature in your car is 79°. You lower the temperature of your air conditioning by 2° every 3 minutes in order to find a comfortable temperature.
  - 3) David's parents have set a limit of 50 minutes per week that he may play online games during the school year. However, they will increase his time by 5% per week for the next ten weeks.
  - 4) Sarah has \$100.00 in her piggy bank and saves an additional \$15.00 each week.
- 138 Determine an equation for the parabola with focus (4,-1) and directrix y=-5. (Use of the grid below is optional.)



139 The resting blood pressure of an adult patient can be modeled by the function P below, where P(t) is the pressure in millimeters of mercury after time t in seconds.

$$P(t) = 24\cos(3\pi t) + 120$$

On the set of axes below, graph y = P(t) over the domain  $0 \le t \le 2$ .



Determine the period of *P*. Explain what this value represents in the given context. Normal resting blood pressure for an adult is 120 over 80. This means that the blood pressure oscillates between a maximum of 120 and a minimum of 80. Adults with high blood pressure (above 140 over 90) and adults with low blood pressure (below 90 over 60) may be at risk for health disorders. Classify the given patient's blood pressure as low, normal, or high and explain your reasoning.

- 140 Kelly-Ann has \$20,000 to invest. She puts half of the money into an account that grows at an annual rate of 0.9% compounded monthly. At the same time, she puts the other half of the money into an account that grows continuously at an annual rate of 0.8%. Which function represents the value of Kelly-Ann's investments after t years?
  - 1)  $f(t) = 10,000(1.9)^{t} + 10,000e^{0.8t}$
  - 2)  $f(t) = 10,000(1.009)^{t} + 10,000e^{0.008t}$
  - 3)  $f(t) = 10,000(1.075)^{12t} + 10,000e^{0.8t}$
  - 4)  $f(t) = 10,000(1.00075)^{12t} + 10,000e^{0.008t}$
- 141 The expression (x + a)(x + b) can *not* be written as
  - 1) a(x+b) + x(x+b)
  - 2)  $x^2 + abx + ab$
  - 3)  $x^2 + (a+b)x + ab$
  - 4) x(x+a)+b(x+a)
- 142 There are 400 students in the senior class at Oak Creek High School. All of these students took the SAT. The distribution of their SAT scores is approximately normal. The number of students who scored within 2 standard deviations of the mean is approximately
  - 75 1)
  - 2) 95
  - 3) 300
  - 4) 380
- 143 What is the inverse of  $f(x) = x^3 2$ ?
  - 1)  $f^{-1}(x) = \sqrt[3]{x} + 2$
  - 2)  $f^{-1}(x) = \pm \sqrt[3]{x} + 2$
  - 3)  $f^{-1}(x) = \sqrt[3]{x+2}$
  - 4)  $f^{-1}(x) = \pm \sqrt[3]{x+2}$

- 144 If  $\cos \theta = -\frac{3}{4}$  and  $\theta$  is in Quadrant III, then  $\sin \theta$  is equivalent to
  - $1) \quad -\frac{\sqrt{7}}{4}$
  - 2)  $\frac{\sqrt{7}}{4}$ 3)  $-\frac{5}{4}$
- 145 Evan graphed a cubic function,

 $f(x) = ax^3 + bx^2 + cx + d$ , and determined the roots of f(x) to be  $\pm 1$  and 2. What is the value of b, if a = 1?

- 1) 1
- 2) 2
- 3) -1
- 4) -2
- 146 Given:  $f(x) = 2x^2 + x 3$  and g(x) = x 1Express  $f(x) \bullet g(x) - [f(x) + g(x)]$  as a polynomial in standard form.
- 147 The average depreciation rate of a new boat is approximately 8% per year. If a new boat is purchased at a price of \$75,000, which model is a recursive formula representing the value of the boat n years after it was purchased?
  - 1)  $a_n = 75,000(0.08)^n$
  - 2)  $a_0 = 75,000$

$$a_n = (0.92)^n$$

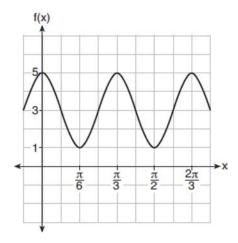
- 3)  $a_n = 75,000(1.08)^n$
- 4)  $a_0 = 75,000$

$$a_n = 0.92(a_{n-1})$$

148 The terminal side of  $\theta$ , an angle in standard position, intersects the unit circle at  $P\left(-\frac{1}{3}, -\frac{\sqrt{8}}{3}\right)$ .

What is the value of  $\sec \theta$ ?

- 1) -3
- 2)  $-\frac{3\sqrt{8}}{8}$
- 3)  $-\frac{1}{3}$
- 4)  $-\frac{\sqrt{8}}{3}$
- 149 The function  $f(x) = a \cos bx + c$  is plotted on the graph shown below.



What are the values of a, b, and c?

- 1) a = 2, b = 6, c = 3
- 2) a = 2, b = 3, c = 1
- 3) a = 4, b = 6, c = 5
- 4)  $a = 4, b = \frac{\pi}{3}, c = 3$

- 150 Factor completely over the set of integers:  $16x^4 81$ . Sara graphed the polynomial  $y = 16x^4 81$  and stated "All the roots of  $y = 16x^4 81$  are real." Is Sara correct? Explain your reasoning.
- 151 The Wells family is looking to purchase a home in a suburb of Rochester with a 30-year mortgage that has an annual interest rate of 3.6%. The house the family wants to purchase is \$152,500 and they will make a \$15,250 down payment and borrow the remainder. Use the formula below to determine their monthly payment, to the *nearest dollar*.

$$M = \frac{P\left(\frac{r}{12}\right)\left(1 + \frac{r}{12}\right)^n}{\left(1 + \frac{r}{12}\right)^n - 1}$$

M = monthly payment P = amount borrowed r = annual interest rate n = total number of monthly payments

152 How many solutions exist for

$$\frac{1}{1 - x^2} = -|3x - 2| + 5?$$

- 1) 1
- 2) 2
- 3) 3
- 4) 4

## Algebra II Regents Exam Questions at Random <a href="https://www.jmap.org">www.jmap.org</a>

153 3Written in simplest form,  $\frac{c^2 - d^2}{d^2 + cd - 2c^2}$  where

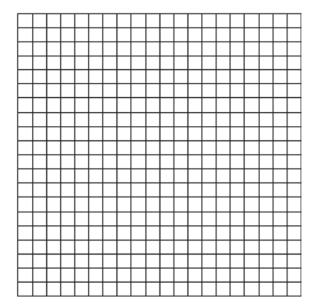
 $c \neq d$ , is equivalent to

- $1) \quad \frac{c+d}{d+2c}$
- $2) \quad \frac{c-d}{d+2c}$
- $3) \quad \frac{-c-d}{d+2c}$
- 4)  $\frac{-c+d}{d+2c}$
- 154 Tides are a periodic rise and fall of ocean water.
  On a typical day at a seaport, to predict the time of the next high tide, the most important value to have would be the
  - 1) time between consecutive low tides
  - 2) time when the tide height is 20 feet
  - 3) average depth of water over a 24-hour period
  - 4) difference between the water heights at low and high tide
- Solve algebraically for all values of *x*:  $\sqrt{6-2x} + x = 2(x+15) - 9$

156 Camryn puts \$400 into a savings account that earns 6% annually. The amount in her account can be modeled by 
$$C(t) = 400(1.06)^t$$
 where  $t$  is the time in years. Which expression best approximates the amount of money in her account using a weekly growth rate?

- 1) 400(1.001153846)<sup>t</sup>
- 2) 400(1.001121184)<sup>t</sup>
- 3)  $400(1.001153846)^{52t}$
- 4)  $400(1.001121184)^{52t}$

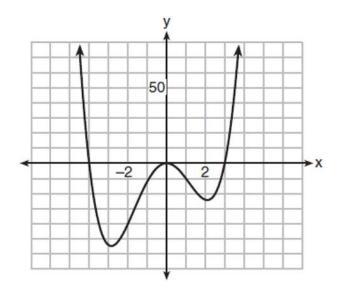
- 157 If  $f(x) = \log_3 x$  and g(x) is the image of f(x) after a translation five units to the left, which equation represents g(x)?
  - $1) \quad g(x) = \log_3(x+5)$
  - $2) \quad g(x) = \log_3 x + 5$
  - 3)  $g(x) = \log_3(x-5)$
  - $4) \quad g(x) = \log_3 x 5$
- 158 Write an equation for a sine function with an amplitude of 2 and a period of  $\frac{\pi}{2}$ . On the grid below, sketch the graph of the equation in the interval 0 to  $2\pi$ .



- The hours of daylight, y, in Utica in days, x, from January 1, 2013 can be modeled by the equation  $y = 3.06 \sin(0.017x 1.40) + 12.23$ . How many hours of daylight, to the *nearest tenth*, does this model predict for February 14, 2013?
  - 1) 9.4
  - 2) 10.4
  - 3) 12.1
  - 4) 12.2

## Algebra II Regents Exam Questions at Random <a href="https://www.jmap.org">www.jmap.org</a>

160 The graph of y = f(x) is shown below. The function has a leading coefficient of 1.



Write an equation for f(x). The function g is formed by translating function f left 2 units. Write an equation for g(x).

161 The function below models the average price of gas in a small town since January 1st.

$$G(t) = -0.0049t^4 + 0.0923t^3 - 0.56t^2 + 1.166t + 3.23$$
, where  $0 \le t \le 10$ .

If G(t) is the average price of gas in dollars and t represents the number of months since January 1st, the absolute maximum G(t) reaches over the given domain is about

- 1) \$1.60
- 2) \$3.92
- 3) \$4.01
- 4) \$7.73

Solve the equation  $2x^2 + 5x + 8 = 0$ . Express the answer in a + bi form.

163 Rowan is training to run in a race. He runs 15 miles in the first week, and each week following, he runs 3% more than the week before. Using a geometric series formula, find the total number of miles Rowan runs over the first ten weeks of training, rounded to the *nearest thousandth*.

The function  $N(t) = 100e^{-0.023t}$  models the number of grams in a sample of cesium-137 that remain after t years. On which interval is the sample's average rate of decay the fastest?

- 1) [1,10]
- 2) [10,20]
- 3) [15,25]
- 4) [1,30]

165 The scores on a mathematics college-entry exam are normally distributed with a mean of 68 and standard deviation 7.2. Students scoring higher than one standard deviation above the mean will not be enrolled in the mathematics tutoring program. How many of the 750 incoming students can be expected to be enrolled in the tutoring program?

- 1) 631
- 2) 512
- 3) 238
- 4) 119

166 Erin and Christa were working on cubing binomials for math homework. Erin believed they could save time with a shortcut. She wrote down the rule below for Christa to follow.

$$(a+b)^3 = a^3 + b^3$$

Does Erin's shortcut always work? Justify your result algebraically.

167 A certain pain reliever is taken in 220 mg dosages and has a half-life of 12 hours. The function

$$A = 220 \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{\frac{t}{12}}$$
 can be used to model this situation,

where *A* is the amount of pain reliever in milligrams remaining in the body after *t* hours.

According to this function, which statement is true?

- 1) Every hour, the amount of pain reliever remaining is cut in half.
- 2) In 12 hours, there is no pain reliever remaining in the body.
- 3) In 24 hours, there is no pain reliever remaining in the body.
- 4) In 12 hours, 110 mg of pain reliever is remaining.
- 168 The roots of the equation  $3x^2 + 2x = -7$  are

1) 
$$-2, -\frac{1}{3}$$

2) 
$$-\frac{7}{3}$$
,1

$$3) \quad -\frac{1}{3} \pm \frac{2i\sqrt{5}}{3}$$

4) 
$$-\frac{1}{3} \pm \frac{\sqrt{11}}{3}$$

169 Given  $f(x) = \frac{1}{2}x + 8$ , which equation represents the inverse, g(x)?

$$1) \quad g(x) = 2x - 8$$

$$2) \quad g(x) = 2x - 16$$

3) 
$$g(x) = -\frac{1}{2}x + 8$$

4) 
$$g(x) = -\frac{1}{2}x - 16$$

170 a) Algebraically determine the roots, in simplest a + bi form, to the equation below.

$$x^2 - 2x + 7 = 4x - 10$$

b) Consider the system of equations below.

$$y = x^2 - 2x + 7$$

$$y = 4x - 10$$

The graph of this system confirms the solution from part a is imaginary. Explain why.

- 171 Kenzie believes that for  $x \ge 0$ , the expression  $\left(\sqrt[7]{x^2}\right)\left(\sqrt[5]{x^3}\right)$  is equivalent to  $\sqrt[35]{x^6}$ . Is she correct? Justify your response algebraically.
- 172 A sociologist reviews randomly selected surveillance videos from a public park over a period of several years and records the amount of time people spent on a smartphone. The statistical procedure the sociologist used is called
  - 1) a census
  - 2) an experiment
  - 3) an observational study
  - 4) a sample survey
- 173 At her job, Pat earns \$25,000 the first year and receives a raise of \$1000 each year. The explicit formula for the *n*th term of this sequence is  $a_n = 25,000 + (n-1)1000$ . Which rule best represents the equivalent recursive formula?

1) 
$$a_n = 24,000 + 1000n$$

2) 
$$a_n = 25,000 + 1000n$$

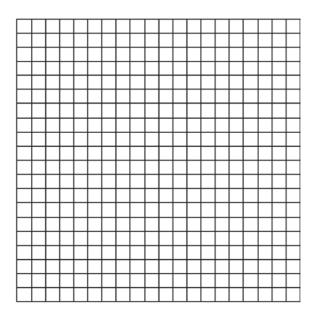
3) 
$$a_1 = 25,000, a_n = a_{n-1} + 1000$$

4) 
$$a_1 = 25,000, a_n = a_{n+1} + 1000$$

174 The average monthly high temperature in Buffalo, in degrees Fahrenheit, can be modeled by the function

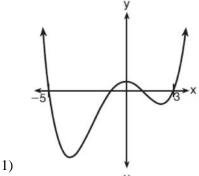
 $B(t) = 25.29 \sin(0.4895t - 1.9752) + 55.2877$ , where t is the month number (January = 1). State, to the *nearest tenth*, the average monthly rate of temperature change between August and November. Explain its meaning in the given context.

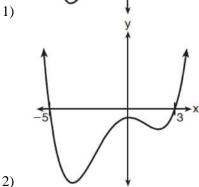
175 The zeros of a quartic polynomial function h are  $-1, \pm 2$ , and 3. Sketch a graph of y = h(x) on the grid below.

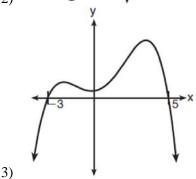


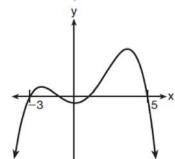
- 176 Suppose events A and B are independent and P(A and B) is 0.2. Which statement could be true?
  - 1) P(A) = 0.4, P(B) = 0.3, P(A or B) = 0.5
  - 2) P(A) = 0.8, P(B) = 0.25
  - 3) P(A|B) = 0.2, P(B) = 0.2
  - 4) P(A) = 0.15, P(B) = 0.05

177 A 4th degree polynomial has zeros –5, 3, *i*, and –*i*. Which graph could represent the function defined by this polynomial?



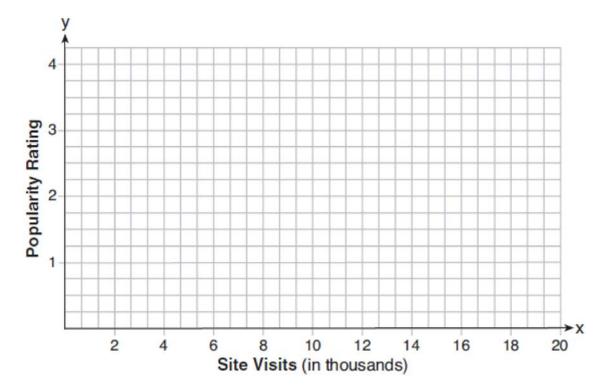






## Algebra II Regents Exam Questions at Random <a href="https://www.jmap.org">www.jmap.org</a>

Website popularity ratings are often determined using models that incorporate the number of visits per week a website receives. One model for ranking websites is  $P(x) = \log(x - 4)$ , where x is the number of visits per week in thousands and P(x) is the website's popularity rating. According to this model, if a website is visited 16,000 times in one week, what is its popularity rating, rounded to the *nearest tenth*? Graph y = P(x) on the axes below.



An alternative rating model is represented by  $R(x) = \frac{1}{2}x - 6$ , where x is the number of visits per week in thousands. Graph R(x) on the same set of axes. For what number of weekly visits will the two models provide the same rating?

- 179 The solution set for the equation  $b = \sqrt{2b^2 64}$  is
  - 1) {-8}
  - 2) {8}
  - 3)  $\{\pm 8\}$
  - 4) { }

180 The value(s) of x that satisfy

$$\sqrt{x^2 - 4x - 5} = 2x - 10$$
 are

- 1) {5}
- 2) {7}
- 3) {5,7}
- 4) {3,5,7}

181 Sodium iodide-131, used to treat certain medical conditions, has a half-life of 1.8 hours. The data table below shows the amount of sodium iodide-131, rounded to the nearest thousandth, as the dose fades over time.

Number of Half Lives	1	2	3	4	5
Amount of Sodium Iodide-131	139.000	69.500	34.750	17.375	8.688

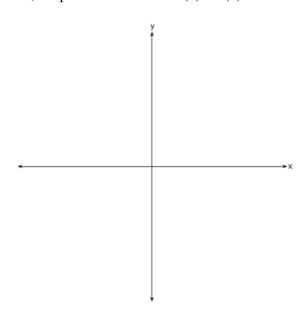
What approximate amount of sodium iodide-131 will remain in the body after 18 hours?

1) 0.001

3) 0.271

2) 0.136

- 4) 0.543
- 182 Sketch the graphs of  $r(x) = \frac{1}{x}$  and a(x) = |x| 3 on the set of axes below. Determine, to the *nearest tenth*, the positive solution of r(x) = a(x).



- 183 If  $n = \sqrt{a^5}$  and m = a, where a > 0, an expression for  $\frac{n}{m}$  could be
  - 1)  $a^{\frac{3}{2}}$
  - 2) *a*<sup>4</sup>
  - 3)  $\sqrt[3]{a^2}$
  - 4)  $\sqrt{a^3}$
  - 184 What is the quotient when  $10x^3 3x^2 7x + 3$  is divided by 2x 1?
    - 1)  $5x^2 + x + 3$
    - 2)  $5x^2 x + 3$
    - 3)  $5x^2 x 3$
    - 4)  $5x^2 + x 3$

- 185 The expression  $\frac{9x^2-2}{3x+1}$  is equivalent to
  - 1)  $3x-1-\frac{1}{3x+1}$
  - 2)  $3x-1+\frac{1}{3x+1}$
  - 3)  $3x+1-\frac{1}{3x+1}$
  - 4)  $3x+1+\frac{1}{3x+1}$
- 186 Given  $\cos \theta = \frac{7}{25}$ , where  $\theta$  is an angle in standard position terminating in quadrant IV, and  $\sin^2 \theta + \cos^2 \theta = 1$ , what is the value of  $\tan \theta$ ?
  - 1)  $-\frac{24}{25}$
  - 2)  $-\frac{24}{7}$
  - 3)  $\frac{24}{25}$
  - 4)  $\frac{24}{7}$
- 187 After examining the functions  $f(x) = \ln(x+2)$  and  $g(x) = e^{x-1}$  over the interval (-2,3], Lexi determined that the correct number of solutions to the equation f(x) = g(x) is
  - 1) 1
  - 2) 2
  - 3) 3
  - 4) 0
- 188 If  $p(x) = 2\ln(x) 1$  and  $m(x) = \ln(x+6)$ , then what is the solution for p(x) = m(x)?
  - 1) 1.65
  - 2) 3.14
  - 3) 5.62
  - 4) no solution

- 189 If A = -3 + 5i, B = 4 2i, and C = 1 + 6i, where *i* is the imaginary unit, then A BC equals
  - 1) 5-17i
  - 2) 5 + 27i
  - 3) -19-17i
  - 4) -19 + 27i
- 190 Determine for which polynomial(s) (x + 2) is a factor. Explain your answer.

$$P(x) = x^4 - 3x^3 - 16x - 12$$

$$Q(x) = x^3 - 3x^2 - 16x - 12$$

- 191 Solve the given equation algebraically for all values of x.  $3\sqrt{x} 2x = -5$
- 192 If f(x) is an even function, which function must also be even?
  - 1) f(x-2)
  - 2) f(x) + 3
  - 3) f(x+1)
  - 4) f(x+1)+3
- 193 Solve the following system of equations algebraically for all values of a, b, and c.

$$a + 4b + 6c = 23$$

$$a + 2b + c = 2$$

$$6b + 2c = a + 14$$

194 Point  $M\left(t, \frac{4}{7}\right)$  is located in the second quadrant on the unit circle. Determine the exact value of t.

- On average, college seniors graduating in 2012 could compute their growing student loan debt using the function  $D(t) = 29,400(1.068)^t$ , where t is time in years. Which expression is equivalent to  $29,400(1.068)^t$  and could be used by students to identify an approximate daily interest rate on their loans?
  - 1)  $29,400 \left( 1.068^{\frac{1}{365}} \right)^t$
  - $2) \quad 29,400 \left(\frac{1.068}{365}\right)^{365t}$
  - $3) \quad 29,400 \left(1 + \frac{0.068}{365}\right)^t$
  - 4)  $29,400 \left(1.068^{\frac{1}{365}}\right)^{365t}$
- 196 What is the solution set of the equation

$$\frac{10}{x^2 - 2x} + \frac{4}{x} = \frac{5}{x - 2}?$$

- 1) {0,2}
- 2) {0}
- 3) {2}
- 4) { }
- 197 What is the inverse of  $f(x) = \frac{x}{x+2}$ , where  $x \neq -2$ ?

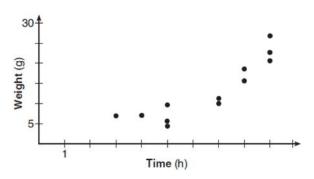
1) 
$$f^{-1}(x) = \frac{2x}{x-1}$$

$$2) \quad f^{-1}(x) = \frac{-2x}{x-1}$$

3) 
$$f^{-1}(x) = \frac{x}{x-2}$$

4) 
$$f^{-1}(x) = \frac{-x}{x-2}$$

198 A scatterplot showing the weight, w, in grams, of each crystal after growing t hours is shown below.



The relationship between weight, w, and time, t, is best modeled by

- 1)  $w = 4^t + 5$
- 2)  $w = (1.4)^t + 2$
- 3)  $w = 5(2.1)^t$
- 4)  $w = 8(.75)^t$
- 199 If  $f(x) = a^x$  where a > 1, then the inverse of the function is
  - 1)  $f^{-1}(x) = \log_x a$
  - $2) \quad f^{-1}(x) = a \log x$
  - $3) \quad f^{-1}(x) = \log_a x$
  - $4) \quad f^{-1}(x) = x \log a$
- 200 A person's lung capacity can be modeled by the function  $C(t) = 250 \sin\left(\frac{2\pi}{5}t\right) + 2450$ , where C(t)

represents the volume in mL present in the lungs after *t* seconds. State the maximum value of this function over one full cycle, and explain what this value represents.

201 The half-life of iodine-131 is 8 days. The percent of the isotope left in the body *d* days after being

introduced is  $I = 100 \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{\frac{d}{8}}$ . When this equation is

written in terms of the number e, the base of the natural logarithm, it is equivalent to  $I = 100e^{kd}$ . What is the approximate value of the constant, k?

- 1) -0.087
- 2) 0.087
- 3) -11.542
- 4) 11.542
- 202 The solutions to  $x + 3 \frac{4}{x 1} = 5$  are
  - $1) \quad \frac{3}{2} \pm \frac{\sqrt{17}}{2}$
  - $2) \quad \frac{3}{2} \pm \frac{\sqrt{17}}{2} i$
  - 3)  $\frac{3}{2} \pm \frac{\sqrt{33}}{2}$
  - 4)  $\frac{3}{2} \pm \frac{\sqrt{33}}{2}i$
- 203 Given y > 0, the expression  $\sqrt{3x^2y} \bullet \sqrt[3]{27x^3y^2}$  is equivalent to
  - 1)  $81x^5y^3$
  - 2)  $3^{1.5}x^2y$
  - 3)  $3^{\frac{5}{2}}x^2y^{\frac{5}{3}}$
  - 4)  $3^{\frac{3}{2}}x^2y^{\frac{7}{6}}$

204 The Fahrenheit temperature, F(t), of a heated object at time t, in minutes, can be modeled by the function below.  $F_s$  is the surrounding temperature,  $F_0$  is the initial temperature of the object, and k is a constant.

$$F(t) = F_s + (F_0 - F_s)e^{-kt}$$

Coffee at a temperature of  $195^{\circ}F$  is poured into a container. The room temperature is kept at a constant  $68^{\circ}F$  and k = 0.05. Coffee is safe to drink when its temperature is, at most,  $120^{\circ}F$ . To the *nearest minute*, how long will it take until the coffee is safe to drink?

- 1) 7
- 2) 10
- 3) 11
- 4) 18
- 205 Which expression(s) are equivalent to  $\frac{x^2 4x}{2x}$ ,

where  $x \neq 0$ ?

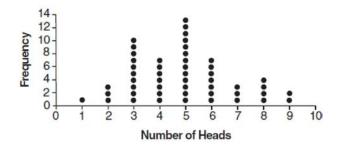
I. 
$$\frac{x}{2} - 2$$
 II.  $\frac{x-4}{2}$  III.  $\frac{x-1}{2} - \frac{3}{2}$ 

- 1) II, only
- 2) I and II
- 3) II and III
- 4) I, II, and III
- 206 A veterinary pharmaceutical company plans to test a new drug to treat a common intestinal infection among puppies. The puppies are randomly assigned to two equal groups. Half of the puppies will receive the drug, and the other half will receive a placebo. The veterinarians monitor the puppies. This is an example of which study method?
  - 1) census
  - 2) observational study
  - 3) survey
  - 4) controlled experiment

207 Which description could represent the graph of  $f(x) = 4x^2(x+a) - x - a$ , if a is an integer?

- 1) As  $x \to -\infty$ ,  $f(x) \to \infty$ , as  $x \to \infty$ ,  $f(x) \to \infty$ , and the graph has 3 *x*-intercepts.
- 2) As  $x \to -\infty$ ,  $f(x) \to -\infty$ , as  $x \to \infty$ ,  $f(x) \to \infty$ , and the graph has 3 *x*-intercepts.
- 3) As  $x \to -\infty$ ,  $f(x) \to \infty$ , as  $x \to \infty$ ,  $f(x) \to -\infty$ , and the graph has 4 *x*-intercepts.
- 4) As  $x \to -\infty$ ,  $f(x) \to -\infty$ , as  $x \to \infty$ ,  $f(x) \to \infty$ , and the graph has 4 *x*-intercepts.

208 The results of simulating tossing a coin 10 times, recording the number of heads, and repeating this 50 times are shown in the graph below.



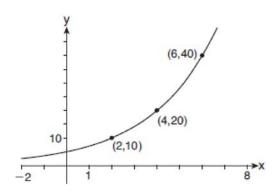
Based on the results of the simulation, which statement is *false*?

- 1) Five heads occurred most often, which is consistent with the theoretical probability of obtaining a heads.
- 2) Eight heads is unusual, as it falls outside the middle 95% of the data.
- Obtaining three heads or fewer occurred 28% of the time.
- 4) Seven heads is not unusual, as it falls within the middle 95% of the data.

209 A number, minus twenty times its reciprocal, equals eight. The number is

- 1) 10 or -2
- 2) 10 or 2
- 3) -10 or -2
- 4) -10 or 2

210 The graph of y = f(x) is shown below.



Which expression defines f(x)?

- 1) 2*x*
- 2)  $5(2^x)$
- 3)  $5(2^{\frac{x}{2}})$
- 4)  $5(2^{2x})$

211 A study of black bears in the Adirondacks reveals that their population can be represented by the function  $P(t) = 3500(1.025)^t$ , where t is the number of years since the study began. Which function is correctly rewritten to reveal the monthly growth rate of the black bear population?

1) 
$$P(t) = 3500(1.00206)^{12t}$$

2) 
$$P(t) = 3500(1.00206)^{\frac{t}{12}}$$

3) 
$$P(t) = 3500(1.34489)^{12t}$$

4) 
$$P(t) = 3500(1.34489)^{\frac{t}{12}}$$

212 Which expression is equivalent to

$$x^6y^4(x^4-16)-9(x^4-16)$$
?

1) 
$$x^{10}y^4 - 16x^6y^4 - 9x^4 - 144$$

2) 
$$(x^6y^4 - 9)(x+2)^3(x-2)$$

3) 
$$(x^3y^2+3)(x^3y^2-3)(x+2)^2(x-2)^2$$

4) 
$$(x^3y^2+3)(x^3y^2-3)(x^2+4)(x^2-4)$$

A survey about television-viewing preferences was given to randomly selected freshmen and seniors at Fairport High School. The results are shown in the table below.

Favorite Type of Program					
	<b>Sports</b>	<b>Reality Show</b>	<b>Comedy Series</b>		
Senior	83	110	67		
Freshmen	119	103	54		

A student response is selected at random from the results. State the *exact* probability the student response is from a freshman, given the student prefers to watch reality shows on television.

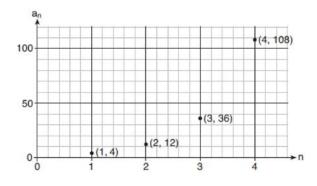
214 Solve the following system of equations algebraically for all values of x, y, and z:

$$2x + 3y - 4z = -1$$

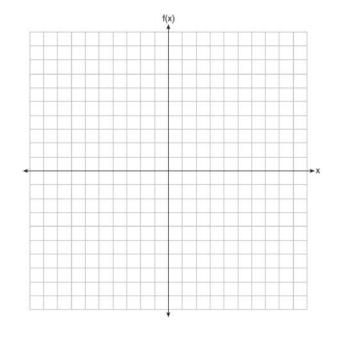
$$x - 2y + 5z = 3$$

$$-4x + y + z = 16$$

- 215 The solution of  $87e^{0.3x} = 5918$ , to the *nearest thousandth*, is
  - 1) 0.583
  - 2) 1.945
  - 3) 4.220
  - 4) 14.066
- 216 Write a recursive formula,  $a_n$ , to describe the sequence graphed below.



217 Graph  $f(x) = \log_2(x+6)$  on the set of axes below.



218 Explain why  $81^{\frac{3}{4}}$  equals 27.

- 219 The mean intelligence quotient (IQ) score is 100, with a standard deviation of 15, and the scores are normally distributed. Given this information, the approximate percentage of the population with an IQ greater than 130 is closest to
  - 1) 2%
  - 2) 31%
  - 3) 48%
  - 4) 95%
- 220 For  $x \ge 0$ , which equation is *false*?

1) 
$$(x^{\frac{3}{2}})^2 = \sqrt[4]{x^3}$$

$$2) \quad (x^3)^{\frac{1}{4}} = \sqrt[4]{x^3}$$

3) 
$$(x^{\frac{3}{2}})^{\frac{1}{2}} = \sqrt[4]{x^3}$$

4) 
$$(x^{\frac{2}{3}})^2 = \sqrt[3]{x^4}$$

221 What is the solution set of the equation

$$\frac{2}{x} - \frac{3x}{x+3} = \frac{x}{x+3}$$
?

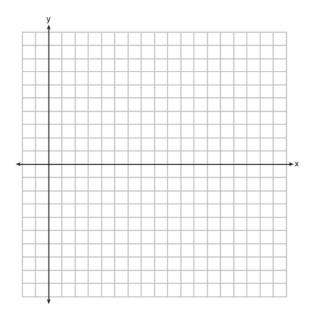
- 1) {3}
- $2) \quad \left\{ \frac{3}{2} \right\}$
- 3) {-2,3}
- $4) \quad \left\{-1, \frac{3}{2}\right\}$

222 A major car company analyzes its revenue, R(x), and costs C(x), in millions of dollars over a fifteen-year period. The company represents its revenue and costs as a function of time, in years, x, using the given functions.

$$R(x) = 550x^3 - 12,000x^2 + 83,000x + 7000$$

$$C(x) = 880x^3 - 21,000x^2 + 150,000x - 160,000$$

The company's profits can be represented as the difference between its revenue and costs. Write the profit function, P(x), as a polynomial in standard form. Graph y = P(x) on the set of axes below over the domain  $2 \le x \le 16$ .



Over the given domain, state when the company was the least profitable and the most profitable, to the *nearest year*. Explain how you determined your answer.

#### Algebra II Regents at Random

223 Consider the system below.

$$x + y + z = 9$$

$$x-y-z=-1$$

$$x - y + z = 21$$

Which value is *not* in the solution, (x,y,z), of the system?

- 1) -8
- 2) -6
- 3) 11
- 4) 4
- The function  $N(x) = 90(0.86)^x + 69$  can be used to predict the temperature of a cup of hot chocolate in degrees Fahrenheit after x minutes. What is the approximate average rate of change of the temperature of the hot chocolate, in degrees per minute, over the interval [0,6]?
  - 1) -8.93
  - 2) -0.11
  - 3) 0.11
  - 4) 8.93
- 225 Given  $x \ne -3$ , the expression  $\frac{2x^3 + 7x^2 3x 25}{x + 3}$  is equivalent to
  - 1)  $2x^2 + x 6 \frac{7}{x+3}$
  - 2)  $2x^2 + 13x 36 + \frac{83}{x+3}$
  - 3)  $2x^2 + x 13$
  - 4)  $x^2 + 4x 15 + \frac{20}{x+3}$
- Does the equation  $x^2 4x + 13 = 0$  have imaginary solutions? Justify your answer.

227 Given 
$$f(x) = 3^{x-1} + 2$$
, as  $x \to -\infty$ 

- 1)  $f(x) \rightarrow -1$
- 2)  $f(x) \rightarrow 0$
- 3)  $f(x) \rightarrow 2$
- 4)  $f(x) \rightarrow -\infty$
- A recursive formula for the sequence 64,48,36,...

1) 
$$a_n = 64(0.75)^{n-1}$$

2) 
$$a_1 = 64$$

$$a_n = a_{n-1} - 16$$

3) 
$$a_n = 64 + (n-1)(-16)$$

4) 
$$a_1 = 64$$

$$a_n = 0.75a_{n-1}$$

229 The inverse of  $f(x) = -6x + \frac{1}{2}$  is

1) 
$$f^{-1}(x) = 6x - \frac{1}{2}$$

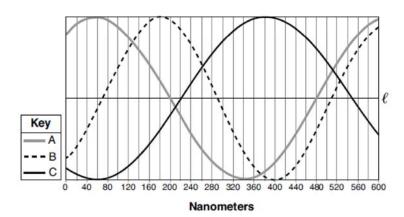
2) 
$$f^{-1}(x) = \frac{1}{-6x + \frac{1}{2}}$$

3) 
$$f^{-1}(x) = -\frac{1}{6}x + \frac{1}{12}$$

4) 
$$f^{-1}(x) = -\frac{1}{6}x + 2$$

230 Biologists are studying a new bacterium. They create a culture with 100 of the bacteria and anticipate that the number of bacteria will double every 30 hours. Write an equation for the number of bacteria, *B*, in terms of the number of hours, *t*, since the experiment began.

Visible light can be represented by sinusoidal waves. Three visible light waves are shown in the graph below. The midline of each wave is labeled  $\ell$ .



Based on the graph, which light wave has the longest period? Justify your answer.

A cup of coffee is left out on a countertop to cool. The table below represents the temperature, F(t), in degrees Fahrenheit, of the coffee after it is left out for t minutes.

	t	0	5	10	15	20	25
Γ	F(t)	180	144	120	104	93.3	86.2

Based on these data, write an exponential regression equation, F(t), to model the temperature of the coffee. Round all values to the *nearest thousandth*.

- 233 Given  $f(x) = 3x^3 4x^2 + 2x 1$  and g(x) = x 4, state the quotient and remainder of  $\frac{f(x)}{g(x)}$ , in the form  $q(x) + \frac{r(x)}{g(x)}$ . Is x = 4 a root of f(x)? Explain your answer.
- 235 Which value, to the *nearest tenth*, is the *smallest* solution of f(x) = g(x) if  $f(x) = 3\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right) 1$  and  $g(x) = x^3 2x + 1$ ?
  - -3.6
  - 2) -2.1
  - -1.8
  - 4) 1.4

234 Factor completely over the set of integers:  $-2x^4 + x^3 + 18x^2 - 9x$ 

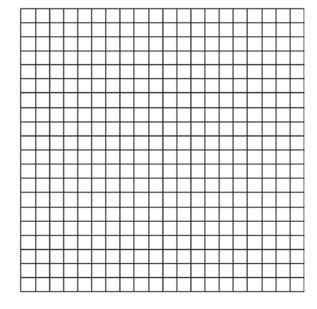
236 Sarah is fighting a sinus infection. Her doctor prescribed a nasal spray and an antibiotic to fight the infection. The active ingredients, in milligrams, remaining in the bloodstream from the nasal spray, n(t), and the antibiotic, a(t), are modeled in the functions below, where t is the time in hours since the medications were taken.

$$n(t) = \frac{t+1}{t+5} + \frac{18}{t^2 + 8t + 15}$$

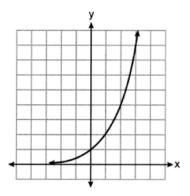
$$a(t) = \frac{9}{t+3}$$

Determine which drug is made with a greater initial amount of active ingredient. Justify your answer. Sarah's doctor told her to take both drugs at the same time. Determine algebraically the number of hours after taking the medications when both medications will have the same amount of active ingredient remaining in her bloodstream.

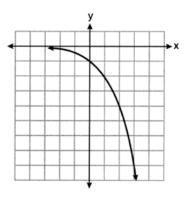
237 The parabola  $y = -\frac{1}{20}(x-3)^2 + 6$  has its focus at (3,1). Determine and state the equation of the directrix. (The use of the grid below is optional.)



238 Consider the function y = h(x), defined by the graph below.



Which equation could be used to represent the graph shown below?



- $1) \quad y = h(x) 2$
- $2) \quad y = h(x-2)$
- $3) \quad y = -h(x)$
- $4) \quad y = h(-x)$
- 239 Describe the transformation applied to the graph of  $p(x) = 2^x$  that forms the new function  $q(x) = 2^{x-3} + 4$ .

240 Algebraically determine the solution set for the system of equations below.

$$y = 2x^2 - 7x + 4$$
$$y = 11 - 2x$$

- 241 The heights of the 3300 students at Oceanview High School are approximately normally distributed with a mean of 65.5 inches and a standard deviation of 2.9 inches. The number of students at Oceanview who are between 64 and 68 inches tall is closest to
  - 1) 1660
  - 2) 1070
  - 3) 2244
  - 4) 1640
- According to a study done at a hospital, the average weight of a newborn baby is 3.39 kg, with a standard deviation of 0.55 kg. The weights of all the newborns in this hospital closely follow a normal distribution. Last year, 9256 babies were born at this hospital. Determine, to the *nearest integer*, approximately how many babies weighed more than 4 kg.
- 243 Consider the following patterns:

I. 
$$16,-12,9,-6.75,...$$

IV. 
$$\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{4}{5}, \dots$$

Which pattern is geometric?

- 1) I
- 2) II
- 3) III
- 4) IV

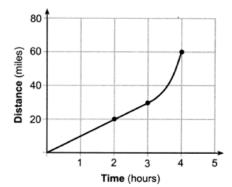
244 The population, in millions of people, of the United States can be represented by the recursive formula below, where  $a_0$  represents the population in 1910 and n represents the number of years since 1910.

$$a_0 = 92.2$$

$$a_n = 1.015a_{n-1}$$

Identify the percentage of the annual rate of growth from the equation  $a_n = 1.015a_{n-1}$ . Write an exponential function, P, where P(t) represents the United States population in millions of people, and t is the number of years since 1910. According to this model, determine algebraically the number of years it takes for the population of the United States to be approximately 300 million people. Round your answer to the *nearest year*.

245 Determine the average rate of change, in mph, from 2 to 4 hours on the graph shown below.



- 246 A function is defined as  $a_n = a_{n-1} + \log_{n+1}(n-1)$ , where  $a_1 = 8$ . What is the value of  $a_3$ ?
  - 1) 8
  - 2) 8.5
  - 3) 9.2
  - 4) 10

The table below shows the results of gender and music preference. Based on these data, determine if the events "the person is female" and "the person prefers classic rock" are independent of each other. Justify your answer.

	Rap	Techno	Classic Rock	Classical
Male	39	17	42	12
Female	17	37	36	15

- 248 Susan won \$2,000 and invested it into an account with an annual interest rate of 3.2%. If her investment were compounded monthly, which expression best represents the value of her investment after *t* years?
  - 1)  $2000(1.003)^{12t}$
  - 2)  $2000(1.032)^{\frac{t}{12}}$
  - 3)  $2064^{\frac{t}{12}}$
  - 4)  $\frac{2000(1.032)^t}{12}$
- A Foucault pendulum can be used to demonstrate that the Earth rotates. The time, t, in seconds, that it takes for one swing or period of the pendulum can be modeled by the equation  $t = 2\pi \sqrt{\frac{L}{g}}$  where

L is the length of the pendulum in meters and g is a constant of 9.81 m/s<sup>2</sup>. The first Foucault pendulum was constructed in 1851 and has a pendulum length of 67 m. Determine, to the *nearest tenth of a second*, the time it takes this pendulum to complete one swing. Another Foucault pendulum at the United Nations building takes 9.6 seconds to complete one swing. Determine, to the *nearest tenth of a meter*, the length of this pendulum.

- 250 Given the geometric series  $300 + 360 + 432 + 518.4 + \dots$ , write a geometric series formula,  $S_n$ , for the sum of the first n terms. Use the formula to find the sum of the first 10 terms, to the *nearest tenth*.
- 251 Given  $p(\theta) = 3\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}\theta\right)$  on the interval

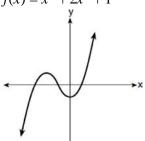
 $-\pi < \theta < \pi$ , the function p

- 1) decreases, then increases
- 2) increases, then decreases
- 3) decreases throughout the interval
- 4) increases throughout the interval
- 252 A parabola has a directrix of y = 3 and a vertex at (2,1). Which ordered pair is the focus of the parabola?
  - (2,-1)
  - 2) (2,0)
  - 3) (2,2)
  - 4) (2,5)
- 253 The expression  $(x+a)^2 + 5(x+a) + 4$  is equivalent to
  - 1) (a+1)(a+4)
  - 2) (x+1)(x+4)
  - 3) (x+a+1)(x+a+4)
  - 4)  $x^2 + a^2 + 5x + 5a + 4$

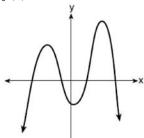
- 254 Consider the end behavior description below.
  - as  $x \to -\infty$ ,  $f(x) \to \infty$
  - as  $x \to \infty$ ,  $f(x) \to -\infty$

Which function satisfies the given conditions?

1)  $f(x) = x^4 + 2x^2 + 1$ 



- 2)
- 3)  $f(x) = -x^3 + 2x 6$



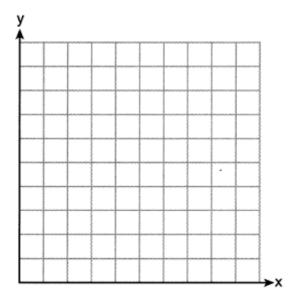
- 4)
- 255 The solution to the equation  $5e^{x+2} = 7$  is

1) 
$$-2 + \ln\left(\frac{7}{5}\right)$$

$$2) \quad \left(\frac{\ln 7}{\ln 5}\right) - 2$$

- 3)  $\frac{-3}{5}$
- 4)  $-2 + \ln(2)$
- 256 For  $x \ne 0$  and  $y \ne 0$ ,  $\sqrt[3]{81x^{15}y^9} = 3^a x^5 y^3$ . Determine the value of *a*.

257 Graph  $y = 2\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right) + 5$  on the interval  $[0, 2\pi]$ , using the axes below.



- 258 In a group of 40 people, 20 have brown hair, 22 have blue eyes, and 15 have both brown hair and blue eyes. How many people have neither brown hair nor blue eyes?
  - 1) 0
  - 2) 13
  - 3) 27
  - 4) 32
- 259 The expression  $\frac{x^2 + 12}{x^2 + 3}$  can be rewritten as

1) 
$$\frac{10}{x^2 + 3}$$

- 2)  $1 + \frac{9}{x^2 + 3}$
- 3) x + 9
- 4) 4

260 A company fired several employees in order to save money. The amount of money the company saved per year over five years following the loss of employees is shown in the table below.

Year	Amount Saved
	(in dollars)
1	59,000
2	64,900
3	71,390
4	78,529
5	86,381.9

Which expression determines the total amount of money saved by the company over 5 years?

1) 
$$\frac{59,000-59,000(1.1)^5}{1-1.1}$$

3) 
$$\sum_{n=1}^{5} 59,000(1.1)^n$$

2) 
$$\frac{59,000-59,000(0.1)^5}{1-0.1}$$

3) 
$$\sum_{n=1}^{5} 59,000(1.1)^{n}$$
4) 
$$\sum_{n=1}^{5} 59,000(0.1)^{n-1}$$

261 The relative frequency table shows the proportion of a population who have a given eye color and the proportion of the same population who wear glasses.

	Wear Glasses	Don't Wear Glasses
Blue Eyes	0.14	0.26
<b>Brown Eyes</b>	0.11	0.24
<b>Green Eyes</b>	0.10	0.15

Given the data, are the events of having blue eyes and wearing glasses independent? Justify your answer.

262 For all positive values of x, which expression is

equivalent to 
$$x^{\frac{3}{4}}$$
?

1) 
$$\sqrt[4]{x^3}$$

2) 
$$\sqrt[3]{x^4}$$

1) 
$$\sqrt[4]{x^3}$$
  
2)  $\sqrt[3]{x^4}$   
3)  $(x^3)^4$   
4)  $3(x^4)$ 

4) 
$$3(x^4)$$

263 Solve algebraically for 
$$n$$
:  $\frac{2}{n^2} + \frac{3}{n} = \frac{4}{n^2}$ 

264 Algebraically solve the following system of equations.

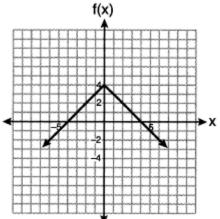
$$(x-2)^2 + (y-3)^2 = 16$$

$$x + y - 1 = 0$$

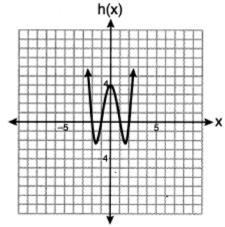
265 Which statement regarding polynomials and their zeros is true?

- 1)  $f(x) = (x^2 1)(x + a)$  has zeros of 1 and -a, only.
- 2)  $f(x) = x^3 ax^2 + 16x 16a$  has zeros of 4 and a, only.
- 3)  $f(x) = (x^2 + 25)(x + a)$  has zeros of  $\pm 5$  and -a.
- 4)  $f(x) = x^3 ax^2 9x + 9a$  has zeros of  $\pm 3$  and a.

266 Which function has a maximum y-value of 4 and a midline of y = 1?

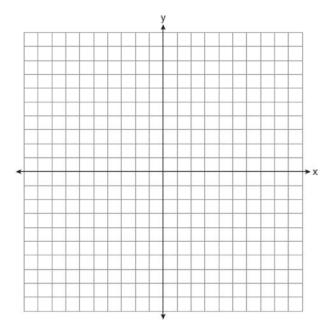


- 1) a(:
- $g(x) = -3\cos(x) + 1$



- 3)
- $4) \quad j(x) = 4\sin(x) + 1$

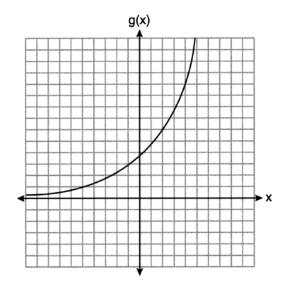
267 Graph the following function on the axes below.  $f(x) = \log_3(2-x)$ 



State the domain of f. State the equation of the asymptote.

- 268 As  $\theta$  increases from  $-\frac{\pi}{2}$  to 0 radians, the value of  $\cos \theta$  will
  - 1) decrease from 1 to 0
  - 2) decrease from 0 to -1
  - 3) increase from -1 to 0
  - 4) increase from 0 to 1
- 269 Given  $\cos A = \frac{3}{\sqrt{10}}$  and  $\cot A = -3$ , determine the value of  $\sin A$  in radical form.

270 Consider the graph of g and the table representing t below.



X	t(x)
-1	3
0	5
1	2
2	. –5
3	-1
4	3

Over the interval [2,4], which statement regarding the average rate of change for g and t is true?

- g has a greater average rate of change.
- The average rate of change for g is twice the average rate of change for t.
- The average rates of change are equal.
- The average rate of change for g is half 4) the average rate of change for t.
- 271 For all real values of x, if  $f(x) = (x-3)^2$  and  $g(x) = (x+3)^2$ , what is f(x) - g(x)?
  - 1) -18
  - 2) 0
  - 3) -12x
  - 4)  $2x^2 12x 18$
- 272 Which expression is equivalent to  $\frac{x^3-2}{x-2}$ ?

  - 1)  $x^2$ 2)  $x^2 + 2x + 4 + \frac{6}{x 2}$

  - 3)  $x^2 2$ 4)  $x^2 2x + 4 \frac{10}{x 2}$

273 The equation below can be used to model the height of a tide in feet, H(t), on a beach at t hours.

$$H(t) = 4.8 \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{6} (t+3)\right) + 5.1$$

Using this function, the amplitude of the tide is

- 2) 4.8
- 3) 3
- 274 Given that  $\left(\frac{\frac{17}{8}}{\frac{5}{4}}\right)^{-4} = y^n$ , where y > 0, determine

the value of n.

- 275 In watching auditions for lead singer in a band, Liem became curious as to whether there is an association between how animated the leadsinger is and the amount of applause from the audience. He decided to watch each singer and rate the singer on a scale of 1 to 5, where 1 is the least animated and 5 is the most animated. He did this for all 5 nights of auditions and found that the more animated singers did receive louder applause. The study Liem conducted would be best described as
  - 1) experimental
  - 2) observational
  - 3) a sample survey
  - 4) a random assignment
- 276 Given  $x \ne -2$ , the expression  $\frac{2x^2 + 5x + 8}{x + 2}$  is equivalent to
  - 1)  $2x^2 + \frac{9}{x+2}$
  - $2) \quad 2x + \frac{7}{x+2}$
  - 3)  $2x+1+\frac{6}{x+2}$
  - 4)  $2x+9-\frac{10}{x+2}$
- 277 The amount of a substance, A(t), that remains after t days can be given by the equation
  - $A(t) = A_0(0.5)^{\frac{1}{0.0803}}$ , where  $A_0$  represents the initial amount of the substance. An equivalent form of this equation is
  - 1)  $A(t) = A_0(0.000178)^t$
  - 2)  $A(t) = A_0(0.945861)^t$
  - 3)  $A(t) = A_0(0.04015)^t$
  - 4)  $A(t) = A_0(1.08361)^t$

278 Solve the system of equations algebraically.

$$x^2 + y^2 = 25$$

$$y + 5 = 2x$$

- 279 Given that *i* is the imaginary unit, the expression  $(x-2i)^2$  is equivalent to
  - 1)  $x^2 + 4$
  - 2)  $x^2 4$
  - 3)  $x^2 2xi 4$
  - 4)  $x^2 4xi 4$
- 280 Chet has \$1200 invested in a bank account modeled by the function  $P(n) = 1200(1.002)^n$ , where P(n) is the value of his account, in dollars, after n months. Chet's debt is modeled by the function Q(n) = 100n, where Q(n) is the value of debt, in dollars, after n months. After n months, which function represents Chet's net worth, R(n)?
  - 1)  $R(n) = 1200(1.002)^n + 100n$
  - 2)  $R(n) = 1200(1.002)^{12n} + 100n$
  - 3)  $R(n) = 1200(1.002)^n 100n$
  - 4)  $R(n) = 1200(1.002)^{12n} 100n$
- 281 Expressed in simplest a + bi form,

$$(7-3i)+(x-2i)^2-(4i+2x^2)$$
 is

- 1)  $(3-x^2)-(4x+7)i$
- 2)  $(3+3x^2)-(4x+7)i$
- 3)  $(3-x^2)-7i$
- 4)  $(3+3x^2)-7i$

282 Consider the data in the table below.

	Right Handed	Left Handed
Male	87	13
Female	89	11

What is the probability that a randomly selected person is male given the person is left handed?

1)  $\frac{13}{200}$ 

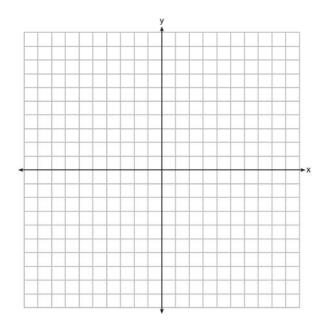
3)  $\frac{13}{50}$ 

2)  $\frac{13}{100}$ 

- 4)  $\frac{13}{24}$
- 283 On the set of axes below, graph y = f(x) and y = g(x) for the given functions.

$$f(x) = x^3 - 3x^2$$

$$g(x) = 2x - 5$$



State the number of solutions to the equation f(x) = g(x).

284 What is the solution set of the equation

$$\frac{4}{k^2 - 8k + 12} = \frac{k}{k - 2} + \frac{1}{k - 6}?$$

- 1) {-1,6}
- 2) {1,-6}
- 3) {-1}
- 4) {1}
- 285 If  $f(t) = 50(.5)^{\frac{t}{5715}}$  represents a mass, in grams, of carbon-14 remaining after t years, which statement(s) must be true?
  - I. The mass of the carbon-14 is decreasing by half each year.
    - II. The mass of the original sample is 50 g.
  - 1) I, only
  - 2) II, only
  - 3) I and II
  - 4) neither I nor II
- 286 What is the total number of points of intersection of the graphs of the equations  $y = e^x$  and xy = 20?
  - 1) 1
  - 2) 2
  - 3) 3
  - 4) 0

- 287 Sonja is cutting wire to construct a mobile. She cuts 100 inches for the first piece, 80 inches for the second piece, and 64 inches for the third piece. Assuming this pattern continues, write an explicit equation for  $a_n$ , the length in inches of the nth piece. Sonja only has 40 feet of wire to use for the project and wants to cut 20 pieces total for the mobile using her pattern. Will she have enough wire? Justify your answer.
- 288 Which expression is equivalent to  $(x+yi)(x^2-xyi-y^2)$ , where *i* is the imaginary unit?
  - 1)  $x^3 + y^3 i$
  - 2)  $x^3 xy^2 (xy^2 + y^3)i$
  - 3)  $x^3 2xy^2 y^3i$
  - 4)  $x^3 y^3 i$
- 289 Which equation has roots of 3 + i and 3 i?
  - 1)  $x^2 6x + 10 = 0$
  - $2) \quad x^2 + 6x 10 = 0$
  - 3)  $x^2 10x + 6 = 0$
  - 4)  $x^2 + 10x 6 = 0$
- 290 The expression  $\left(a\sqrt[3]{2b^2}\right)\left(\sqrt[3]{4a^2b}\right)$  is equivalent
  - to
  - 1)  $2ab\sqrt[3]{a^2}$
  - 2) 2*ab*
  - 3)  $2ab\sqrt[3]{2a^2}$
  - 4)  $2a^2b\sqrt[3]{2b}$

291 Written in simplest form, the fraction  $\frac{x^3 - 9x}{9 - x^2}$ ,

where  $x \neq \pm 3$ , is equivalent to

- 1) *-x*
- 2) *x*
- 3)  $\frac{-x(x+3)}{(3+x)}$
- $4) \quad \frac{x(x-3)}{(3-x)}$
- 292 The expression  $\sqrt[4]{81x^8y^6}$  is equivalent to
  - 1)  $3x^2y^{\frac{3}{2}}$
  - 2)  $3x^4y^2$
  - 3)  $9x^2y^{\frac{3}{2}}$
  - 4)  $9x^4y^2$
- 293 The Hot and Tasty Coffee chain conducts a survey of its customers at its location at the Staten Island ferry terminal. After the survey is completed, the statistical consultant states that 70% of customers who took the survey said the most important factor in choosing where to get their coffee is how fast they are served. Based on this result, Hot and Tasty Coffee can infer that
  - most of its customers in New York State care most about being served quickly
  - 2) coffee drinkers care less about taste and more about being served quickly
  - 3) most of its customers at the Staten Island ferry terminal care most about being served quickly
  - 4) most of its customers at transportation terminals and stations care most about being served quickly

Given the polynomial identity  $x^6 + y^6 = (x^2 + y^2)(x^4 - x^2y^2 + y^4)$ , which equation must also be true for all values of x and y?

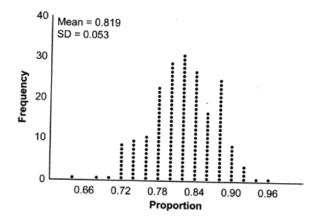
1) 
$$x^6 + y^6 = x^2(x^4 - x^2y^2 + y^4) + y^2(x^4 - x^2y^2 + y^4)$$

2) 
$$x^6 + y^6 = (x^2 + y^2)(x^2 - y^2)(x^2 - y^2)$$

3) 
$$(x^3 + y^3)^2 = (x^2 + y^2)(x^4 - x^2y^2 + y^4)$$

4) 
$$(x^6 + y^6) - (x^2 + y^2) = x^4 - x^2y^2 + y^4$$

295 State officials claim 82% of a community want to repeal the 30 mph speed limit on an expressway. A community organization devises a simulation based on the claim that 82% of the community supports the repeal. Each dot on the graph below represents the proportion of community members who support the repeal. The graph shows 200 simulated surveys, each of sample size 60.



Based on the simulation, determine an interval containing the middle 95% of plausible proportions. Round your answer to the *nearest thousandth*. The community organization conducted its own sample survey of 60 people and found 70% supported the repeal. Based on the results of the simulation, explain why the organization should question the State officials' claim.

296 For all values of x for which the expression is  $\frac{2}{3} \cdot 2$ 

defined, 
$$\frac{x^2 + 3x}{x^2 + 5x + 6}$$
 is equivalent to

$$1) \quad 1 - \frac{x}{x+2}$$

$$2) \quad \frac{x}{x+2}$$

$$3) \quad \frac{3x}{5x+6}$$

4) 
$$1 + \frac{1}{2x+6}$$

297 Emmeline is working on one side of a polynomial identity proof used to form Pythagorean triples. Her work is shown below:

$$(5x)^2 + (5x^2 - 5)^2$$

Step 1: 
$$25x^2 + (5x^2 - 5)^2$$

Step 2: 
$$25x^2 + 25x^2 + 25$$

Step 3: 
$$50x^2 + 25$$

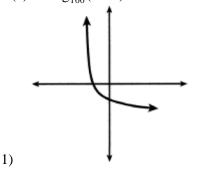
Step 4: 
$$75x^2$$

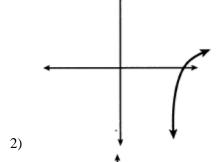
What statement is true regarding Emmeline's work?

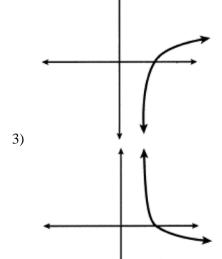
- 1) Emmeline's work is entirely correct.
- 2) There is a mistake in step 2, only.
- 3) There are mistakes in step 2 and step 4.
- 4) There is a mistake in step 4, only.

- 298 The initial push of a child on a swing causes the swing to travel a total of 6 feet. Each successive swing travels 80% of the distance of the previous swing. Determine the total distance, to the *nearest hundredth of a foot*, a child travels in the first five swings.
- 299 Mrs. Favata's statistics class wants to conduct a survey to see how students feel about changing the school mascot's name. Which plan is the best process for gathering an appropriate sample?
  - 1) Survey students in a random sample of senior homerooms.
  - 2) Survey every tenth student entering art classes in the school.
  - 3) Survey every fourth student entering the cafeteria during each lunch period.
  - 4) Survey all members of the school's varsity sports teams.
- Which investigation technique is most often used to determine if a single variable has an impact on a given population?
  - 1) observational study
  - 2) random survey
  - 3) controlled experiment
  - 4) formal interview
- 301 For the polynomial p(x), if p(3) = 0, it can be concluded that
  - 1) x + 3 is a factor of p(x)
  - 2) x-3 is a factor of p(x)
  - 3) when p(x) is divided by 3, the remainder is zero
  - 4) when p(x) is divided by -3, the remainder is zero

302 Which sketch could represent the function  $m(x) = -\log_{100}(x-2)$ ?





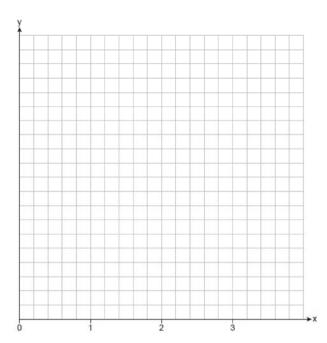


303 The table below gives air pressures in kPa at selected altitudes above sea level measured in kilometers.

X	Altitude (km)	0	1	2	3	4	5
y	Air Pressure (kPa)	101	90	79	70	62	54

Write an exponential regression equation that models these data rounding all values to the *nearest thousandth*. Use this equation to algebraically determine the altitude, to the *nearest hundredth* of a kilometer, when the air pressure is 29 kPa.

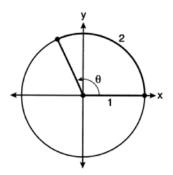
304 The function v(x) = x(3-x)(x+4) models the volume, in cubic inches, of a rectangular solid for  $0 \le x \le 3$ . Graph y = v(x) over the domain  $0 \le x \le 3$ .



To the *nearest tenth of a cubic inch*, what is the maximum volume of the rectangular solid?

305 Solve algebraically for all values of *x*:  $\sqrt{4x+1} = 11-x$ 

306 An angle,  $\theta$ , is rotated counterclockwise on the unit circle, with its terminal side in the second quadrant, as shown in the diagram below.



Which value represents the radian measure of angle  $\theta$ ?

- 1) 1
- 2) 2
- 3) 65.4
- 4) 114.6

307 Consider the system of equations below?

$$x + 2y - z = 1$$

$$-x - 3y + 2z = 0$$

$$2x - 4y + z = 10$$

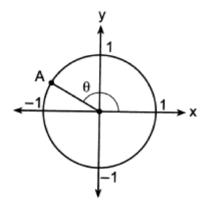
What is the solution to the given system of equations?

- 1) (1,1,2)
- (3,-1,0)
- (5,-1,2)
- 4) (3,5,8)

308 In the diagram of a unit circle below, point A,

$$\left(-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}, \frac{1}{2}\right)$$
, represents the point where the

terminal side of  $\theta$  intersects the unit circle.



What is  $m\angle\theta$ ?

- 1) 30°
- 2) 120°
- 3) 135°
- 4) 150°
- 309 Which expression is *not* a solution to the equation  $2^{t} = \sqrt{10}$ ?

1) 
$$\frac{1}{2}\log_2 10$$

- 2)  $\log_2 \sqrt{10}$ 3)  $\log_4 10$

- 310 For *n* and p > 0, is the expression

$$\left(p^2 n^{\frac{1}{2}}\right)^8 \sqrt{p^5 n^4} \text{ equivalent to } p^{18} n^6 \sqrt{p}?$$

Justify your answer.

311 A local university has a current enrollment of 12,000 students. The enrollment is increasing continuously at a rate of 2.5% each year. Which logarithm is equal to the number of years it will take for the population to increase to 15,000 students?

1) 
$$\frac{\ln 1.25}{0.25}$$

$$2) \quad \frac{\ln 3000}{0.025}$$

3) 
$$\frac{\ln 1.25}{2.5}$$

4) 
$$\frac{\ln 1.25}{0.025}$$

312 The depth of the water, d(t), in feet, on a given day at Thunder Bay, t hours after midnight is modeled

by 
$$d(t) = 5\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{6}(t-5)\right) + 7$$
. Which statement

about the Thunder Bay tide is false?

- A low tide occurred at 2 a.m. 1)
- 2) The maximum depth of the water was 12 feet.
- The water depth at 9 a.m. was approximately 3)
- The difference in water depth between high tide and low tide is 14 feet.
- 313 The growth of a \$500 investment can be modeled by the function  $P(t) = 500(1.03)^t$ , where t represents time in years. In terms of the monthly rate of growth, the value of the investment can be best approximated by

1) 
$$P(t) = 500(1.00247)^{12t}$$

2) 
$$P(t) = 500(1.00247)^{t}$$

3) 
$$P(t) = 500(1.03)^{12t}$$

4) 
$$P(t) = 500(1.03)^{\frac{t}{12}}$$

- 314 Given  $f(x) = -\frac{2}{5}x + 4$ , which statement is true of the inverse function  $f^{-1}(x)$ ?
  - 1)  $f^{-1}(x)$  is a line with slope  $\frac{5}{2}$ .
  - 2)  $f^{-1}(x)$  is a line with slope  $\frac{2}{5}$ .
  - 3)  $f^{-1}(x)$  passes through the point (6,-5).
  - 4)  $f^{-1}(x)$  has a y-intercept at (0,-4).
- 315 Monthly mortgage payments can be found using the formula below, where M is the monthly payment, P is the amount borrowed, r is the annual interest rate, and n is the total number of monthly payments.

$$M = \frac{P\left(\frac{r}{12}\right)\left(1 + \frac{r}{12}\right)^n}{\left(1 + \frac{r}{12}\right)^n - 1}$$

If Adam takes out a 15-year mortgage, borrowing \$240,000 at an annual interest rate of 4.5%, his monthly payment will be

- 1) \$1379.09
- 2) \$1604.80
- 3) \$1835.98
- 4) \$9011.94
- 316 Consider the function  $f(x) = 2x^3 + x^2 18x 9$ . Which statement is true?
  - 1) 2x 1 is a factor of f(x).
  - 2) x-3 is a factor of f(x).
  - $3) \quad f(3) \neq f\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)$
  - $4) \quad f\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) = 0$

- 317 Show why x 3 is a factor of  $m(x) = x^3 x^2 5x 3$ . Justify your answer.
- 318 According to a study, 45% of Americans have type O blood. If a random number generator produces three-digit values from 000 to 999, which values would represent those having type O blood?
  - 1) between 000 and 045, inclusive
  - 2) between 000 and 444, inclusive
  - 3) between 000 and 449, inclusive
  - 4) between 000 and 450, inclusive
- 319 Which situation best describes conditional probability?
  - finding the probability of an event occurring two or more times
  - 2) finding the probability of an event occurring only once
  - 3) finding the probability of two independent events occurring at the same time
  - 4) finding the probability of an event occurring given another event had already occurred
- 320 A rush-hour commuter train has arrived on time 64 of its first 80 days. As arrivals continue, which equation can be used to find *x*, the number of consecutive days that the train must arrive on schedule to raise its on-time performance rate to 90%?

$$1) \quad \frac{64}{80+x} = \frac{90}{100}$$

$$2) \quad \frac{64+x}{80+x} = \frac{90}{100}$$

3) 
$$\frac{64+x}{80} = \frac{90}{100}$$

$$4) \quad \frac{x}{80+x} = \frac{90}{100}$$

- 321 Factor the expression  $x^3 2x^2 9x + 18$  completely.
- 322 A parabola that has a vertex at (2,1) and a focus of (2,-3) has an equation of

1) 
$$y = \frac{1}{16} (x-2)^2 + 1$$

2) 
$$y = -\frac{1}{16}(x+2)^2 - 1$$

3) 
$$y = -\frac{1}{16}(x-2)^2 + 1$$

4) 
$$y = -\frac{1}{16}(x-2)^2 - 3$$

323 The amount of a substance, A(t), in grams, remaining after t days is modeled by

$$A(t) = 50(0.5)^{\frac{t}{3}}$$
. Which statement is false?

- 1) In 20 days, there is no substance remaining.
- 2) After two half-lives, there is 25% of the substance remaining.
- 3) The amount of the substance remaining can also be modeled by

$$A(t) = 50(2)^{\frac{-t}{3}}$$

- 4) After one week, there is less than 10g of the substance remaining.
- 324 If a solution of  $2(2x-1) = 5x^2$  is expressed in simplest a + bi form, the value of b is

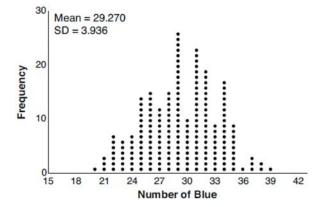
1) 
$$\frac{\sqrt{6}}{5}i$$

$$2) \quad \frac{\sqrt{6}}{5}$$

3) 
$$\frac{1}{5}i$$

4) 
$$\frac{1}{5}$$

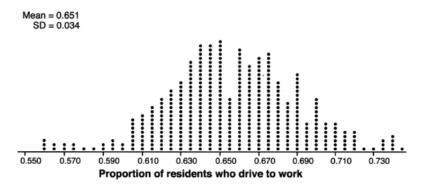
- 325 A researcher wants to determine if room-darkening shades cause people to sleep longer. Which method of data collection is most appropriate?
  - 1) census
  - 2) survey
  - 3) observation study
  - 4) controlled experiment
- 326 The J&B candy company claims that 45% of the candies it produces are blue, 30% are brown, and 25% are yellow. Each bag holds 65 candies. A simulation was run 200 times, each of sample size 65, based on the premise that 45% of the candies are blue. The results of the simulation are shown below.



Bonnie purchased a bag of J& B's candy and counted 24 blue candies. What inference can be made regarding a bag of J& B's with only 24 blue candies?

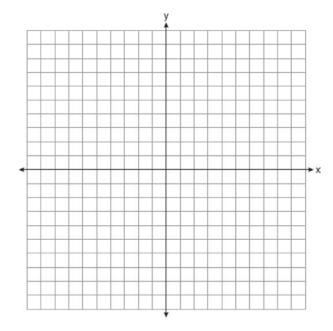
- 1) The company is not meeting their production standard.
- 2) Bonnie's bag was a rarity and the company should not be concerned.
- 3) The company should change their claim to 37% blue candies are produced.
- 4) Bonnie's bag is within the middle 95% of the simulated data supporting the company's claim.

In order to decrease the percentage of its residents who drive to work, a large city launches a campaign to encourage people to use public transportation instead. Before starting the campaign, the city's Department of Transportation uses census data to estimate that 65% of its residents drive to work. The Department of Transportation conducts a simulation, shown below, run 400 times based on this estimate. Each dot represents the proportion of 200 randomly selected residents who drive to work.



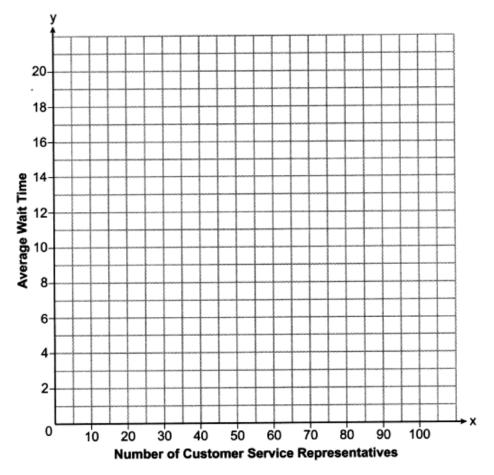
Use the simulation results to construct a plausible interval containing the middle 95% of the data. Round your answer to the *nearest hundredth*. One year after launching the campaign, the Department of Transportation conducts a survey of 200 randomly selected city residents and finds that 122 of them drive to work. Should the department conclude that the city's campaign was effective? Use statistical evidence from the simulation to explain your answer.

328 Graph  $y = x^3 - 4x^2 + 2x + 7$  on the set of axes below.



- 329 When observed by researchers under a microscope, a smartphone screen contained approximately 11,000 bacteria per square inch. Bacteria, under normal conditions, double in population every 20 minutes.
  - a) Assuming an initial value of 11,000 bacteria, write a function, p(t), that can be used to model the population of bacteria, p, on a smartphone screen, where t represents the time in minutes after it is first observed under a microscope.
  - b) Using p(t) from part a, determine algebraically, to the *nearest hundredth of a minute*, the amount of time it would take for a smartphone screen that was not touched or cleaned to have a population of 1,000,000 bacteria per square inch.

A technology company is comparing two plans for speeding up its technical support time. Plan *A* can be modeled by the function  $A(x) = 15.7(0.98)^x$  and plan *B* can be modeled by the function  $B(x) = 11(0.99)^x$  where *x* is the number of customer service representatives employed by the company and A(x) and B(x) represent the average wait time, in minutes, of each customer. Graph A(x) and B(x) in the interval  $0 \le x \le 100$  on the set of axes below.



To the *nearest integer*, solve the equation A(x) = B(x). Determine, to the *nearest minute*, B(100) - A(100). Explain what this value represents in the given context.

- 331 What is the solution set of  $x = \sqrt{3x + 40}$ ?
  - 1) {-5,8}
  - 2) {8}
  - 3) {-4,10}
  - 4) { }

- 332 Which statement below about the graph of  $f(x) = -\log(x+4) + 2$  is true?
  - 1) f(x) has a y-intercept at (0,2).
  - 2) -f(x) has a y-intercept at (0,2).
  - 3) As  $x \to \infty$ ,  $f(x) \to \infty$ .
  - 4)  $x \to -4, f(x) \to \infty$ .

#### Algebra II Regents at Random

- 333 Which factorization is *incorrect*?
  - 1)  $4k^2 49 = (2k + 7)(2k 7)$
  - 2)  $a^3 8b^3 = (a 2b)(a^2 + 2ab + 4b^2)$
  - 3)  $m^3 + 3m^2 4m + 12 = (m-2)^2(m+3)$
  - 4)  $t^3 + 5t^2 + 6t + t^2 + 5t + 6 = (t+1)(t+2)(t+3)$
- 334 Using the identity  $\sin^2 \theta + \cos^2 \theta = 1$ , find the value of  $\tan \theta$ , to the *nearest hundredth*, if  $\cos \theta$  is -0.7 and  $\theta$  is in Quadrant II.
- 335 One of the medical uses of Iodine–131 (I–131), a radioactive isotope of iodine, is to enhance x-ray images. The half-life of I–131 is approximately 8.02 days. A patient is injected with 20 milligrams of I–131. Determine, to the *nearest day*, the amount of time needed before the amount of I–131 in the patient's body is approximately 7 milligrams.
- 336 The function  $f(x) = 2^{-0.25x} \bullet \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2}x\right)$  represents a

damped sound wave function. What is the average rate of change for this function on the interval [-7,7], to the *nearest hundredth*?

- -3.66
- -0.30
- 3) -0.26
- 4) 3.36
- 337 A house purchased 5 years ago for \$100,000 was just sold for \$135,000. Assuming exponential growth, approximate the annual growth rate, to the *nearest percent*.

- 338 Explain how  $\left(3^{\frac{1}{5}}\right)^2$  can be written as the equivalent radical expression  $\sqrt[5]{9}$ .
- 339 If  $g(c) = 1 c^2$  and m(c) = c + 1, then which statement is *not* true?
  - 1)  $g(c) \cdot m(c) = 1 + c c^2 c^3$
  - 2)  $g(c) + m(c) = 2 + c c^2$
  - 3)  $m(c) g(c) = c + c^2$
  - $4) \quad \frac{m(c)}{g(c)} = \frac{-1}{1-c}$
- 340 Based on climate data that have been collected in Bar Harbor, Maine, the average monthly temperature, in degrees F, can be modeled by the equation

 $B(x) = 23.914 \sin(0.508x - 2.116) + 55.300$ . The same governmental agency collected average monthly temperature data for Phoenix, Arizona, and found the temperatures could be modeled by the equation

 $P(x) = 20.238 \sin(0.525x - 2.148) + 86.729$ . Which statement can *not* be concluded based on the average monthly temperature models x months after starting data collection?

- 1) The average monthly temperature variation is more in Bar Harbor than in Phoenix.
- 2) The midline average monthly temperature for Bar Harbor is lower than the midline temperature for Phoenix.
- 3) The maximum average monthly temperature for Bar Harbor is 79° F, to the nearest degree.
- 4) The minimum average monthly temperature for Phoenix is 20° F, to the nearest degree.

341 The set of data in the table below shows the results of a survey on the number of messages that people of different ages text on their cell phones each month.

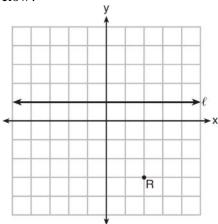
Text Messages per Month					
Age Group	0-10	11-50	Over 50		
15-18	4	37	68		
19-22	6	25	87		
23-60	25	47	157		

If a person from this survey is selected at random, what is the probability that the person texts over 50 messages per month given that the person is between the ages of 23 and 60?

1) 229

2)

- 342 Which equation represents the set of points equidistant from line  $\ell$  and point R shown on the graph below?



1)  $B(t) = 750(1.012)^t$ 

the function

- 2)  $B(t) = 750(1.012)^{12t}$
- 3)  $B(t) = 750(1.16)^{12t}$
- $B(t) = 750(1.16)^{\frac{t}{12}}$

- 1)  $y = -\frac{1}{8}(x+2)^2 + 1$
- 2)  $y = -\frac{1}{8}(x+2)^2 1$ 3)  $y = -\frac{1}{8}(x-2)^2 + 1$
- 4)  $y = -\frac{1}{8}(x-2)^2 1$

344 A ball is dropped from a height of 32 feet. It bounces and rebounds 80% of the height from which it was falling. What is the total downward distance, in feet, the ball traveled up to the 12th bounce?

343 A study of the annual population of the red-winged blackbird in Ft. Mill, South Carolina, shows the

 $B(t) = 750(1.16)^{t}$ , where the t represents the

population, B(t), can be represented by the function

number of years since the study began. In terms of the monthly rate of growth, the population of red-winged blackbirds can be best approximated by

- 1) 29
- 2) 58
- 3) 120
- 4) 149

345 The results of a poll of 200 students are shown in the table below:

	Preferred Music Style				
	Techno	Rap	Country		
Female	54	25	27		
Male	36	40	18		

For this group of students, do these data suggest that gender and preferred music styles are independent of each other? Justify your answer.

346 Which expression is equivalent to  $\frac{4x^3 + 9x - 5}{2x - 1}$ ,

where 
$$x \neq \frac{1}{2}$$
?

1) 
$$2x^2 + x + 5$$

2) 
$$2x^2 + \frac{11}{2} + \frac{1}{2(2x-1)}$$

3) 
$$2x^2 - x + 5$$

3) 
$$2x^2 - x + 5$$
  
4)  $2x^2 - x + 4 + \frac{1}{2x - 1}$ 

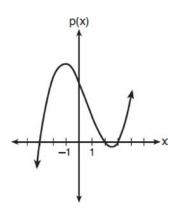
- 347 The zeros for  $f(x) = x^4 4x^3 9x^2 + 36x$  are
  - 1)  $\{0,\pm 3,4\}$
  - 2) {0,3,4}
  - 3)  $\{0,\pm 3,-4\}$
  - $4) \{0,3,-4\}$
- 348 The function  $p(t) = 110e^{0.03922t}$  models the population of a city, in millions, t years after 2010. As of today, consider the following two statements:
  - I. The current population is 110 million.
  - II. The population increases continuously by approximately 3.9% per year.

This model supports

- 1) I, only
- 2) II, only
- 3) both I and II
- neither I nor II

- Relative to the graph of  $y = 3\sin x$ , what is the shift of the graph of  $y = 3\sin\left(x + \frac{\pi}{3}\right)$ ?
  - 1)  $\frac{\pi}{3}$  right
  - 2)  $\frac{\pi}{3}$  left
  - 3)  $\frac{\pi}{3}$  up
  - 4)  $\frac{\pi}{3}$  down
- 350 Titanium-44 is a radioactive isotope such that every 63 years, its mass decreases by half. For a sample of titanium-44 with an initial mass of 100 grams, write a function that will give the mass of the sample remaining after any amount of time. Define all variables. Scientists sometimes use the average yearly decrease in mass for estimation purposes. Use the average yearly decrease in mass of the sample between year 0 and year 10 to predict the amount of the sample remaining after 40 years. Round your answer to the *nearest tenth*. Is the actual mass of the sample or the estimated mass greater after 40 years? Justify your answer.
- 351 Over the set of integers, factor the expression  $4x^3 - x^2 + 16x - 4$  completely.

352 The graph of the function p(x) is sketched below.



Which equation could represent p(x)?

1) 
$$p(x) = (x^2 - 9)(x - 2)$$

2) 
$$p(x) = x^3 - 2x^2 + 9x + 18$$

3) 
$$p(x) = (x^2 + 9)(x - 2)$$

4) 
$$p(x) = x^3 + 2x^2 - 9x - 18$$

- 353 For the function  $f(x) = (x-3)^3 + 1$ , find  $f^{-1}(x)$ .
- 354 When b > 0 and d is a positive integer, the expression  $(3b)^{\frac{2}{d}}$  is equivalent to

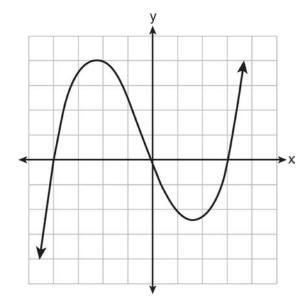
$$1) \quad \frac{1}{\left(\sqrt[d]{3b}\right)^2}$$

2) 
$$\left(\sqrt{3b}\right)^a$$

3) 
$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{3b^d}}$$

4) 
$$\left(\sqrt[d]{3b}\right)^2$$

- 355 Use an appropriate procedure to show that x 4 is a factor of the function  $f(x) = 2x^3 5x^2 11x 4$ . Explain your answer.
- 356 The graph of p(x) is shown below.



What is the remainder when p(x) is divided by

$$x+4$$
?

1) 
$$x-4$$

- 4) 4
- 357 Write an explicit formula for  $a_n$ , the *n*th term of the recursively defined sequence below.

$$a_1 = x + 1$$

$$a_n = x(a_{n-1})$$

For what values of x would  $a_n = 0$  when n > 1?

358 Solve the following system of equations algebraically for all values of x, y, and z:

$$x+y+z=1$$
$$2x+4y+6z=2$$
$$-x+3y-5z=11$$

- 359 Elizabeth waited for 6 minutes at the drive thru at her favorite fast-food restaurant the last time she visited. She was upset about having to wait that long and notified the manager. The manager assured her that her experience was very unusual and that it would not happen again. A study of customers commissioned by this restaurant found an approximately normal distribution of results. The mean wait time was 226 seconds and the standard deviation was 38 seconds. Given these data, and using a 95% level of confidence, was Elizabeth's wait time unusual? Justify your answer.
- 360 The lifespan of a 60-watt lightbulb produced by a company is normally distributed with a mean of 1450 hours and a standard deviation of 8.5 hours. If a 60-watt lightbulb produced by this company is selected at random, what is the probability that its lifespan will be between 1440 and 1465 hours?
  - 1) 0.3803
  - 2) 0.4612
  - 3) 0.8415
  - 4) 0.9612
- 361 Which expression is equivalent to  $(3k-2i)^2$ , where i is the imaginary unit?
  - 1)  $9k^2 4$
  - 2)  $9k^2 + 4$
  - 3)  $9k^2 12ki 4$
  - 4)  $9k^2 12ki + 4$

Jim is looking to buy a vacation home for \$172,600 near his favorite southern beach. The formula to compute a mortgage payment, M, is

$$M = P \bullet \frac{r(1+r)^N}{(1+r)^N - 1}$$
 where *P* is the principal

amount of the loan, r is the monthly interest rate, and N is the number of monthly payments. Jim's bank offers a monthly interest rate of 0.305% for a 15-year mortgage. With no down payment, determine Jim's mortgage payment, rounded to the *nearest dollar*. Algebraically determine and state the down payment, rounded to the *nearest dollar*, that Jim needs to make in order for his mortgage payment to be \$1100.

- 363 Determine if x 5 is a factor of  $2x^3 4x^2 7x 10$ . Explain your answer.
- 364 A parabola has its focus at (1,2) and its directrix is y = -2. The equation of this parabola could be

1) 
$$y = 8(x+1)^2$$

$$2) \quad y = \frac{1}{8} (x+1)^2$$

3) 
$$y = 8(x-1)^2$$

4) 
$$y = \frac{1}{8}(x-1)^2$$

365 For  $x \ne 0$ , which expressions are equivalent to one divided by the sixth root of x?

I. 
$$\frac{\sqrt[6]{x}}{\sqrt[3]{x}}$$
 II.  $\frac{x^{\frac{1}{6}}}{\sqrt[3]{3}}$  III.  $x^{\frac{-1}{6}}$ 

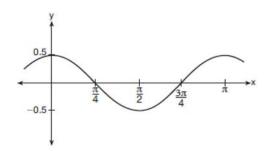
- 1) I and II, only
- 2) I and III, only
- 3) II and III, only
- 4) I, II, and III

366 The completely factored form of

$$2d^4 + 6d^3 - 18d^2 - 54d$$
 is

- 1)  $2d(d^2-9)(d+3)$
- 2)  $2d(d^2+9)(d+3)$
- 3)  $2d(d+3)^2(d-3)$
- 4)  $2d(d-3)^2(d+3)$
- 367 Which value, to the *nearest tenth*, is *not* a solution of p(x) = q(x) if  $p(x) = x^3 + 3x^2 3x 1$  and q(x) = 3x + 8?
  - 1) -3.9
  - 2) -1.1
  - 3) 2.1
  - 4) 4.7
- 368 The solution set for the equation  $\sqrt{x+14} \sqrt{2x+5} = 1$  is
  - 1) {-6}
  - 2) {2}
  - 3) {18}
  - 4) {2,22}
- 369 The distribution of the diameters of ball bearings made under a given manufacturing process is normally distributed with a mean of 4 cm and a standard deviation of 0.2 cm. What proportion of the ball bearings will have a diameter less than 3.7 cm?
  - 1) 0.0668
  - 2) 0.4332
  - 3) 0.8664
  - 4) 0.9500

- 370 In 2013, approximately 1.6 million students took the Critical Reading portion of the SAT exam. The mean score, the modal score, and the standard deviation were calculated to be 496, 430, and 115, respectively. Which interval reflects 95% of the Critical Reading scores?
  - 1)  $430 \pm 115$
  - 2)  $430 \pm 230$
  - 3)  $496 \pm 115$
  - 4)  $496 \pm 230$
- Which equation represents a parabola with a focus of (0,4) and a directrix of y = 2?
  - 1)  $y = x^2 + 3$
  - 2)  $y = -x^2 + 1$
  - 3)  $y = \frac{x^2}{2} + 3$
  - 4)  $y = \frac{x^2}{4} + 3$
- Which equation is represented by the graph shown below?



- $1) \quad y = \frac{1}{2}\cos 2x$
- $2) \quad y = \cos x$
- $3) \quad y = \frac{1}{2}\cos x$
- $4) \quad y = 2\cos\frac{1}{2}x$

373 The x-value of which function's x-intercept is larger, f or h? Justify your answer.

$$f(x) = \log(x - 4)$$

X	h(x)
-1	6
0	4
1	2
2	0
3	-2

374 The function M(t) represents the mass of radium over time, t, in years.

$$M(t) = 100e^{\frac{\left(\ln\frac{1}{2}\right)t}{1590}}$$

Determine if the function M(t) represents growth or decay. Explain your reasoning.

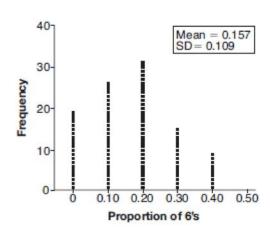
375 A game spinner is divided into 6 equally sized regions, as shown in the diagram below.



For Miles to win, the spinner must land on the number 6. After spinning the spinner 10 times, and losing all 10 times, Miles complained that the spinner is unfair. At home, his dad ran 100 simulations of spinning the spinner 10 times,

assuming the probability of winning each spin is  $\frac{1}{6}$ .

The output of the simulation is shown in the diagram below.

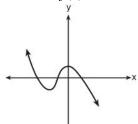


Which explanation is appropriate for Miles and his dad to make?

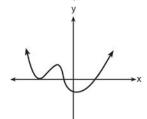
- 1) The spinner was likely unfair, since the number 6 failed to occur in about 20% of the simulations.
- 2) The spinner was likely unfair, since the spinner should have landed on the number 6 by the sixth spin.
- 3) The spinner was likely not unfair, since the number 6 failed to occur in about 20% of the simulations.
- 4) The spinner was likely not unfair, since in the output the player wins once or twice in the majority of the simulations.

376 Which graph has the following characteristics?

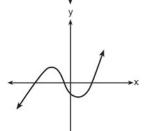
- three real zeros
- as  $x \to -\infty$ ,  $f(x) \to -\infty$
- as  $x \to \infty$ ,  $f(x) \to \infty$



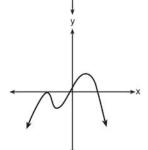
1)



2)



3)



4)

377 To the *nearest tenth*, the value of x that satisfies

$$2^x = -2x + 11$$
 is

- 1) 2.5
- 2) 2.6
- 3) 5.8
- 4) 5.9

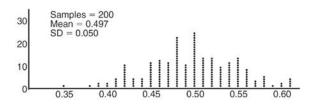
378 Factored completely,  $m^5 + m^3 - 6m$  is equivalent to

- 1) (m+3)(m-2)
- 2)  $(m^2 + 3m)(m^2 2)$
- 3)  $m(m^4 + m^2 6)$
- 4)  $m(m^2+3)(m^2-2)$

379 The expression  $\frac{x^3 + 2x^2 + x + 6}{x + 2}$  is equivalent to

- 1)  $x^2 + 3$
- 2)  $x^2 + 1 + \frac{4}{x+2}$
- 3)  $2x^2 + x + 6$
- 4)  $2x^2 + 1 + \frac{4}{x+2}$

380 Anne has a coin. She does not know if it is a fair coin. She flipped the coin 100 times and obtained 73 heads and 27 tails. She ran a computer simulation of 200 samples of 100 fair coin flips. The output of the proportion of heads is shown below.



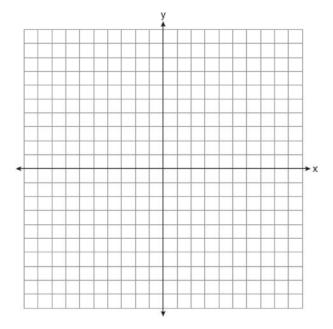
Given the results of her coin flips and of her computer simulation, which statement is most accurate?

- 1) 73 of the computer's next 100 coin flips will be heads.
- 2) 50 of her next 100 coin flips will be heads.
- 3) Her coin is not fair.
- 4) Her coin is fair.

381 Mr. Farison gave his class the three mathematical rules shown below to either prove or disprove.
Which rules can be proved for all real numbers?

I 
$$(m+p)^2 = m^2 + 2mp + p^2$$
  
II  $(x+y)^3 = x^3 + 3xy + y^3$   
III  $(a^2 + b^2)^2 = (a^2 - b^2)^2 + (2ab)^2$ 

- 1) I, only
- 2) I and II
- 3) II and III
- 4) I and III
- 382 What are the zeros of  $P(m) = (m^2 4)(m^2 + 1)$ ?
  - 1) 2 and -2, only
  - 2) 2, -2, and -4
  - 3) -4, *i*, and -i
  - 4) 2, -2, i, and -i
- 383 Find algebraically the zeros for  $p(x) = x^3 + x^2 4x 4$ . On the set of axes below, graph y = p(x).



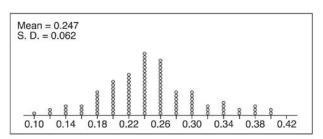
384 Solve the following system of equations algebraically for all values of x, y, and z:

$$x + 3y + 5z = 45$$

$$6x - 3y + 2z = -10$$

$$-2x + 3y + 8z = 72$$

385 Stephen's Beverage Company is considering whether to produce a new brand of cola. The company will launch the product if at least 25% of cola drinkers will buy the product. Fifty cola drinkers are randomly selected to take a blind taste-test of products *A*, *B*, and the new product. Nine out of fifty participants preferred Stephen's new cola to products *A* and *B*. The company then devised a simulation based on the requirement that 25% of cola drinkers will buy the product. Each dot in the graph shown below represents the proportion of people who preferred Stephen's new product, each of sample size 50, simulated 100 times.



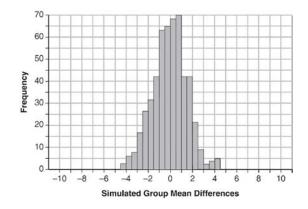
**Proportion Preferring Stephen's Product** 

Assume the set of data is approximately normal and the company wants to be 95% confident of its results. Does the sample proportion obtained from the blind taste-test, nine out of fifty, fall within the margin of error developed from the simulation? Justify your answer. The company decides to continue developing the product even though only nine out of fifty participants preferred its brand of cola in the taste-test. Describe how the simulation data could be used to support this decision.

Seventy-two students are randomly divided into two equally-sized study groups. Each member of the first group (group 1) is to meet with a tutor after school twice each week for one hour. The second group (group 2), is given an online subscription to a tutorial account that they can access for a maximum of two hours each week. Students in both groups are given the same tests during the year. A summary of the two groups' final grades is shown below:

	Group 1	Group 2
X	80.16	83.8
$S_{\rm x}$	6.9	5.2

Calculate the mean difference in the final grades (group 1 - group 2) and explain its meaning in the context of the problem. A simulation was conducted in which the students' final grades were rerandomized 500 times. The results are shown below.



Use the simulation to determine if there is a significant difference in the final grades. Explain your answer.

387 Given  $f(x) = 3x^2 + 7x - 20$  and g(x) = x - 2, state the quotient and remainder of  $\frac{f(x)}{g(x)}$ , in the form

$$q(x) + \frac{r(x)}{g(x)}.$$

388 Which expression has been rewritten correctly to form a true statement?

1) 
$$(x+2)^2 + 2(x+2) - 8 = (x+6)x$$

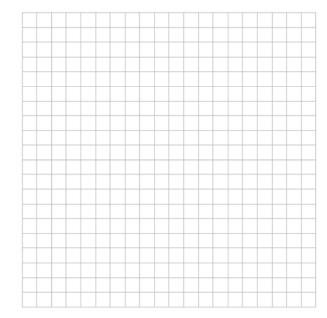
2) 
$$x^4 + 4x^2 + 9x^2y^2 - 36y^2 = (x+3y)^2(x-2)^2$$

3) 
$$x^3 + 3x^2 - 4xy^2 - 12y^2 = (x - 2y)(x + 3)^2$$

4) 
$$(x^2-4)^2-5(x^2-4)-6=(x^2-7)(x^2-6)$$

## Algebra II Regents Exam Questions at Random www.jmap.org

- 389 Alexa earns \$33,000 in her first year of teaching and earns a 4% increase in each successive year. Write a geometric series formula,  $S_n$ , for Alexa's total earnings over n years. Use this formula to find Alexa's total earnings for her first 15 years of teaching, to the *nearest cent*.
- 390 On the grid below, sketch a cubic polynomial whose zeros are 1, 3, and -2.



- 392 Which statement about the graph of  $c(x) = \log_6 x$  is *false*?
  - 1) The asymptote has equation y = 0.
  - 2) The graph has no *y*-intercept.
  - 3) The domain is the set of positive reals.
  - 4) The range is the set of all real numbers.
- 393 The volume of air in a person's lungs, as the person breathes in and out, can be modeled by a sine graph. A scientist is studying the differences in this volume for people at rest compared to people told to take a deep breath. When examining the graphs, should the scientist focus on the amplitude, period, or midline? Explain your choice.
- 394 The inverse of the function  $f(x) = \frac{x+1}{x-2}$  is

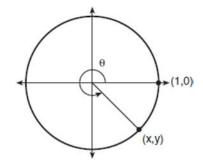
1) 
$$f^{-1}(x) = \frac{x+1}{x+2}$$

2) 
$$f^{-1}(x) = \frac{2x+1}{x-1}$$

3) 
$$f^{-1}(x) = \frac{x+1}{x-2}$$

4) 
$$f^{-1}(x) = \frac{x-1}{x+1}$$

391 Using the unit circle below, explain why  $\csc \theta = \frac{1}{y}$ .



395 The expression  $\frac{6x^3 + 17x^2 + 10x + 2}{2x + 3}$  equals

1) 
$$3x^2 + 4x - 1 + \frac{5}{2x+3}$$

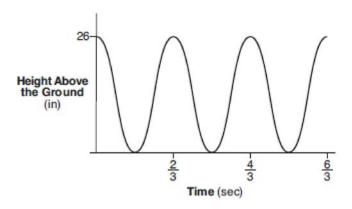
2) 
$$6x^2 + 8x - 2 + \frac{5}{2x + 3}$$

3) 
$$6x^2 - x + 13 - \frac{37}{2x + 3}$$

4) 
$$3x^2 + 13x + \frac{49}{2} + \frac{151}{2x+3}$$

## Algebra II Regents Exam Questions at Random www.imap.org

396 The graph below represents the height above the ground, h, in inches, of a point on a triathlete's bike wheel during a training ride in terms of time, t, in seconds.





Identify the period of the graph and describe what the period represents in this context.

397 The formula below can be used to model which scenario?

$$a_1 = 3000$$

$$a_n = 0.80a_{n-1}$$

- 1) The first row of a stadium has 3000 seats, and each row thereafter has 80 more seats than the row in front of it.
- 2) The last row of a stadium has 3000 seats, and each row before it has 80 fewer seats than the row behind it.
- 3) A bank account starts with a deposit of \$3000, and each year it grows by 80%.
- 4) The initial value of a specialty toy is \$3000, and its value each of the following years is 20% less.

399 If f(x) = 3|x| - 1 and  $g(x) = 0.03x^3 - x + 1$ , an approximate solution for the equation f(x) = g(x) is

- 1) 1.96
- 2) 11.29
- 3) (-0.99, 1.96)
- 4) (11.29, 32.87)

400 Which binomial is a factor of  $x^4 - 4x^2 - 4x + 8$ ?

- 1) x-2
- 2) x + 2
- 3) x-4
- 4) x + 4

398 What is the solution to  $8(2^{x+3}) = 48$ ?

1) 
$$x = \frac{\ln 6}{\ln 2} - 3$$

2) 
$$x = 0$$

3) 
$$x = \frac{\ln 48}{\ln 16} - 3$$

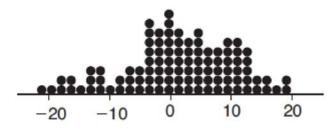
4) 
$$x = \ln 4 - 3$$

401 Solve for x:  $\frac{1}{x} - \frac{1}{3} = -\frac{1}{3x}$ 

402 Verify the following Pythagorean identity for all values of *x* and *y*:

$$(x^2 + y^2)^2 = (x^2 - y^2)^2 + (2xy)^2$$

403 Gabriel performed an experiment to see if planting 13 tomato plants in black plastic mulch leads to larger tomatoes than if 13 plants are planted without mulch. He observed that the average weight of the tomatoes from tomato plants grown in black plastic mulch was 5 ounces greater than those from the plants planted without mulch. To determine if the observed difference is statistically significant, he rerandomized the tomato groups 100 times to study these random differences in the mean weights. The output of his simulation is summarized in the dotplot below.



Differences in Mean Weight (oz.)

Given these results, what is an appropriate inference that can be drawn?

- 1) There was no effect observed between the two groups.
- 2) There was an effect observed that could be due to the random assignment of plants to the groups.
- There is strong evidence to support the hypothesis that tomatoes from plants planted in black plastic mulch are larger than those planted without mulch.
- There is strong evidence to support the hypothesis that tomatoes from plants planted without mulch are larger than those planted in black plastic mulch.
- 404 Given that  $\sin^2 \theta + \cos^2 \theta = 1$  and  $\sin \theta = -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{5}$ , what is a possible value of  $\cos \theta$ ?

$$1) \quad \frac{5+\sqrt{2}}{5}$$

2) 
$$\frac{\sqrt{23}}{5}$$

$$3) \quad \frac{3\sqrt{3}}{5}$$

$$4) \quad \frac{\sqrt{35}}{5}$$

405 Algebraically determine the values of *x* that satisfy the system of equations below.

$$y = -2x + 1$$

$$y = -2x^2 + 3x + 1$$

406 Given *i* is the imaginary unit,  $(2-yi)^2$  in simplest form is

1) 
$$y^2 - 4yi + 4$$

2) 
$$-y^2 - 4yi + 4$$

3) 
$$-y^2 + 4$$

4) 
$$y^2 + 4$$

## Algebra II Regents Exam Questions at Random www.jmap.org

- 407 Given  $f^{-1}(x) = -\frac{3}{4}x + 2$ , which equation represents f(x)?
  - 1)  $f(x) = \frac{4}{3}x \frac{8}{3}$
  - 2)  $f(x) = -\frac{4}{3}x + \frac{8}{3}$
  - 3)  $f(x) = \frac{3}{4}x 2$
  - 4)  $f(x) = -\frac{3}{4}x + 2$
- 408 Cheap and Fast gas station is conducting a consumer satisfaction survey. Which method of collecting data would most likely lead to a biased sample?
  - 1) interviewing every 5th customer to come into the station
  - interviewing customers chosen at random by a computer at the checkout
  - 3) interviewing customers who call an 800 number posted on the customers' receipts
  - 4) interviewing every customer who comes into the station on a day of the week chosen at random out of a hat
- 409 A circle centered at the origin has a radius of 10 units. The terminal side of an angle,  $\theta$ , intercepts the circle in Quadrant II at point C. The y-coordinate of point C is 8. What is the value of  $\cos \theta$ ?
  - 1)  $-\frac{3}{5}$
  - 2)  $-\frac{3}{4}$
  - 3)  $\frac{3}{5}$
  - 4)  $\frac{4}{5}$

- 410 Which statement(s) about statistical studies is true?
  - I. A survey of all English classes in a high school would be a good sample to determine the number of hours students throughout the school spend studying.
  - II. A survey of all ninth graders in a high school would be a good sample to determine the number of student parking spaces needed at that high school.
  - III. A survey of all students in one lunch period in a high school would be a good sample to determine the number of hours adults spend on social media websites.
  - IV. A survey of all Calculus students in a high school would be a good sample to determine the number of students throughout the school who don't like math.
  - 1) I, only
  - 2) II, only
  - 3) I and III
  - 4) III and IV
- 411 What is the solution set of the equation

$$\frac{3x + 25}{x + 7} - 5 = \frac{3}{x}?$$

- $1) \quad \left\{\frac{3}{2}, 7\right\}$
- $2) \quad \left\{ \frac{7}{2}, -3 \right\}$
- 3)  $\left\{-\frac{3}{2},7\right\}$
- 4)  $\left\{-\frac{7}{2}, -3\right\}$
- 412 Which equation represents an odd function?
  - 1)  $y = \sin x$
  - $2) \quad y = \cos x$
  - 3)  $y = (x+1)^3$
  - 4)  $y = e^{5x}$

- 413 The eighth and tenth terms of a sequence are 64 and 100. If the sequence is either arithmetic or geometric, the ninth term can *not* be
  - 1) -82
  - -80
  - 3) 80
  - 4) 82
- 414 In 2010, the population of New York State was approximately 19,378,000 with an annual growth rate of 1.5%. Assuming the growth rate is maintained for a large number of years, which equation can be used to predict the population of New York State *t* years after 2010?
  - 1)  $P_t = 19,378,000(1.5)^t$
  - 2)  $P_0 = 19,378,000$

$$P_t = 19,378,000 + 1.015 P_{t-1}$$

- 3)  $P_t = 19,378,000(1.015)^{t-1}$
- 4)  $P_0 = 19,378,000$

$$P_t = 1.015 P_{t-1}$$

- 415 The probability that Gary and Jane have a child with blue eyes is 0.25, and the probability that they have a child with blond hair is 0.5. The probability that they have a child with both blue eyes and blond hair is 0.125. Given this information, the events blue eyes and blond hair are
  - I: dependent
  - II: independent
  - III: mutually exclusive
  - 1) I, only
  - 2) II, only
  - 3) I and III
  - 4) II and III

- 416 Which scenario is best described as an observational study?
  - For a class project, students in Health class ask every tenth student entering the school if they eat breakfast in the morning.
  - A social researcher wants to learn whether or not there is a link between attendance and grades. She gathers data from 15 school districts.
  - 3) A researcher wants to learn whether or not there is a link between children's daily amount of physical activity and their overall energy level. During lunch at the local high school, she distributed a short questionnaire to students in the cafeteria.
  - 4) Sixty seniors taking a course in Advanced Algebra Concepts are randomly divided into two classes. One class uses a graphing calculator all the time, and the other class never uses graphing calculators. A guidance counselor wants to determine whether there is a link between graphing calculator use and students' final exam grades.
- 417 Using the formula below, determine the monthly payment on a 5-year car loan with a monthly percentage rate of 0.625% for a car with an original cost of \$21,000 and a \$1000 down payment, to the *nearest cent*.

$$P_n = PMT \left( \frac{1 - (1+i)^{-n}}{i} \right)$$

 $P_n$  = present amount borrowed

n = number of monthly pay periods

PMT =monthly payment

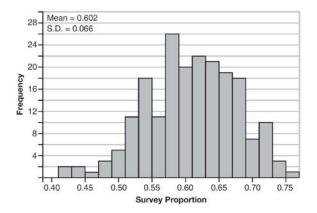
i = interest rate per month

The affordable monthly payment is \$300 for the same time period. Determine an appropriate down payment, to the *nearest dollar*.

## Algebra II Regents Exam Questions at Random www.imap.org

- 418 The solution to the equation  $4x^2 + 98 = 0$  is
  - 1) ±7
  - 2)  $\pm 7i$
  - 3)  $\pm \frac{7\sqrt{2}}{2}$
  - 4)  $\pm \frac{7i\sqrt{2}}{2}$
- 419 A rabbit population doubles every 4 weeks. There are currently five rabbits in a restricted area. If t represents the time, in weeks, and P(t) is the population of rabbits with respect to time, about how many rabbits will there be in 98 days?
  - 1) 56
  - 2) 152
  - 3) 3688
  - 4) 81,920
- 420 The expression  $6xi^3(-4xi+5)$  is equivalent to
  - 1) 2x 5i
  - 2)  $-24x^2 30xi$
  - 3)  $-24x^2 + 30x i$
  - 4)  $26x 24x^2i 5i$
- 421 Mrs. Jones had hundreds of jelly beans in a bag that contained equal numbers of six different flavors. Her student randomly selected four jelly beans and they were all black licorice. Her student complained and said "What are the odds I got all of that kind?" Mrs. Jones replied, "simulate rolling a die 250 times and tell me if four black licorice jelly beans is unusual." Explain how this simulation could be used to solve the problem.

Fifty-five students attending the prom were randomly selected to participate in a survey about the music choice at the prom. Sixty percent responded that a DJ would be preferred over a band. Members of the prom committee thought that the vote would have 50% for the DJ and 50% for the band. A simulation was run 200 times, each of sample size 55, based on the premise that 60% of the students would prefer a DJ. The approximate normal simulation results are shown below.



Using the results of the simulation, determine a plausible interval containing the middle 95% of the data. Round all values to the *nearest hundredth*. Members of the prom committee are concerned that a vote of all students attending the prom may produce a 50% - 50% split. Explain what statistical evidence supports this concern.

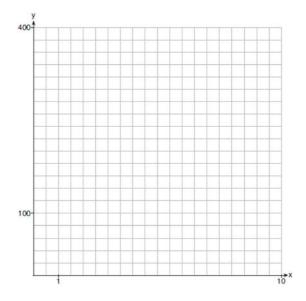
- 423 The solutions to the equation  $-\frac{1}{2}x^2 = -6x + 20$  are
  - 1)  $-6 \pm 2i$
  - 2)  $-6 \pm 2\sqrt{19}$
  - 3)  $6 \pm 2i$
  - 4)  $6 \pm 2\sqrt{19}$

#### Algebra II Regents Exam Questions at Random www.jmap.org

- 424 While experimenting with her calculator, Candy creates the sequence 4, 9, 19, 39, 79, .... Write a recursive formula for Candy's sequence. Determine the eighth term in Candy's sequence.
- 425 Last year, the total revenue for Home Style, a national restaurant chain, increased 5.25% over the previous year. If this trend were to continue, which expression could the company's chief financial officer use to approximate their monthly percent increase in revenue? [Let *m* represent months.]
  - $(1.0525)^m$
  - $(1.0525)^{m}$
  - $(1.00427)^m$
  - $(1.00427)^{\frac{m}{12}}$
- 426 The expression  $\frac{-3x^2 5x + 2}{x^3 + 2x^2}$  can be rewritten as
  - 1)  $\frac{-3x-3}{x^2+2x}$
  - 2)  $\frac{-3x-1}{x^2}$

  - 3)  $-3x^{-1} + 1$ 4)  $-3x^{-1} + x^{-2}$
- 427 If  $p(x) = ab^x$  and  $r(x) = cd^x$ , then  $p(x) \bullet r(x)$ equals
  - 1)  $ac(b+d)^x$
  - $2) \quad ac(b+d)^{2x}$
  - 3)  $ac(bd)^x$
  - 4)  $ac(bd)^{x^2}$

428 Graph  $y = 400(.85)^{2x} - 6$  on the set of axes below.



- A payday loan company makes loans between \$100 and \$1000 available to customers. Every 14 days. customers are charged 30% interest with compounding. In 2013, Remi took out a \$300 payday loan. Which expression can be used to calculate the amount she would owe, in dollars, after one year if she did not make payments?
  - $300(.30)^{\overline{365}}$
  - $300(1.30)^{\frac{14}{365}}$
  - $300(.30)^{\frac{365}{14}}$  $300(1.30)^{\frac{365}{14}}$
- 430 Given:  $h(x) = \frac{2}{9}x^3 + \frac{8}{9}x^2 \frac{16}{13}x + 2$

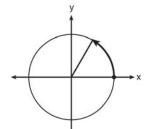
$$k(x) = -|0.7x| + 5$$

State the solutions to the equation h(x) = k(x), rounded to the nearest hundredth.

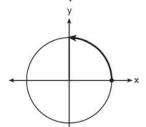
#### Algebra II Regents Exam Questions at Random www.jmap.org

- 431 Which function represents exponential decay?
  - 1)  $y = 2^{0.3t}$
  - 2)  $y = 1.2^{3t}$

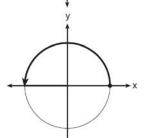
  - 4)  $y = 5^{-t}$
- 432 Which diagram shows an angle rotation of 1 radian on the unit circle?



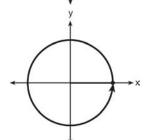
1)



2)

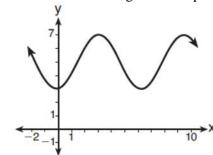


3)

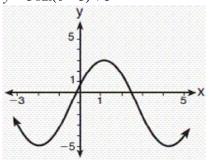


4)

433 Which sinusoid has the greatest amplitude?



1)  $y = 3\sin(\theta - 3) + 5$ 2)



- 3)  $y = -5\sin(\theta - 1) - 3$ 4)
- 434 A recursive formula for the sequence 18,9,4.5,...

1)  $g_1 = 18$ 

$$g_n = \frac{1}{2} g_{n-1}$$

2) 
$$g_n = 18 \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n-1}$$

3)  $g_1 = 18$ 

$$g_n = 2g_{n-1}$$

 $g_n = 2g_{n-1}$ 4)  $g_n = 18(2)^{n-1}$ 

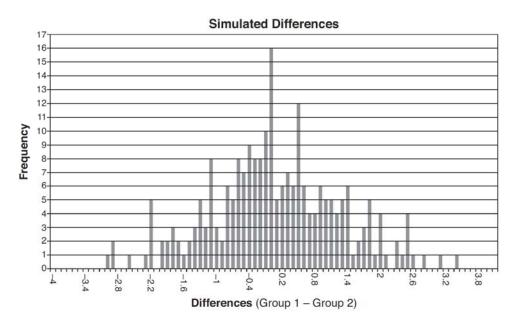
435 Algebraically prove that  $\frac{x^3 + 9}{x^3 + 8} = 1 + \frac{1}{x^3 + 8},$ where  $x \neq -2$ .

### Algebra II Regents Exam Questions at Random www.imap.org

436 Ayva designed an experiment to determine the effect of a new energy drink on a group of 20 volunteer students. Ten students were randomly selected to form group 1 while the remaining 10 made up group 2. Each student in group 1 drank one energy drink, and each student in group 2 drank one cola drink. Ten minutes later, their times were recorded for reading the same paragraph of a novel. The results of the experiment are shown below.

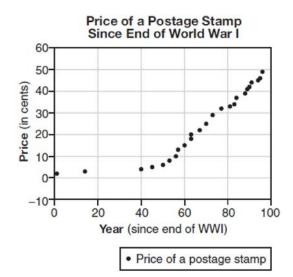
Group 1	Group 2
(seconds)	(seconds)
17.4	23.3
18.1	18.8
18.2	22.1
19.6	12.7
18.6	16.9
16.2	24.4
16.1	21.2
15.3	21.2
17.8	16.3
19.7	14.5
Mean = 17.7	Mean = 19.1

Ayva thinks drinking energy drinks makes students read faster. Using information from the experimental design or the results, explain why Ayva's hypothesis may be *incorrect*. Using the given results, Ayva randomly mixes the 20 reading times, splits them into two groups of 10, and simulates the difference of the means 232 times.



Ayva has decided that the difference in mean reading times is not an unusual occurrence. Support her decision using the results of the simulation. Explain your reasoning.

437 The price of a postage stamp in the years since the end of World War I is shown in the scatterplot below.



The equation that best models the price, in cents, of a postage stamp based on these data is

1) 
$$y = 0.59x - 14.82$$

2) 
$$y = 1.04(1.43)^x$$

3) 
$$y = 1.43(1.04)^x$$

4) 
$$y = 24\sin(14x) + 25$$

438 The Ferris wheel at the landmark Navy Pier in Chicago takes 7 minutes to make one full rotation. The height, *H*, in feet, above the ground of one of the six-person cars can be modeled by

$$H(t) = 70 \sin\left(\frac{2\pi}{7} (t - 1.75)\right) + 80$$
, where t is time,

in minutes. Using H(t) for one full rotation, this car's minimum height, in feet, is

According to a pricing website, Indroid phones lose 58% of their cash value over 1.5 years. Which expression can be used to estimate the value of a \$300 Indroid phone in 1.5 years?

1) 
$$300e^{-0.87}$$

2) 
$$300e^{-0.63}$$

3) 
$$300e^{-0.58}$$

4) 
$$300e^{-0.42}$$

440 A solution of the equation  $2x^2 + 3x + 2 = 0$  is

1) 
$$-\frac{3}{4} + \frac{1}{4}i\sqrt{7}$$

2) 
$$-\frac{3}{4} + \frac{1}{4}i$$

3) 
$$-\frac{3}{4} + \frac{1}{4}\sqrt{7}$$

4) 
$$\frac{1}{2}$$

441 The expression  $\left(\frac{m^2}{\frac{1}{m^3}}\right)^{-\frac{1}{2}}$  is equivalent to

1) 
$$-\sqrt[6]{m^5}$$

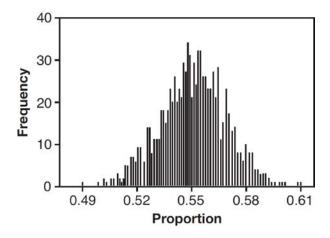
2) 
$$\frac{1}{\sqrt[6]{m^5}}$$

3) 
$$-m\sqrt[5]{m}$$

$$4) \quad \frac{1}{m\sqrt[5]{m}}$$

442 Algebraically determine whether the function  $j(x) = x^4 - 3x^2 - 4$  is odd, even, or neither.

443 A candidate for political office commissioned a poll. His staff received responses from 900 likely voters and 55% of them said they would vote for the candidate. The staff then conducted a simulation of 1000 more polls of 900 voters, assuming that 55% of voters would vote for their candidate. The output of the simulation is shown in the diagram below.



Given this output, and assuming a 95% confidence level, the margin of error for the poll is closest to

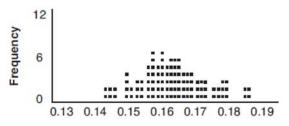
- 1) 0.01
- 2) 0.03
- 3) 0.06
- 4) 0.12

444 Describe how a controlled experiment can be created to examine the effect of ingredient *X* in a toothpaste.

Which statement is *incorrect* for the graph of the function  $y = -3\cos\left[\frac{\pi}{3}(x-4)\right] + 7?$ 

- 1) The period is 6.
- 2) The amplitude is 3.
- 3) The range is [4,10].
- 4) The midline is y = -4.

446 A study conducted in 2004 in New York City found that 212 out of 1334 participants had hypertension. Kim ran a simulation of 100 studies based on these data. The output of the simulation is shown in the diagram below.



**Proportion of Successes** 

At a 95% confidence level, the proportion of New York City residents with hypertension and the margin of error are closest to

- 1) proportion  $\approx$  .16; margin of error  $\approx$  .01
- 2) proportion  $\approx .16$ ; margin of error  $\approx .02$
- 3) proportion  $\approx .01$ ; margin of error  $\approx .16$
- 4) proportion  $\approx .02$ ; margin of error  $\approx .16$

447 The heights of women in the United States are normally distributed with a mean of 64 inches and a standard deviation of 2.75 inches. The percent of women whose heights are between 64 and 69.5 inches, to the *nearest whole percent*, is

- 1) 6
- 2) 48
- 3) 68
- 4) 95

448 The roots of the equation  $x^2 + 2x + 5 = 0$  are

- 1) -3 and 1
- -1, only
- 3) -1 + 2i and -1 2i
- 4) -1 + 4i and -1 4i

- 449 The equation  $4x^2 24x + 4y^2 + 72y = 76$  is equivalent to
  - 1)  $4(x-3)^2 + 4(y+9)^2 = 76$
  - 2)  $4(x-3)^2 + 4(y+9)^2 = 121$
  - 3)  $4(x-3)^2 + 4(y+9)^2 = 166$
  - 4)  $4(x-3)^2 + 4(y+9)^2 = 436$
- 450 Given  $r(x) = x^3 4x^2 + 4x 6$ , find the value of r(2). What does your answer tell you about x 2 as a factor of r(x)? Explain.
- 451 A manufacturing company has developed a cost model,  $C(x) = 0.15x^3 + 0.01x^2 + 2x + 120$ , where x is the number of items sold, in thousands. The sales price can be modeled by S(x) = 30 0.01x. Therefore, revenue is modeled by  $R(x) = x \cdot S(x)$ . The company's profit, P(x) = R(x) C(x), could be modeled by
  - 1)  $0.15x^3 + 0.02x^2 28x + 120$
  - 2)  $-0.15x^3 0.02x^2 + 28x 120$
  - 3)  $-0.15x^3 + 0.01x^2 2.01x 120$
  - 4)  $-0.15x^3 + 32x + 120$
- 452 What is the inverse of the function  $y = \log_3 x$ ?
  - 1)  $y = x^3$
  - $2) \quad y = \log_x 3$
  - 3)  $y = 3^x$
  - 4)  $x = 3^y$
- 453 The directrix of the parabola  $12(y+3) = (x-4)^2$  has the equation y = -6. Find the coordinates of the focus of the parabola.

- 454 The guidance department has reported that of the senior class, 2.3% are members of key club, *K*, 8.6% are enrolled in AP Physics, *P*, and 1.9% are in both. Determine the probability of *P* given *K*, to the *nearest tenth of a percent*. The principal would like a basic interpretation of these results. Write a statement relating your calculated probabilities to student enrollment in the given situation.
- 455 Which statement regarding the graphs of the functions below is *untrue*?

$$f(x) = 3\sin 2x$$
, from  $-\pi < x < \pi$ 

$$g(x) = (x - 0.5)(x + 4)(x - 2)$$

$$h(x) = \log_2 x$$

$$j(x) = -|4x - 2| + 3$$

- 1) f(x) and j(x) have a maximum y-value of 3.
- 2) f(x), h(x), and j(x) have one y-intercept.
- 3) g(x) and j(x) have the same end behavior as  $x \to -\infty$ .
- 4) g(x), h(x), and j(x) have rational zeros.
- 456 Kristin wants to increase her running endurance.
  According to experts, a gradual mileage increase of 10% per week can reduce the risk of injury. If Kristin runs 8 miles in week one, which expression can help her find the total number of miles she will have run over the course of her 6-week training program?

1) 
$$\sum_{n=1}^{6} 8(1.10)^{n-1}$$

$$2) \quad \sum_{n=1}^{6} 8(1.10)^n$$

3) 
$$\frac{8-8(1.10)^6}{0.90}$$

$$4) \quad \frac{8 - 8(0.10)^n}{1.10}$$

The distance needed to stop a car after applying the brakes varies directly with the square of the car's speed. The table below shows stopping distances for various speeds.

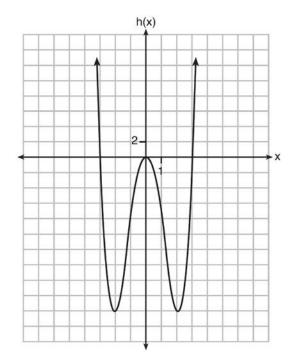
Speed (mph)	10	20	30	40	50	60	70
<b>Distance</b> (ft)	6.25	25	56.25	100	156.25	225	306.25

Determine the average rate of change in braking distance, in ft/mph, between one car traveling at 50 mph and one traveling at 70 mph. Explain what this rate of change means as it relates to braking distance.

458 Functions f, g, and h are given below.

$$f(x) = \sin(2x)$$

$$g(x) = f(x) + 1$$



Which statement is true about functions f, g, and h?

- 1) f(x) and g(x) are odd, h(x) is even.
- 2) f(x) and g(x) are even, h(x) is odd.
- 3) f(x) is odd, g(x) is neither, h(x) is even.
- 4) f(x) is even, g(x) is neither, h(x) is odd.

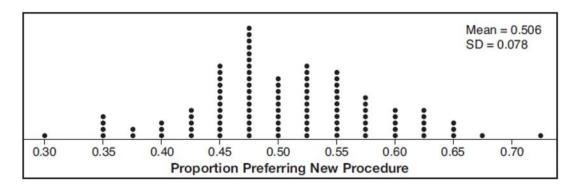
- 459 Pedro and Bobby each own an ant farm. Pedro starts with 100 ants and says his farm is growing exponentially at a rate of 15% per month. Bobby starts with 350 ants and says his farm is steadily decreasing by 5 ants per month. Assuming both boys are accurate in describing the population of their ant farms, after how many months will they both have approximately the same number of ants?
  - 1) 7
  - 2) 8
  - 3) 13
  - 4) 36
- 460 The solution set for the equation  $\sqrt{56-x} = x$  is
  - 1)  $\{-8,7\}$
  - (2)  $\{-7,8\}$
  - 3) {7}
  - 4) { }
- 461 Solve algebraically for all values of *x*:

$$\sqrt{x-4} + x = 6$$

462 Solve algebraically for all values of *x*:

$$\sqrt{x-5} + x = 7$$

463 Charlie's Automotive Dealership is considering implementing a new check-in procedure for customers who are bringing their vehicles for routine maintenance. The dealership will launch the procedure if 50% or more of the customers give the new procedure a favorable rating when compared to the current procedure. The dealership devises a simulation based on the minimal requirement that 50% of the customers prefer the new procedure. Each dot on the graph below represents the proportion of the customers who preferred the new check-in procedure, each of sample size 40, simulated 100 times.



Assume the set of data is approximately normal and the dealership wants to be 95% confident of its results. Determine an interval containing the plausible sample values for which the dealership will launch the new procedure. Round your answer to the *nearest hundredth*. Forty customers are selected randomly to undergo the new check-in procedure and the proportion of customers who prefer the new procedure is 32.5%. The dealership decides *not* to implement the new check-in procedure based on the results of the study. Use statistical evidence to explain this decision.

A student studying public policy created a model for the population of Detroit, where the population decreased 25% over a decade. He used the model  $P = 714(0.75)^d$ , where P is the population, in thousands, d decades after 2010. Another student, Suzanne, wants to use a model that would predict the population after y years. Suzanne's model is best represented by

1) 
$$P = 714(0.6500)^y$$

$$P = 714(0.8500)^{y}$$

3) 
$$P = 714(0.9716)^y$$

4) 
$$P = 714(0.9750)^y$$

- 465 Given the equal terms  $\sqrt[3]{x^5}$  and  $y^{\frac{5}{6}}$ , determine and state y, in terms of x.
- 466 Which equation has 1 i as a solution?

1) 
$$x^2 + 2x - 2 = 0$$

$$2) \quad x^2 + 2x + 2 = 0$$

3) 
$$x^2 - 2x - 2 = 0$$

4) 
$$x^2 - 2x + 2 = 0$$

## Algebra II Regents Exam Questions at Random www.imap.org

467 A radioactive substance has a mass of 140 g at 3 p.m. and 100 g at 8 p.m. Write an equation in the

form 
$$A = A_0 \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{\frac{t}{h}}$$
 that models this situation,

where h is the constant representing the number of hours in the half-life,  $A_0$  is the initial mass, and A is the mass t hours after 3 p.m. Using this equation, solve for h, to the *nearest ten thousandth*. Determine when the mass of the radioactive substance will be 40 g. Round your answer to the *nearest tenth of an hour*.

- 468 An equation to represent the value of a car after t months of ownership is  $v = 32,000(0.81)^{\frac{t}{12}}$ . Which statement is *not* correct?
  - 1) The car lost approximately 19% of its value each month.
  - 2) The car maintained approximately 98% of its value each month.
  - 3) The value of the car when it was purchased was \$32,000.
  - 4) The value of the car 1 year after it was purchased was \$25,920.
- A public opinion poll was conducted on behalf of Mayor Ortega's reelection campaign shortly before the election. 264 out of 550 likely voters said they would vote for Mayor Ortega; the rest said they would vote for his opponent. Which statement is *least* appropriate to make, according to the results of the poll?
  - 1) There is a 48% chance that Mayor Ortega will win the election.
  - 2) The point estimate (p) of voters who will vote for Mayor Ortega is 48%.
  - 3) It is most likely that between 44% and 52% of voters will vote for Mayor Ortega.
  - 4) Due to the margin of error, an inference cannot be made regarding whether Mayor Ortega or his opponent is most likely to win the election.

- 470 Given  $z(x) = 6x^3 + bx^2 52x + 15$ , z(2) = 35, and z(-5) = 0, algebraically determine all the zeros of z(x).
- 471 Jasmine decides to put \$100 in a savings account each month. The account pays 3% annual interest, compounded monthly. How much money, *S*, will Jasmine have after one year?

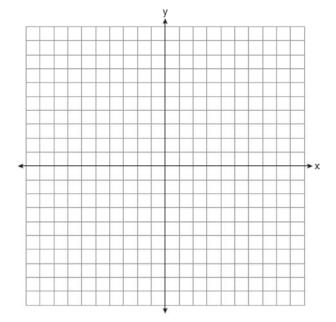
1) 
$$S = 100(1.03)^{12}$$

2) 
$$S = \frac{100 - 100(1.0025)^{12}}{1 - 1.0025}$$

3) 
$$S = 100(1.0025)^{12}$$

4) 
$$S = \frac{100 - 100(1.03)^{12}}{1 - 1.03}$$

472 On the axes below, graph *one* cycle of a cosine function with amplitude 3, period  $\frac{\pi}{2}$ , midline y = -1, and passing through the point (0,2).



## Algebra II Regents Exam Questions at Random www.imap.org

473 The value of a certain small passenger car based on its use in years is modeled by  $V(t) = 28482.698(0.684)^t$ , where V(t) is the value in dollars and t is the time in years. Zach had to take out a loan to purchase the small passenger car. The function  $Z(t) = 22151.327(0.778)^t$ , where Z(t) is measured in dollars, and t is the time in years, models the unpaid amount of Zach's loan over time.

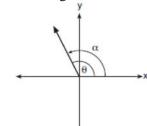
Graph V(t) and Z(t) over the interval  $0 \le t \le 5$ , on

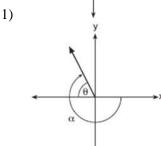
the set of axes below.

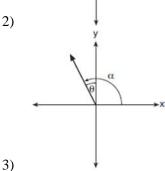
State when V(t) = Z(t), to the *nearest hundredth*, and interpret its meaning in the context of the problem. Zach takes out an insurance policy that requires him to pay a \$3000 deductible in case of a collision. Zach will cancel the collision policy when the value of his car equals his deductible. To the *nearest year*, how long will it take Zach to cancel this policy? Justify your answer.

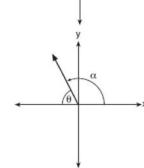
- 474 Given f(9) = -2, which function can be used to generate the sequence  $-8, -7.25, -6.5, -5.75, \dots$ ?
  - 1) f(n) = -8 + 0.75n
  - 2) f(n) = -8 0.75(n 1)
  - 3) f(n) = -8.75 + 0.75n
  - 4) f(n) = -0.75 + 8(n-1)

475 Which diagram represents an angle,  $\alpha$ , measuring  $\frac{13\pi}{20}$  radians drawn in standard position, and its reference angle,  $\theta$ ?









4)

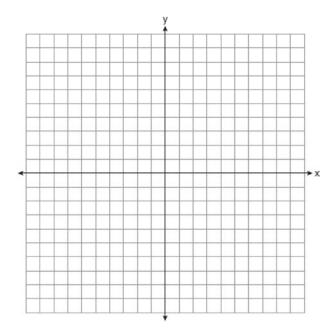
476 `Solve the system of equations shown below algebraically.

$$(x-3)^2 + (y+2)^2 = 16$$

$$2x + 2y = 10$$

# Algebra II Regents Exam Questions at Random www.jmap.org

477 Graph  $y = \log_2(x+3) - 5$  on the set of axes below. Use an appropriate scale to include *both* intercepts.



Describe the behavior of the given function as x approaches -3 and as x approaches positive infinity.

478 A recursive formula for the sequence 40,30,22.5,... is

$$1) \quad g_n = 40 \left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^n$$

2) 
$$g_1 = 40$$

$$g_n = g_{n-1} - 10$$

3) 
$$g_n = 40 \left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^{n-1}$$

4) 
$$g_1 = 40$$

$$g_n = \frac{3}{4} g_{n-1}$$

479 What is the solution, if any, of the equation

$$\frac{2}{x+3} - \frac{3}{4-x} = \frac{2x-2}{x^2 - x - 12}$$
?

- 1) -1
- 2) -5
- 3) all real numbers
- 4) no real solution
- 480 As x increases from 0 to  $\frac{\pi}{2}$ , the graph of the equation  $y = 2\tan x$  will
  - 1) increase from 0 to 2
  - 2) decrease from 0 to -2
  - 3) increase without limit
  - 4) decrease without limit
- 481 Rewrite the expression

$$(4x^2 + 5x)^2 - 5(4x^2 + 5x) - 6$$
 as a product of four linear factors.

482 What does  $\left(\frac{-54x^9}{y^4}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}$  equal?

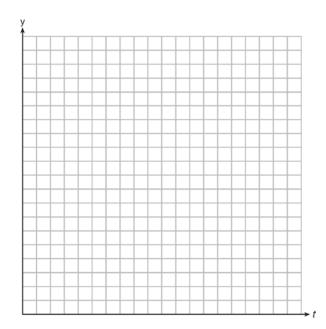
1) 
$$\frac{9ix^6\sqrt[3]{4}}{y\sqrt[3]{y^2}}$$

2) 
$$\frac{9ix^{6}\sqrt[3]{4}}{y^{2}\sqrt[3]{y^{2}}}$$

$$3) \quad \frac{9x^6\sqrt[3]{4}}{y\sqrt[3]{y}}$$

$$4) \quad \frac{9x^6\sqrt[3]{4}}{y^2\sqrt[3]{y^2}}$$

483 Drugs break down in the human body at different rates and therefore must be prescribed by doctors carefully to prevent complications, such as overdosing. The breakdown of a drug is represented by the function  $N(t) = N_0(e)^{-rt}$ , where N(t) is the amount left in the body,  $N_0$  is the initial dosage, r is the decay rate, and t is time in hours. Patient A, A(t), is given 800 milligrams of a drug with a decay rate of 0.347. Patient B, B(t), is given 400 milligrams of another drug with a decay rate of 0.231. Write two functions, A(t) and B(t), to represent the breakdown of the respective drug given to each patient. Graph each function on the set of axes below.



To the *nearest hour*, *t*, when does the amount of the given drug remaining in patient *B* begin to exceed the amount of the given drug remaining in patient *A*? The doctor will allow patient *A* to take another 800 milligram dose of the drug once only 15% of the original dose is left in the body. Determine, to the *nearest tenth of an hour*, how long patient *A* will have to wait to take another 800 milligram dose of the drug.

- 484 Write  $\sqrt[3]{x} \bullet \sqrt{x}$  as a single term with a rational exponent.
- 485 What is the completely factored form of

$$k^4 - 4k^2 + 8k^3 - 32k + 12k^2 - 48$$
?

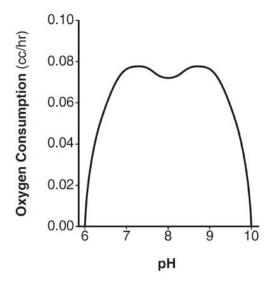
- 1) (k-2)(k-2)(k+3)(k+4)
- 2) (k-2)(k-2)(k+6)(k+2)
- 3) (k+2)(k-2)(k+3)(k+4)
- 4) (k+2)(k-2)(k+6)(k+2)
- 486 Solve the equation  $\sqrt{2x-7} + x = 5$  algebraically, and justify the solution set.
- 487 Seth's parents gave him \$5000 to invest for his 16th birthday. He is considering two investment options. Option *A* will pay him 4.5% interest compounded annually. Option *B* will pay him 4.6% compounded quarterly. Write a function of option *A* and option *B* that calculates the value of each account after *n* years. Seth plans to use the money after he graduates from college in 6 years. Determine how much more money option *B* will earn than option *A* to the *nearest cent*. Algebraically determine, to the *nearest tenth of a year*, how long it would take for option *B* to double Seth's initial investment.
- 488 Given the parent function  $p(x) = \cos x$ , which phrase best describes the transformation used to obtain the graph of  $g(x) = \cos(x+a) b$ , if a and b are positive constants?
  - 1) right a units, up b units
  - 2) right a units, down b units
  - 3) left *a* units, up *b* units
  - 4) left a units, down b units

- 489 A study was designed to test the effectiveness of a new drug. Half of the volunteers received the drug. The other half received a sugar pill. The probability of a volunteer receiving the drug and getting well was 40%. What is the probability of a volunteer getting well, given that the volunteer received the drug?
- 490 To solve  $\frac{2x}{x-2} \frac{11}{x} = \frac{8}{x^2 2x}$ , Ren multiplied

both sides by the least common denominator. Which statement is true?

- 1) 2 is an extraneous solution.
- 2)  $\frac{7}{2}$  is an extraneous solution.
- 3) 0 and 2 are extraneous solutions.
- 4) This equation does not contain any extraneous solutions.
- 491 If the terminal side of angle  $\theta$ , in standard position, passes through point (-4,3), what is the numerical value of  $\sin \theta$ ?
  - 1)  $\frac{3}{5}$
  - 2)  $\frac{4}{5}$
  - 3)  $-\frac{3}{5}$
  - 4)  $-\frac{4}{5}$
- 492 An orange-juice processing plant receives a truckload of oranges. The quality control team randomly chooses three pails of oranges, each containing 50 oranges, from the truckload. Identify the sample and the population in the given scenario. State *one* conclusion that the quality control team could make about the population if 5% of the sample was found to be unsatisfactory.

493 There was a study done on oxygen consumption of snails as a function of pH, and the result was a degree 4 polynomial function whose graph is shown below.



Which statement about this function is *incorrect*?

- 1) The degree of the polynomial is even.
- 2) There is a positive leading coefficient.
- 3) At two pH values, there is a relative maximum value.
- 4) There are two intervals where the function is decreasing.
- 494 Algebraically determine the values of *h* and *k* to correctly complete the identity stated below.

$$2x^3 - 10x^2 + 11x - 7 = (x - 4)(2x^2 + hx + 3) + k$$

495 Use the properties of rational exponents to determine the value of *y* for the equation:

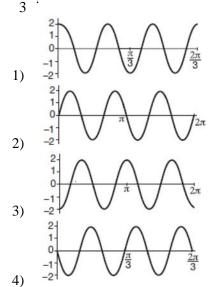
$$\frac{\sqrt[3]{x^8}}{\left(x^4\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}} = x^y, \ x > 1$$

496 Data collected about jogging from students with two older siblings are shown in the table below.

	Neither Sibling Jogs	One Sibling Jogs	Both Siblings Jog
Student Does Not Jog	1168	1823	1380
Student Jogs	188	416	400

Using these data, determine whether a student with two older siblings is more likely to jog if one sibling jogs or if both siblings jog. Justify your answer.

- 497 If  $\sin^2(32^\circ) + \cos^2(M) = 1$ , then *M* equals
  - 1) 32°
  - 2) 58°
  - 3) 68°
  - 4) 72°
- Which graph represents a cosine function with no horizontal shift, an amplitude of 2, and a period of  $\frac{2\pi}{2}$



499 Julie averaged 85 on the first three tests of the semester in her mathematics class. If she scores 93 on each of the remaining tests, her average will be 90. Which equation could be used to determine how many tests, *T*, are left in the semester?

$$1) \quad \frac{255 + 93T}{3T} = 90$$

$$2) \quad \frac{255 + 90T}{3T} = 93$$

$$3) \quad \frac{255 + 93T}{T + 3} = 90$$

4) 
$$\frac{255 + 90T}{T + 3} = 93$$

500 The speed of a tidal wave, s, in hundreds of miles per hour, can be modeled by the equation  $s = \sqrt{t} - 2t + 6$ , where t represents the time from its origin in hours. Algebraically determine the time when s = 0. How much faster was the tidal wave traveling after 1 hour than 3 hours, to the nearest mile per hour? Justify your answer.

501 Solve for all values of 
$$p$$
:  $\frac{3p}{p-5} - \frac{2}{p+3} = \frac{p}{p+3}$ 

Joelle has a credit card that has a 19.2% annual interest rate compounded monthly. She owes a total balance of *B* dollars after *m* months. Assuming she makes no payments on her account, the table below illustrates the balance she owes after *m* months.

m	В
0	100.00
10	1172.00
19	1352.00
36	1770.80
60	2591.90
69	2990.00
72	3135.80
73	3186.00

Over which interval of time is her average rate of change for the balance on her credit card account the greatest?

1) month 10 to month 60

3) month 36 to month 72

2) month 19 to month 69

- 4) month 60 to month 73
- 503 Two versions of a standardized test are given, an April version and a May version. The statistics for the April version show a mean score of 480 and a standard deviation of 24. The statistics for the May version show a mean score of 510 and a standard deviation of 20. Assume the scores are normally distributed. Joanne took the April version and scored in the interval 510-540. What is the probability, to the *nearest ten thousandth*, that a test paper selected at random from the April version scored in the same interval? Maria took the May version. In what interval must Maria score to claim she scored as well as Joanne?
- 505 The sequence  $a_1 = 6$ ,  $a_n = 3a_{n-1}$  can also be written as
  - $1) \quad a_n = 6 \cdot 3^n$
  - 2)  $a_n = 6 \cdot 3^{n+1}$
  - $3) \quad a_n = 2 \cdot 3^n$
  - 4)  $a_n = 2 \cdot 3^{n+1}$

504 Consider the system shown below.

$$2x - y = 4$$

$$(x+3)^2 + y^2 = 8$$

The two solutions of the system can be described as

- 1) both imaginary
- 2) both irrational
- 3) both rational
- 4) one rational and one irrational

- 506 Sean's team has a baseball game tomorrow. He pitches 50% of the games. There is a 40% chance of rain during the game tomorrow. If the probability that it rains given that Sean pitches is 40%, it can be concluded that these two events are
  - 1) independent
  - 2) dependent
  - 3) mutually exclusive
  - 4) complements

## Algebra II Regents Exam Questions at Random www.jmap.org

507 Using a microscope, a researcher observed and recorded the number of bacteria spores on a large sample of uniformly sized pieces of meat kept at room temperature. A summary of the data she recorded is shown in the table below.

Hours (x)	Average Number of Spores (y)		
0	4		
0.5	10		
1	15		
2	60		
3	260		
4	1130		
6	16,380		

Using these data, write an exponential regression equation, rounding all values to the *nearest thousandth*. The researcher knows that people are likely to suffer from food-borne illness if the number of spores exceeds 100. Using the exponential regression equation, determine the maximum amount of time, to the *nearest quarter hour*, that the meat can be kept at room temperature safely.

The loudness of sound is measured in units called decibels (dB). These units are measured by first assigning an intensity  $I_0$  to a very soft sound that is called the threshold sound. The sound to be measured is assigned an intensity, I, and the decibel rating, d, of this sound is found using  $d = 10 \log \frac{I}{I_0}$ . The threshold sound audible to the average person is  $1.0 \times 10^{-12}$  W/m<sup>2</sup> (watts per square meter). Consider the following sound level classifications:

Moderate	45-69 dB		
Loud	70-89 dB		
Very loud	90-109 dB		
Deafening	>110 dB		

How would a sound with intensity  $6.3 \times 10^{-3}$  W/m<sup>2</sup> be classified?

1) moderate

3) very loud

2) loud

- 4) deafening
- 509 Explain how (-8) <sup>4</sup>/<sub>3</sub> can be evaluated using properties of rational exponents to result in an integer answer.
- 510 Given events A and B, such that P(A) = 0.6, P(B) = 0.5, and  $P(A \cup B) = 0.8$ , determine whether A and B are independent or dependent.

511 The results of a survey of the student body at Central High School about television viewing preferences are shown below.

	<b>Comedy Series</b>	Drama Series	Reality Series	Total
Males	95	65	70	230
Females	80	70	110	260
Total	175	135	180	490

Are the events "student is a male" and "student prefers reality series" independent of each other? Justify your answer.

512 Monthly mortgage payments can be found using the formula below:

$$M = \frac{P\left(\frac{r}{12}\right)\left(1 + \frac{r}{12}\right)^n}{\left(1 + \frac{r}{12}\right)^n - 1}$$

M = monthly payment P = amount borrowed r = annual interest rate n = number of monthly payments

The Banks family would like to borrow \$120,000 to purchase a home. They qualified for an annual interest rate of 4.8%. Algebraically determine the *fewest* number of whole years the Banks family would need to include in the mortgage agreement in order to have a monthly payment of no more than \$720.

513 The function  $f(x) = \frac{x-3}{x^2 + 2x - 8}$  is undefined when

x equals

- 1) 2 or -4
- 2) 4 or -2
- 3) 3, only
- 4) 2, only

- 514 Simon lost his library card and has an overdue library book. When the book was 5 days late, he owed \$2.25 to replace his library card and pay the fine for the overdue book. When the book was 21 days late, he owed \$6.25 to replace his library card and pay the fine for the overdue book. Suppose the total amount Simon owes when the book is n days late can be determined by an arithmetic sequence. Determine a formula for  $a_n$ , the nth term of this sequence. Use the formula to determine the amount of money, in dollars, Simon needs to pay when the book is 60 days late.
- 515 Simplify  $xi(i-7i)^2$ , where *i* is the imaginary unit.
- The value of a new car depreciates over time. Greg purchased a new car in June 2011. The value, V, of his car after t years can be modeled by the equation  $\log \left(\frac{V}{V}\right) = t$ What is the average degreesing

$$\log_{0.8} \left( \frac{V}{17000} \right) = t$$
. What is the average decreasing

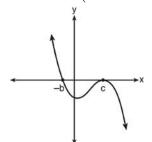
rate of change per year of the value of the car from June 2012 to June 2014, to the *nearest ten dollars per year*?

- 1) 1960
- 2) 2180
- 3) 2450
- 4) 2770

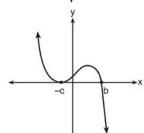
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517 If a, b, and c are all positive real numbers, which graph could represent the sketch of the graph of

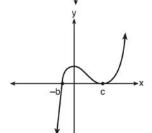
$$p(x) = -a(x+b)(x^2 - 2cx + c^2)?$$



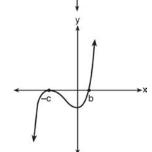
1)



2)



3)



4)

518 Algebraically prove that the difference of the squares of any two consecutive integers is an odd integer.

519 Which equation represents a parabola with the focus at (0,-1) and the directrix of y = 1?

1) 
$$x^2 = -8y$$

2) 
$$x^2 = -4y$$

3) 
$$x^2 = 8y$$

4) 
$$x^2 = 4y$$

nearest percent.

- 520 In New York State, the minimum wage has grown exponentially. In 1966, the minimum wage was \$1.25 an hour and in 2015, it was \$8.75.

  Algebraically determine the rate of growth to the
- 521 Which value is *not* contained in the solution of the system shown below?

$$a + 5b - c = -20$$

$$4a - 5b + 4c = 19$$

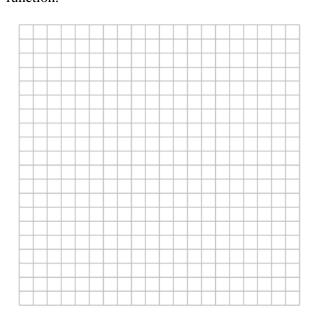
$$-a - 5b - 5c = 2$$

$$1) -2$$

$$4) -3$$

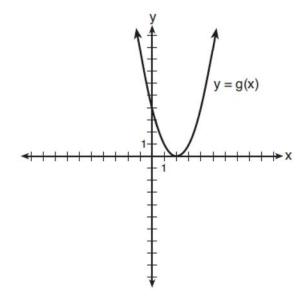
- 522 Which statement about statistical analysis is *false*?
  - 1) Experiments can suggest patterns and relationships in data.
  - 2) Experiments can determine cause and effect relationships.
  - 3) Observational studies can determine cause and effect relationships.
  - 4) Observational studies can suggest patterns and relationships in data.

523 The ocean tides near Carter Beach follow a repeating pattern over time, with the amount of time between each low and high tide remaining relatively constant. On a certain day, low tide occurred at 8:30 a.m. and high tide occurred at 3:00 p.m. At high tide, the water level was 12 inches above the average local sea level; at low tide it was 12 inches below the average local sea level. Assume that high tide and low tide are the maximum and minimum water levels each day, respectively. Write a cosine function of the form  $f(t) = A\cos(Bt)$ , where A and B are real numbers, that models the water level, f(t), in inches above or below the average Carter Beach sea level, as a function of the time measured in t hours since 8:30 a.m. On the grid below, graph one cycle of this function.



People who fish in Carter Beach know that a certain species of fish is most plentiful when the water level is increasing. Explain whether you would recommend fishing for this species at 7:30 p.m. or 10:30 p.m. using evidence from the given context.

524 What is the solution to the system of equations y = 3x - 2 and y = g(x) where g(x) is defined by the function below?



- 1)  $\{(0,-2)\}$
- (0,-2),(1,6)
- 3) {(1,6)}
- 4) {(1,1),(6,16)}
- 525 The Rickerts decided to set up an account for their daughter to pay for her college education. The day their daughter was born, they deposited \$1000 in an account that pays 1.8% compounded annually. Beginning with her first birthday, they deposit an additional \$750 into the account on each of her birthdays. Which expression correctly represents the amount of money in the account *n* years after their daughter was born?
  - 1)  $a_n = 1000(1.018)^n + 750$
  - 2)  $a_n = 1000(1.018)^n + 750n$
  - 3)  $a_0 = 1000$

$$a_n = a_{n-1}(1.018) + 750$$

4)  $a_0 = 1000$ 

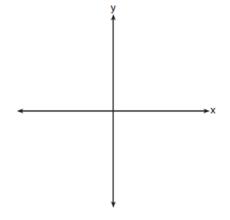
$$a_n = a_{n-1}(1.018) + 750n$$

526 Which function shown below has a greater average rate of change on the interval [-2,4]? Justify your answer.

X	f(x)
-4	0.3125
-3	0.625
-2	1.25
-1	2.5
0	5
1	10
2	20
3	40
4	80
5	160
6	320

$$g(x) = 4x^3 - 5x^2 + 3$$

527 On the axes below, sketch a possible function p(x) = (x-a)(x-b)(x+c), where a, b, and c are positive, a > b, and p(x) has a positive y-intercept of d. Label all intercepts.



528 The solution to the equation  $18x^2 - 24x + 87 = 0$  is

1) 
$$-\frac{2}{3} \pm 6i\sqrt{158}$$

2) 
$$-\frac{2}{3} \pm \frac{1}{6} i \sqrt{158}$$

3) 
$$\frac{2}{3} \pm 6i\sqrt{158}$$

4) 
$$\frac{2}{3} \pm \frac{1}{6} i \sqrt{158}$$

529 The expression  $\frac{4x^3 + 5x + 10}{2x + 3}$  is equivalent to

1) 
$$2x^2 + 3x - 7 + \frac{31}{2x + 3}$$

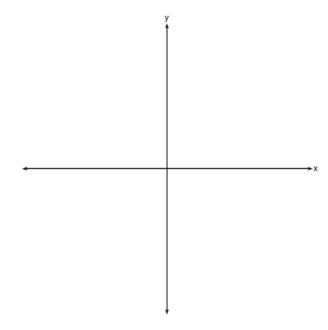
2) 
$$2x^2 - 3x + 7 - \frac{11}{2x+3}$$

2) 
$$2x^2 - 3x + 7 - \frac{11}{2x + 3}$$
  
3)  $2x^2 + 2.5x + 5 + \frac{15}{2x + 3}$ 

4) 
$$2x^2 - 2.5x - 5 - \frac{20}{2x+3}$$

- 530 A sine function increasing through the origin can be used to model light waves. Violet light has a wavelength of 400 nanometers. Over which interval is the height of the wave *decreasing*, only?
  - 1) (0,200)
  - 2) (100, 300)
  - 3) (200,400)
  - 4) (300,400)
- 531 Express  $(1-i)^3$  in a+bi form.
- 532 In contract negotiations between a local government agency and its workers, it is estimated that there is a 50% chance that an agreement will be reached on the salaries of the workers. It is estimated that there is a 70% chance that there will be an agreement on the insurance benefits. There is a 20% chance that no agreement will be reached on either issue. Find the probability that an agreement will be reached on both issues. Based on this answer, determine whether the agreement on salaries and the agreement on insurance are independent events. Justify your answer.
- 533 A suburban high school has a population of 1376 students. The number of students who participate in sports is 649. The number of students who participate in music is 433. If the probability that a student participates in either sports or music is  $\frac{974}{1376}$ , what is the probability that a student participates in both sports and music?

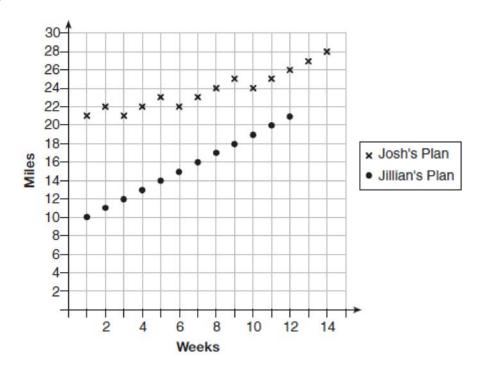
- Write (5+2yi)(4-3i)-(5-2yi)(4-3i) in a+bi form, where y is a real number.
- 535 a) On the axes below, sketch *at least one* cycle of a sine curve with an amplitude of 2, a midline at  $y = -\frac{3}{2}$ , and a period of  $2\pi$ .



- b) Explain any differences between a sketch of  $y = 2\sin\left(x \frac{\pi}{3}\right) \frac{3}{2}$  and the sketch from part a.
- 536 When  $g(x) = \frac{2}{x+2}$  and  $h(x) = \log(x+1) + 3$  are graphed on the same set of axes, which coordinates best approximate their point of intersection?
  - 1) (-0.9, 1.8)
  - 2) (-0.9, 1.9)
  - 3) (1.4, 3.3)
  - 4) (1.4, 3.4)

## Algebra II Regents Exam Questions at Random www.jmap.org

Elaina has decided to run the Buffalo half-marathon in May. She researched training plans on the Internet and is looking at two possible plans: Jillian's 12-week plan and Josh's 14-week plan. The number of miles run per week for each plan is plotted below.



Which one of the plans follows an arithmetic pattern? Explain how you arrived at your answer. Write a recursive definition to represent the number of miles run each week for the duration of the plan you chose. Jillian's plan has an alternative if Elaina wanted to train instead for a full 26-mile marathon. Week one would start at 13 miles and follow the same pattern for the half-marathon, but it would continue for 14 weeks. Write an explicit formula, in *simplest form*, to represent the number of miles run each week for the full-marathon training plan.

- 538 The weight of a bag of pears at the local market averages 8 pounds with a standard deviation of 0.5 pound. The weights of all the bags of pears at the market closely follow a normal distribution.

  Determine what percentage of bags, to the *nearest integer*, weighed *less* than 8.25 pounds.
- 539 Which binomial is *not* a factor of the expression

$$x^3 - 11x^2 + 16x + 84$$
?

- 1) x + 2
- 2) x + 4
- 3) x-6
- 4) x 7

540 After sitting out of the refrigerator for a while, a turkey at room temperature (68°F) is placed into an oven at 8 a.m., when the oven temperature is 325°F. Newton's Law of Heating explains that the temperature of the turkey will increase proportionally to the difference between the temperature of the turkey and the temperature of the oven, as given by the formula below:

$$T = T_a + (T_0 - T_a)e^{-kt}$$

 $T_a$  = the temperature surrounding the object

 $T_0$  = the initial temperature of the object

t =the time in hours

T = the temperature of the object after t hours

k = decay constant

The turkey reaches the temperature of approximately  $100^{\circ}$  F after 2 hours. Find the value of k, to the *nearest thousandth*, and write an equation to determine the temperature of the turkey after t hours. Determine the Fahrenheit temperature of the turkey, to the *nearest degree*, at 3 p.m.

541 Iridium-192 is an isotope of iridium and has a half-life of 73.83 days. If a laboratory experiment begins with 100 grams of Iridium-192, the number of grams, *A*, of Iridium-192 present after *t* days

would be 
$$A = 100 \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{\frac{1}{73.83}}$$
. Which equation

approximates the amount of Iridium-192 present after *t* days?

1) 
$$A = 100 \left( \frac{73.83}{2} \right)^t$$

$$2) \quad A = 100 \left( \frac{1}{147.66} \right)^t$$

3) 
$$A = 100(0.990656)^t$$

4) 
$$A = 100(0.116381)^t$$

542 Mallory wants to buy a new window air conditioning unit. The cost for the unit is \$329.99. If she plans to run the unit three months out of the year for an annual operating cost of \$108.78, which function models the cost per year over the lifetime of the unit, C(n), in terms of the number of years, n, that she owns the air conditioner.

1) 
$$C(n) = 329.99 + 108.78n$$

2) 
$$C(n) = 329.99 + 326.34n$$

3) 
$$C(n) = \frac{329.99 + 108.78n}{n}$$

4) 
$$C(n) = \frac{329.99 + 326.34n}{n}$$

543 When g(x) is divided by x + 4, the remainder is 0. Given  $g(x) = x^4 + 3x^3 - 6x^2 - 6x + 8$ , which conclusion about g(x) is true?

1) 
$$g(4) = 0$$

2) 
$$g(-4) = 0$$

3) 
$$x-4$$
 is a factor of  $g(x)$ .

4) No conclusion can be made regarding g(x).

544 The focal length, F, of a camera's lens is related to the distance of the object from the lens, J, and the distance to the image area in the camera, W, by the formula below.

$$\frac{1}{J} + \frac{1}{W} = \frac{1}{F}$$

When this equation is solved for J in terms of F and W, J equals

1) 
$$F-W$$

2) 
$$\frac{FW}{F-W}$$

3) 
$$\frac{FW}{W-F}$$

$$4) \quad \frac{1}{F} - \frac{1}{W}$$

## Algebra II Regents Exam Questions at Random www.imap.org

- 545 The voltage used by most households can be modeled by a sine function. The maximum voltage is 120 volts, and there are 60 cycles *every second*. Which equation best represents the value of the voltage as it flows through the electric wires, where *t* is time in seconds?
  - 1)  $V = 120 \sin(t)$
  - 2)  $V = 120 \sin(60t)$
  - 3)  $V = 120 \sin(60\pi t)$
  - 4)  $V = 120 \sin(120\pi t)$
- 546 A polynomial equation of degree three, p(x), is used to model the volume of a rectangular box. The graph of p(x) has x intercepts at -2, 10, and 14. Which statements regarding p(x) could be true?
  - A. The equation of p(x) = (x-2)(x+10)(x+14).
  - B. The equation of p(x) = -(x+2)(x-10)(x-14).
  - C. The maximum volume occurs when x = 10.
  - D. The maximum volume of the box is approximately 56.
  - 1) *A* and *C*
  - 2) *A* and *D*
  - 3) *B* and *C*
  - 4) B and D
- 547 Sally's high school is planning their spring musical. The revenue, R, generated can be determined by the function  $R(t) = -33t^2 + 360t$ , where t represents the price of a ticket. The production cost, C, of the musical is represented by the function C(t) = 700 + 5t. What is the highest ticket price, to the *nearest dollar*, they can charge in order to *not* lose money on the event?
  - 1) t = 3
  - 2) t = 5
  - 3) t = 8
  - 4) t = 11

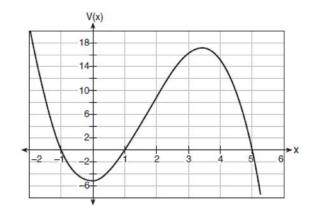
- 548 The population of Jamesburg for the years 2010-2013, respectively, was reported as follows: 250,000 250,937 251,878 252,822 How can this sequence be recursively modeled?
  - 1)  $j_n = 250,000(1.00375)^{n-1}$
  - 2)  $j_n = 250,000 + 937^{(n-1)}$
  - 3)  $j_1 = 250,000$

$$j_n = 1.00375 j_{n-1}$$

4) 
$$j_1 = 250,000$$

$$j_n = j_{n-1} + 937$$

549 A cardboard box manufacturing company is building boxes with length represented by x + 1, width by 5 - x, and height by x - 1. The volume of the box is modeled by the function below.



- Over which interval is the volume of the box changing at the fastest average rate?
- 1) [1,2]
- 2) [1,3.5]
- 3) [1,5]
- 4) [0,3.5]

#### **Algebra II Regents at Random Answer Section**

1 ANS: 3  

$$\sqrt{x+1} = x+1$$
  
 $x+1 = x^2 + 2x + 1$   
 $0 = x^2 + x$   
 $0 = x(x+1)$   
 $x = -1, 0$ 

PTS: 2

REF: 011802aii

NAT: A.REI.A.2

TOP: Solving Radicals

KEY: extraneous solutions

2 ANS: 4

PTS: 2

REF: 081824aii

NAT: S.CP.A.3

**TOP:** Conditional Probability

3 ANS: 3

$$\frac{x^2(x+2)-9(x+2)}{x(x^2-x-6)} = \frac{(x^2-9)(x+2)}{x(x-3)(x+2)} = \frac{(x+3)(x-3)}{x(x-3)} = \frac{x+3}{x}$$

PTS: 2

REF: 061803aii

NAT: A.APR.D.6

**TOP:** Rational Expressions

KEY: factoring

4 ANS:

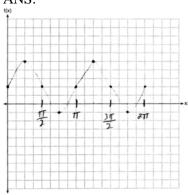
Self selection is a cause of bias because people with more free time are more likely to respond.

PTS: 2 KEY: bias REF: 061828aii

NAT: S.IC.B.3

TOP: Analysis of Data

5 ANS:



PTS: 2

REF: 081830aii

NAT: F.IF.C.7

TOP: Graphing Trigonometric Functions

KEY: graph

6 ANS:

$$D = 1.223(2.652)^A$$

PTS: 2

REF: 011826aii

NAT: S.ID.B.6

TOP: Regression

KEY: exponential

7 ANS: 2

PTS: 2

REF: 061917aii

NAT: F.LE.B.5

**TOP:** Modeling Exponential Functions

8 ANS: 2

$$P = \frac{2\pi}{\frac{\pi}{45}} = 90$$

PTS: 2

REF: 081822aii

NAT: F.IF.C.7

**TOP:** Graphing Trigonometric Functions

KEY: period

9 ANS: 2

$$n^{2}(n^{2}-9)+4n(n^{2}-9)-12(n^{2}-9)$$

$$\left(n^2 + 4n - 12\right)\left(n^2 - 9\right)$$

$$(n+6)(n-2)(n+3)(n-3)$$

PTS: 2

REF: 061911aii

NAT: A.SSE.A.2 TOP: Factoring Polynomials

KEY: factoring by grouping

10 ANS: 2

$$x = \frac{2 \pm \sqrt{(-2)^2 - 4(5)(4)}}{2(5)} = \frac{2 \pm \sqrt{-76}}{10} = \frac{2 \pm i\sqrt{4}\sqrt{19}}{10} = \frac{1}{5} \pm \frac{i\sqrt{19}}{5}$$

REF: 011905aii

NAT: A.REI.B.4

**TOP:** Solving Quadratics

KEY: complex solutions | quadratic formula

11 ANS: 4

$$5000 \left( 1 + \frac{.035}{12} \right)^{12 \cdot 6} \approx 6166.50$$

PTS: 2

REF: 081917aii

NAT: F.LE.A.2

**TOP:** Modeling Exponential Functions

12 ANS: 4

PTS: 2

REF: 061914aii

NAT: A.REI.D.11

TOP: Other Systems

13 ANS: 1

PTS: 2

REF: 081813aii

NAT: A.SSE.B.4

TOP: Series

14 ANS: 4

PTS: 2

REF: 081803aii

NAT: F.BF.A.1

TOP: Operations with Functions

15 ANS: 3

$$1^3 - k(1)^2 + 2(1) = 0$$

$$k = 3$$

PTS: 2

REF: 061812aii

NAT: A.APR.B.2 TOP: Remainder Theorem

16 ANS: 2

$$x^2 + 4x - 1 = x - 3$$
  $y + 3 = -1$ 

$$x^2 + 3x + 2 = 0 y = -4$$

$$y = -4$$

$$(x+2)(x+1) = 0$$

$$x = -2, -1$$

PTS: 2

REF: 061801aii NAT: A.REI.C.7 TOP: Quadratic-Linear Systems

17 ANS:

$$(x+2)$$
 $\frac{x^3}{x^4+2x^3+4x-10}$  $\frac{+4}{x^3+4-\frac{18}{x+2}}$ . No, because there is a remainder.

$$\underline{x^4 + 2x^3}$$

$$4x - 10$$

$$4x + 8$$

$$-18$$

PTS: 4

REF: 011934aii

NAT: A.APR.D.6 TOP: Rational Expressions

KEY: division

18 ANS:

 $\frac{13.9-9.4}{4-1}$  = 1.5 The average rate of change in the number of hours of daylight from January 1-April 1 is 1.5.

PTS: 2

REF: 061925aii

NAT: F.IF.B.6

TOP: Rate of Change

19 ANS: 4

PTS: 2

REF: 011808aii

NAT: A.SSE.B.3

TOP: Modeling Exponential Functions

20 ANS: 2

$$121(b)^{2} = 64 \quad 64 \left(\frac{8}{11}\right)^{2} \approx 34$$
$$b = \frac{8}{11}$$

PTS: 2

REF: 011904aii

NAT: F.IF.A.3

TOP: Sequences

KEY: explicit

21 ANS: 4

$$(x-y)^2 = x^2 - 2xy + y^2 (x+y)^3 = x^3 + 3x^2y + 3xy^2 + y^3$$

PTS: 2

REF: 061902aii

NAT: A.APR.C.4 TOP: Polynomial Identities

22 ANS:

$$B = 1.69\sqrt{30 + 4.45} - 3.49 \approx 6$$
, which is a steady breeze.

$$15 = 1.69\sqrt{s + 4.45} - 3.49$$

$$18.49 = 1.69\sqrt{s + 4.45}$$

$$\frac{18.49}{1.69} = \sqrt{s + 4.45}$$

$$\left(\frac{18.49}{1.69}\right)^2 = s + 4.45$$

$$s = \left(\frac{18.49}{1.69}\right)^2 - 4.45$$

$$s \approx 115$$

$$9.5 = 1.69\sqrt{s + 4.45} - 3.49$$

$$9.5 = 1.69\sqrt{s + 4.45} - 3.49$$
  $10.49 = 1.69\sqrt{s + 4.45} - 3.49$  55-64

$$12.99 = 1.69\sqrt{s + 4.45}$$

$$13.98 = 1.69\sqrt{s + 4.45}$$

$$\frac{12.99}{1.69} = \sqrt{s + 4.45} \qquad \frac{13.98}{1.69} = \sqrt{s + 4.45}$$

$$\frac{13.98}{1.69} = \sqrt{s + 4.45}$$

$$\left(\frac{12.99}{1.69}\right)^2 = s + 4.45$$
  $\left(\frac{13.98}{1.69}\right)^2 = s + 4.45$ 

$$\left(\frac{13.98}{1.69}\right)^2 = s + 4.45$$

$$s = \left(\frac{12.99}{1.69}\right)^2 - 4.43$$

$$s = \left(\frac{12.99}{1.69}\right)^2 - 4.45$$
 
$$s = \left(\frac{13.98}{1.69}\right)^2 - 4.45$$

$$s \approx 55$$

PTS: 6

REF: 081937aii

NAT: A.REI.A.2 TOP: Solving Radicals

KEY: context

23 ANS: 4

There is no *x*-intercept.

PTS: 2

REF: 011823aii

NAT: F.IF.C.7

**TOP:** Graphing Exponential Functions

24 ANS:

 $1200 \cdot 0.784 \approx 941$ 

PTS: 2

REF: 081828aii

NAT: S.ID.A.4

**TOP:** Normal Distributions

KEY: predict

25 ANS:

$$3x^3 + x^2 + 3xy + y = x^2(3x+1) + y(3x+1) = (x^2 + y)(3x+1)$$

REF: 011828aii

NAT: A.SSE.A.2

**TOP:** Factoring Polynomials

KEY: factoring by grouping

26 ANS: 4 The vertex is (2,2) and p = 3. 3 + 2 = 5

PTS: 2 REF: 081823aii NAT: G.GPE.A.2 TOP: Graphing Quadratic Functions

27 ANS:

$$\frac{47}{108} = \frac{1}{4} + \frac{116}{459} - P(M \text{ and } J); \text{ No, because } \frac{31}{459} \neq \frac{1}{4} \cdot \frac{116}{459}$$

 $P(M \text{ and } J) = \frac{31}{459}$ 

PTS: 4 REF: 011834aii NAT: S.CP.A.3 TOP: Conditional Probability

28 ANS: 4

$$3x - (-2x + 14) = 16 \ 3(6) - 4z = 2$$

$$5x = 30$$
  $-4z = -16$ 

$$x = 6$$
  $z = 4$ 

PTS: 2 REF: 011803aii NAT: A.REI.C.6 TOP: Solving Linear Systems

KEY: three variables

29 ANS: 1

$$(x+7)(x-1) = x^2 + 6x - 7 = x^2 + 6x + 9 - 7 - 9 = (x+3)^2 - 16$$

PTS: 2 REF: 061808aii NAT: A.APR.C.4 TOP: Polynomial Identities

30 ANS:

$$2 = e^{0.0375t}$$

 $t \approx 18.5$ 

PTS: 4 REF: 081835aii NAT: F.LE.A.4 TOP: Exponential Growth

31 ANS: 4

$$(a+b+c)^2 = a^2 + ab + ac + ab + b^2 + bc + ac + ab + c^2$$

$$x = a^{2} + b^{2} + c^{2} + 2(ab + bc + ac)$$

$$x = y + 2z$$

PTS: 2 REF: 061822aii NAT: A.APR.C.4 TOP: Polynomial Identities

32 ANS:

 $138.905 \pm 2 \cdot 7.95 = 123 - 155$ . No, since 125 (50% of 250) falls within the 95% interval.

PTS: 4 REF: 011835aii NAT: S.IC.A.2 TOP: Analysis of Data

33 ANS: 2

 $0.254 \pm 2(0.060) \rightarrow (0.134, 0.374)$ 

PTS: 2 REF: 061913aii NAT: S.IC.B.5 TOP: Analysis of Data

The maximum of p is 5. The minimum of f is  $-\frac{21}{4}$   $(x = \frac{-6}{2(4)} = -\frac{3}{4})$ 

$$f\left(-\frac{3}{4}\right) = 4\left(-\frac{3}{4}\right)^2 + 6\left(-\frac{3}{4}\right) - 3 = 4\left(\frac{9}{16}\right) - \frac{18}{4} - \frac{12}{4} = -\frac{21}{4}$$
).  $\frac{20}{4} - \left(-\frac{21}{4}\right) = \frac{41}{4} = 10.25$ 

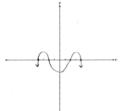
PTS: 2

REF: 011922aii

NAT: F.IF.C.9

**TOP:** Comparing Functions

35 ANS:



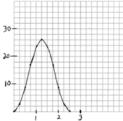
PTS: 2

REF: 011926aii

NAT: F.IF.C.7

**TOP:** Graphing Polynomial Functions

36 ANS:



period =  $\frac{2\pi}{0.8\pi}$  = 2.5. The wheel rotates once every 2.5 seconds.

of f(t) = 26.

KEY: graph

PTS: 6

REF: 061937aii

NAT: F.IF.C.7

TOP: Graphing Trigonometric Functions

No, because the maximum

37 ANS: 2

$$2 - \frac{x-1}{x+2}$$

$$1 + \frac{x+2}{x+2} - \frac{x-1}{x+2}$$

$$1 + \frac{x + 2 - (x - 1)}{x + 2}$$

$$1 + \frac{3}{x+2}$$

PTS: 2

REF: 081907aii

NAT: A.APR.D.7 TOP: Addition and Subtraction of Rationals

(1) quadratic has two roots and both are real (-2,0) and (-0.5,0), (2)  $x = \pm \sqrt{32} - 3$ , (3) the real root is 3, with a multiplicity of 2, (4)  $x = \pm 4i$ 

PTS: 2

REF: 011909aii

NAT: A.REI.B.4

TOP: Using the Discriminant

KEY: determine nature of roots given equation, graph, table

39 ANS: 2



PTS: 2

REF: 061817aii

NAT: S.ID.A.4

**TOP:** Normal Distributions

KEY: probability

40 ANS:

$$\frac{2x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{2x^{\frac{2}{2}}} = x^{\frac{1}{2}} = \sqrt{x}$$

PTS: 2

REF: 081826aii

NAT: N.RN.A.2

TOP: Radicals and Rational Exponents

KEY: variables 41 ANS: 4

 $\log_{2}(x-1)-1=0$ 

$$\log_2(x-1) = 1$$

$$x - 1 = 2^1$$

TOP: Modeling Rationals

$$x = 3$$

PTS: 2

REF: 061819aii

NAT: F.IF.C.7

TOP: Graphing Logarithmic Functions

42 ANS: 3

PTS: 2

REF: 061824aii

NAT: A.CED.A.1

43 ANS:

$$\frac{\sqrt[3]{x^2y^5}}{\sqrt[4]{x^3y^4}} = \frac{x^{\frac{2}{3}}y^{\frac{5}{3}}}{x^{\frac{4}{3}}y} = \frac{x^{\frac{8}{12}}y^{\frac{20}{12}}}{x^{\frac{9}{12}}y^{\frac{12}{12}}} = x^{-\frac{1}{12}}y^{\frac{2}{3}}$$

PTS: 2

REF: 011925aii

NAT: N.RN.A.2

TOP: Radicals and Rational Exponents

KEY: variables

44 ANS: 2

PTS: 2

REF: 081802aii

NAT: S.IC.B.3

TOP: Analysis of Data

KEY: type

$$S_7 = \frac{85000 - 85000(1.06)^7}{1 - 1.06} \approx 713476.20$$

PTS: 2

REF: 061905aii

NAT: A.SSE.B.4

TOP: Series

46 ANS: 4

PTS: 2

REF: 061907aii

NAT: A.APR.B.2

TOP: Remainder Theorem

47 ANS:

$$\frac{h(2)-h(1)}{2-1}=-12$$
,  $h(t)=0$  at  $t\approx 2.2,3.8$ , using a graphing calculator to find where  $h(t)=0$ .

PTS: 4

REF: 061836aii

NAT: F.IF.B.4

**TOP:** Graphing Trigonometric Functions

48 ANS:

John found the means of the scores of the two rooms and subtracted the means. The mean score for the classical room was 7 higher than the rap room (82-75). Yes, there is less than a 5% chance this difference occurring due to random chance. It is likely the difference was due to the music.

PTS: 4

REF: 081836aii

NAT: S.IC.B.5

TOP: Analysis of Data

49 ANS:

$$x^{2} + (x - 28)^{2} = 400$$
  $y = 12 - 28 = -16$   $y = 16 - 28 = -12$ 

$$x^2 + x^2 - 56x + 784 = 400$$

$$2x^2 - 56x + 384 = 0$$

$$x^2 - 28x + 192 = 0$$

$$(x - 16)(x - 12) = 0$$

$$x = 12, 16$$

PTS: 2

REF: 081831aii NAT: A.REI.C.7

TOP: Quadratic-Linear Systems

50 ANS:

$$-6(x+3)\left(\frac{-3}{x+3} - \frac{x}{6} + 1 = 0\right)$$

$$18 + x(x+3) - 6(x+3) = 0$$

$$18 + x^2 + 3x - 6x - 18 = 0$$

$$x^2 - 3x = 0$$

$$x(x-3)=0$$

$$x = 0.3$$

PTS: 2

REF: 081829aii

NAT: A.REI.A.2

**TOP:** Solving Rationals

**KEY**: rational solutions

q has the smaller minimum value for the domain [-2,2]. h's minimum is -1(2(-1)+1) and q's minimum is -8.

PTS: 2

REF: 011830aii

NAT: F.IF.C.9

**TOP:** Comparing Functions

52 ANS: 3

PTS: 2

REF: 081909aii

NAT: F.BF.A.2

TOP: Sequences

KEY: recursive

53 ANS:

 $i^2 = -1$ , and not 1; 10 + 10i

PTS: 2

REF: 011825aii

NAT: N.CN.A.2

TOP: Operations with Complex Numbers

54 ANS: 2

PTS: 2

REF: 081904aii

NAT: A.SSE.A.2

**TOP:** Factoring Polynomials

KEY: higher power

55 ANS:

 $a_1 = 3$   $a_2 = 7$   $a_3 = 15$   $a_4 = 31$ ; No, because there is no common ratio:  $\frac{7}{3} \neq \frac{15}{7}$ 

PTS: 2

REF: 061830aii

NAT: F.IF.A.3

TOP: Sequences

KEY: recursive

56 ANS: 1

$$9110 = 5000e^{30r}$$

$$\ln \frac{911}{500} = \ln e^{30r}$$

$$\frac{\ln\frac{911}{500}}{30} = r$$

$$r \approx .02$$

PTS: 2

REF: 011810aii

NAT: F.LE.A.4

TOP: Exponential Growth

57 ANS: 3

$$e^{bt} = \frac{c}{a}$$

$$\ln e^{bt} = \ln \frac{c}{a}$$

$$bt\ln e = \ln\frac{c}{a}$$

$$t = \frac{\ln \frac{c}{a}}{b}$$

PTS· 2

REF: 011813aii

NAT: F.LE.A.4

TOP: Exponential Equations

KEY: without common base

$$P(A+B) = P(A) \cdot P(B|A) = 0.8 \cdot 0.85 = 0.68$$

PTS: 2

REF: 011928aii

NAT: S.CP.A.3

**TOP:** Conditional Probability

59 ANS:

$$\frac{9}{6} = 1.5 \ a_1 = 6$$
$$a_n = 1.5 \cdot a_{n-1}$$

PTS: 2

REF: 061931aii

NAT: F.LE.A.2

TOP: Sequences

KEY: recursive

60 ANS: 2

$$f(x) = f(-x)$$

$$x^2 - 4 = (-x)^2 - 4$$

$$x^2 - 4 = x^2 - 4$$

PTS: 2

REF: 061806aii

NAT: F.BF.B.3

TOP: Even and Odd Functions

61 ANS: 2

$$P(B) \cdot P(A|B) = P(A \text{ and } B)$$

$$P(B) \cdot 0.8 = 0.2$$

$$P(B) = 0.25$$

PTS: 2

REF: 081913aii

NAT: S.CP.A.3

**TOP:** Conditional Probability

62 ANS:

$$20e^{.05t} = 30e^{.03t}$$

$$\frac{\frac{2}{3}e^{.05t}}{e^{.05t}} = \frac{e^{.03t}}{e^{.05t}}$$

$$\ln\frac{2}{3} = \ln e^{-.02t}$$

$$\ln\frac{2}{3} = -.02t \ln e$$

$$\frac{\ln\frac{2}{3}}{-.02} =$$

$$20.3 \approx t$$

PTS: 2

REF: 011829aii NAT: A.REI.D.11 TOP: Other Systems

$$p(x) = r(x) - c(x)$$

$$-0.5x^2 + 250x - 300 = -0.3x^2 + 150x - c(x)$$

$$c(x) = 0.2x^2 - 100x + 300$$

PTS: 2

REF: 061813aii

NAT: F.BF.A.1

**TOP:** Operations with Functions

64 ANS:

 $29.101 \pm 2 \cdot 0.934 = 27.23 - 30.97$ . Yes, since 30 falls within the 95% interval.

PTS: 4

REF: 011935aii

NAT: S.IC.A.2

TOP: Analysis of Data

65 ANS:

$$\frac{p(x)}{x-1} = x^2 + 7 + \frac{5}{x-1}$$

$$p(x) = x^3 - x^2 + 7x - 7 + 5$$

$$p(x) = x^3 - x^2 + 7x - 2$$

PTS: 2

REF: 061930aii

NAT: A.APR.D.6 TOP: Rational Expressions

KEY: division

66 ANS: 4

$$m^3 - 2m^2 + 4m - 8 = 0$$

$$m^2(m-2) + 4(m-2) = 0$$

$$\left(m^2+4\right)(m-2)=0$$

PTS: 2

REF: 081821aii

NAT: A.APR.B.3

**TOP:** Solving Polynomial Equations

67 ANS: 3

$$(x+3i)^2 - (2x-3i)^2 = x^2 + 6xi + 9i^2 - \left(4x^2 - 12xi + 9i^2\right) = -3x^2 + 18xi$$

PTS: 2

REF: 061805aii

NAT: N.CN.A.2

TOP: Operations with Complex Numbers

68 ANS:

$$\frac{-1}{\sqrt{2^2 + (-1)^2}} = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{5}}$$

REF: 061832aii

NAT: F.TF.A.2

TOP: Determining Trigonometric Functions

KEY: extension to reals

69 ANS: 3

The vertex is (-3,5) and p = 2.  $y = \frac{-1}{4(2)}(x+3)^2 + 5$ 

PTS: 2

REF: 011914aii

NAT: G.GPE.A.2 TOP: Graphing Quadratic Functions

$$T(19) = 8\sin(0.3(19) - 3) + 74 \approx 77$$

PTS: 2

REF: 061922aii NAT: F.TF.A.2

**TOP:** Determining Trigonometric Functions

KEY: radians

71 ANS: 2

$$4x \bullet x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 2x^{\frac{5}{3}} = 4x^{\frac{5}{3}} + 2x^{\frac{5}{3}} = 6x^{\frac{5}{3}} = 6\sqrt[3]{x^5}$$

PTS: 2

REF: 061820aii

NAT: N.RN.A.2

TOP: Operations with Radicals

KEY: with variables, index > 2

72 ANS: 2

$$x = 4y + 5$$

$$x - 5 = 4y$$

$$\frac{1}{4}x - \frac{5}{4} = y$$

PTS: 2

REF: 061909aii

NAT: F.BF.B.4 TOP: Inverse of Functions

KEY: linear

73 ANS:

$$\frac{165 + 66 - 33}{825} = \frac{198}{825}$$

PTS: 2

REF: 081925aii NAT: S.CP.B.6

**TOP:** Conditional Probability

74 ANS: 2

$$S_{20} = \frac{.01 - .01(3)^{20}}{1 - 3} = 17,433,922$$

PTS: 2

REF: 011822aii NAT: A.SSE.B.4

TOP: Series

75 ANS:

$$\frac{7}{2x} - \frac{2}{x+1} = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$\frac{7x + 7 - 4x}{2x^2 + 2x} = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$2x^2 + 2x = 12x + 28$$

$$x^2 - 5x - 14 = 0$$

$$(x-7)(x+2) = 0$$

$$x = 7, -2$$

PTS: 2

REF: 061926aii NAT: A.REI.A.2 TOP: Solving Rationals

KEY: rational solutions

$$6 - (3x - 2i)(3x - 2i) = 6 - \left(9x^2 - 12xi + 4i^2\right) = 6 - 9x^2 + 12xi + 4 = -9x^2 + 12xi + 10$$

PTS: 2

REF: 061915aii NAT: N.CN.A.2

TOP: Operations with Complex Numbers

77 ANS: 3

$$8r^3 = 216 \ S_{12} = \frac{8 - 8(3)^{12}}{1 - 3} = 2125760$$

$$r^3 = 27$$

$$r = 3$$

PTS: 2

REF: 081902aii

NAT: A.SSE.B.4

TOP: Series

78 ANS: 1

PTS: 2

REF: 011814aii

NAT: A.REI.D.11

**TOP:** Other Systems

79 ANS:

The denominator of the rational exponent represents the index of a root, and the numerator of the rational exponent represents the power of the base.  $\left(\sqrt{9}\right)^5 = 243$ 

PTS: 2

REF: 081926aii

NAT: N.RN.A.1

**TOP:** Radicals and Rational Exponents

80 ANS: 4

$$p(5) = 2(5)^3 - 3(5) + 5 = 240$$

PTS: 2

REF: 011819aii

NAT: A.APR.B.2

TOP: Remainder Theorem

81 ANS: 4

$$0.48 \cdot 0.25 = 0.12$$

PTS: 1

REF: 061811aii

NAT: S.CP.A.2

**TOP:** Probability of Compound Events

KEY: probability

82 ANS: 1

$$(2x-i)^2 - (2x-i)(2x+3i)$$

$$(2x-i)[(2x-i)-(2x+3i)]$$

$$(2x - i)(-4i)$$

$$-8xi+4i^2$$

$$-8xi - 4$$

PTS: 2

REF: 011911aii

NAT: N.CN.A.2

TOP: Operations with Complex Numbers

$$-4(-1) - 3 = 1 \quad 8 = \frac{2\pi}{b}$$

$$b = \frac{\pi}{4}$$

PTS: 2

REF: 081820aii

NAT: F.IF.B.4

TOP: Graphing Trigonometric Functions

KEY: maximum/minimum

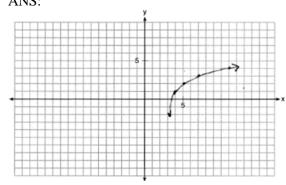
84 ANS: 1

PTS: 2

REF: 061904aii

NAT: F.IF.B.6

TOP: Rate of Change 85 ANS:



PTS: 2

REF: 011932aii

NAT: F.IF.C.7

TOP: Graphing Logarithmic Functions

86 ANS: 3

$$(x+4)^2 - 10 = 3x + 6$$
  $y = 3(-5) + 6 = -9$ 

$$x^2 + 8x + 16 - 10 = 3x + 6$$
  $y = 3(0) + 6 = 6$ 

$$x^2 + 5x = 0$$

$$x(x+5) = 0$$

$$x = -5,0$$

PTS: 2

REF: 061903aii

NAT: A.REI.C.7

TOP: Quadratic-Linear Systems

87 ANS:

$$s(t) = 200(0.5)^{\frac{t}{15}}$$
  $\frac{1}{10} = (0.5)^{\frac{t}{15}}$ 

$$\log \frac{1}{10} = \log(0.5)^{\frac{t}{15}}$$

$$-1 = \frac{t \cdot \log(0.5)}{15}$$

$$t = \frac{-15}{\log(0.5)} \approx 50$$

PTS: 4

REF: 061934aii

NAT: F.LE.A.4

TOP: Exponential Decay

PTS: 2

REF: 011801aii

NAT: S.IC.B.3

TOP: Analysis of Data

KEY: bias

89 ANS: 2

$$x + y - z = 6$$
  $2x + 2y - 2z = 12$   $5y - 4z = 31$   $5y - 2(-4) = 23$   $x + 3 - (-4) = 6$ 

$$-x + 4y - z = 17$$
  $2x - 3y + 2z = -19$   $5y - 2z = 23$ 

$$5y = 15$$

$$x = -1$$

$$5y - 2z = 23$$
  $5y - 4z = 31$ 

$$5y - 4z = 31$$

$$-2z = 8$$

$$y = 3$$

z = -4

PTS: 2

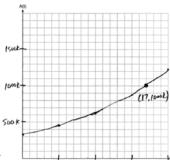
REF: 061923aii

NAT: A.REI.C.6

**TOP:** Solving Linear Systems

KEY: three variables

90 ANS:



 $A(t) = 318000(1.07)^{t}$ 

 $\frac{1}{2}$  318000(1.07)<sup>t</sup> = 1000000 The graph of A(t) nearly intersects

$$1.07^t = \frac{1000}{318}$$

$$t\log 1.07 = \log \frac{1000}{318}$$

$$t = \frac{\log \frac{1000}{318}}{\log 1.07}$$

$$t \approx 17$$

the point (17, 1000000).

PTS: 6

REF: 011937aii

NAT: A.CED.A.1 TOP: Exponential Growth

91 ANS: 3

$$1.04^{\frac{1}{12}} \approx 1.0032737$$

PTS: 2

REF: 011906aii

NAT: A.SSE.B.3

**TOP:** Modeling Exponential Functions

$$2x^{3} - 4x^{2} - x + \frac{14}{x+6}$$

$$x+6) 2x^{4} + 8x^{3} - 25x^{2} - 6x + 14$$

$$2x^{4} + 12x^{3}$$

$$-4x^{3} - 25x^{2}$$

$$-4x^{3} - 24x^{2}$$

$$-x^{2} - 6x$$

$$-x^{2} - 6x$$

PTS: 2

REF: 081805aii

NAT: A.APR.D.6

**TOP:** Rational Expressions

KEY: division

93 ANS:

$$C(t) = 63000 \left( 1 + \frac{0.0255}{12} \right)^{12t} \quad 63000 \left( 1 + \frac{0.0255}{12} \right)^{12t} = 100000$$

$$12t\log(1.002125) = \log\frac{100}{63}$$

$$t \approx 18.14$$

PTS: 4

REF: 061835aii

NAT: A.CED.A.1

TOP: Exponential Growth

94 ANS:

$$-\frac{1}{2}i^{3}(3i-4) - 3i^{2} = -\frac{3}{2}i^{4} + 2i^{3} - 3i^{2} = -\frac{3}{2} - 2i + 3 = \frac{3}{2} - 2i$$

PTS: 2

REF: 081927aii

NAT: N.CN.A.2

TOP: Operations with Complex Numbers

95 ANS: 3

 $440 \times 2.3\% \approx 10$ 

PTS: 2

REF: 011807aii

NAT: S.ID.A.4

**TOP:** Normal Distributions

KEY: predict

96 ANS: 2

$$\frac{85}{210 + 85}$$

PTS: 2

REF: 081818aii

NAT: S.CP.A.1

TOP: Venn Diagrams

97 ANS: 1

2) linear, 3) quadratic, 4) cubic

PTS: 2

REF: 061920aii

NAT: F.LE.A.2

**TOP:** Families of Functions

98 ANS: 2

PTS: 2

REF: 081816aii

NAT: F.IF.C.7

TOP: Graphing Logarithmic Functions

KEY: bimodalgraph

$$\frac{p(8) - p(4)}{8 - 4} \approx 48.78$$

PTS: 2

REF: 081827aii

NAT: F.IF.B.6

TOP: Rate of Change

100 ANS: 4

$$a = \frac{14 - 4}{2} = 5, d = \frac{14 + 4}{2} = 9$$

PTS: 2

REF: 061810aii

NAT: F.TF.B.5

**TOP:** Modeling Trigonometric Functions

101 ANS:

 $0.301 \pm 2(0.058) \rightarrow 0.185 - 0.417$   $\frac{14}{60} \approx 0.23$ . It is not unusual because 0.23 falls within this interval.

PTS: 4

REF: 081935aii

NAT: S.IC.B.5

TOP: Analysis of Data

102 ANS: 3

$$\frac{x^{\frac{2}{3}} \cdot x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{\frac{1}{6}} = \frac{x^{\frac{4}{6}} \cdot x^{\frac{15}{6}}}{\frac{1}{6}} = x^{\frac{18}{6}} = x^{3}$$

PTS: 2

REF: 081812aii

NAT: N.RN.A.2

TOP: Operations with Radicals

KEY: with variables, index > 2

103 ANS: 2

$$u = x + 2 \qquad u^2 + 4u + 3$$

$$(u+3)(u+1)$$

$$(x+2+3)(x+2+1)$$

$$(x+5)(x+3)$$

REF: 081901aii NAT: A.SSE.A.2 TOP: Factoring Polynomials

KEY: higher power

104 ANS: 3

$$x^2 + (2x)^2 = 5$$
  $y = 2x = \pm 2$ 

$$x^2 + 4x^2 = 5$$

$$5x^2 = 5$$

$$x = \pm 1$$

PTS: 2

REF: 081916aii

NAT: A.REI.C.7

TOP: Quadratic-Linear Systems

105 ANS: 2

PTS: 2

REF: 011910aii

NAT: S.IC.B.3

TOP: Analysis of Data

KEY: bias

 $2(0.042) = 0.084 \approx 0.08$  The percent of users making in-app purchases will be within 8% of 35%.

PTS: 2

REF: 081832aii

NAT: S.IC.B.4

TOP: Analysis of Data

107 ANS: 2  $1.00643^{12} \approx 1.08$ 

PTS: 2 REF: 081808aii NAT: A.SSE.B.3 TOP: Modeling Exponential Functions

108 ANS: 1

$$x^{3} + 2x^{2} - 9x - 18 = 0$$
  $x^{3} - 9x + 2x^{2} - 18 = 0$   $x^{3} - 9x + 2x^{2} - 18 = 0$ 

$$x^{2}(x+2) - 9(x+2) = 0$$
  $x(x^{2}-9) + 2(x^{2}-9) = 0$   $x(x^{2}-9) + 2(x^{2}-9) = 0$ 

$$(x+2)(x^2-9)=0$$

PTS: 2 REF: 011903aii NAT: A.APR.B.3 TOP: Solving Polynomial Equations

109 ANS: 1  $x^2 + 2x + 1 = (x+1)^2$ 

PTS: 2 REF: 011919aii NAT: A.APR.B.3 TOP: Graphing Polynomial Functions

110 ANS: 4 PTS: 2 REF: 081817aii NAT: F.BF.B.3

**TOP:** Transformations with Functions

111 ANS:

$$j(-1) = 2(-1)^4 - (-1)^3 - 35(-1)^2 + 16(-1) + 48 = 2 + 1 - 35 - 16 + 48 = 0$$
;  $x + 1$  is a factor of  $j(x)$ ;

$$2x^3 - 3x^2 - 32x + 48 = 0$$

$$x^2(2x-3) - 16(2x-3) = 0$$

$$(x^2 - 16)(2x - 3) = 0$$

$$x = \pm 4, \frac{3}{2}$$

PTS: 4 REF: 081834aii NAT: A.APR.B.2 TOP: Remainder Theorem

112 ANS:

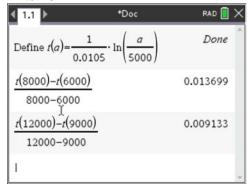
$$\frac{10.1 - -2}{2} - \frac{2.5 - -0.1}{2} = 6.05 - 1.3 = 4.75$$

PTS: 2 REF: 081930aii NAT: F.IF.C.7 TOP: Graphing Trigonometric Functions

KEY: amplitude

113 ANS: 1 PTS: 2 REF: 081804aii NAT: F.IF.C.9

**TOP:** Comparing Functions



PTS: 2

REF: 081922aii

NAT: F.IF.B.6

TOP: Rate of Change

115 ANS: 2

$$x = -6(y - 2)$$

$$-\frac{x}{6} = y - 2$$

$$-\frac{x}{6} + 2 = y$$

PTS: 2

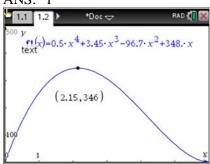
REF: 011821aii

NAT: F.BF.B.4

**TOP:** Inverse of Functions

KEY: linear

116 ANS: 1



PTS: 2

REF: 011908aii

NAT: F.IF.B.4

**TOP:** Graphing Polynomial Functions

117 ANS: 4

PTS: 2

REF: 081912aii

NAT: F.IF.C.7

TOP: Graphing Trigonometric Functions KEY: mixed 118 ANS: 1

 $1240(1.06)^x = 890(1.11)^x$ 

$$x \approx 7$$

PTS: 2

REF: 061814aii

NAT: A.REI.D.11 TOP: Other Systems

119 ANS:

 $N(t) = 950e^{0.0475t}$  The base is e because growth is continuous.  $N\left(\frac{36}{24}\right) \approx 1020$ 

PTS: 4

REF: 081933aii

NAT: F.LE.A.2

**TOP:** Modeling Exponential Functions

120 ANS: 4 PTS: 2 REF: 061921aii NAT: A.APR.B.3

TOP: Graphing Polynomial Functions

121 ANS:

$$\begin{array}{r}
2a^{2} + 5a + 2 \\
3a - 2) \overline{\smash{\big)}\ 6a^{3} + 11a^{2} - 4a - 9} \quad 2a^{2} + 5a + 2 - \frac{5}{3a - 2} \\
\underline{6a^{3} - 4a^{2}} \\
15a^{2} - 4a \\
\underline{15a^{2} - 10a} \\
6a - 9 \\
\underline{6a - 4} \\
5
\end{array}$$

PTS: 2 REF: 061829aii NAT: A.APR.D.6 TOP: Rational Expressions

KEY: division

122 ANS: 2 PTS: 2 REF: 061802aii NAT: F.IF.C.7

TOP: Graphing Exponential Functions

123 ANS: 4

$$wx^2 + w = 0$$

$$w(x^2+1)=0$$

$$x^2 = -1$$

$$x = \pm i$$

PTS: 2 REF: 061912aii NAT: A.REI.B.4 TOP: Solving Quadratics

KEY: complex solutions | taking square roots

124 ANS:

 $P(F|L) = \frac{12}{27}$   $P(F) = \frac{22}{45}$  Since  $P(F|L) \neq P(F)$ , the events are not independent.

PTS: 4 REF: 061936aii NAT: S.CP.A.4 TOP: Conditional Probability

125 ANS:

No.  $0.499 \pm 2(0.049) \rightarrow 0.401 - 0.597$ . Since 0.43 falls within this interval, Robin's coin is likely not unfair.

PTS: 2 REF: 061932aii NAT: S.IC.A.2 TOP: Analysis of Data

$$\frac{5+9}{2}$$
 = 7, vertex: (-2,7);  $p = 7-9 = -2$ ,  $y = \frac{1}{4(-2)}(x+2)^2 + 7$ 

$$y - 7 = \frac{1}{-8} (x + 2)^2$$

$$-8(y-7) = (x+2)^2$$

REF: 061821aii

NAT: G.GPE.A.2

**TOP:** Graphing Quadratic Functions

PTS: 2

REF: 011901aii

NAT: S.ID.A.4

**TOP:** Normal Distributions

KEY: mean and standard deviation

$$\frac{2}{3x+1} = \frac{1}{x} - \frac{6x}{3x+1} - \frac{1}{3}$$
 is extraneous.

$$\frac{6x+2}{3x+1} = \frac{1}{x}$$

$$6x^2 + 2x = 3x + 1$$

$$6x^2 - x - 1 = 0$$

$$(2x-1)(3x+1) = 0$$

$$x = \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{3}$$

PTS: 2

REF: 011915aii NAT: A.REI.A.2

**TOP:** Solving Rationals

129 ANS:

$$\tan \theta = \frac{\sin \theta}{\cos \theta} = \frac{\frac{-7}{25}}{\frac{-24}{25}} \cos \theta = \frac{-24}{25}$$

PTS: 2

REF: 061928aii

NAT: F.TF.C.8

TOP: Determining Trigonometric Functions

130 ANS: 4

$$a_1 = 2.5 + 0.5(1) = 3$$

PTS: 2

REF: 011916aii

NAT: F.BF.A.2

TOP: Sequences

131 ANS:

$$\frac{1}{8} + \frac{1}{6} = \frac{1}{t_b}$$
;  $\frac{24t_b}{8} + \frac{24t_b}{6} = \frac{24t_b}{t_b}$ 

$$3t_b + 4t_b = 24$$

$$t_b = \frac{24}{7} \approx 3.4$$

PTS: 2

REF: 011827aii

NAT: A.CED.A.1

TOP: Modeling Rationals

$$\left(x^2 - 6\right)\left(x^2 + 2\right)$$

REF: 081825aii NAT: A.SSE.A.2

**TOP:** Factoring Polynomials

KEY: higher power

133 ANS: 1

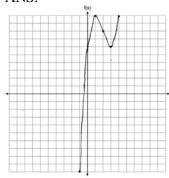
In vertex form, the parabola is  $y = -\frac{1}{4(2)}(x+4)^2 + 3$ . The vertex is (-4,3) and p=2. 3+2=5

PTS: 2

REF: 011816aii

NAT: G.GPE.A.2 TOP: Graphing Quadratic Functions

134 ANS:



PTS: 2

REF: 061826aii

NAT: F.IF.C.7

**TOP:** Graphing Polynomial Functions

135 ANS: 1

PTS: 2

REF: 081903aii

NAT: F.LE.A.2

**TOP:** Families of Functions

136 ANS:

23-18=5,  $x\pm2\sigma=-3.07-3.13$ , Yes, a difference of 5 or more occurred three times out of a thousand, which is statistically significant.

PTS: 4

REF: 061834aii

NAT: S.IC.B.5

TOP: Analysis of Data

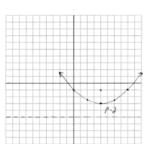
137 ANS: 3

PTS: 2

REF: 061910aii

NAT: F.BF.A.2

138 ANS:



 $y = \frac{1}{4(2)}(x-4)^2 - 3$ 

TOP: Sequences

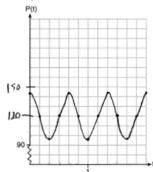
 $y = \frac{-1 + -5}{2} = -3$ . The vertex is (4,-3) and p = 2.

PTS: 4

REF: 061935aii

NAT: G.GPE.A.2

**TOP:** Graphing Quadratic Functions



The period of P is  $\frac{2}{3}$ , which means the patient's blood pressure reaches a high every  $\frac{2}{3}$ 

second and a low every  $\frac{2}{3}$  second. The patient's blood pressure is high because 144 over 96 is greater than 120 over 80.

PTS: 6

REF: 011837aii

NAT: F.IF.C.7

TOP: Graphing Trigonometric Functions

KEY: graph

140 ANS: 4

$$1 + \frac{.009}{12} = 1.00075$$

PTS: 2

REF: 011918aii

NAT: A.SSE.B.3

TOP: Modeling Exponential Functions

141 ANS: 2

PTS: 2

REF: 011806aii

NAT: A.APR.C.4

TOP: Polynomial Identities

142 ANS: 4

 $400.954 \approx 380$ 

PTS: 2

REF: 061918aii

NAT: S.ID.A.4

TOP: Normal Distributions

KEY: predict

143 ANS: 3

$$y = x^3 - 2$$

$$x = y^3 - 2$$

$$x + 2 = y^3$$

$$\sqrt[3]{x+2} = y$$

PTS: 2

REF: 061815aii

NAT: F.BF.B.4

TOP: Inverse of Functions

KEY: other

144 ANS: 1

$$-\sqrt{1 - \left(-\frac{3}{4}\right)^2} = -\sqrt{\frac{16}{16} - \frac{9}{16}} = -\sqrt{\frac{7}{16}} = -\frac{\sqrt{7}}{4}$$

PTS: 2

REF: 081905aii

NAT: F.TF.C.8

**TOP:** Determining Trigonometric Functions

$$f(x) = (x+1)(x-1)(x-2) = (x^2-1)(x-2) = x^3 - 2x^2 - x + 2$$

PTS: 2

REF: 081921aii

NAT: A.APR.B.3

**TOP:** Graphing Polynomial Functions

146 ANS:

$$(2x^{2} + x - 3) \bullet (x - 1) - [(2x^{2} + x - 3) + (x - 1)]$$
$$(2x^{3} - 2x^{2} + x^{2} - x - 3x + 3) - (2x^{2} + 2x - 4)$$
$$2x^{3} - 3x^{2} - 6x + 7$$

PTS: 4

REF: 011833aii

NAT: F.BF.A.1

**TOP:** Operations with Functions

147 ANS: 4

PTS: 2

REF: 081810aii

NAT: F.BF.A.2

TOP: Sequences

148 ANS: 1 PTS: 2

REF: 011815aii

NAT: F.TF.A.2

TOP: Unit Circle

149 ANS: 1

The cosine function has been translated +3. Since the maximum is 5 and the minimum is 1, the amplitude is 2.  $\frac{\pi}{2} = \frac{2\pi}{2}$ .

$$b = 6$$

PTS: 2

REF: 011913aii

NAT: F.TF.B.5

TOP: Modeling Trigonometric Functions

150 ANS:

$$16x^4 - 81 = \left(4x^2 + 9\right)\left(4x^2 - 9\right) = \left(4x^2 + 9\right)(2x + 3)(2x - 3).$$
 No, because  $\pm \frac{3i}{2}$  are roots.

PTS: 4

REF: 061933aii

NAT: F.IF.B.4

**TOP:** Graphing Polynomial Functions

151 ANS:

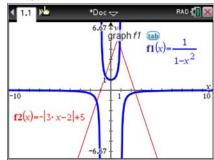
$$M = \frac{(152500 - 15250) \left(\frac{.036}{12}\right) \left(1 + \frac{.036}{12}\right)^{360}}{\left(1 + \frac{.036}{12}\right)^{360} - 1} \approx 624$$

PTS: 2

REF: 061831aii

NAT: F.IF.B.4

**TOP:** Evaluating Exponential Expressions



PTS: 2

REF: 011924aii NAT: A.REI.D.11 TOP: Other Systems

153 ANS: 3

$$\frac{c^2 - d^2}{d^2 + cd - 2c^2} = \frac{(c+d)(c-d)}{(d+2c)(d-c)} = \frac{-(c+d)}{d+2c} = \frac{-c-d}{d+2c}$$

PTS: 2

REF: 011818aii

NAT: A.APR.D.6 TOP: Rational Expressions

KEY: factoring

154 ANS: 1

The time of the next high tide will be the midpoint of consecutive low tides.

PTS: 2

REF: 011907aii

NAT: F.IF.C.7

TOP: Graphing Trigonometric Functions

KEY: mixed

155 ANS:

$$\sqrt{6-2x} + x = 2x + 30 - 9$$
  $\sqrt{6-2(-29)} \neq -29 + 21$ , so -29 is extraneous.

$$\sqrt{6-2x} = x + 21 \qquad \qquad \sqrt{64} \neq -8$$

$$\sqrt{64} \neq -8$$

$$6 - 2x = x^2 + 42x + 441$$

$$x^2 + 44x + 435 = 0$$

$$(x+29)(x+15) = 0$$

$$x = -29, -15$$

PTS: 4

REF: 061833aii NAT: A.REI.A.2 TOP: Solving Radicals

KEY: extraneous solutions

156 ANS: 4

$$1.06^{\frac{1}{52}}$$

PTS: 2

REF: 061924aii

NAT: F.BF.A.1

TOP: Modeling Exponential Functions

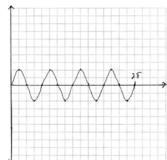
157 ANS: 1

PTS: 2

REF: 011902aii

NAT: F.IF.C.7

TOP: Graphing Logarithmic Functions



 $y = 2 \sin 4x$ 

PTS: 4

REF: 081934aii

NAT: F.IF.C.7

**TOP:** Graphing Trigonometric Functions

KEY: graph

159 ANS: 2

PTS: 2

TOP: Determining Trigonometric Functions

REF: 011804aii

NAT: F.TF.A.2

KEY: radians

160 ANS:

$$f(x) = x^{2}(x+4)(x-3); g(x) = (x+2)^{2}(x+6)(x-1)$$

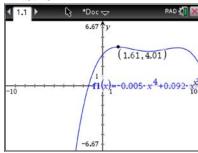
PTS: 4

REF: 011836aii

NAT: A.APR.B.3

**TOP:** Graphing Polynomial Functions

161 ANS: 3



PTS: 2

REF: 011817aii

NAT: F.IF.B.4

**TOP:** Graphing Polynomial Functions

162 ANS:

$$x = \frac{-5 \pm \sqrt{5^2 - 4(2)(8)}}{2(2)} = -\frac{5}{4} \pm \frac{i\sqrt{39}}{4}$$

PTS: 2

REF: 061827aii

NAT: A.REI.B.4

TOP: Solving Quadratics

KEY: complex solutions | quadratic formula

163 ANS:

$$S_{10} = \frac{15 - 15(1.03)^{10}}{1 - 1.03} \approx 171.958$$

PTS: 2

REF: 011929aii

NAT: A.SSE.B.4

TOP: Series

$$\frac{N(10) - N(1)}{10 - 1} \approx -2.03, \frac{N(20) - N(10)}{20 - 10} \approx -1.63, \frac{N(25) - N(15)}{25 - 15} \approx -1.46, \frac{N(30) - N(1)}{30 - 1} \approx -1.64$$

PTS: 2

REF: 061807aii

NAT: F.IF.B.6

TOP: Rate of Change

165 ANS: 1

 $84.1\% \times 750 \approx 631$ 

PTS: 2

REF: 011923aii

NAT: S.ID.A.4

**TOP:** Normal Distributions

KEY: predict

166 ANS:

$$(a+b)^3 = a^3 + b^3$$

No. Erin's shortcut only works if a = 0, b = 0 or a = -b.

$$a^3 + 3a^2b + 3ab^2 + b^3 = a^3 + b^3$$

$$3ab^2 + 3a^2b = 0$$

$$3ab(b+a) = 0$$

$$a = 0, b = 0, a = -b$$

PTS: 2

REF: 011927aii

NAT: A.APR.C.4 TOP: Polynomial Identities

167 ANS: 4

PTS: 2

REF: 011805aii

NAT: F.LE.B.5

TOP: Modeling Exponential Functions

168 ANS: 3

$$x = \frac{-2 \pm \sqrt{2^2 - 4(3)(7)}}{2(3)} = \frac{-2 \pm \sqrt{-80}}{6} = \frac{-2 \pm i\sqrt{16}\sqrt{5}}{6} = -\frac{1}{3} \pm \frac{2i\sqrt{5}}{3}$$

REF: 081809aii

NAT: A.REI.B.4 TOP: Solving Quadratics

KEY: complex solutions | quadratic formula

169 ANS: 2

$$y = \frac{1}{2}x + 8 \quad x = \frac{1}{2}y + 8$$

$$2x = y + 16$$

$$y = 2x - 16$$

PTS: 2

REF: 081806aii

NAT: F.BF.B.4 TOP: Inverse of Functions

KEY: linear

 $x^2 - 6x = -17$  The solution is imaginary because the parabola and line do not intersect.

$$x^2 - 6x + 9 = -17 + 9$$

$$(x-3)^2 = -8$$

$$x - 3 = \pm 2i\sqrt{2}$$

$$x = 3 \pm 2i\sqrt{2}$$

PTS: 4

REF: 081936aii

NAT: A.REI.B.4

**TOP:** Solving Quadratics

KEY: complex solutions | completing the square

171 ANS:

No. 
$$\left(\sqrt[7]{x^2}\right)\left(\sqrt[5]{x^3}\right) = x^{\frac{2}{7}} \cdot x^{\frac{3}{5}} = x^{\frac{31}{35}} = \sqrt[35]{x^{31}}$$

PTS: 2

REF: 061929aii

NAT: N.RN.A.2

TOP: Radicals and Rational Exponents

KEY: variables

172 ANS: 3

173 ANS: 3

PTS: 2

PTS: 2

REF: 061901aii

NAT: S.IC.B.3

TOP: Analysis of Data

KEY: type

REF: 011824aii

NAT: F.BF.A.2

TOP: Sequences

174 ANS:

 $\frac{B(11) - B(8)}{11 - 8} \approx -10.1$  The average monthly high temperature decreases 10.1° each month from August to

November.

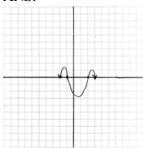
PTS: 2

REF: 011930aii

NAT: F.IF.B.6

TOP: Rate of Change

175 ANS:



PTS: 2

REF: 011831aii

NAT: F.IF.C.7

**TOP:** Graphing Polynomial Functions

176 ANS: 2

(1) 
$$0.4 \cdot 0.3 \neq 0.2$$
, (2)  $0.8 \cdot 0.25 = 0.2$ , (3)  $P(A|B) = P(A) = 0.2$ , (4)  $0.2 \neq 0.15 \cdot 0.05$ 

$$0.2 \neq 0.2 \cdot 0.2$$

PTS: 2

REF: 011912aii

NAT: S.CP.A.3

**TOP:** Conditional Probability

177 ANS: 2

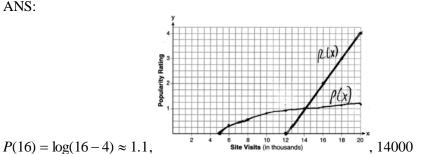
PTS: 2

REF: 061816aii

NAT: F.IF.C.7

TOP: Graphing Polynomial Functions

KEY: bimodalgraph



PTS: 6

REF: 061837aii

NAT: A.REI.D.11 TOP: Other Systems

179 ANS: 2

$$b^2 = 2b^2 - 64 - 8$$
 is extraneous.

$$-b^2 = -64$$

$$b = \pm 8$$

PTS: 2

REF: 061919aii NAT: A.REI.A.2

**TOP:** Solving Radicals

KEY: extraneous solutions

180 ANS: 3

$$x^2 - 4x - 5 = 4x^2 - 40x + 100$$

$$3x^2 - 36x + 105 = 0$$

$$x^2 - 12x + 35 = 0$$

$$(x-7)(x-5)=0$$

$$x = 5,7$$

REF: 081807aii

NAT: A.REI.A.2

**TOP:** Solving Radicals

KEY: extraneous solutions

181 ANS: 3

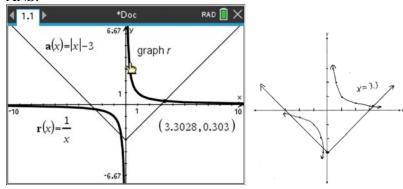
$$y = 278(0.5)^{\frac{18}{1.8}} \approx 0.271$$

PTS: 2

REF: 011920aii

NAT: F.LE.A.2

**TOP:** Modeling Exponential Functions



PTS: 2

REF: 081932aii

NAT: A.REI.D.11 TOP: Other Systems

183 ANS: 4

$$\frac{n}{m} = \frac{\sqrt{a^5}}{a} = \frac{a^{\frac{5}{2}}}{a^{\frac{2}{2}}} = a^{\frac{3}{2}} = \sqrt{a^3}$$

PTS: 2

REF: 011811aii

NAT: N.RN.A.2 TOP: Radicals and Rational Exponents

KEY: variables

184 ANS: 4

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
5x^2 + x - 3 \\
2x - 1 \overline{)10x^3 - 3x^2 - 7x + 3}
\end{array}$$

$$\underline{10x^3 - 5x^2}$$

$$2x^2 - 7x$$

$$2x^2 - x$$

$$-6x + 3$$

$$-6x + 3$$

PTS: 2

KEY: division

REF: 011809aii

NAT: A.APR.D.6 TOP: Rational Expressions

$$3x + 1 ) 9x^2 + 0x - 2$$

$$9x^2 + 3x$$
$$-3x - 2$$
$$-3x - 1$$

-1

PTS: 2

REF: 081910aii

NAT: A.APR.D.6

**TOP:** Rational Expressions

KEY: division

186 ANS: 2

If 
$$\cos \theta = \frac{7}{25}$$
,  $\sin \theta = \pm \frac{24}{25}$ , and  $\tan \theta = \frac{\sin \theta}{\cos \theta} = \frac{-\frac{24}{25}}{\frac{7}{25}} = -\frac{24}{7}$ 

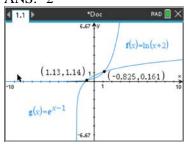
PTS: 2

REF: 081811aii

NAT: F.TF.C.8

TOP: Determining Trigonometric Functions

187 ANS: 2



PTS: 2

REF: 081920aii

NAT: A.REI.D.11

TOP: Other Systems

188 ANS: 3

PTS: 2

REF: 081819aii

NAT: A.REI.D.11

TOP: Other Systems

189 ANS: 3

$$-3 + 5i - \left(4 + 24i - 2i - 12i^{2}\right) = -3 + 5i - (16 + 22i) = -19 - 17i$$

PTS: 2

REF: 081815aii

NAT: N.CN.A.2

TOP: Operations with Complex Numbers

190 ANS:

P(-2) = 60 Q(-2) = 0 (x + 2) is a factor of Q(x) since Q(-2) = 0.

PTS: 2

REF: 081929aii

NAT: A.APR.B.2

TOP: Remainder Theorem

$$3\sqrt{x} - 2x = -5$$

$$3\sqrt{x} = 2x - 5$$

$$9x = 4x^{2} - 20x + 25$$

$$4x^{2} - 29x + 25 = 0$$

$$(4x - 25)(x - 1) = 0$$

$$x = \frac{25}{4}, 1$$

PTS: 4 REF: 011936aii NAT: A.REI.A.2 TOP: Solving Radicals

KEY: extraneous solutions

192 ANS: 2 PTS: 2 REF: 081911aii NAT: F.BF.B.3

TOP: Even and Odd Functions

193 ANS:

$$a + 4b + 6c = 23 a + 2b + c = 2 8b + 3c = 16 2b + 5(4) = 21 a + 4\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) + 6(4) = 23$$

$$a + 2b + c = 2 -a + 6b + 2c = 14 8b + 20c = 84 2b = 1$$

$$2b + 5c = 21 8b + 3c = 16 17c = 68 b = \frac{1}{2} a = -3$$

$$c = 4$$

PTS: 4 REF: 011933aii NAT: A.REI.C.6 TOP: Solving Linear Systems

KEY: three variables

194 ANS:

$$t^{2} + \left(\frac{4}{7}\right)^{2} = 1 \qquad -\frac{\sqrt{33}}{7}$$

$$t^{2} + \frac{16}{49} = \frac{49}{49}$$

$$t^{2} = \frac{33}{49}$$

$$t = \frac{\pm\sqrt{33}}{7}$$

PTS: 2 REF: 011931aii NAT: F.TF.A.2 TOP: Unit Circle

195 ANS: 4 1 year = 365 days

PTS: 2 REF: 061823aii NAT: A.SSE.B.3 TOP: Modeling Exponential Functions

$$x(x-2)\left(\frac{10}{x^2-2x} + \frac{4}{x} = \frac{5}{x-2}\right)$$
 2 is extraneous.

$$10 + 4(x - 2) = 5x$$

$$10 + 4x - 8 = 5x$$

$$2 = x$$

PTS: 2

REF: 081915aii

NAT: A.REI.A.2

**TOP:** Solving Rationals

KEY: rational solutions

197 ANS: 2

$$x = \frac{y}{y+2}$$

$$xy + 2x = y$$

$$xy - y = -2x$$

$$y(x-1) = -2x$$

$$y = \frac{-2x}{x - 1}$$

PTS: 2

REF: 081924aii

REF: 081928aii

NAT: F.BF.B.4

TOP: Inverse of Functions

TOP: Graphing Trigonometric Functions

KEY: other

198 ANS: 2

PTS: 2

REF: 061804aii

NAT: S.ID.B.6

TOP: Regression KEY: choose model

199 ANS: 3

PTS: 2

REF: 011917aii

NAT: F.IF.B.4

KEY: other

NAT: F.BF.B.4

TOP: Inverse of Functions

200 ANS:

250(1) + 2450 = 2700 The maximum lung capacity of a person is 2700 mL.

PTS: 2 201 ANS: 1

$$100 \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{\frac{d}{8}} = 100e^{kd}$$

$$\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{\frac{1}{8}} = e^k$$

$$k \approx -0.087$$

PTS: 2

REF: 061818aii

NAT: F.LE.A.4

TOP: Exponential Decay

$$x - \frac{4}{x - 1} = 2$$
  $x = \frac{3 \pm \sqrt{(-3)^2 - 4(1)(-2)}}{2(1)} = \frac{3 \pm \sqrt{17}}{2}$ 

$$x(x-1)-4=2(x-1)$$

$$x^2 - x - 4 = 2x - 2$$

$$x^2 - 3x - 2 = 0$$

PTS: 2 REF: 011812aii NAT: A.REI.A.2 TOP: Solving Rationals

KEY: rational solutions

203 ANS: 4

$$\sqrt{3x^2y} \bullet \sqrt[3]{27x^3y^2} = 3^{\frac{1}{2}}xy^{\frac{1}{2}} \bullet 3^{\frac{2}{2}}xy^{\frac{2}{3}} = 3^{\frac{3}{2}}x^2y^{\frac{7}{6}}$$

PTS: 2 REF: 081914aii NAT: N.RN.A.2 TOP: Operations with Radicals

KEY: with variables, index > 2

204 ANS: 4

$$120 = 68 + (195 - 68)e^{-0.05t}$$

$$52 = 127e^{-0.05t}$$

$$\ln \frac{52}{127} = \ln e^{-0.05t}$$

$$\ln \frac{52}{127} = -0.05t$$

$$\frac{\ln \frac{52}{127}}{-0.05} = t$$

$$18 \approx t$$

PTS: 2 REF: 081918aii NAT: F.LE.A.4 TOP: Exponential Decay

205 ANS: 4

$$\frac{x^2 - 4x}{2x} = \frac{x(x - 4)}{2x} = \frac{x - 4}{2} = \frac{x}{2} - 2 \quad \frac{x - 1}{2} - \frac{3}{2} = \frac{x - 1 - 3}{2} = \frac{x - 4}{2}$$

PTS: 2 REF: 011921aii NAT: A.APR.D.6 TOP: Rational Expressions

KEY: factoring

206 ANS: 4 PTS: 2 REF: 081906aii NAT: S.IC.B.3

TOP: Analysis of Data KEY: type

207 ANS: 2 PTS: 2 REF: 081908aii NAT: F.IF.B.4

**TOP:** Graphing Polynomial Functions

208 ANS: 2 PTS: 2 REF: 011820aii NAT: S.IC.A.2

TOP: Analysis of Data

$$x - \frac{20}{x} = 8$$

$$x^2 - 8x - 20 = 0$$

$$(x-10)(x+2)=0$$

$$x = 10, -2$$

PTS: 2

REF: 061916aii

NAT: A.CED.A.1

**TOP:** Modeling Rationals

210 ANS: 3

PTS: 2

REF: 061906aii

NAT: F.LE.A.2

TOP: Families of Functions

## 211 ANS: 1

$$1.025^{\frac{1}{12}} \approx 1.00206$$

PTS: 2

REF: 081924aii

NAT: A.SSE.B.3

**TOP:** Modeling Exponential Functions

212 ANS: 4

$$(x^6y^4 - 9)(x^4 - 16)$$

$$(x^3y^2+3)(x^3y^2-3)(x^2+4)(x^2-4)$$

PTS: 2

REF: 081814aii

NAT: A.SSE.A.2

**TOP:** Factoring Polynomials

KEY: factoring by grouping

## 213 ANS:

$$\frac{103}{110+103} = \frac{103}{213}$$

PTS: 2

REF: 061825aii

NAT: S.CP.A.4

**TOP:** Conditional Probability

214 ANS:

$$4x + 6y - 8z = -2$$
  $4x + 6y - 8z = -2$   $4x - 8y + 20z = 12$   $z + 2 = 3z - 4$   $y = 3 + 2$   $-4x + 5 + 3 = 16$ 

$$4x - 8y + 20z = 12$$
  $-4x + y + z = 16$   $-4x + y + z = 16$   $6 = 2z$  = 5

$$6 = 2z$$

$$-4x + y + z = 16$$

$$-4x + y + z = 16$$
  $7y - 7z = 14$   $-7y + 21z = 28$ 

$$z = 3$$

x = -2

$$y - z = 2$$

$$y - z = 2 \qquad \qquad y - 3z = -4$$

$$y = z + 2 \qquad \qquad y = 3z - 4$$

PTS: 4

REF: 081833aii NAT: A.REI.C.6 TOP: Solving Linear Systems

KEY: three variables

$$\ln e^{0.3x} = \ln \frac{5918}{87}$$

$$x = \frac{\ln \frac{5918}{87}}{0.3}$$

PTS: 2

REF: 081801aii

NAT: F.LE.A.4

TOP: Exponential Equations

KEY: without common base

216 ANS:

$$a_1 = 4$$

$$a_n = 3a_{n-1}$$

PTS: 2

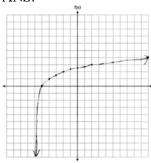
REF: 081931aii

NAT: F.LE.A.2

TOP: Sequences

KEY: recursive

217 ANS:



PTS: 2

REF: 061927aii

NAT: F.IF.C.7

TOP: Graphing Logarithmic Functions

218 ANS:

The denominator of the rational exponent represents the index of a root, and the 4th root of 81 is 3 and 33 is 27.

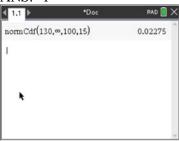
PTS: 2

REF: 011832aii

NAT: N.RN.A.1

TOP: Radicals and Rational Exponents

219 ANS: 1



PTS: 2

REF: 081919aii

NAT: S.ID.A.4

**TOP:** Normal Distributions

KEY: percent

$$(x^{\frac{3}{2}})^2 = x^3$$

PTS: 2

REF: 061908aii

NAT: N.RN.A.2

TOP: Radicals and Rational Exponents

KEY: variables

221 ANS: 4

$$\frac{2}{x} = \frac{4x}{x+3}$$

$$2x + 6 = 4x^2$$

$$4x^2 - 2x - 6 = 0$$

$$2\left(2x^2 - x - 3\right) = 0$$

$$(2x - 3)(x + 1) = 0$$

$$x = \frac{3}{2}, -1$$

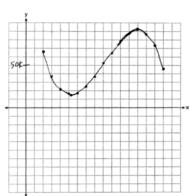
PTS: 2

REF: 061809aii

NAT: A.REI.A.2

**TOP:** Solving Rationals

222 ANS:



 $P(x) = R(x) - C(x) = -330x^{3} + 9000x^{2} - 67000x + 167000$ 

Least profitable at year

5 because there is a minimum in P(x). Most profitable at year 13 because there is a maximum in P(x).

PTS: 6

REF: 081837aii

NAT: F.IF.C.7

TOP: Graphing Polynomial Functions

## Algebra II Regents at Random Answer Section

223 ANS: 1  

$$x+y+z=9$$
  $4-y-z=-1$   $4-6+z=9$   
 $x-y-z=-1$   $4-y+z=21$   $z=11$   
 $2x=8$   $-y-z=-5$   
 $x=4$   $\frac{-y+z=17}{-2y=12}$   
 $y=-6$ 

PTS: 2 REF: 012018aii NAT: A.REI.C.6 TOP: Solving Linear Systems

KEY: three variables

224 ANS: 1
$$\frac{N(6) - N(0)}{6 - 0} \approx -8.93$$

PTS: 2 REF: 012012aii NAT: F.IF.B.6 TOP: Rate of Change

225 ANS: 1

$$\frac{x^2 + 3x}{-6x - 25}$$
$$\frac{-6x - 18}{}$$

PTS: 2 REF: 062203aii NAT: A.APR.D.6 TOP: Rational Expressions

KEY: division

226 ANS:  $b^2 - 4ac = (-4)^2 - 4(1)(13) = 16 - 52 = -36$  imaginary

-7

PTS: 2 REF: 062225aii NAT: A.REI.B.4 TOP: Using the Discriminant

KEY: determine nature of roots given equation, graph, table

227 ANS: 3 PTS: 2 REF: 082214aii NAT: F.IF.C.7

**TOP:** Graphing Exponential Functions

1) is a correct formula, but not recursive

PTS: 2

REF: 082216aii

NAT: F.LE.A.2

TOP: Sequences

229 ANS: 3

$$y = -6x + \frac{1}{2}$$

KEY: recursive

$$x = -6y + \frac{1}{2}$$

$$x - \frac{1}{2} = -6y$$

$$-\frac{1}{6}\left(x-\frac{1}{2}\right) = y$$

PTS: 2

REF: 062217aii

NAT: F.BF.B.4

TOP: Inverse of Functions

KEY: linear

 $\frac{t}{2}$ 

 $B(t) = 100(2)^{\frac{5}{30}}$ 

PTS: 2

REF: 012031aii

NAT: F.BF.A.1

**TOP:** Modeling Exponential Functions

231 ANS:

230 ANS:

Light wave C. The periods for A, B, and C are 280, 220 and 320.

PTS: 2

REF: 012030aii

NAT: F.IF.C.7

**TOP:** Graphing Trigonometric Functions

KEY: period

232 ANS:

 $F(t) = 169.136(.971)^{t}$ 

KEY: exponential

PTS: 2

REF: 062232aii

NAT: S.ID.B.6

TOP: Regression

$$3x^{2} + 8x + 34$$

$$x - 4 \overline{\smash)3x^{3} - 4x^{2} + 2x - 1}$$

$$3x^{2} + 8x + 34 + \frac{135}{x - 4} \quad x = 4 \text{ is not a root of } f(x) \text{ because } \frac{f(x)}{g(x)} \text{ has a remainder.}$$

$$3x^{3} - 12x^{2}$$

$$8x^{2} + 2x$$

$$8x^{2} - 32x$$

$$34x - 1$$

$$34x - 136$$

$$135$$

PTS: 4 REF: 082235aii NAT: A.APR.D.6 TOP: Rational Expressions

KEY: division

234 ANS:

$$-x(2x^3 - x^2 - 18x + 9)$$

$$-x(x^2(2x-1)-9(2x-1))$$

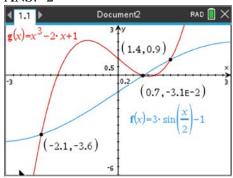
$$-x(x^2-9)(2x-1)$$

$$-x(x+3)(x-3)(2x-1)$$

PTS: 2 REF: 062228aii NAT: A.SSE.A.2 TOP: Factoring Polynomials

KEY: factoring by grouping

235 ANS: 2



PTS: 2 REF: 012021aii NAT: A.REI.D.11 TOP: Other Systems

antibiotic 
$$n(0) = \frac{0+1}{0+5} + \frac{18}{0^2 + 8(0) + 15} = \frac{3}{15} + \frac{18}{15} = \frac{21}{15}$$
  $\frac{t+1}{t+5} + \frac{18}{t^2 + 8t + 15} = \frac{9}{t+3}$ 

$$\frac{t+1}{t+5} + \frac{18}{t^2 + 8t + 15} = \frac{9}{t+3}$$

$$a(0) = \frac{9}{0+3} = 3$$

$$\frac{(t+1)(t+3)}{(t+5)(t+3)} + \frac{18}{(t+3)(t+5)} = \frac{9(t+5)}{(t+3)(t+5)}$$

$$t^2 + 4t + 3 + 18 = 9t + 45$$

$$t^2 - 5t - 24 = 0$$

$$(t-8)(t+3) = 0$$

$$t = 8$$

PTS: 6

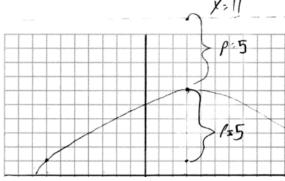
REF: 012037aii

NAT: A.REI.A.2

**TOP:** Solving Rationals

**KEY**: rational solutions

237 ANS:



vertex (3,6), focus (3,1), p = 5, directrix y = 6 + 5 = 11

PTS: 2

REF: 012028aii

NAT: G.GPE.A.2

**TOP:** Graphing Quadratic Functions

238 ANS: 3

PTS: 2

REF: 062205aii

NAT: F.BF.B.3

**TOP:** Transformations with Functions

239 ANS:

Translation 3 units right and 4 units up

PTS: 2

REF: 012027aii

NAT: F.IF.C.7

**TOP:** Graphing Exponential Functions

240 ANS:

$$2x^{2} - 7x + 4 = 11 - 2x \quad y = 11 - 2\left(\frac{7}{2}\right) = 4 \quad \left\{ \left(\frac{7}{2}, 4\right), (-1, 13) \right\}$$
$$2x^{2} - 5x - 7 = 0 \qquad y = 11 - 2(-1) = 13$$
$$2x - 7)(x + 1) = 0$$

$$(2x - 7)(x + 1) = 0$$

$$x = \frac{7}{2}, -1$$

PTS: 2

REF: 082232aii

NAT: A.REI.C.7

TOP: Quadratic-Linear Systems

241 ANS: 1

PTS: 2

REF: 062214aii

NAT: S.ID.A.4

**TOP:** Normal Distributions

KEY: predict

 $0.133696 \times 9256 \approx 1237$ 

PTS: 2

REF: 082230aii NAT: S.ID.A.4

**TOP:** Normal Distributions

KEY: predict

243 ANS: 1

$$\frac{-12}{16} = \frac{9}{-12} = \frac{-6.75}{9}$$

PTS: 2

REF: 012017aii NAT: F.IF.A.3

TOP: Sequences

KEY: difference or ratio

244 ANS:

1.5%; 
$$P(t) = 92.2(1.015)^{t}$$
;

$$\frac{300}{92.2} = (1.015)^t$$

$$\log \frac{300}{92.2} = t \log(1.015)$$

$$\frac{\log \frac{300}{92.2}}{\log(1.015)} =$$

$$t \approx 79$$

PTS: 6

REF: 062237aii NAT: A.CED.A.1 TOP: Exponential Growth

245 ANS:

$$\frac{60-20}{4-2} = \frac{40}{2} = 20$$

PTS: 2

REF: 082225aii NAT: F.IF.B.6 TOP: Rate of Change

246 ANS: 2

$$a_2 = 8 + \log_{2+1} 1 = 8 + 0 = 8$$

$$a_3 = 8 + \log_{3+1} 2 = 8 + \frac{1}{2} = 8.5$$

PTS: 2

REF: 062221aii

NAT: F.IF.A.3

TOP: Sequences

247 ANS:

No, because  $P(F/CR) \neq P(F)$ 

$$\frac{36}{42+36} \neq \frac{17+37+36+15}{39+17+42+12+17+37+36+15}$$
$$\frac{36}{78} \neq \frac{105}{215}$$
$$\frac{6}{13} \neq \frac{21}{43}$$

PTS: 2

REF: 082231aii NAT: S.CP.A.4 TOP: Conditional Probability

$$2000 \left(1 + \frac{.032}{12}\right)^{12t} \approx 2000(1.003)^{12t}$$

PTS: 2

REF: 012004aii

NAT: F.BF.A.1

**TOP:** Modeling Exponential Functions

249 ANS:

$$t = 2\pi \sqrt{\frac{67}{9.81}} \approx 16.4 \ 9.6 = 2\pi \sqrt{\frac{L}{9.81}}$$

$$L \approx 22.9$$

PTS: 4

REF: 062234aii

NAT: A.REI.A.2

**TOP:** Solving Radicals

KEY: context

250 ANS:

$$r = \frac{360}{300} = 1.2 \ S_n = \frac{300 - 300(1.2)^n}{1 - 1.2} \ S_{10} = \frac{300 - 300(1.2)^{10}}{1 - 1.2} \approx 7787.6$$

PTS: 2

REF: 012029aii

NAT: A.SSE.B.4

TOP: Series

251 ANS: 4

PTS: 2

REF: 082220aii

NAT: F.IF.B.4

**TOP:** Graphing Trigonometric Functions

252 ANS: 1

The vertical distance from the directrix to the vertex, p, is 2. The vertical distance from the vertex to the focus must also be 2.

PTS: 2

REF: 062213aii

NAT: G.GPE.A.2

**TOP:** Graphing Quadratic Functions

253 ANS: 3

$$(x+a)^{2} + 5(x+a) + 4 \text{ let } u = x+a$$

$$u^{2} + 5u + 4$$

$$(u+4)(u+1)$$

$$(x+a+4)(x+a+1)$$

PTS: 2

REF: 012006aii

NAT: A.SSE.A.2

TOP: Factoring Polynomials

KEY: multivariable

254 ANS: 3

PTS: 2

REF: 012005aii

NAT: F.IF.B.4

**TOP:** Graphing Polynomial Functions

$$\ln e^{x+2} = \ln \frac{7}{5}$$

$$(x+2)\ln e = \ln\frac{7}{5}$$

$$x = -2 + \ln \frac{7}{5}$$

PTS: 2

REF: 062207aii

NAT: F.LE.A.4

**TOP:** Exponential Equations

KEY: without common base

256 ANS:

$$\sqrt[3]{81} = \sqrt[3]{3^4} = 3^{\frac{4}{3}}$$
  $a = \frac{4}{3}$ 

PTS: 2

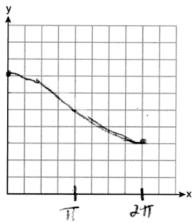
REF: 062230aii

NAT: N.RN.A.2

TOP: Radicals and Rational Exponents

KEY: variables

257 ANS:



PTS: 2

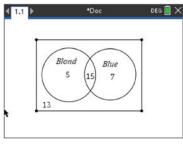
REF: 062231aii

NAT: F.IF.C.7

TOP: Graphing Trigonometric Functions

KEY: graph

258 ANS: 2



40 - (20 + 22 - 15) = 13

PTS: 2

REF: 062204aii

NAT: S.CP.A.1

TOP: Venn Diagrams

$$x^2 + 3 ) x^2 + 0x + 12$$

$$\underline{x^2 + 0x + 3}$$

9

PTS: 2 REF: 062218aii NAT: A.APR.D.6 TOP: Rational Expressions

KEY: division

260 ANS: 1 PTS: 2 REF: 082221aii NAT: F.BF.B.6

TOP: Sigma Notation KEY: represent

261 ANS:

Yes. P(Bl) = P(Bl|Gl)

$$0.14 + 0.26 = \frac{.14}{.35}$$

$$.4 = .4$$

PTS: 2 REF: 062229aii NAT: S.CP.A.4 TOP: Conditional Probability

262 ANS: 1 PTS: 2 REF: 062201aii NAT: N.RN.A.2

TOP: Radicals and Rational Exponents

263 ANS:

$$\frac{3}{n} = \frac{2}{n^2}$$
 0 is an extraneous solution.

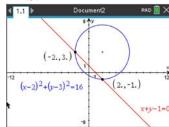
$$3n^2 = 2n$$

$$3n^2 - 2n = 0$$

$$n(3n-2)=0$$

$$n = 0, \frac{3}{2}$$

PTS: 2 REF: 062228aii NAT: A.REI.A.2 TOP: Solving Rationals



$$y = -x + 1$$
  $y = -2 + 1 = -1$  (2,-1)

$$(x-2)^2 + (-x+1-3)^2 = 16$$
  $y = 2+1=3$  (-2,3)

$$x^2 - 4x + 4 + x^2 + 4x + 4 = 16$$

$$2x^2 = 8$$

$$x = -2, 2$$

PTS: 4 REF: 012035aii NAT: A.REI.C.7 TOP: Quadratic-Linear Systems

265 ANS: 4

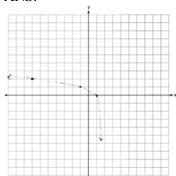
1) –1 is also a zero. 2)  $x^2(x-a) + 16(x-a) = (x^2 + 16)(x-a) a$  is the only zero. 3) -a is the only zero. 4)  $x^2(x-a) - 9(x-a) = (x^2 - 9)(x-a)$ .

PTS: 2 REF: 012019aii NAT: A.APR.B.3 TOP: Solving Polynomial Equations

266 ANS: 2 PTS: 2 REF: 062222aii NAT: F.IF.C.9

**TOP:** Comparing Functions

267 ANS:



Domain: x < 2, Asymptote x = 2

PTS: 4 REF: 012034aii NAT: F.IF.C.7 TOP: Graphing Logarithmic Functions

268 ANS: 4 PTS: 2 REF: 012016aii NAT: F.IF.B.4

TOP: Graphing Trigonometric Functions KEY: increasing/decreasing

$$\cos A = \frac{\cos A}{\sin A}$$

$$-3 = \frac{\frac{3}{\sqrt{10}}}{\sin A}$$

$$\sin A = \frac{3}{-3\sqrt{10}} = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{10}}$$

PTS: 2

REF: 082229aii

NAT: F.TF.C.8

TOP: Determining Trigonometric Functions

$$g(x)$$
:  $\frac{10-6}{4-2} = 2$   $t(x)$ :  $\frac{3--5}{4-2} = 4$ 

PTS: 2

REF: 062212ai

NAT: F.IF.C.9

**TOP:** Comparing Functions

271 ANS: 3

$$x^{2} - 6x + 9 - (x^{2} + 6x + 9) = -12x$$

PTS: 2

REF: 062210aii

NAT: F.BF.A.1

TOP: Operations with Functions

272 ANS: 2

$$x^{2} + 2x + 4$$

$$x - 2 ) x^{3} - 0x^{2} + 0x - 2$$

$$\underline{x^3 - 2x^2}$$

$$2x^2 + 0x$$

$$2x^2-4x$$

$$4x - 2$$

$$4x-8$$

6

REF: 082217aii

NAT: A.APR.D.6

**TOP:** Rational Expressions

KEY: division

PTS: 2

273 ANS: 2

PTS: 2

REF: 082203aii

NAT: F.IF.C.7

TOP: Graphing Trigonometric Functions KEY: amplitude

$$\left(\frac{\frac{17}{8}}{\frac{10}{8}}\right)^{-4} = y^n \quad n = -\frac{7}{2}$$

$$\left(y^{\frac{7}{8}}\right)^{-4} = y^n$$

$$v^{-\frac{7}{2}} = v^n$$

PTS: 2 REF: 082228aii NAT: A.APR.D.6 TOP: Expressions with Negative Exponents

KEY: variables

275 ANS: 2 PTS: 2 REF: 082204aii NAT: S.IC.B.3

TOP: Analysis of Data KEY: type

276 ANS: 3

$$\begin{array}{r}
 2x + 1 \\
 x + 2 \overline{\smash{\big)}\ 2x^2 + 5x + 8}
 \end{array}$$

$$2x^2 + 4x$$

$$x + 8$$

$$\underline{x+2}$$

6

PTS: 2 REF: 012007aii NAT: A.APR.D.6 TOP: Rational Expressions

KEY: division

277 ANS: 1

$$0.5^{\frac{1}{0.0803}} \approx 0.000178$$

PTS: 2 REF: 082224aii NAT: A.SSE.B.3 TOP: Modeling Exponential Functions

278 ANS:

$$x^{2} + (2x - 5)^{2} = 25$$
  $y + 5 = 2(0)$   $y + 5 = 2(4)$   $(0, -5), (4, 3)$ 

$$x^2 + 4x^2 - 20x + 25 = 25$$
  $y = -5$   $y = 3$ 

$$5x^2 - 20x = 0$$

$$5x(x-4) = 0$$

$$x = 0.4$$

PTS: 4 REF: 062236aii NAT: A.REI.C.7 TOP: Quadratic-Linear Systems

$$(x-2i)(x-2i) = x^2 - 4xi + 4i^2 = x^2 - 4xi - 4$$

REF: 082202aii

NAT: N.CN.A.2

TOP: Operations with Complex Numbers

280 ANS: 3

PTS: 2

REF: 012002aii

NAT: F.BF.A.1

**TOP:** Operations with Functions

281 ANS: 1

$$7 - 3i + x^2 - 4xi + 4i^2 - 4i - 2x^2 = 7 - 7i - x^2 - 4xi - 4 = 3 - x^2 - 4xi - 7i = (3 - x^2) - (4x + 7)i$$

REF: 012022aii

NAT: N.CN.A.2

TOP: Operations with Complex Numbers

282 ANS: 4

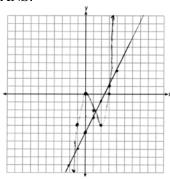
$$\frac{13}{13+11} = \frac{13}{24}$$

PTS: 2

REF: 012011aii NAT: S.CP.A.4

**TOP:** Conditional Probability

283 ANS:



k = 6, -1

PTS: 4

REF: 062233aii

NAT: A.REI.D.11 TOP: Other Systems

284 ANS: 3

$$\frac{4}{k^2 - 8k + 12} = \frac{k(k - 6) + (k - 2)}{k^2 - 8k + 12} \quad k = 6 \text{ is extraneous}$$

$$4 = k^2 - 6k + k - 2$$

$$0 = k^2 - 5k - 6$$

$$0 = (k - 6)(k + 1)$$

PTS: 2

REF: 082218aii

NAT: A.REI.A.2

**TOP:** Solving Rationals

285 ANS: 2

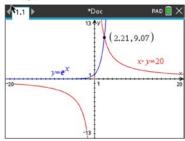
The mass of the carbon-14 is decreasing by half every 5715 years.

PTS: 2

REF: 062211aii

NAT: F.LE.B.5

**TOP:** Modeling Exponential Functions



PTS: 2

REF: 082210aii NAT: A.REI.D.11 TOP: Other Systems

287 ANS:

$$a_n = 100(.8)^{n-1}$$
  $S_{20} = \frac{100 - 100(.8)^{20}}{1 - .8} \approx 494$  No, because  $494 > 40 \times 12$ .

PTS: 4

REF: 012033aii

NAT: A.SSE.B.4

TOP: Series

288 ANS: 4

$$x^{3} - x^{2}yi - xy^{2} + x^{2}yi - xy^{2}i^{2} - y^{3}i = x^{3} - xy^{2} - xy^{2}(-1) - y^{3}i = x^{3} - y^{3}i$$

PTS: 2

REF: 062223aii

NAT: N.CN.A.2

TOP: Operations with Complex Numbers

289 ANS: 1

The product of the roots equals  $(3+i)(3-i) = 9-i^2 = 10 = \frac{c}{a}$ . OR

$$(x-(3+i))(x-(3-i))=0$$

$$(x-3-i)(x-3+i) = 0$$

$$((x-3)-i)((x-3)+i) = 0$$

$$(x-3)^2 - i^2 = 0$$

$$x^2 - 6x + 9 + 1 = 0$$

$$x^2 - 6x + 10 = 0$$

PTS: 2

REF: 082208aii

NAT: A.REI.B.4

TOP: Complex Conjugate Root Theorem

290 ANS: 1

$$\left(a\sqrt[3]{2b^2}\right)\left(\sqrt[3]{4a^2b}\right) = a\sqrt[3]{8a^2b^3} = 2ab\sqrt[3]{a^2}$$

PTS: 2

REF: 082213aii

NAT: N.RN.A.2

TOP: Operations with Radicals

KEY: with variables, index > 2

291 ANS: 1

$$\frac{x(x^2-9)}{-(x^2-9)} = -x$$

PTS: 2

REF: 012023aii

NAT: A.APR.D.6 TOP: Rational Expressions

KEY: factoring

$$\sqrt[4]{81x^8y^6} = 81^{\frac{1}{4}}x^{\frac{8}{4}}y^{\frac{6}{4}} = 3x^2y^{\frac{3}{2}}$$

PTS: 2

REF: 012001aii

NAT: N.RN.A.2

**TOP:** Radicals and Rational Exponents

KEY: variables

293 ANS: 3

PTS: 2

REF: 082201aii

NAT: S.IC.B.3

TOP: Analysis of Data

KEY: type

294 ANS: 1

2) 
$$(x^4 - x^2y^2 + y^4) \neq (x^2 - y^2)(x^2 - y^2)$$
; 3)  $x^6 + y^6 \neq (x^3 + y^3)^2$ ; 4)  $\frac{x^6 + y^6}{x^2 + y^2} \neq x^6 + y^6 - (x^2 + y^2)$ 

PTS: 2

REF: 082219aii

NAT: A.APR.C.4 TOP: Polynomial Identities

295 ANS:

 $.819 \pm 2 \cdot .053 = .713 - .925$ . Since .70 does not fall within the 95% interval.

PTS: 4

REF: 082236aii

NAT: S.IC.A.2

TOP: Analysis of Data

296 ANS: 2

$$\frac{x^2 + 3x}{x^2 + 5x + 6} = \frac{x(x+3)}{(x+2)(x+3)}$$

PTS: 2

REF: 082215aii

NAT: A.APR.D.6

TOP: Rational Expressions

KEY: factoring

297 ANS: 3

PTS: 2

REF: 012003aii

NAT: A.APR.C.4

TOP: Polynomial Identities

298 ANS:

$$S_5 = \frac{6 - 6(.8)^5}{1 - 8} \approx 20.17$$

PTS: 2

REF: 062226aii

NAT: A.SSE.B.4

TOP: Series

To determine student opinion, survey the widest range of students.

PTS: 2

REF: 062202aii

NAT: S.IC.B.3

TOP: Analysis of Data

KEY: bias

300 ANS: 3

PTS: 2

PTS: 2

REF: 012015aii

NAT: S.IC.B.3

TOP: Analysis of Data

KEY: type

301 ANS: 2

REF: 062206aii

NAT: A.APR.B.2

TOP: Remainder Theorem

302 ANS: 4

Translate the parent log function 2 to the right and reflect over the *x*-axis.

PTS: 2

REF: 082207aii

NAT: F.IF.C.7

**TOP:** Graphing Logarithmic Functions

$$y = 101.523(.883)^{x}$$
 29 = 101.523(.883)<sup>x</sup>

$$\frac{29}{101.523} = (.883)^x$$

$$\log \frac{29}{101.523} = x \log(.883)$$

$$\frac{\log \frac{29}{101.523}}{\log(.883)} = x$$

$$x \approx 10.07$$

PTS: 4

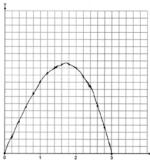
REF: 012036aii

NAT: S.ID.B.6

TOP: Regression

KEY: exponential

304 ANS:



12.6

PTS: 4

REF: 082234aii

NAT: F.IF.C.7

**TOP:** Graphing Polynomial Functions

305 ANS:

$$\sqrt{4x+1} = 11-x$$

20 is extraneous.

$$4x + 1 = 121 - 22x + x^2$$

$$0 = x^2 - 26x + 120$$

$$0 = (x - 6)(x - 20)$$

$$x = 6,20$$

PTS: 2

REF: 082227aii

NAT: A.REI.A.2

TOP: Solving Radicals

KEY: extraneous solutions

306 ANS: 2

PTS: 2

REF: 062219aii

NAT: F.TF.A.1

TOP: Unit Circle

$$2x + 4y - 2z = 2$$
  $-x - 3y + 2z = 0$   $x + y = 2$   $3 + 2y - z = 1$   $2y - z = -2$ 

$$\underline{-x-3y+2z=0}$$
  $\underline{4x-8y+2z=20}$   $\underline{x-y=4}$   $6-4y+z=10$   $\underline{2(-1)-z=-2}$ 

$$x + y = 2$$
  $5x - 5y = 20$   $2x = 6$   $2y - z = -2$   $z = 0$   $x - y = 4$   $x = 3$   $-4y + z = 4$ 

$$x - y = 4 \qquad \qquad x = 3 \qquad \underline{-4y + z = 4}$$

$$-2y = 2$$

$$y = -1$$

PTS: 2 REF: 062208aii NAT: A.REI.C.6 TOP: Solving Linear Systems

KEY: three variables

308 ANS: 4 PTS: 2 REF: 082205aii NAT: F.TF.A.2

TOP: Unit Circle

309 ANS: 4

$$\log 2^{t} = \log \sqrt{10} \quad 2) \frac{\log \sqrt{10}}{\log 2} = \log_{2} \sqrt{10}, \quad 1) \log_{2} \sqrt{10} = \log_{2} 10^{\frac{1}{2}} = \frac{1}{2} \log_{2} 10, \quad 3) \log_{4} 10 = \frac{\log_{2} 10}{\log_{2} 4} = \frac{1}{2} \log_{2} 10$$

$$t\log 2 = \log \sqrt{10}$$

$$t = \frac{\log \sqrt{10}}{\log 2}$$

PTS: 2 REF: 012009aii NAT: F.LE.A.4 TOP: Exponential Equations

KEY: without common base

310 ANS:

$$\left(p^{2}n^{\frac{1}{2}}\right)^{8}\sqrt{p^{5}n^{4}} = \left(p^{16}n^{4}\right)p^{2}n^{2}\sqrt{p} = p^{18}n^{6}\sqrt{p}$$

PTS: 2 REF: 012025aii NAT: N.RN.A.2 TOP: Radicals and Rational Exponents

311 ANS: 4

$$\frac{15000}{12000} = \frac{12000e^{.025t}}{12000}$$

$$1.25 = e^{.025t}$$

$$\ln 1.25 = \ln e^{.025t}$$

$$\ln 1.25 = .025t$$

$$\frac{\ln 1.25}{0.25} = t$$

PTS: 2 REF: 082209aii NAT: F.LE.A.4 TOP: Exponential Growth 312 ANS: 4 1) d(2) = 2; 2) d(1) = 12; 3)  $d(9) \approx 11$ ; 4) d(-1) = 2

PTS: 2 REF: 062220aii NAT: F.IF.B.4 TOP: Graphing Trigonometric Functions

313 ANS: 1  $\left(1.03^{\frac{1}{12}}\right)^{12t} \approx 1.00247^{12t}$ 

PTS: 2 REF: 062224aii NAT: A.SSE.B.3 TOP: Modeling Exponential Functions

314 ANS: 3  $x = -\frac{2y}{5} + 4$   $y = -\frac{5}{2}(6) + 10 = -5$ 

5x = -2y + 20

2y = -5x + 20

 $y = -\frac{5}{2}x + 10$ 

PTS: 2 REF: 082223aii NAT: F.BF.B.4 TOP: Inverse of Functions

KEY: linear

315 ANS: 3

$$M = \frac{240000 \left(\frac{4.5\%}{12}\right) \left(1 + \frac{4.5\%}{12}\right)^{15 \times 12}}{\left(1 + \frac{4.5\%}{12}\right)^{15 \times 12}} \approx 1835.98$$

PTS: 2 REF: 062209aii NAT: F.IF.B.4 TOP: Evaluating Exponential Expressions

316 ANS: 2

$$2x^3 + x^2 - 18x - 9$$

$$x^{2}(2x+1)-9(2x+1)$$

$$(x^2-9)(2x+1)$$

$$(x+3)(x-3)(2x+1)$$

PTS: 2 REF: 082206aii NAT: A.APR.B.2 TOP: Remainder Theorem

317 ANS:

 $m(3) = 3^3 - 3^2 - 5(3) - 3 = 27 - 9 - 15 - 3 = 0$  Since m(3) = 0, there is no remainder when m(x) is divided by x - 3, and so x - 3 is a factor.

PTS: 2 REF: 012026aii NAT: A.APR.B.2 TOP: Remainder Theorem

between 000 and 449, inclusive  $\rightarrow \frac{450}{1000} = 45\%$ 

PTS: 2 REF: 012024aii NAT: S.IC.B.3 TOP: Analysis of Data

KEY: type

319 ANS: 4 PTS: 2 REF: 012008aii NAT: S.CP.A.3

**TOP:** Conditional Probability

320 ANS: 2 PTS: 2 REF: 082222aii NAT: A.CED.A.1

TOP: Modeling Rationals

321 ANS:

$$x^{3} - 2x^{2} - 9x + 18 = x^{2}(x - 2) - 9(x - 2) = (x^{2} - 9)(x - 2) = (x + 3)(x - 3)(x - 2)$$

PTS: 2 REF: 082226aii NAT: A.SSE.A.2 TOP: Factoring Polynomials

KEY: factoring by grouping

322 ANS: 3

The distance from the vertex to the focus, p, is 4. Since the focus is below the vertex, p is negative.

$$y = -\frac{1}{4(4)}(x-2)^2 + 1$$

PTS: 2 REF: 082212aii NAT: G.GPE.A.2 TOP: Graphing Quadratic Functions

323 ANS: 1

1) A(20) > 0; 2)  $.5 \times .5 = .25$ ; 3) true; 4)  $A(7) \approx 9.9$ 

PTS: 2 REF: 082211aii NAT: F.LE.B.5 TOP: Modeling Exponential Functions

324 ANS: 2

$$5x^2 - 4x + 2 = 0 \quad \frac{4 \pm \sqrt{(-4)^2 - 4(5)(2)}}{2(5)} = \frac{4 \pm \sqrt{-24}}{10} = \frac{4 \pm 2i\sqrt{6}}{10} = \frac{2 \pm i\sqrt{6}}{5}$$

PTS: 2 REF: 012020aii NAT: A.REI.B.4 TOP: Solving Quadratics

KEY: complex solutions | quadratic formula

325 ANS: 4 PTS: 2 REF: 062216aii NAT: S.IC.B.3

TOP: Analysis of Data KEY: type

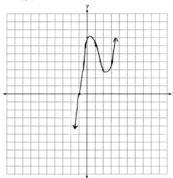
326 ANS: 4 PTS: 2 REF: 012014aii NAT: S.IC.B.5

TOP: Analysis of Data

327 ANS:

 $.651 \pm 2 \cdot .034 = .58 - .72$ . No, since .61 (122/200) falls within the 95% interval.

PTS: 4 REF: 062235aii NAT: S.IC.A.2 TOP: Analysis of Data



PTS: 2

REF: 012032aii

NAT: F.IF.C.7

**TOP:** Graphing Polynomial Functions

329 ANS:

a) 
$$p(t) = 11000(2)^{\frac{t}{20}}$$
; b)  $\frac{1000000}{11000} = \frac{11000(2)^{\frac{t}{20}}}{11000}$ 

$$\log \frac{1000}{11} = \log 2^{\frac{t}{20}}$$

$$\log \frac{1000}{11} = \frac{t \cdot \log 2}{20}$$

$$\frac{20\log\frac{1000}{11}}{\log 2} = t$$

 $t \approx 130.13$ 

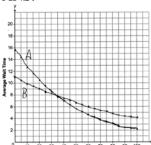
PTS: 4

REF: 082233aii

NAT: F.LE.A.4

TOP: Exponential Growth

330 ANS:



 $^*35$ ;  $B(100) - A(100) \approx 2$ , which represents the difference of the average wait time when

there are 100 CSRs between the plans.

PTS: 6

REF: 082237aii

NAT: A.REI.D.11

TOP: Other Systems

 $x^2 = 3x + 40$ . x = -5 is an extraneous solution.

$$x^2 - 3x - 40 = 0$$

$$(x-8)(x+5) = 0$$

$$x = 8, -5$$

PTS: 2 REF: 012010aii NAT: A.REI.A.2 TOP: Solving Radicals

KEY: extraneous solutions

332 ANS: 4 PTS: 2 REF: 062215aii NAT: F.IF.C.7

TOP: Graphing Logarithmic Functions

## **Algebra II Regents at Random Answer Section**

333 ANS: 3

$$(m-2)^2(m+3) = (m^2 - 4m + 4)(m+3) = m^3 + 3m^2 - 4m^2 - 12m + 4m + 12 = m^3 - m^2 - 8m + 12$$

REF: 081605aii

NAT: A.SSE.A.2 TOP: Factoring Polynomials

KEY: factoring by grouping

334 ANS:

$$\sin^2 \theta + (-0.7)^2 = 1$$
 Since  $\theta$  is in Quadrant II,  $\sin \theta = \sqrt{.51}$  and  $\tan \theta = \frac{\sin \theta}{\cos \theta} = \frac{\sqrt{.51}}{-0.7} \approx -1.02$   
 $\sin^2 \theta = .51$   
 $\sin \theta = \pm \sqrt{.51}$ 

PTS: 2

REF: 081628aii

NAT: F.TF.C.8

TOP: Determining Trigonometric Functions

335 ANS:

$$7 = 20(0.5)^{\frac{t}{8.02}}$$

$$\log 0.35 = \log 0.5^{\frac{t}{8.02}}$$

$$\log 0.35 = \frac{t \log 0.5}{8.02}$$

$$\frac{8.02\log 0.35}{\log 0.5} = t$$

$$t \approx 12$$

PTS: 4

REF: 081634aii

NAT: F.LE.A.4 TOP: Exponential Decay

336 ANS: 3

$$\frac{f(7) - f(-7)}{7 - -7} = \frac{2^{-0.25(7)} \bullet \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2}(7)\right) - 2^{-0.25(-7)} \bullet \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2}(-7)\right)}{14} \approx -0.26$$

PTS: 2

REF: 061721aii

NAT: F.IF.B.6

TOP: Rate of Change

$$A = Pe^{rt}$$

 $135000 = 100000e^{5r}$ 

$$1.35 = e^{5r}$$

$$\ln 1.35 = \ln e^{5r}$$

$$\ln 1.35 = 5r$$

 $.06 \approx r \text{ or } 6\%$ 

PTS: 2

REF: 061632aii

NAT: F.LE.A.4 TOP: Exponential Growth

338 ANS:

Applying the commutative property,  $\left(3^{\frac{1}{5}}\right)^2$  can be rewritten as  $\left(3^2\right)^{\frac{1}{5}}$  or  $9^{\frac{1}{5}}$ . A fractional exponent can be

rewritten as a radical with the denominator as the index, or  $9^{\frac{1}{5}} = \sqrt[5]{9}$ .

PTS: 2

REF: 081626aii

NAT: N.RN.A.1

**TOP:** Radicals and Rational Exponents

339 ANS: 4

$$\frac{m(c)}{g(c)} = \frac{c+1}{1-c^2} = \frac{c+1}{(1+c)(1-c)} = \frac{1}{1-c}$$

PTS: 2

REF: 061608aii

NAT: F.BF.A.1

**TOP:** Operations with Functions

340 ANS: 4

	Bar Harbor	Phoenix
Minimum	31.386	66.491
Midline	55.3	86.729
Maximum	79.214	106.967
Range	47.828	40.476

PTS: 2

REF: 061715aii

NAT: F.IF.B.4

TOP: Graphing Trigonometric Functions

KEY: maximum/minimum

341 ANS: 1

$$\frac{157}{25 + 47 + 157}$$

PTS: 2

REF: 081607aii

NAT: S.CP.A.4 TOP: Conditional Probability

342 ANS: 4

The vertex is (2,-1) and p = 2.  $y = -\frac{1}{4(2)}(x-2)^2 - 1$ 

PTS: 2

REF: 081619aii NAT: G.GPE.A.2 TOP: Graphing Quadratic Functions

$$B(t) = 750 \left( 1.16^{\frac{1}{12}} \right)^{12t} \approx 750(1.012)^{12t} \quad B(t) = 750 \left( 1 + \frac{0.16}{12} \right)^{12t}$$
 is wrong, because the growth is an annual rate

that is not compounded monthly.

PTS: 2

REF: spr1504aii

NAT: A.SSE.B.3

**TOP:** Modeling Exponential Functions

344 ANS: 4

$$d = 32(.8)^{b-1}$$
  $S_n = \frac{32 - 32(.8)^{12}}{1 - .8} \approx 149$ 

PTS: 2

REF: 081721aii

NAT: A.SSE.B.4

TOP: Series

345 ANS:

Based on these data, the two events do not appear to be independent.  $P(F) = \frac{106}{200} = 0.53$ , while

 $P(F|T) = \frac{54}{90} = 0.6$ ,  $P(F|R) = \frac{25}{65} = 0.39$ , and  $P(F|C) = \frac{27}{45} = 0.6$ . The probability of being female are not the same as the conditional probabilities. This suggests that the events are not independent.

PTS: 2

REF: fall1508aii

NAT: S.CP.A.4

**TOP:** Conditional Probability

346 ANS: 1

$$2x^{2} + x + 5$$
$$2x - 1 ) 4x^{3} + 0x^{2} + 9x - 5$$

$$4x^3 - 2x^2$$

$$2x^{2} + 9x$$

$$2x^2-x$$

$$10x - 5$$

$$10x - 5$$

PTS: 2

KEY: division

REF: 081713aii

NAT: A.APR.D.6 TOP: Rational Expressions



$$x^4 - 4x^3 - 9x^2 + 36x = 0$$

$$x^{3}(x-4) - 9x(x-4) = 0$$

$$(x^3 - 9x)(x - 4) = 0$$

$$x(x^2 - 9)(x - 4) = 0$$

$$x(x+3)(x-3)(x-4) = 0$$

$$x = 0, \pm 3, 4$$

PTS: 2 REF: 061606aii NAT: A.APR.B.3 TOP: Solving Polynomial Equations

348 ANS: 2 The 2010 population is 110 million.

PTS: 2 REF: 061718aii NAT: F.LE.B.5 TOP: Modeling Exponential Functions

349 ANS: 2 PTS: 2 REF: 011701aii NAT: F.IF.B.4

TOP: Graphing Trigonometric Functions

350 ANS:

 $A(t) = 100(0.5)^{\frac{t}{63}}$ , where t is time in years, and A(t) is the amount of titanium-44 left after t years.

$$\frac{A(10) - A(0)}{10 - 0} = \frac{89.58132 - 100}{10} = -1.041868$$
 The estimated mass at  $t = 40$  is  $100 - 40(-1.041868) \approx 58.3$ . The

actual mass is  $A(40) = 100(0.5)^{\frac{40}{63}} \approx 64.3976$ . The estimated mass is less than the actual mass.

PTS: 6 REF: fall1517aii NAT: F.LE.A.2 TOP: Modeling Exponential Functions

351 ANS:

$$x^{2}(4x-1) + 4(4x-1) = (x^{2} + 4)(4x-1)$$

PTS: 2 REF: 061727aii NAT: A.SSE.A.2 TOP: Factoring Polynomials

KEY: factoring by grouping

352 ANS: 1 PTS: 2 REF: 061701aii NAT: A.APR.B.3

**TOP:** Graphing Polynomial Functions

$$x = \left(y - 3\right)^3 + 1$$

$$x - 1 = \left(y - 3\right)^3$$

$$\sqrt[3]{x-1} = y-3$$

$$\sqrt[3]{x-1} + 3 = y$$

$$f^{-1}(x) = \sqrt[3]{x-1} + 3$$

PTS: 2 REF: fall1509aii NAT: F.BF.B.4 TOP: Inverse of Functions

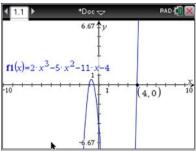
KEY: other

354 ANS: 4 PTS: 2 REF: 061601aii NAT: N.RN.A.2

TOP: Radicals and Rational Exponents KEY: variables

355 ANS:

 $f(4) = 2(4)^3 - 5(4)^2 - 11(4) - 4 = 128 - 80 - 44 - 4 = 0$  Any method that demonstrates 4 is a zero of f(x) confirms



that x - 4 is a factor, as suggested by the Remainder Theorem.

PTS: 2 REF: spr1507aii NAT: A.APR.B.2 TOP: Remainder Theorem

356 ANS: 3

Since x + 4 is a factor of p(x), there is no remainder.

PTS: 2 REF: 081621aii NAT: A.APR.B.2 TOP: Remainder Theorem

357 ANS:

$$a_n = x^{n-1}(x+1) \ x^{n-1} = 0 \ x+1 = 0$$

$$x = 0$$
  $x = -1$ 

PTS: 4 REF: spr1511aii NAT: F.LE.A.2 TOP: Sequences

KEY: recursive

358 ANS:

$$x+y+z=1$$
  $x+y+z=1$   $x+y+z=1$   $-2z-z=3$   $y-(-1)=3$   $x+2-1=1$ 

$$x + 2y + 3z = 1$$
  $x + 2y + 3z = 1$   $-x + 3y - 5z = 11$   $-3z = 3$   $y = 2$   $x = 0$ 

$$-x + 3y - 5z = 11$$
  $y + 2z = 0$   $4y - 4z = 12$   $z = -1$ 

$$y = -2z \qquad \qquad y - z = 3$$

PTS: 4 REF: 061733aii NAT: A.REI.C.6 TOP: Solving Linear Systems

KEY: three variables

Using a 95% level of confidence,  $x \pm 2$  standard deviations sets the usual wait time as 150-302 seconds. 360 seconds is unusual.

- PTS: 2
- REF: 081629aii
- NAT: S.IC.B.6
- TOP: Analysis of Data

360 ANS: 3



- PTS: 2
- REF: 081604aii
- NAT: S.ID.A.4
- **TOP:** Normal Distributions

- KEY: probability
- 361 ANS: 3

$$(3k-2i)^2 = 9k^2 - 12ki + 4i^2 = 9k^2 - 12ki - 4$$

- PTS: 2
- REF: 081702aii
- NAT: N.CN.A.2
- TOP: Operations with Complex Numbers

362 ANS:

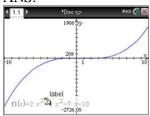
$$M = 172600 \bullet \frac{0.00305(1+0.00305)^{12\cdot15}}{(1+0.00305)^{12\cdot15}-1} \approx 1247 \qquad 1100 = (172600-x) \bullet \frac{0.00305(1+0.00305)^{12\cdot15}}{(1+0.00305)^{12\cdot15}-1}$$

$$1100 \approx (172600 - x) \bullet (0.007228)$$

$$152193 \approx 172600 - x$$

$$20407 \approx x$$

- PTS: 4
- REF: 061734aii
- NAT: F.IF.B.4
- TOP: Evaluating Exponential Expressions



$$\frac{2x^2 + 6x + 23}{x - 5 \int 2x^3 - 4x^2 - 7x - 10}$$
 Since there is a remainder,  $x - 5$  is not a factor.

PTS: 2

REF: 061627aii

NAT: A.APR.B.2

105

TOP: Remainder Theorem

364 ANS: 4

The vertex is (1,0) and p = 2.  $y = \frac{1}{4(2)}(x-1)^2 + 0$ 

PTS: 2

REF: 061717aii

NAT: G.GPE.A.2

**TOP:** Graphing Quadratic Functions

365 ANS: 4

PTS: 2

REF: 061716aii

NAT: N.RN.A.2

TOP: Radicals and Rational Exponents KEY: variables

366 ANS: 3

$$2d(d^3 + 3d^2 - 9d - 27)$$

$$2d(d^2(d+3) - 9(d+3))$$

$$2d(d^2-9)(d+3)$$

$$2d(d+3)(d-3)(d+3)$$

$$2d(d+3)^2(d-3)$$

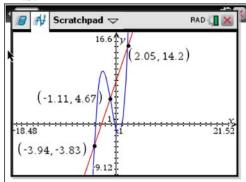
PTS: 2

REF: 081615aii

NAT: A.SSE.A.2

**TOP:** Factoring Polynomials

KEY: factoring by grouping



PTS: 2

REF: 061622aii NAT: A.REI.D.11 TOP: Other Systems

368 ANS: 2

$$\sqrt{x+14} = \sqrt{2x+5} + 1$$

$$\sqrt{22+14} - \sqrt{2(22)+5} = 1$$

$$x + 14 = 2x + 5 + 2\sqrt{2x + 5} + 1$$

$$6-7 \neq 1$$

$$-x + 8 = 2\sqrt{2x + 5}$$

$$x^2 - 16x + 64 = 8x + 20$$

$$x^2 - 24x + 44 = 0$$

$$(x-22)(x-2)=0$$

$$x = 2,22$$

PTS: 2

REF: 081704aii NAT: A.REI.A.2 TOP: Solving Radicals

KEY: advanced

369 ANS: 1



PTS: 2

REF: 081711aii NAT: S.ID.A.4

**TOP:** Normal Distributions

KEY: percent 370 ANS: 4

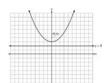
 $496 \pm 2(115)$ 

PTS: 2

KEY: interval

REF: 011718aii NAT: S.ID.A.4

**TOP:** Normal Distributions



A parabola with a focus of (0,4) and a directrix of y=2 is sketched as follows: By inspection, it is determined that the vertex of the parabola is (0,3). It is also evident that the distance, p, between the vertex and the focus is 1. It is possible to use the formula  $(x-h)^2=4p(y-k)$  to derive the equation of the parabola as follows:  $(x-0)^2=4(1)(y-3)$ 

$$x^2 = 4y - 12$$

$$x^2 + 12 = 4y$$

$$\frac{x^2}{4} + 3 = y$$

or A point (x,y) on the parabola must be the same distance from the focus as it is from the directrix. For any such point (x,y), the distance to the focus is  $\sqrt{(x-0)^2+(y-4)^2}$  and the distance to the directrix is y-2. Setting this equal leads to:  $x^2+y^2-8y+16=y^2-4y+4$ 

$$x^2 + 16 = 4y + 4$$

$$\frac{x^2}{4} + 3 = y$$

PTS: 2 REF: spr1502aii NAT: G.GPE.A.2 TOP: Graphing Quadratic Functions

372 ANS: 1 PTS: 2 REF: 061708aii NAT: F.TF.B.5

TOP: Modeling Trigonometric Functions

373 ANS:  $0 = \log_{10}(x - 4)$  The *x*-intercept of *h* is (2,0). *f* has the larger value.

$$10^0 = x - 4$$

$$1 = x - 4$$

$$x = 5$$

PTS: 2 REF: 081630aii NAT: F.IF.C.9 TOP: Comparing Functions

374 ANS:

$$\frac{\left(\ln\frac{1}{2}\right)}{1590}$$
 is negative, so  $M(t)$  represents decay.

PTS: 2 REF: 011728aii NAT: F.IF.C.7 TOP: Graphing Exponential Functions

375 ANS: 3 PTS: 2 REF: 061710aii NAT: S.IC.A.2

TOP: Analysis of Data

The graph shows three real zeros, and has end behavior matching the given end behavior.

PTS: 2

REF: 061604aii

NAT: F.IF.C.7

**TOP:** Graphing Polynomial Functions

KEY: bimodalgraph

377 ANS: 2



PTS: 2

REF: 081603aii

NAT: A.REI.D.11 TOP: Other Systems

378 ANS: 4

$$m^5 + m^3 - 6m = m(m^4 + m^2 - 6) = m(m^2 + 3)(m^2 - 2)$$

PTS: 2

REF: 011703aii

NAT: A.SSE.A.2

**TOP:** Factoring Polynomials

KEY: higher power

379 ANS: 2

$$x^{2} + 0x + 1$$

$$x + 2 x^{3} + 2x^{2} + x + 6$$

$$x^3 + 2x^2$$

$$0x^2 + x$$

$$0x^2 + 0x$$

$$x+6$$

$$\underline{x} + 2$$

4

PTS: 2 REF: 081611aii

NAT: A.APR.D.6

**TOP:** Rational Expressions

KEY: division

380 ANS: 3

PTS: 2

REF: 061607aii

NAT: S.IC.A.2

TOP: Analysis of Data

381 ANS: 4

$$(x+y)^3 = x^3 + 3x^2y + 3xy^2 + y^3 \neq x^3 + 3xy + y^3$$

PTS: 2

REF: 081620aii

NAT: A.APR.C.4

**TOP:** Polynomial Identities

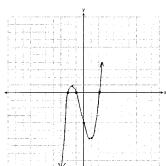
382 ANS: 4

PTS: 2

REF: 081708aii

NAT: A.APR.B.3

**TOP:** Solving Polynomial Equations



$$0 = x^2(x+1) - 4(x+1)$$

$$0 = (x^2 - 4)(x + 1)$$

$$0 = (x+2)(x-2)(x+1)$$

$$x = -2, -1, 2$$

PTS: 4

REF: 081633aii

NAT: F.IF.C.7

**TOP:** Graphing Polynomial Functions

384 ANS:

$$6x - 3y + 2z = -10$$
  $x + 3y + 5z = 45$   $4x + 10z = 62$   $4x + 4(7) = 20$   $6(-2) - 3y + 2(7) = -10$ 

$$-2x + 3y + 8z = 72$$
  $6x - 3y + 2z = -10$   $4x + 4z = 20$ 

$$4x = -8$$

$$-3y = -12$$

$$4x + 10z = 62$$
  $7x + 7z = 35$   $6z = 42$ 

$$7x + 7z = 35$$

$$6z = 42$$

$$x = -2$$

$$y = 4$$

$$4x + 4z = 20$$

$$z = 7$$

PTS: 4 NAT: A.REI.C.6 REF: spr1510aii **TOP:** Solving Linear Systems

KEY: three variables

385 ANS:

Yes. The margin of error from this simulation indicates that 95% of the observations fall within  $\pm$  0.12 of the simulated proportion, 0.25. The margin of error can be estimated by multiplying the standard deviation, shown to

be 0.06 in the dotplot, by 2, or applying the estimated standard error formula,  $\sqrt{\frac{p(1-p)}{n}}$  or  $\sqrt{\frac{(0.25)(0.75)}{50}}$ 

and multiplying by 2. The interval  $0.25 \pm 0.12$  includes plausible values for the true proportion of people who prefer Stephen's new product. The company has evidence that the population proportion could be at least 25%. As seen in the dotplot, it can be expected to obtain a sample proportion of 0.18 (9 out of 50) or less several times, even when the population proportion is 0.25, due to sampling variability. Given this information, the results of the survey do not provide enough evidence to suggest that the true proportion is not at least 0.25, so the development of the product should continue at this time.

PTS: 4 NAT: S.IC.B.4 REF: spr1512aii TOP: Analysis of Data

The mean difference between the students' final grades in group 1 and group 2 is -3.64. This value indicates that students who met with a tutor had a mean final grade of 3.64 points less than students who used an on-line subscription. One can infer whether this difference is due to the differences in intervention or due to which students were assigned to each group by using a simulation to rerandomize the students' final grades many (500) times. If the observed difference -3.64 is the result of the assignment of students to groups alone, then a difference of -3.64 or less should be observed fairly regularly in the simulation output. However, a difference of -3 or less occurs in only about 2% of the rerandomizations. Therefore, it is quite unlikely that the assignment to groups alone accounts for the difference; rather, it is likely that the difference between the interventions themselves accounts for the difference between the two groups' mean final grades.

PTS: 4 REF: fall1514aii NAT: S.IC.B.5 TOP: Analysis of Data

387 ANS:

$$\begin{array}{r}
3x+13 \\
x-2 \overline{\smash)3x^2+7x-20} & 3x+13+\frac{6}{x-2} \\
\underline{3x^2-6x} \\
13x-20 \\
\underline{13x-26} \\
6
\end{array}$$

PTS: 2 REF: 011732aii NAT: A.APR.D.6 TOP: Rational Expressions

KEY: division

388 ANS: 1

1) let 
$$y = x + 2$$
, then  $y^2 + 2y - 8$   
 $(y + 4)(y - 2)$   
 $(x + 2 + 4)(x + 2 - 2)$   
 $(x + 6)x$ 

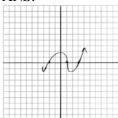
PTS: 2 REF: 081715aii NAT: A.SSE.A.2 TOP: Factoring Polynomials

KEY: multivariable

389 ANS:

$$S_n = \frac{33000 - 33000(1.04)^n}{1 - 1.04} \ S_{15} = \frac{33000 - 33000(1.04)^{15}}{1 - 1.04} \approx 660778.39$$

PTS: 4 REF: 061634aii NAT: A.SSE.B.4 TOP: Series



PTS: 2

REF: 011729aii

NAT: F.IF.C.7

**TOP:** Graphing Polynomial Functions

391 ANS:

 $\csc \theta = \frac{1}{\sin \theta}$ , and  $\sin \theta$  on a unit circle represents the y value of a point on the unit circle. Since  $y = \sin \theta$ ,  $\csc \theta = \frac{1}{y}$ .

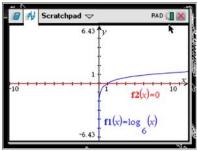
PTS: 2

REF: 011727aii

NAT: F.TF.A.2

TOP: Reciprocal Trigonometric Relationships

392 ANS: 1



PTS: 2

REF: 061618aii

NAT: F.IF.C.7

TOP: Graphing Logarithmic Functions

393 ANS:

Amplitude, because the height of the graph shows the volume of the air.

PTS: 2

KEY: mixed

REF: 081625aii

NAT: F.IF.C.7

**TOP:** Graphing Trigonometric Functions

394 ANS: 2

$$x = \frac{y+1}{y-2}$$

$$xy - 2x = y + 1$$

$$xy - y = 2x + 1$$

$$y(x-1) = 2x + 1$$

$$y = \frac{2x+1}{x-1}$$

PTS: 2

REF: 081714aii

NAT: F.BF.B.4

**TOP:** Inverse of Functions

KEY: other

$$\begin{array}{r}
3x^2 + 4x - 1 \\
2x + 3 \overline{\smash{\big)}}6x^3 + 17x^2 + 10x + 2 \\
\underline{6x^3 + 9x^2} \\
8x^2 + 10x \\
\underline{-2x + 2} \\
-2x - 3
\end{array}$$

PTS: 2

REF: fall1503aii

NAT: A.APR.D.6

**TOP:** Rational Expressions

KEY: division

396 ANS:

period is  $\frac{2}{3}$ . The wheel rotates once every  $\frac{2}{3}$  second.

PTS: 2

REF: 061728aii

NAT: F.IF.C.7

TOP: Graphing Trigonometric Functions

KEY: period

397 ANS: 4

The scenario represents a decreasing geometric sequence with a common ratio of 0.80.

PTS: 2

REF: 061610aii

NAT: F.BF.A.2

TOP: Sequences

398 ANS: 1

$$8(2^{x+3}) = 48$$

$$2^{x+3} = 6$$

$$(x+3)\ln 2 = \ln 6$$

$$x + 3 = \frac{\ln 6}{\ln 2}$$

$$x = \frac{\ln 6}{\ln 2} - 3$$

PTS: 2

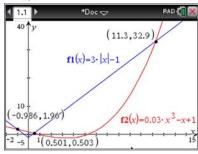
REF: 061702aii

NAT: F.LE.A.4

**TOP:** Exponential Equations

KEY: without common base

399 ANS: 2



PTS: 2

REF: 061705aii

NAT: A.REI.D.11 TOP: Other Systems

Since there is no remainder when the quartic is divided by x-2, this binomial is a factor.

PTS: 2

REF: 061711aii

NAT: A.APR.B.2 TOP: Remainder Theorem

401 ANS:

$$\frac{1}{x} - \frac{1}{3} = -\frac{1}{3x}$$

$$\frac{3-x}{3x} = -\frac{1}{3x}$$

$$3 - x = -1$$

$$x = 4$$

PTS: 2

REF: 061625aii

NAT: A.REI.A.2

**TOP:** Solving Rationals

KEY: rational solutions

402 ANS:

$$(x^2 + y^2)^2 = (x^2 - y^2)^2 + (2xy)^2$$

$$x^4 + 2x^2y^2 + y^4 = x^4 - 2x^2y^2 + y^4 + 4x^2y^2$$

$$x^4 + 2x^2y^2 + y^4 = x^4 + 2x^2y^2 + y^4$$

PTS: 2

REF: 081727aii

NAT: A.APR.C.4

**TOP:** Polynomial Identities

403 ANS: 2

PTS: 2

REF: 011709aii

NAT: S.IC.B.5

TOP: Analysis of Data

404 ANS: 2

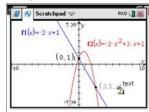
$$\cos \theta = \pm \sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{-\sqrt{2}}{5}\right)^2} = \pm \sqrt{\frac{25}{25} - \frac{2}{25}} = \pm \frac{\sqrt{23}}{5}$$

PTS: 2

REF: 061712aii

NAT: F.TF.C.8

**TOP:** Determining Trigonometric Functions



$$-2x + 1 = -2x^2 + 3x + 1$$

$$2x^2 - 5x = 0$$

$$x(2x-5)=0$$

$$x = 0, \frac{5}{2}$$

PTS: 2

REF: fall1507aii

NAT: A.REI.C.7

TOP: Quadratic-Linear Systems

406 ANS: 2

$$(2-yi)(2-yi) = 4-4yi+y^2i^2 = -y^2-4yi+4$$

PTS: 2

REF: 061603aii

NAT: N.CN.A.2

TOP: Operations with Complex Numbers

407 ANS: 2

$$x = -\frac{3}{4}y + 2$$

$$-4x = 3y - 8$$

$$-4x + 8 = 3y$$

$$-\frac{4}{3}x + \frac{8}{3} = y$$

PTS: 2

REF: 061616aii

NAT: F.BF.B.4

TOP: Inverse of Functions

KEY: linear

408 ANS: 3

Self selection causes bias.

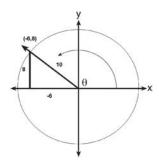
PTS: 2 KEY: bias REF: 061703aii

NAT: S.IC.B.3

TOP: Analysis of Data

409 ANS: 1





PTS: 2

REF: 061617aii

NAT: F.TF.A.2

TOP: Determining Trigonometric Functions

KEY: extension to reals

II. Ninth graders drive to school less often; III.Students know little about adults; IV. Calculus students love math!

PTS: 2

REF: 081602aii

NAT: S.IC.B.3

TOP: Analysis of Data

KEY: bias

411 ANS: 4

$$x(x+7) \left[ \frac{3x+25}{x+7} - 5 = \frac{3}{x} \right]$$

$$x(3x+25) - 5x(x+7) = 3(x+7)$$

$$3x^2 + 25x - 5x^2 - 35x = 3x + 21$$

$$2x^2 + 13x + 21 = 0$$

$$(2x+7)(x+3) = 0$$

$$x = -\frac{7}{2}, -3$$

PTS: 2

REF: fall1501aii

NAT: A.REI.A.2

**TOP:** Solving Rationals

KEY: rational solutions

412 ANS: 1

The graph of  $y = \sin x$  is unchanged when rotated 180° about the origin.

PTS: 2

REF: 081614aii

NAT: F.BF.B.3

TOP: Even and Odd Functions

413 ANS: 1

$$d = 18; \ r = \pm \frac{5}{4}$$

PTS: 2

REF: 011714aii

NAT: F.IF.A.3

TOP: Sequences

KEY: explicit

414 ANS: 4

PTS: 2

REF: 081624aii

NAT: F.BF.A.2

TOP: Sequences

415 ANS: 2

The events are independent because  $P(A \text{ and } B) = P(A) \cdot P(B)$ .

$$0.125 = 0.5 \cdot 0.25$$

If P(A or B) = P(A) + P(B) - P(A and B) = 0.25 + 0.5 - .125 = 0.625, then the events are not mutually exclusive because P(A or B) = P(A) + P(B)

$$0.625 \neq 0.5 + 0.25$$

PTS: 2

REF: 061714aii

NAT: S.CP.B.7

TOP: Theoretical Probability

416 ANS: 2

PTS: 2

REF: 081717aii

NAT: S.IC.B.3

TOP: Analysis of Data

KEY: type

$$20000 = PMT \left( \frac{1 - (1 + .00625)^{-60}}{0.00625} \right) 21000 - x = 300 \left( \frac{1 - (1 + .00625)^{-60}}{0.00625} \right)$$

 $PMT \approx 400.76$ 

 $x \approx 6028$ 

PTS: 4

REF: 011736aii

NAT: F.IF.B.4

TOP: Evaluating Exponential Expressions

418 ANS: 4

$$4x^2 = -98$$

$$x^2 = -\frac{98}{4}$$

$$x^2 = -\frac{49}{2}$$

$$x = \pm \sqrt{-\frac{49}{2}} = \pm \frac{7i}{\sqrt{2}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}} = \pm \frac{7i\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

PTS: 2

REF: 061707aii

NAT: A.REI.B.4

**TOP:** Solving Quadratics

KEY: complex solutions | taking square roots

419 ANS: 1

$$P(28) = 5(2)^{\frac{98}{28}} \approx 56$$

PTS: 2

REF: 011702aii

NAT: F.LE.A.2

TOP: Modeling Exponential Functions

420 ANS: 2

$$6xi^{3}(-4xi+5) = -24x^{2}i^{4} + 30xi^{3} = -24x^{2}(1) + 30x(-1) = -24x^{2} - 30xi$$

PTS: 2

REF: 061704aii

NAT: N.CN.A.2

TOP: Operations with Complex Numbers

421 ANS:

Since there are six flavors, each flavor can be assigned a number, 1-6. Use the simulation to see the number of times the same number is rolled 4 times in a row.

PTS: 2

REF: 081728aii

NAT: S.IC.A.2

TOP: Analysis of Data

422 ANS:

 $0.602 \pm 2 \cdot 0.066 = 0.47 - 0.73$ . Since 0.50 falls within the 95% interval, this supports the concern there may be an even split.

PTS: 4

REF: 061635aii

NAT: S.IC.B.5

TOP: Analysis of Data

$$-2\left(-\frac{1}{2}x^2 = -6x + 20\right)$$

$$x^2 - 12x = -40$$

$$x^2 - 12x + 36 = -40 + 36$$

$$(x-6)^2 = -4$$

$$x - 6 = \pm 2i$$

$$x = 6 \pm 2i$$

PTS: 2

REF: fall1504aii

NAT: A.REI.B.4

TOP: Solving Quadratics

KEY: complex solutions | completing the square

## 424 ANS:

$$a_1 = 4$$
  $a_8 = 639$ 

$$a_n = 2a_{n-1} + 1$$

PTS: 2

REF: 081729aii

NAT: F.LE.A.2

TOP: Sequences

KEY: recursive

## 425 ANS: 3

$$1.0525^{\frac{1}{12}} \approx 1.00427$$

PTS: 2

REF: 061621aii

NAT: F.BF.A.1

**TOP:** Modeling Exponential Functions

426 ANS: 4

$$\frac{-3x^2 - 5x + 2}{x^3 + 2x^2} = \frac{(-3x + 1)(x + 2)}{x^2(x + 2)} = \frac{-3x}{x^2} + \frac{1}{x^2} = -3x^{-1} + x^{-2}$$

PTS: 2

REF: 061723aii

NAT: A.APR.D.6

TOP: Expressions with Negative Exponents

KEY: variables

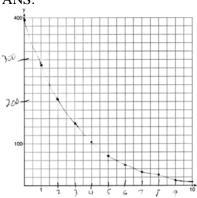
427 ANS: 3

PTS: 2

REF: 011710aii

NAT: F.BF.A.1

428 ANS:



TOP: Operations with Functions

PTS: 2

REF: 061729aii

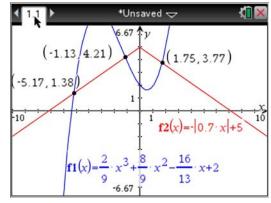
NAT: F.IF.C.7

**TOP:** Graphing Exponential Functions

- 429 ANS: 4
- PTS: 2
- REF: 081622aii
- NAT: F.BF.A.1

**TOP:** Modeling Exponential Functions

430 ANS:

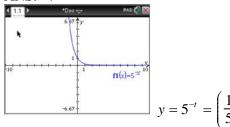


PTS: 2

REF: fall1510aii

NAT: A.REI.D.11 TOP: Other Systems

431 ANS: 4



PTS: 2

REF: 061615aii

NAT: F.IF.C.7

**TOP:** Graphing Exponential Functions

432 ANS: 1

PTS: 2

REF: 081616aii

NAT: F.TF.A.1

TOP: Unit Circle

KEY: bimodalgraph

433 ANS: 4

PTS: 2

REF: 081718aii

NAT: F.IF.C.7

TOP: Graphing Trigonometric Functions KEY: amplitude

- 434 ANS: 1
  - (2) is not recursive

KEY: recursive

PTS: 2

REF: 081608aii

NAT: F.LE.A.2

TOP: Sequences

435 ANS:

$$\frac{x^3+9}{x^3+8} = \frac{x^3+8}{x^3+8} + \frac{1}{x^3+8}$$

$$\frac{x^3+9}{x^3+8} = \frac{x^3+9}{x^3+8}$$

PTS: 2

REF: 061631aii

NAT: A.APR.C.4 TOP: Polynomial Identities

Some of the students who did not drink energy drinks read faster than those who did drink energy drinks.

17.7 - 19.1 = -1.4 Differences of -1.4 and less occur  $\frac{25}{232}$  or about 10% of the time, so the difference is not unusual.

PTS: 4

REF: 081636aii

NAT: S.IC.B.5

TOP: Analysis of Data

437 ANS: 3

The pattern suggests an exponential pattern, not linear or sinusoidal. A 4% growth rate is accurate, while a 43% growth rate is not.

PTS: 2

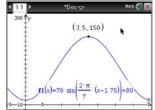
REF: 011713aii

NAT: S.ID.B.6

TOP: Regression

KEY: choose model

438 ANS: 3



H(t) is at a minimum at 70(-1) + 80 = 10

PTS: 2

REF: 061613aii

NAT: F.IF.B.4

TOP: Graphing Trigonometric Functions

KEY: maximum/minimum

439 ANS: 1

$$\frac{A}{P} = e^{rt}$$

$$0.42 = e^{rt}$$

$$\ln 0.42 = \ln e^{rt}$$

$$-0.87 \approx rt$$

PTS: 2

REF: 011723aii

NAT: F.BF.A.1

**TOP:** Modeling Exponential Functions

440 ANS: 1

$$x = \frac{-3 \pm \sqrt{3^2 - 4(2)(2)}}{2(2)} = \frac{-3 \pm \sqrt{-7}}{4} = -\frac{3}{4} \pm \frac{i\sqrt{7}}{4}$$

PTS: 2

REF: 061612aii

NAT: A.REI.B.4

**TOP:** Solving Quadratics

KEY: complex solutions | quadratic formula

441 ANS: 2

$$\left(m^{\frac{5}{3}}\right)^{-\frac{1}{2}} = m^{-\frac{5}{6}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt[6]{m^5}}$$

PTS: 2

REF: 011707aii

NAT: N.RN.A.2

TOP: Radicals and Rational Exponents

KEY: variables

 $j(-x) = (-x)^4 - 3(-x)^2 - 4 = x^2 - 3x^2 - 4$  Since j(x) = j(-x), the function is even.

PTS: 2

REF: 081731aii

NAT: F.BF.B.3

TOP: Even and Odd Functions

443 ANS: 2

$$ME = \left(z\sqrt{\frac{p(1-p)}{n}}\right) = \left(1.96\sqrt{\frac{(0.55)(0.45)}{900}}\right) \approx 0.03 \text{ or } \frac{1}{\sqrt{900}} \approx 0.03$$

PTS: 2

REF: 081612aii

NAT: S.IC.B.4

TOP: Analysis of Data

444 ANS:

Randomly assign participants to two groups. One group uses the toothpaste with ingredient X and the other group uses the toothpaste without ingredient X.

PTS: 2

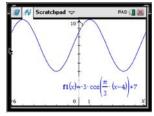
REF: 061626aii

NAT: S.IC.B.3

TOP: Analysis of Data

KEY: type

445 ANS: 4



As the range is [4,10], the midline is  $y = \frac{4+10}{2} = 7$ .

PTS: 2

REF: fall1506aii

NAT: F.IF.C.7

TOP: Graphing Trigonometric Functions

KEY: mixed

446 ANS: 2

$$\frac{212}{1334} \approx .16 \ ME = \left(z\sqrt{\frac{p(1-p)}{n}}\right) = \left(1.96\sqrt{\frac{(0.16)(0.84)}{1334}}\right) \approx 0.02 \text{ or } \frac{1}{\sqrt{1334}} \approx .027$$

PTS: 2

REF: 081716aii

NAT: S.IC.B.4

TOP: Analysis of Data

447 ANS: 2



 $x + 2\sigma$  represents approximately 48% of the data.

PTS: 2

REF: 061609aii

NAT: S.ID.A.4

**TOP:** Normal Distributions

KEY: percent

$$x^2 + 2x + 1 = -5 + 1$$

$$(x+1)^2 = -4$$

$$x + 1 = \pm 2i$$

$$x = -1 \pm 2i$$

PTS: 2 REF: 081703aii NAT: A.REI.B.4 TOP: Solving Quadratics

KEY: complex solutions | completing the square

## 449 ANS: 4

$$4(x^2 - 6x + 9) + 4(y^2 + 18y + 81) = 76 + 36 + 324$$

$$4(x-3)^2 + 4(y+9)^2 = 436$$

PTS: 2 REF: 061619aii NAT: G.GPE.A.1 TOP: Equations of Circles

KEY: completing the square

## 450 ANS:

r(2) = -6. Since there is a remainder when the cubic is divided by x - 2, this binomial is not a factor.

PTS: 2 REF: 061725aii NAT: A.APR.B.2 TOP: Remainder Theorem

451 ANS: 2

$$x(30 - 0.01x) - (0.15x^3 + 0.01x^2 + 2x + 120) = 30x - 0.01x^2 - 0.15x^3 - 0.01x^2 - 2x - 120$$

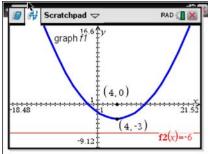
$$=-0.15x^3-0.02x^2+28x-120$$

PTS: 2 REF: 061709aii NAT: F.BF.A.1 TOP: Operations with Functions

452 ANS: 3 PTS: 2 REF: 011708aii NAT: F.BF.B.4

TOP: Inverse of Functions KEY: other

## 453 ANS:



The vertex of the parabola is (4,-3). The x-coordinate of the focus and the

vertex is the same. Since the distance from the vertex to the directrix is 3, the distance from the vertex to the focus is 3, so the *y*-coordinate of the focus is 0. The coordinates of the focus are (4,0).

PTS: 2 REF: 061630aii NAT: G.GPE.A.2 TOP: Graphing Quadratic Functions

 $P(P/K) = \frac{P(P^{\wedge}K)}{P(K)} = \frac{1.9}{2.3} \approx 82.6\%$  A key club member has an 82.6% probability of being enrolled in AP Physics.

PTS: 4

REF: 011735aii

NAT: S.CP.B.6

**TOP:** Conditional Probability

455 ANS: 2

h(x) does not have a y-intercept.

PTS: 2

REF: 011719aii

NAT: F.IF.C.9

**TOP:** Comparing Functions

456 ANS: 1

PTS: 2 REF: 081609aii

NAT: F.BF.B.6

TOP: Sigma Notation

KEY: represent

457 ANS:

 $\frac{306.25 - 156.25}{70 - 50} = \frac{150}{20} = 7.5$  Between 50-70 mph, each additional mph in speed requires 7.5 more feet to stop.

PTS: 2

REF: 081631aii

NAT: F.IF.B.6

TOP: Rate of Change

458 ANS: 3

f(x) = -f(x), so f(x) is odd.  $g(-x) \neq g(x)$ , so g(x) is not even.  $g(-x) \neq -g(x)$ , so g(x) is not odd. h(-x) = h(x), so h(x) is even.

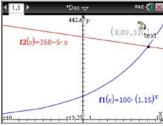
PTS: 2

REF: fall1502aii

NAT: F.BF.B.3

TOP: Even and Odd Functions

459 ANS: 2



PTS: 2

REF: 011716aii

NAT: A.REI.D.11 TOP: Other Systems

460 ANS: 3

$$\sqrt{56-x} = x$$

-8 is extraneous.

$$56 - x = x^2$$

$$0 = x^2 + x - 56$$

$$0 = (x+8)(x-7)$$

$$x = 7$$

PTS: 2

REF: 061605aii

NAT: A.REI.A.2

**TOP:** Solving Radicals

KEY: extraneous solutions

$$\sqrt{x-4} = -x+6 \qquad \sqrt{x-4} = -8+6 = -2 \text{ is extraneous.}$$

$$x-4 = x^2 - 12x + 36$$

$$0 = x^2 - 13x + 40$$

$$0 = (x-8)(x-5)$$

$$x = 5, 8$$

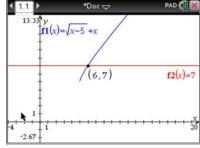
PTS: 2

REF: 061730aii NAT: A.REI.A.2

**TOP:** Solving Radicals

KEY: extraneous solutions

462 ANS:



 $\sqrt{x-5} = -9 + 7 = -2$  is extraneous.

$$x - 5 = x^2 - 14x + 49$$

$$0 = x^2 - 15x + 54$$

$$0 = (x-6)(x-9)$$

$$x = 6, 9$$

PTS: 2

REF: spr1508aii

NAT: A.REI.A.2

**TOP:** Solving Radicals

KEY: extraneous solutions

463 ANS:

 $0.506 \pm 2 \cdot 0.078 = 0.35 - 0.66$ . The 32.5% value falls below the 95% confidence level.

PTS: 4

REF: 061736aii

NAT: S.IC.B.5

TOP: Analysis of Data

464 ANS: 3

$$0.75^{\frac{1}{10}} \approx .9716$$

PTS: 2

REF: 061713aii NAT: A.SSE.B.3

**TOP:** Modeling Exponential Functions

$$\left(x^{\frac{5}{3}}\right)^{\frac{6}{5}} = \left(y^{\frac{5}{6}}\right)^{\frac{6}{5}}$$
$$x^{2} = y$$

PTS: 2 REF: 011730aii NAT: N.RN.A.2 TOP: Radicals and Rational Exponents

KEY: variables

466 ANS: 4

If 1-i is one solution, the other is 1+i. (x-(1-i))(x-(1+i))=0

$$x^{2} - x - ix - x + ix + (1 - i^{2}) = 0$$

$$x^2 - 2x + 2 = 0$$

PTS: 2 REF: 081601aii NAT: A.REI.B.4 TOP: Complex Conjugate Root Theorem

467 ANS:

$$100 = 140 \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{\frac{5}{h}} \log \frac{100}{140} = \log \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{\frac{5}{h}} \qquad 40 = 140 \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{\frac{t}{10.3002}}$$

$$\log \frac{5}{7} = \frac{5}{h} \log \frac{1}{2} \qquad \log \frac{2}{7} = \log \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{\frac{t}{10.3002}}$$

$$h = \frac{5 \log \frac{1}{2}}{\log \frac{5}{7}} \approx 10.3002 \qquad \log \frac{2}{7} = \frac{t \log \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)}{10.3002}$$

$$t = \frac{10.3002 \log \frac{2}{7}}{\log \frac{1}{2}} \approx 18.6$$

PTS: 6 REF: 061737aii NAT: F.LE.A.4 TOP: Exponential Decay

468 ANS: 1

The car lost approximately 19% of its value each year.

PTS: 2 REF: 081613aii NAT: F.LE.B.5 TOP: Modeling Exponential Functions

469 ANS: 1 PTS: 2 REF: 081722aii NAT: S.IC.B.6

TOP: Analysis of Data

$$0 = 6(-5)^3 + b(-5)^2 - 52(-5) + 15 \quad z(x) = 6x^3 + 19x^2 - 52x + 15$$

$$0 = -750 + 25b + 260 + 15$$

$$475 = 25b$$

$$6x^2 - 11x + 3 = 0$$

$$(2x - 3)(3x - 1) = 0$$

$$x = \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{3}, -5$$

PTS: 4

REF: fall1515aii

NAT: A.APR.B.2

TOP: Remainder Theorem

471 ANS: 2

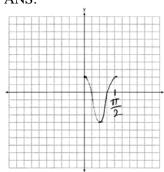
PTS: 2

REF: 061724aii

NAT: A.SSE.B.4

TOP: Series

472 ANS:



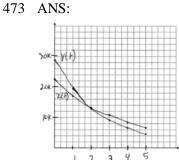
PTS: 2

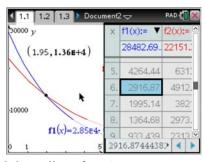
REF: 061628aii

NAT: F.IF.C.7

TOP: Graphing Trigonometric Functions

KEY: graph





At 1.95 years, the value of the car equals the loan

balance. Zach can cancel the policy after 6 years.

PTS: 4

REF: 081737aii

NAT: A.REI.D.11

TOP: Other Systems

474 ANS: 3

PTS: 2

REF: 061720aii

NAT: F.LE.A.2

TOP: Sequences

KEY: explicit

PTS: 2

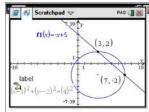
REF: 081707aii

NAT: F.TF.A.2

TOP: Reference Angles

KEY: bimodalgraph

476 ANS:



$$y = -x + 5$$
  $y = -7 + 5 = -2$ 

$$(x-3)^2 + (-x+5+2)^2 = 16$$
  $y = -3+5=2$ 

$$x^2 - 6x + 9 + x^2 - 14x + 49 = 16$$

$$2x^2 - 20x + 42 = 0$$

$$x^2 - 10x + 21 = 0$$

$$(x-7)(x-3)=0$$

$$x = 7.3$$

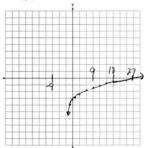
PTS: 4

REF: 061633aii

NAT: A.REI.C.7

TOP: Quadratic-Linear Systems

477 ANS:



As 
$$x \to -3$$
,  $y \to -\infty$ . As  $x \to \infty$ ,  $y \to \infty$ .

PTS: 4

REF: 061735aii NAT: F.IF.C.7 TOP: Graphing Logarithmic Functions

478 ANS: 4

(1) and (3) are not recursive

PTS: 2

REF: 012013aii

NAT: F.LE.A.2

TOP: Sequences

KEY: recursive

479 ANS: 1

$$\frac{2(x-4)}{(x+3)(x-4)} + \frac{3(x+3)}{(x-4)(x+3)} = \frac{2x-2}{x^2 - x - 12}$$
$$2x - 8 + 3x + 9 = 2x - 2$$
$$3x = -3$$

$$x = -1$$

PTS: 2

REF: 011717aii NAT: A.REI.A.2

**TOP:** Solving Rationals

KEY: rational solutions

480 ANS: 3 PTS: 2 REF: 081705aii NAT: F.IF.B.4

TOP: Graphing Trigonometric Functions KEY: increasing/decreasing

481 ANS:

The expression is of the form  $y^2 - 5y - 6$  or (y - 6)(y + 1). Let  $y = 4x^2 + 5x$ :

$$(4x^2 + 5x - 6)(4x^2 + 5x + 1)$$

$$(4x-3)(x+2)(4x+1)(x+1)$$

PTS: 2 REF: fall1512aii NAT: A.SSE.A.2 TOP: Factoring Polynomials

KEY: a>1

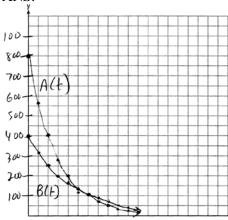
482 ANS: 4

$$\left(\frac{-54x^9}{y^4}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}} = \frac{(2 \cdot -27)^{\frac{2}{3}} x^{\frac{18}{3}}}{y^{\frac{8}{3}}} = \frac{2^{\frac{2}{3}} \cdot 9x^6}{y^2 \cdot y^{\frac{2}{3}}} = \frac{9x^6 \sqrt[3]{4}}{y^2 \sqrt[3]{y^2}}$$

PTS: 2 REF: 081723aii NAT: N.RN.A.2 TOP: Radicals and Rational Exponents

KEY: variables

483 ANS:



$$A(t) = 800e^{-0.347t}$$

$$800e^{-0.347t} = 400e^{-0.231t} \qquad 0.15 = e^{-0.347t}$$

$$B(t) = 400e^{-0.231t}$$

$$\ln 2e^{-0.347t} = \ln e^{-0.231t} \qquad \ln 0.15 = \ln e^{-0.347t}$$

$$\ln 2 + \ln e^{-0.347t} = \ln e^{-0.231t}$$

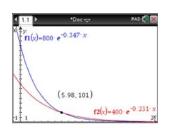
$$\ln 0.15 = -0.347t \cdot \ln e$$

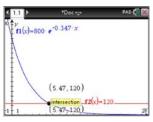
$$\ln 2 - 0.347t = -0.231t$$

$$5.5 \approx t$$

$$\ln 2 = 0.116t$$

$$6 \approx t$$





PTS: 6 REF: 061637aii NAT: A.REI.D.11 TOP: Other Systems

$$\sqrt[3]{x} \cdot \sqrt{x} = x^{\frac{1}{3}} \cdot x^{\frac{1}{2}} = x^{\frac{3}{6}} \cdot x^{\frac{3}{6}} = x^{\frac{5}{6}}$$

PTS: 2 REF: 061731aii NAT: N.RN.A.2 TOP: Operations with Radicals

KEY: with variables, index > 2

485 ANS: 4

$$k^4 - 4k^2 + 8k^3 - 32k + 12k^2 - 48$$

$$k^{2}(k^{2}-4)+8k(k^{2}-4)+12(k^{2}-4)$$

$$(k^2-4)(k^2+8k+12)$$

$$(k+2)(k-2)(k+6)(k+2)$$

PTS: 2 REF: fall1505aii NAT: A.SSE.A.2 TOP: Factoring Polynomials

KEY: factoring by grouping

486 ANS:

$$\left(\sqrt{2x-7}\right)^2 = (5-x)^2 \qquad \sqrt{2(4)-7} + 4 = 5 \quad \sqrt{2(8)-7} + 8 = 5$$

$$2x-7 = 25 - 10x + x^2 \qquad \sqrt{1} = 1 \qquad \sqrt{9} \neq -3$$

$$0 = x^2 - 12x + 32$$

$$0 = (x-8)(x-4)$$

PTS: 4 REF: 081635aii NAT: A.REI.A.2 **TOP:** Solving Radicals

KEY: extraneous solutions

x = 4.8

487 ANS:

ANS:  

$$A = 5000(1.045)^{n} \qquad 5000 \left(1 + \frac{.046}{4}\right)^{4(6)} - 5000(1.045)^{6} \approx 6578.87 - 6511.30 \approx 67.57 \quad 10000 = 5000 \left(1 + \frac{.046}{4}\right)^{4n}$$

$$2 = 1.0115^{4n}$$

$$\log 2 = 4n \cdot \log 1.0115$$

$$n = \frac{\log 2}{4 \log 1.0115}$$

$$n \approx 15.2$$

PTS: 6 REF: 081637aii NAT: A.CED.A.1 TOP: Exponential Growth

488 ANS: 4 PTS: 2 REF: 061706aii NAT: F.IF.B.4

**TOP:** Graphing Trigonometric Functions

$$P(W/D) = \frac{P(W^{\wedge}D)}{P(D)} = \frac{.4}{.5} = .8$$

PTS: 2

REF: 081726aii

NAT: S.CP.B.6

**TOP:** Conditional Probability

490 ANS: 1

$$\frac{2x}{x-2}\left(\frac{x}{x}\right) - \frac{11}{x}\left(\frac{x-2}{x-2}\right) = \frac{8}{x^2 - 2x}$$

$$2x^2 - 11x + 22 = 8$$

$$2x^2 - 11x + 14 = 0$$

$$(2x - 7)(x - 2) = 0$$

$$x = \frac{7}{2}, 2$$

PTS: 2

REF: 061719aii

NAT: A.REI.A.2

**TOP:** Solving Rationals

491 ANS: 1

A reference triangle can be sketched using the coordinates (-4,3) in the second quadrant to find the value of  $\sin \theta$ .



PTS: 2

REF: spr1503aii

NAT: F.TF.A.2

TOP: Determining Trigonometric Functions

KEY: extension to reals

492 ANS:

sample: pails of oranges; population: truckload of oranges. It is likely that about 5% of all the oranges are unsatisfactory.

PTS: 2

REF: 011726aii

NAT: S.IC.A.2

TOP: Analysis of Data

493 ANS: 2

PTS: 2

REF: 061620aii

NAT: F.IF.B.4

**TOP:** Graphing Polynomial Functions

494 ANS:

$$2x^3 - 10x^2 + 11x - 7 = 2x^3 + hx^2 + 3x - 8x^2 - 4hx - 12 + k \quad h = -2$$

$$-2x^2 + 8x + 5 = hx^2 - 4hx + k$$

PTS: 4

REF: 011733aii

NAT: A.APR.C.4 TOP: Polynomial Identities

$$\frac{x^{\frac{8}{3}}}{\frac{4}{3}} = x^{y}$$

$$x^{\frac{4}{3}} = x^{y}$$

$$\frac{4}{3} = y$$

PTS: 2

REF: spr1505aii

NAT: N.RN.A.2

TOP: Radicals and Rational Exponents

KEY: numbers

496 ANS:

A student is more likely to jog if both siblings jog. 1 jogs:  $\frac{416}{2239} \approx 0.19$ . both jog:  $\frac{400}{1780} \approx 0.22$ 

PTS: 2

REF: 061732aii

NAT: S.CP.A.4

**TOP:** Conditional Probability

497 ANS: 1

PTS: 2

REF: 011704aii

NAT: F.TF.C.8

TOP: Simplifying Trigonometric Expressions

498 ANS: 3

(3) repeats 3 times over  $2\pi$ .

PTS: 2

REF: 011722aii

NAT: F.IF.C.7

TOP: Graphing Trigonometric Functions

KEY: recognize | bimodalgraph

499 ANS: 3

PTS: 2

REF: 061602aii

NAT: A.CED.A.1

TOP: Modeling Rationals

500 ANS:

$$0 = \sqrt{t} - 2t + 6 \ 2\left(\frac{9}{4}\right) - 6 < 0, \text{ so } \frac{9}{4} \text{ is extraneous.}$$

$$2t - 6 = \sqrt{t}$$

$$4t^2 - 24t + 36 = t$$

$$4t^2 - 25t + 36 = 0$$

$$(4t - 9)(t - 4) = 0$$

$$t = \frac{9}{4}, 4$$

$$(\sqrt{1}-2(1)+6)-(\sqrt{3}-2(3)+6)=5-\sqrt{3}\approx 3.268$$
 327 mph

PTS: 6

REF: 011737aii

NAT: A.REI.A.2

**TOP:** Solving Radicals

KEY: context

$$\frac{3p}{p-5} = \frac{p+2}{p+3}$$
$$3p^2 + 9p = p^2 - 3p - 10$$

$$2p^2 + 12p + 10 = 0$$

$$p^2 + 6p + 5 = 0$$

$$(p+5)(p+1) = 0$$

$$p = -5, -1$$

PTS: 4 REF: 081733aii NAT: A.REI.A.2 TOP: Solving Rationals

KEY: rational solutions

502 ANS: 4

$$(1) \ \frac{B(60) - B(10)}{60 - 10} \approx 28\% \ \ (2) \ \frac{B(69) - B(19)}{69 - 19} \approx 33\% \ \ (3) \ \frac{B(72) - B(36)}{72 - 36} \approx 38\% \ \ (4) \ \frac{B(73) - B(60)}{73 - 60} \approx 46\%$$

PTS: 2

REF: 011721aii

NAT: F.IF.B.6

TOP: Rate of Change

503 ANS:

normcdf(510, 540, 480, 24) = 0.0994 
$$z = \frac{510 - 480}{24} = 1.25$$
  $1.25 = \frac{x - 510}{20}$   $2.5 = \frac{x - 510}{20}$  535-560  $z = \frac{540 - 480}{24} = 2.5$   $x = 535$   $x = 560$ 

PTS: 4 REF: fall1516aii NAT: S.ID.A.4 TOP: Normal Distributions

KEY: probability

504 ANS: 1

$$(x+3)^{2} + (2x-4)^{2} = 8 b^{2} - 4ac$$

$$x^{2} + 6x + 9 + 4x^{2} - 16x + 16 = 8 100 - 4(5)(17) < 0$$

$$5x^{2} - 10x + 17 = 0$$

PTS: 2 REF: 081719aii NAT: A.REI.C.7 TOP: Quadratic-Linear Systems

505 ANS: 3 PTS: 2 REF: 081618aii NAT: F.LE.A.2

TOP: Sequences KEY: recursive

506 ANS: 1

The probability of rain equals the probability of rain, given that Sean pitches.

PTS: 2 REF: 061611aii NAT: S.CP.A.3 TOP: Conditional Probability

$$y = 4.168(3.981)^{x}.$$

$$\log \frac{100}{4.168} = \log(3.981)^{x}$$

$$\log \frac{100}{4.168} = x \log(3.981)$$

$$\frac{\log \frac{100}{4.168}}{\log(3.981)} = x$$

$$x \approx 2.25$$

PTS: 4

REF: 081736aii

NAT: S.ID.B.6

TOP: Regression

KEY: exponential

508 ANS: 3

$$d = 10\log\frac{6.3 \times 10^{-3}}{1.0 \times 10^{-12}} \approx 98$$

PTS: 2

REF: 011715aii

NAT: F.IF.B.4

TOP: Evaluating Logarithmic Expressions

509 ANS:

Rewrite  $\frac{4}{3}$  as  $\frac{1}{3} \cdot \frac{4}{1}$ , using the power of a power rule.

PTS: 2

REF: 081725aii

NAT: N.RN.A.1

**TOP:** Radicals and Rational Exponents

510 ANS:

 $P(A \cup B) = P(A) + P(B) - P(A \cap B)$  A and B are independent since  $P(A \cap B) = P(A) \cdot P(B)$ 

$$0.8 = 0.6 + 0.5 - P(A \cap B)$$

 $0.3 = 0.6 \cdot 0.5$ 

 $P(A \cap B) = 0.3$ 

0.3 = 0.3

PTS: 2

REF: 081632aii

NAT: S.CP.A.2

TOP: Probability of Compound Events

KEY: independence

511 ANS:

No, because  $P(M/R) \neq P(M)$ 

$$\frac{70}{180} \neq \frac{230}{490}$$

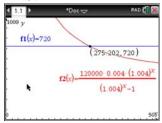
$$0.38 \neq 0.47$$

PTS: 2

REF: 011731aii

NAT: S.CP.A.4

**TOP:** Conditional Probability



$$720 = \frac{120000 \left(\frac{.048}{12}\right) \left(1 + \frac{.048}{12}\right)^n}{\left(1 + \frac{.048}{12}\right)^n - 1} \quad \frac{275.2}{12} \approx 23 \text{ years}$$

$$720(1.004)^{n} - 720 = 480(1.004)^{n}$$
$$240(1.004)^{n} = 720$$
$$1.004^{n} = 3$$
$$n \log 1.004 = \log 3$$
$$n \approx 275.2 \text{ months}$$

PTS: 4 REF: spr1509aii NAT: A.CED.A.1 TOP: Exponential Growth

513 ANS: 1

$$x^2 + 2x - 8 = 0$$

$$(x+4)(x-2)=0$$

$$x = -4,2$$

PTS: 2

REF: 081701aii

NAT: A.APR.D.6 TOP: Undefined Rationals

514 ANS:

$$\frac{6.25 - 2.25}{21 - 5} = \frac{4}{16} = \$.25 \text{ fine per day. } 2.25 - 5(.25) = \$1 \text{ replacement fee. } a_n = 1.25 + (n - 1)(.25). \ a_{60} = \$16$$

PTS: 4

REF: 081734aii

NAT: F.BF.A.2

TOP: Sequences

515 ANS:

$$xi(-6i)^2 = xi(36i^2) = 36xi^3 = -36xi$$

PTS: 2

REF: 081627aii NAT: N.CN.A.2 TOP: Operations with Complex Numbers

516 ANS: 3

$$\log_{0.8} \left( \frac{V}{17000} \right) = t \qquad \frac{17,000(0.8)^3 - 17,000(0.8)^1}{3 - 1} \approx -2450$$

$$0.8^t = \frac{V}{17000}$$

$$V = 17000(0.8)^{t}$$

PTS: 2

REF: 081709aii NAT: F.IF.B.6

TOP: Rate of Change

The zeros of the polynomial are at -b, and c. The sketch of a polynomial of degree 3 with a negative leading coefficient should have end behavior showing as x goes to negative infinity, f(x) goes to positive infinity. The multiplicities of the roots are correctly represented in the graph.

PTS: 2 REF: spr1501aii NAT: F.IF.C.7 TOP: Graphing Polynomial Functions

KEY: bimodalgraph

518 ANS:

Let x equal the first integer and x + 1 equal the next.  $(x + 1)^2 - x^2 = x^2 + 2x + 1 - x^2 = 2x + 1$ . 2x + 1 is an odd integer.

PTS: 2 REF: fall1511aii NAT: A.APR.C.4 TOP: Polynomial Identities

519 ANS: 2

The vertex of the parabola is (0,0). The distance, p, between the vertex and the focus or the vertex and the directrix is 1.  $y = \frac{-1}{4p}(x-h)^2 + k$ 

$$y = \frac{-1}{4(1)} (x - 0)^2 + 0$$

$$y = -\frac{1}{4}x^2$$

PTS: 2 REF: 081706aii NAT: G.GPE.A.2 TOP: Graphing Quadratic Functions

520 ANS:

4%  $8.75 = 1.25(1+r)^{49}$  or  $8.75 = 1.25e^{49r}$ 

$$7 = (1+r)^{49}$$
  $\ln 7 = \ln e^{49r}$   $r+1 = \sqrt[49]{7}$   $\ln 7 = 49r$ 

$$r \approx .04 \qquad \qquad r = \frac{\ln 7}{49}$$

 $r \approx .04$ 

PTS: 2 REF: 081730aii NAT: F.LE.A.4 TOP: Exponential Growth

521 ANS: 2

Combining (1) and (3): -6c = -18 Combining (1) and (2): 5a + 3c = -1 Using (3): -(-2) - 5b - 5(3) = 2

$$c = 3$$
  $5a + 3(3) = -1$   $2 - 5b - 15 = 2$   $5a = -10$   $b = -3$ 

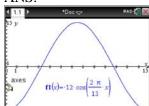
a = -2

PTS: 2 REF: 081623aii NAT: A.REI.C.6 TOP: Solving Linear Systems

KEY: three variables

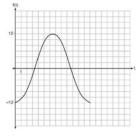
522 ANS: 3 PTS: 2 REF: 011706aii NAT: S.IC.B.3

TOP: Analysis of Data KEY: type



The amplitude, 12, can be interpreted from the situation, since the water level has a minimum of -12 and a maximum of 12. The value of A is -12 since at 8:30 it is low tide. The period of the function is 13 hours, and is expressed in the function through the parameter B. By experimentation with

technology or using the relation  $P = \frac{2\pi}{B}$  (where P is the period), it is determined that  $B = \frac{2\pi}{13}$ .



 $f(t) = -12\cos\left(\frac{2\pi}{13}t\right)$ In order to answer the question about when to fish, the student must interpret the function and determine which choice, 7:30 pm or 10:30 pm, is on an increasing interval. Since the function is increasing from t = 13 to t = 19.5 (which corresponds to 9:30 pm to 4:00 am), 10:30 is the appropriate choice.

PTS: 6

REF: spr1514aii

NAT: F.IF.C.7

**TOP:** Graphing Trigonometric Functions

KEY: graph

524 ANS: 4

$$y = g(x) = (x-2)^{2} (x-2)^{2} = 3x-2 y = 3(6)-2 = 16$$

$$x^{2}-4x+4 = 3x-2 y = 3(1)-2 = 1$$

$$x^{2}-7x+6 = 0$$

$$(x-6)(x-1) = 0$$

$$x = 6.1$$

PTS: 2

REF: 011705aii

NAT: A.REI.C.7

TOP: Quadratic-Linear Systems

525 ANS: 3

PTS: 2

REF: 081724aii

NAT: F.BF.A.2

**TOP:** Sequences

526 ANS:

$$\frac{f(4)-f(-2)}{4--2} = \frac{80-1.25}{6} = 13.125$$
 g(x) has a greater rate of change

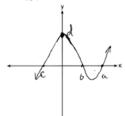
$$\frac{g(4) - g(-2)}{4 - -2} = \frac{179 - -49}{6} = 38$$

PTS: 4

REF: 061636aii

NAT: F.IF.C.9

**TOP:** Comparing Functions



PTS: 2

REF: 081732aii

NAT: F.IF.C.7 TOP: Graphing Polynomial Functions

528 ANS: 4

$$x = \frac{8 \pm \sqrt{(-8)^2 - 4(6)(29)}}{2(6)} = \frac{8 \pm \sqrt{-632}}{12} = \frac{8 \pm i\sqrt{4}\sqrt{158}}{12} = \frac{2}{3} \pm \frac{1}{6}i\sqrt{158}$$

REF: 011711aii

NAT: A.REI.B.4

**TOP:** Solving Quadratics

KEY: complex solutions | quadratic formula

529 ANS: 2

$$4x^{3} + 6x^{2}$$

$$-6x^{2} + 5x$$

$$-6x^{2} - 9x$$

$$14x + 10$$

$$14x + 21$$

$$-11$$

PTS: 2

REF: 061614aii NAT: A.APR.D.6 TOP: Rational Expressions

KEY: division

530 ANS: 2

PTS: 2

REF: 081610aii

NAT: F.IF.B.4

TOP: Graphing Trigonometric Functions KEY: increasing/decreasing

531 ANS:

$$(1-i)(1-i)(1-i) = (1-2i+i^2)(1-i) = -2i(1-i) = -2i+2i^2 = -2-2i$$

PTS: 2

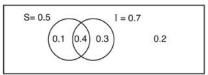
REF: 011725aii

NAT: N.CN.A.2

TOP: Operations with Complex Numbers

Since

532 ANS:



This scenario can be modeled with a Venn Diagram:

 $P(S \cup I)_c = 0.2$ ,  $P(S \cup I) = 0.8$ . Then,  $P(S \cap I) = P(S) + P(I) - P(S \cup I)$  If S and I are independent, then the

$$= 0.5 + 0.7 - 0.8$$

$$= 0.4$$

Product Rule must be satisfied. However,  $(0.5)(0.7) \neq 0.4$ . Therefore, salary and insurance have not been treated independently.

PTS: 4 REF: spr1513aii NAT: S.CP.A.2 TOP: Probability of Compound Events

KEY: independence

533 ANS:

$$P(S \cap M) = P(S) + P(M) - P(S \cup M) = \frac{649}{1376} + \frac{433}{1376} - \frac{974}{1376} = \frac{108}{1376}$$

PTS: 2

REF: 061629aii

NAT: S.CP.B.7

TOP: Theoretical Probability

534 ANS:

$$(4-3i)(5+2yi-5+2yi)$$

$$(4-3i)(4yi)$$

$$16yi - 12yi^2$$

$$12y + 16yi$$

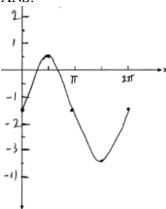
PTS: 2

REF: spr1506aii

NAT: N.CN.A.2

TOP: Operations with Complex Numbers

535 ANS:



Part a sketch is shifted  $\frac{\pi}{3}$  units right.

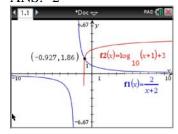
PTS: 4

REF: 081735aii

NAT: F.IF.C.7

TOP: Graphing Trigonometric Functions

KEY: graph



PTS: 2

REF: 011712aii

NAT: A.REI.D.11 TOP: Other Systems

537 ANS:

Jillian's plan, because distance increases by one mile each week.  $a_1 = 10$ 

 $a_n = n + 12$ 

$$a_n = a_{n-1} + 1$$

PTS: 4

REF: 011734aii

NAT: F.LE.A.2

TOP: Sequences

KEY: recursive

538 ANS:



PTS: 2

REF: 061726aii

NAT: S.ID.A.4

**TOP:** Normal Distributions

KEY: percent

539 ANS: 2

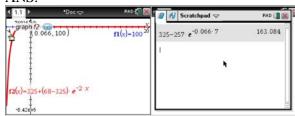
Since there is a remainder when the cubic is divided by x + 4, this binomial is not a factor.

PTS: 2

REF: 081720aii

NAT: A.APR.B.2

TOP: Remainder Theorem



$$100 = 325 + (68 - 325)e^{-2k} \quad T = 325 - 257e^{-0.066t}$$

$$-225 = -257e^{-2k}$$

$$T = 325 - 257e^{-0.066(7)} \approx 163$$

$$k = \frac{\ln\left(\frac{-225}{-257}\right)}{-2}$$

$$k \approx 0.066$$

PTS: 4

REF: fall1513aii

NAT: F.LE.A.4

TOP: Exponential Growth

541 ANS: 3

$$\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{\frac{1}{73.83}} \approx 0.990656$$

PTS: 2

REF: 081710aii

NAT: A.SSE.B.3

**TOP:** Modeling Exponential Functions

542 ANS: 3

PTS: 2

REF: 061722aii

NAT: A.CED.A.1

**TOP:** Modeling Rationals 543 ANS: 2 PTS: 2

REF: 011720aii

NAT: A.APR.B.2

TOP: Remainder Theorem

544 ANS: 3

$$\frac{1}{J} = \frac{1}{F} - \frac{1}{W}$$

$$\frac{1}{J} = \frac{W - F}{FW}$$

$$J = \frac{FW}{W - F}$$

REF: 081617aii NAT: A.REI.A.2

**TOP:** Solving Rationals

KEY: rational solutions

545 ANS: 4

period = 
$$\frac{2\pi}{B}$$

$$\frac{1}{60} = \frac{2\pi}{B}$$

$$B = 120\pi$$

PTS: 2

REF: 061624aii

NAT: F.TF.B.5

**TOP:** Modeling Trigonometric Functions

The maximum volume of p(x) = -(x+2)(x-10)(x-14) is about 56, at x = 12.1

PTS: 2

REF: 081712aii NAT: F.IF.B.4

**TOP:** Graphing Polynomial Functions

547 ANS: 3

$$-33t^2 + 360t = 700 + 5t$$

$$-33t^2 + 355t - 700 = 0$$

$$t = \frac{-355 \pm \sqrt{355^2 - 4(-33)(-700)}}{2(-33)} \approx 3.8$$

PTS: 2

REF: 081606aii NAT: A.REI.D.11 TOP: Quadratic-Linear Systems

548 ANS: 3

PTS: 2

REF: 061623aii

NAT: F.BF.A.2

TOP: Sequences

549 ANS: 1

$$(1) \frac{9-0}{2-1} = 9 \ (2) \frac{17-0}{3.5-1} = 6.8 \ (3) \frac{0-0}{5-1} = 0 \ (4) \frac{17--5}{3.5-1} \approx 6.3$$

PTS: 2

REF: 011724aii

NAT: F.IF.B.6

TOP: Rate of Change