JMAP REGENTS BY TYPE

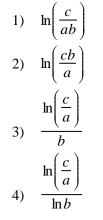
The NY Algebra II Regents Exams Questions from Spring 2015 to August 2019 Sorted by Type

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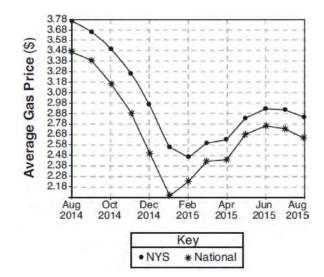
Algebra II Multiple Choice Regents Exam Questions

- 1 Given $c(m) = m^3 2m^2 + 4m 8$, the solution of c(m) = 0 is
 - 1) ±2
 - 2) 2, only
 - 3) 2*i*,2
 - 4) ±2*i*,2
- 2 After examining the functions $f(x) = \ln(x+2)$ and $g(x) = e^{x-1}$ over the interval (-2,3], Lexi determined that the correct number of solutions to the equation f(x) = g(x) is
 - 1) 1
 - 2) 2
 - 3) 3
 - 4) 0
- 3 If $ae^{bt} = c$, where *a*, *b*, and *c* are positive, then *t* equals



4 If $(a^3 + 27) = (a+3)(a^2 + ma + 9)$, then *m* equals 1) -9 2) -3 3) 3 4) 6

- 5 What is the equation of the directrix for the parabola $-8(y-3) = (x+4)^2$? 1) y = 5
 - 1) y = 52) y = 1
 - 3) y = -2
 - 4) y = -6
- 6 The graph below represents national and New York State average gas prices.



If New York State's gas prices are modeled by G(x)and C > 0, which expression best approximates the national average *x* months from August 2014?

1) G(x+C)2) G(x)+C3) G(x-C)4) G(x)-C

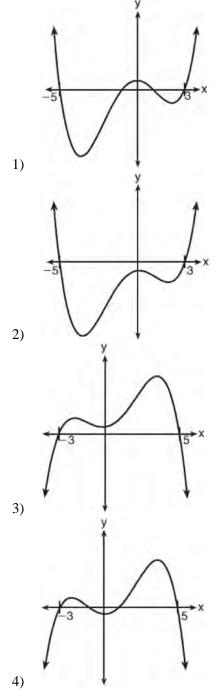
- 7 The function $N(t) = 100e^{-0.023t}$ models the number of grams in a sample of cesium-137 that remain after *t* years. On which interval is the sample's average rate of decay the fastest?
 - 1) [1,10]
 - 2) [10,20]
 - 3) [15,25]
 - 4) [1,30]
- 8 Which expression is equivalent to $x^6y^4(x^4-16)-9(x^4-16)?$
 - 1) $x^{10}y^4 16x^6y^4 9x^4 144$
 - 1) x y = 10x y = 9x = 14
 - 2) $(x^6y^4 9)(x + 2)^3(x 2)$
 - 3) $(x^{3}y^{2}+3)(x^{3}y^{2}-3)(x+2)^{2}(x-2)^{2}$
 - 4) $(x^3y^2+3)(x^3y^2-3)(x^2+4)(x^2-4)$
- 9 Given y > 0, the expression $\sqrt{3x^2y} \cdot \sqrt[3]{27x^3y^2}$ is equivalent to
 - 1) $81x^5y^3$
 - 2) $3^{1.5}x^2y$

3)
$$3^{\frac{5}{2}}x^2y^{\frac{5}{3}}$$

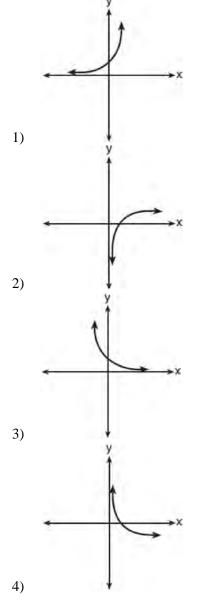
4)
$$3^{\frac{3}{2}}r^{2}v^{\frac{3}{2}}$$

- 10 There are 400 students in the senior class at Oak Creek High School. All of these students took the SAT. The distribution of their SAT scores is approximately normal. The number of students who scored within 2 standard deviations of the mean is approximately
 - 1) 75
 - 2) 95
 - 3) 300
 - 4) 380

11 A 4th degree polynomial has zeros -5, 3, *i*, and -*i*. Which graph could represent the function defined by this polynomial?



12 Which sketch best represents the graph of $x = 3^{y}$?



13 Which table best represents an exponential relationship?

		<i>!</i>
	x	У
	1	8
	2	8 4 2 1
	3	2
	3	
1)	5	1 2 y 0
	x	У
	8	0
	4	1 2
	0	2
	-4	3
2)	-8	4
	x	У
	0	0
	1	1
	2	y 0 1 4
	1 2 3	9
3)	2 3 4	4 9 16
3)	3 4 x	9
3)	3 4 x 1	9 16
3)	3 4 x 1	9 16 y
3)	3 4 x 1	9 16 y 1
3)	3 4 x	9 16 y 1 8

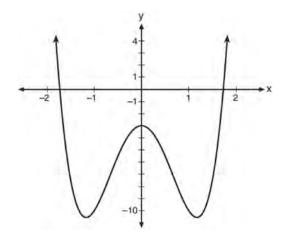
- 14 What is the solution when the equation $wx^2 + w = 0$ is solved for *x*, where *w* is a positive integer?
 - 1) -1
 - 2) 0
 - 3) 6 4) $\pm i$
 - 4) _1
- 15 On average, college seniors graduating in 2012 could compute their growing student loan debt using the function $D(t) = 29,400(1.068)^t$, where *t* is time in years. Which expression is equivalent to $29,400(1.068)^t$ and could be used by students to identify an approximate daily interest rate on their loans?

1) 29,400
$$\left(1.068^{\frac{1}{365}}\right)^{t}$$

2) 29,400 $\left(\frac{1.068}{365}\right)^{365t}$
3) 29,400 $\left(1 + \frac{0.068}{365}\right)^{t}$
4) 29,400 $\left(1.068^{\frac{1}{365}}\right)^{365t}$

- 16 When a ball bounces, the heights of consecutive bounces form a geometric sequence. The height of the first bounce is 121 centimeters and the height of the third bounce is 64 centimeters. To the *nearest centimeter*, what is the height of the fifth bounce?
 - 1) 25
 - 2) 34
 - 3) 36
 - 4) 42

17 Consider the function $p(x) = 3x^3 + x^2 - 5x$ and the graph of y = m(x) below.



Which statement is true?

- 1) p(x) has three real roots and m(x) has two real roots.
- 2) p(x) has one real root and m(x) has two real roots.
- 3) p(x) has two real roots and m(x) has three real roots.
- 4) p(x) has three real roots and m(x) has four real roots.
- 18 The profit function, p(x), for a company is the cost function, c(x), subtracted from the revenue function, r(x). The profit function for the Acme Corporation is $p(x) = -0.5x^2 + 250x 300$ and the revenue function is $r(x) = -0.3x^2 + 150x$. The cost function for the Acme Corporation is
 - 1) $c(x) = 0.2x^2 100x + 300$
 - 2) $c(x) = 0.2x^2 + 100x + 300$
 - 3) $c(x) = -0.2x^2 + 100x 300$
 - 4) $c(x) = -0.8x^2 + 400x 300$

19 Sodium iodide-131, used to treat certain medical conditions, has a half-life of 1.8 hours. The data table below shows the amount of sodium iodide-131, rounded to the nearest thousandth, as the dose fades over time.

3) 0.271

Number of Half Lives	1	2	3	4	5
Amount of Sodium Iodide-131	139.000	69.500	34.750	17.375	8.688

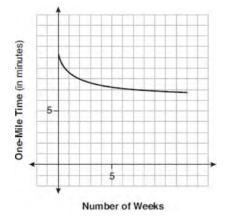
What approximate amount of sodium iodide-131 will remain in the body after 18 hours?

1) 0.001

0.136

2)

- 4) 0.543
- 20 Irma initially ran one mile in over ten minutes. She then began a training program to reduce her one-mile time. She recorded her one-mile time once a week for twelve consecutive weeks, as modeled in the graph below.



Which statement regarding Irma's one-mile training program is correct?

- 1) Her one-mile speed increased as the number of weeks increased.
- 2) Her one-mile speed decreased as the number of weeks increased.
- 3) If the trend continues, she will run under a six-minute mile by week thirteen.
- 4) She reduced her one-mile time the most between weeks ten and twelve.

- 21 When factoring to reveal the roots of the equation $x^3 + 2x^2 9x 18 = 0$, which equations can be used?
 - I. $x^{2}(x+2) 9(x+2) = 0$

II.
$$x(x^2 - 9) + 2(x^2 - 9) = 0$$

III.
$$(x-2)(x^2-9) = 0$$

- 1) I and II, only
- 2) I and III, only
- 3) II and III, only
- 4) I, II, and III
- 22 The solution of $87e^{0.3x} = 5918$, to the *nearest thousandth*, is
 - 1) 0.583
 - 2) 1.945
 - 3) 4.220
 - 4) 14.066
- 23 The expression (x + a)(x + b) can *not* be written as 1) a(x+b)+x(x+b)
 - 2) $x^{2} + abx + ab$
 - $2) \quad x + abx + ab$
 - 3) $x^2 + (a+b)x + ab$
 - $4) \quad x(x+a) + b(x+a)$

- 24 Suppose two sets of test scores have the same mean, but different standard deviations, σ_1 and σ_2 , with $\sigma_2 > \sigma_1$. Which statement best describes the variability of these data sets?
 - Data set one has the greater variability. 1)
 - Data set two has the greater variability. 2)
 - The variability will be the same for each data 3) set.
 - No conclusion can be made regarding the 4) variability of either set.
- 25 An estimate of the number of milligrams of a medication in the bloodstream t hours after 400 mg has been taken can be modeled by the function below.

$$I(t) = 0.5t^4 + 3.45t^3 - 96.65t^2 + 347.7t,$$

where $0 \le t \le 6$

Over what time interval does the amount of medication in the bloodstream strictly increase?

- 0 to 2 hours 1)
- 2) 0 to 3 hours
- 3) 2 to 6 hours
- 4) 3 to 6 hours
- 26 The terminal side of θ , an angle in standard

position, intersects the unit circle at $P\left(-\frac{1}{3}, -\frac{\sqrt{8}}{3}\right)$.

What is the value of sec θ ?

1)
$$-3$$

2) $-\frac{3\sqrt{8}}{8}$

3)
$$-\frac{1}{3}$$

4)
$$-\frac{\sqrt{8}}{3}$$

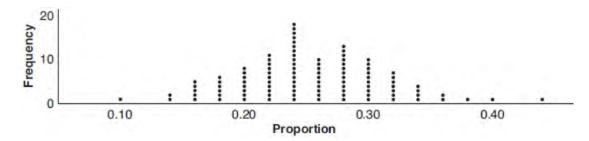
- 27 Which situation could be modeled using a geometric sequence?
 - A cell phone company charges \$30.00 per 1) month for 2 gigabytes of data and \$12.50 for each additional gigabyte of data.
 - The temperature in your car is 79°. You lower 2) the temperature of your air conditioning by 2° every 3 minutes in order to find a comfortable temperature.
 - David's parents have set a limit of 50 minutes 3) per week that he may play online games during the school year. However, they will increase his time by 5% per week for the next ten weeks.
 - Sarah has \$100.00 in her piggy bank and saves 4) an additional \$15.00 each week.
- 28 The hours of daylight, y, in Utica in days, x, from January 1, 2013 can be modeled by the equation $y = 3.06 \sin(0.017x - 1.40) + 12.23$. How many hours of daylight, to the nearest tenth, does this model predict for February 14, 2013? 1) 9.4
 - 2) 10.4
 - 3) 12.1
 - 4) 12.2

29 Which expression is equivalent to $2x^4 + 8x^3 - 25x^2 - 6x + 14_2$

$$x+6$$
1) $2x^3 + 4x^2 + x - 12 + \frac{86}{x+6}$

- 2) $2x^{3} 4x^{2} x + 14$ 3) $2x^{3} 4x^{2} x + \frac{14}{x+6}$
- 4) $2x^3 4x^2 x$

30 A group of students was trying to determine the proportion of candies in a bag that are blue. The company claims that 24% of candies in bags are blue. A simulation was run 100 times with a sample size of 50, based on the premise that 24% of the candies are blue. The approximately normal results of the simulation are shown in the dot plot below.



The simulation results in a mean of 0.254 and a standard deviation of 0.060. Based on this simulation, what is a plausible interval containing the middle 95% of the data?

- 1)(0.194, 0.314)3)(-0.448, 0.568)2)(0.134, 0.374)4)(0.254, 0.374)
- 31 After Roger's surgery, his doctor administered pain medication in the following amounts in milligrams over four days.

Day (n)	1	2	3	4
Dosage (m)	2000	1680	1411.2	1185.4

How can this sequence best be modeled recursively?

1)	$m_1 = 2000$	3)	$m_1 = 2000$
	$m_n = m_{n-1} - 320$		$m_n = (0.84)m_{n-1}$
2)	$m_n = 2000(0.84)^{n-1}$	4)	$m_n = 2000(0.84)^{n+1}$

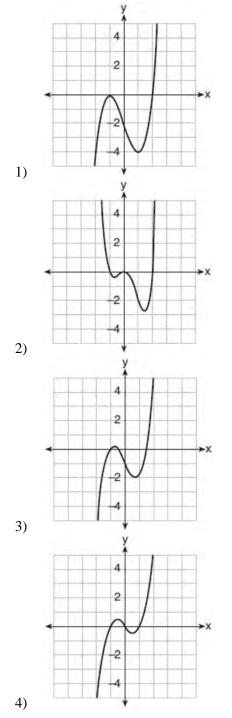
32 The solutions to the equation $5x^2 - 2x + 13 = 9$ are

1)
$$\frac{1}{5} \pm \frac{\sqrt{21}}{5}$$

2) $\frac{1}{5} \pm \frac{\sqrt{19}}{5}i$
3) $\frac{1}{5} \pm \frac{\sqrt{66}}{5}i$
4) $\frac{1}{5} \pm \frac{\sqrt{66}}{5}$

33 The expression
$$2 - \frac{x-1}{x+2}$$
 is equivalent to
1) $1 - \frac{3}{x+2}$
2) $1 + \frac{3}{x+2}$
3) $1 - \frac{1}{x+2}$
4) $1 + \frac{1}{x+2}$

34 Which graph represents a polynomial function that contains $x^2 + 2x + 1$ as a factor?



- 35 A researcher randomly divides 50 bean plants into two groups. He puts one group by a window to receive natural light and the second group under artificial light. He records the growth of the plants weekly. Which data collection method is described in this situation?
 - 1) observational study
 - 2) controlled experiment
 - 3) survey
 - systematic sample 4)
- 36 Given the following polynomials

 $x = (a+b+c)^2$ $y = a^2 + b^2 + c^2$ z = ab + bc + acWhich identity is true? 1) x = y - zx = y + z

3)
$$x = y - 2z$$

2)

- 4) x = y + 2z
- 37 The mean intelligence quotient (IQ) score is 100, with a standard deviation of 15, and the scores are normally distributed. Given this information, the approximate percentage of the population with an IQ greater than 130 is closest to
 - 1) 2%
 - 2) 31%
 - 3) 48%
 - 4) 95%
- 38 Which statement(s) are true for all real numbers?

I
$$(x-y)^2 = x^2 + y^2$$

II $(x+y)^3 = x^3 + 3xy + y^3$

- 1) I, only
- 2) II, only
- 3) I and II
- neither I nor II 4)

- 39 The scores on a mathematics college-entry exam are normally distributed with a mean of 68 and standard deviation 7.2. Students scoring higher than one standard deviation above the mean will not be enrolled in the mathematics tutoring program. How many of the 750 incoming students can be expected to be enrolled in the tutoring program?
 - 1) 631
 - 2) 512
 - 3) 238
 - 4) 119
- 40 The solutions to $x + 3 \frac{4}{x 1} = 5$ are

1)
$$\frac{3}{2} \pm \frac{\sqrt{17}}{2}$$

2) $\frac{3}{2} \pm \frac{\sqrt{17}}{2}i$
3) $\frac{3}{2} \pm \frac{\sqrt{33}}{2}i$
4) $\frac{3}{2} \pm \frac{\sqrt{33}}{2}i$

- 41 Camryn puts \$400 into a savings account that earns 6% annually. The amount in her account can be modeled by $C(t) = 400(1.06)^t$ where *t* is the time in years. Which expression best approximates the amount of money in her account using a weekly growth rate?
 - 1) $400(1.001153846)^{t}$
 - 2) $400(1.001121184)^t$
 - 3) $400(1.001153846)^{52t}$
 - 4) $400(1.001121184)^{52t}$

42 For $x \ge 0$, which equation is *false*?

1)
$$(x^{\frac{3}{2}})^2 = \sqrt[4]{x^3}$$

2) $(x^3)^{\frac{1}{4}} = \sqrt[4]{x^3}$
3) $(x^{\frac{3}{2}})^{\frac{1}{2}} = \sqrt[4]{x^3}$

- 4) $(x^{\overline{3}})^2 = \sqrt[3]{x^4}$
- 43 The half-life of iodine-131 is 8 days. The percent of the isotope left in the body d days after being

introduced is $I = 100 \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{\frac{d}{8}}$. When this equation is

written in terms of the number *e*, the base of the natural logarithm, it is equivalent to $I = 100e^{kd}$. What is the approximate value of the constant, *k*? 1) -0.087

- 2) 0.087
- 3) -11.542
- 4) 11.542
- 44 What is the solution set of the equation

$$\frac{10}{x^2 - 2x} + \frac{4}{x} = \frac{5}{x - 2}?$$
1) {0,2}
2) {0}
3) {2}
4) {}

- 45 Which equation represents a parabola with a focus of (-2, 5) and a directrix of y = 9?
 - 1) $(y-7)^2 = 8(x+2)$
 - 2) $(y-7)^2 = -8(x+2)$
 - 3) $(x+2)^2 = 8(y-7)$
 - 4) $(x+2)^2 = -8(y-7)$

46 A savings account, *S*, has an initial value of \$50. The account grows at a 2% interest rate compounded *n* times per year, *t*, according to the function below.

$$S(t) = 50 \left(1 + \frac{.02}{n}\right)^{nt}$$

Which statement about the account is correct?

- 1) As the value of *n* increases, the amount of interest per year decreases.
- 2) As the value of *n* increases, the value of the account approaches the function $S(t) = 50e^{0.02t}$.
- 3) As the value of *n* decreases to one, the amount of interest per year increases.
- 4) As the value of *n* decreases to one, the value of the account approaches the function $S(t) = 50(1 0.02)^{t}.$
- 47 What is the solution set of the following system of equations?

$$y = 3x + 6$$

$$y = (x+4)^2 - 10$$

- 1) $\{(-5, -9)\}$
- 2) $\{(5,21)\}$
- $3) \quad \{(0,6),(-5,-9)\}$
- $4) \quad \{(0,6),(5,21)\}$
- 48 Which equation represents the equation of the parabola with focus (-3,3) and directrix y = 7?
 - 1) $y = \frac{1}{8}(x+3)^2 5$
 - 2) $y = \frac{1}{8}(x-3)^2 + 5$
 - 3) $y = -\frac{1}{8}(x+3)^2 + 5$ 4) $y = -\frac{1}{8}(x-3)^2 + 5$

49 The equation $t = \frac{1}{0.0105} \ln \left(\frac{A}{5000}\right)$ relates time, t,

in years, to the amount of money, *A*, earned by a \$5000 investment. Which statement accurately describes the relationship between the average rates of change of *t* on the intervals [6000, 8000] and [9000, 12,000]?

- 1) A comparison cannot be made because the intervals are different sizes.
- 2) The average rate of change is equal for both intervals.
- 3) The average rate of change is larger for the interval [6000, 8000].
- 4) The average rate of change is larger for the interval [9000, 12,000].
- 50 A sociologist reviews randomly selected surveillance videos from a public park over a period of several years and records the amount of time people spent on a smartphone. The statistical procedure the sociologist used is called
 - 1) a census
 - 2) an experiment
 - 3) an observational study
 - 4) a sample survey
- 51 A certain pain reliever is taken in 220 mg dosages and has a half-life of 12 hours. The function

 $A = 220 \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{\frac{t}{12}}$ can be used to model this situation,

where *A* is the amount of pain reliever in milligrams remaining in the body after *t* hours. According to this function, which statement is true?

- 1) Every hour, the amount of pain reliever remaining is cut in half.
- 2) In 12 hours, there is no pain reliever remaining in the body.
- 3) In 24 hours, there is no pain reliever remaining in the body.
- 4) In 12 hours, 110 mg of pain reliever is remaining.

52 The populations of two small towns at the beginning of 2018 and their annual population growth rate are shown in the table below.

Town	Population	Annual Population Growth Rate
Jonesville	1240	6% increase
Williamstown	890	11% increase

Assuming the trend continues, approximately how many years after the beginning of 2018 will it take for the populations to be equal?

 1)
 7
 3)
 68

 2)
 20
 4)
 125

53 What is the inverse of
$$f(x) = \frac{x}{x+2}$$
, where $x \neq -2$?

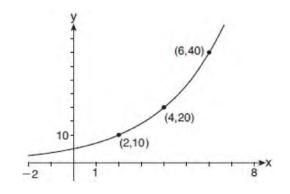
1) $f^{-1}(x) = \frac{2x}{x-1}$ 2) $f^{-1}(x) = \frac{-2x}{x-1}$

3)
$$f^{-1}(x) = \frac{x}{x-2}$$

4)
$$f^{-1}(x) = \frac{-x}{x-2}$$

- 54 Kelly-Ann has \$20,000 to invest. She puts half of the money into an account that grows at an annual rate of 0.9% compounded monthly. At the same time, she puts the other half of the money into an account that grows continuously at an annual rate of 0.8%. Which function represents the value of Kelly-Ann's investments after *t* years?
 - 1) $f(t) = 10,000(1.9)^{t} + 10,000e^{0.8t}$
 - 2) $f(t) = 10,000(1.009)^{t} + 10,000e^{0.008t}$
 - 3) $f(t) = 10,000(1.075)^{12t} + 10,000e^{0.8t}$
 - 4) $f(t) = 10,000(1.00075)^{12t} + 10,000e^{0.008t}$

55 The graph of y = f(x) is shown below.



Which expression defines f(x)?

- 1) 2*x*
- 2) $5(2^x)$
- 3) $5(2^{\frac{1}{2}})$
- 4) $5(2^{2x})$

56 What is the quotient when $10x^3 - 3x^2 - 7x + 3$ is divided by 2x - 1?

1)
$$5x^2 + x + 3$$

- 2) $5x^2 x + 3$
- 3) $5x^2 x 3$
- 4) $5x^2 + x 3$

57 Jake wants to buy a car and hopes to save at least \$5000 for a down payment. The table below summarizes the amount of money he plans to save each week.

Week	1	2	3	4	5
Money Saved, in Dollars	2	5	12.5	31.25	

Based on this plan, which expression should he use to determine how much he has saved in *n* weeks?

1)	$\frac{2-2(2.5^n)}{1-2.5}$	3)	$\frac{1-2.5^n}{1-2.5}$
2)	$\frac{2 - 2(2.5^{n-1})}{1 - 2.5}$	4)	$\frac{1-2.5^{n-1}}{1-2.5}$

58 Selected values for the functions f and g are shown in the tables below.

x	f(x)	X	g(x)
-3.12	-4.88	-2.01	-1.01
0	-6	0	0.58
1.23	-4.77	8.52	2.53
8.52	2.53	13.11	3.01
9.01	3.01	16.52	3.29

A solution to the equation f(x) = g(x) is

- 1)
 0
 3)
 3.01

 2)
 2.53
 4)
 8.52
- 59 For x > 0, which expression is equivalent to
 - $\frac{\sqrt[3]{x^2} \cdot \sqrt{x^5}}{\sqrt[6]{x}}?$ 1) x 2) $x^{\frac{3}{2}}$ 3) x^3
 - 4) x^{10}

- 60 On a given school day, the probability that Nick oversleeps is 48% and the probability he has a pop quiz is 25%. Assuming these two events are independent, what is the probability that Nick oversleeps and has a pop quiz on the same day?
 - 1) 73%
 - 2) 36%
 - 3) 23%
 - 4) 12%

- 61 Stephanie found that the number of white-winged cross bills in an area can be represented by the formula $C = 550(1.08)^t$, where *t* represents the number of years since 2010. Which equation correctly represents the number of white-winged cross bills in terms of the monthly rate of population growth?
 - 1) $C = 550(1.00643)^t$
 - 2) $C = 550(1.00643)^{12t}$

3)
$$C = 550(1.00643)^{\frac{t}{12}}$$

4) $C = 550(1.00643)^{t+12}$

4)
$$C = 550(1.00643)^{t+12}$$

- 62 If \$5000 is put into a savings account that pays 3.5% interest compounded monthly, how much money, to the nearest ten cents, would be in that account after 6 years, assuming no money was added or withdrawn?
 - 1) \$5177.80
 - 2) \$5941.30
 - 3) \$6146.30
 - 4) \$6166.50
- 63 A manufacturing plant produces two different-sized containers of peanuts. One container weighs xounces and the other weighs y pounds. If a gift set can hold one of each size container, which expression represents the number of gift sets needed to hold 124 ounces?

1)
$$\frac{124}{16x + y}$$

2)
$$\frac{x+16y}{124}$$

3)
$$\frac{124}{x+16y}$$

4)
$$\frac{16x + y}{124}$$

- 64 A 7-year lease for office space states that the annual rent is \$85,000 for the first year and will increase by 6% each additional year of the lease. What will the total rent expense be for the entire 7-year lease?
 - 1) \$42,809.63
 - 2) \$90,425.53
 - 3) \$595,000.00
 - 4) \$713,476.20
- 65 A number, minus twenty times its reciprocal, equals eight. The number is
 - 1) 10 or -2
 - 2) 10 or 2
 - 3) -10 or -2
 - 4) -10 or 2
- 66 How many solutions exist for

1-	$\frac{1}{x^2}$	= - 3x-2 + 5?
1)	1	
2)	2	
3)	3	
4)	4	

67 If $\cos \theta = -\frac{3}{4}$ and θ is in Quadrant III, then $\sin \theta$ is equivalent to

$$\begin{array}{r} 1) & -\frac{\sqrt{7}}{4} \\ 2) & \frac{\sqrt{7}}{4} \\ 3) & -\frac{5}{4} \\ 4) & \frac{5}{4} \end{array}$$

- 68 If x 1 is a factor of $x^3 kx^2 + 2x$, what is the value of k?
 - 1) 0
 - 2) 2
 - 3) 3
 - 4) -3
- 69 For positive values of x, which expression is
 - equivalent to $\sqrt{16x^2} \cdot x^{\frac{2}{3}} + \sqrt[3]{8x^5}$ 1) $6\sqrt[5]{x^3}$ 2) $6\sqrt[3]{x^5}$ 3) $4\sqrt[3]{x^2} + 2\sqrt[3]{x^5}$ 4) $4\sqrt{x^3} + 2\sqrt[5]{x^3}$
- 70 Which description could represent the graph of $f(x) = 4x^2(x+a) x a$, if *a* is an integer?
 - 1) As $x \to -\infty$, $f(x) \to \infty$, as $x \to \infty$, $f(x) \to \infty$, and the graph has 3 *x*-intercepts.
 - 2) As $x \to -\infty$, $f(x) \to -\infty$, as $x \to \infty$, $f(x) \to \infty$, and the graph has 3 *x*-intercepts.
 - 3) As $x \to -\infty$, $f(x) \to \infty$, as $x \to \infty$, $f(x) \to -\infty$, and the graph has 4 *x*-intercepts.
 - 4) As $x \to -\infty$, $f(x) \to -\infty$, as $x \to \infty$, $f(x) \to \infty$, and the graph has 4 *x*-intercepts.
- 71 Which expression can be rewritten as (x+7)(x-1)?
 - 1) $(x+3)^2 16$
 - 2) $(x+3)^2 10(x+3) 2(x+3) + 20$

3)
$$\frac{(x-1)(x^2-6x-7)}{(x+1)}$$

4)
$$\frac{(x+7)(x^2+4x+3)}{(x+3)}$$

- 72 The operator of the local mall wants to find out how many of the mall's employees make purchases in the food court when they are working. She hopes to use these data to increase the rent and attract new food vendors. In total, there are 1023 employees who work at the mall. The best method to obtain a random sample of the employees would be to survey
 - 1) all 170 employees at each of the larger stores
 - 2) 50% of the 90 employees of the food court
 - 3) every employee
 - 4) every 30th employee entering each mall entrance for one week
- 73 The average depreciation rate of a new boat is approximately 8% per year. If a new boat is purchased at a price of \$75,000, which model is a recursive formula representing the value of the boat *n* years after it was purchased?

1)
$$a_n = 75,000(0.08)^n$$

2)
$$a_0 = 75,000$$

$$a_n = (0.92)^n$$

- 3) $a_n = 75,000(1.08)^n$
- 4) $a_0 = 75,000$

$$a_n = 0.92(a_{n-1})$$

- 74 Given $f(x) = \frac{1}{2}x + 8$, which equation represents the inverse, g(x)?
 - 1) g(x) = 2x 8
 - $2) \quad g(x) = 2x 16$
 - 3) $g(x) = -\frac{1}{2}x + 8$
 - 4) $g(x) = -\frac{1}{2}x 16$

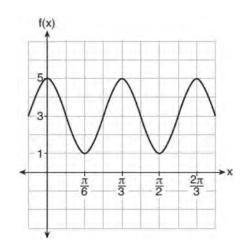
- 75 Where *i* is the imaginary unit, the expression
 - $(x+3i)^2 (2x-3i)^2$ is equivalent to 1) $-3x^2$ 2) $-3x^2 - 18$
 - 3) $-3x^2 + 18xi$
 - 4) $-3x^2 6xi 18$
- 76 For the system shown below, what is the value of z?

		y = -2x + 14
		3x - 4z = 2
		3x - y = 16
1)	5	
2)	2	
3)	6	
4)	4	

- 77 Brian deposited 1 cent into an empty non-interest bearing bank account on the first day of the month. He then additionally deposited 3 cents on the second day, 9 cents on the third day, and 27 cents on the fourth day. What would be the total amount of money in the account at the end of the 20th day if the pattern continued?
 - \$11,622,614.67 1)
 - 2) \$17,433,922.00
 - 3) \$116,226,146.80
 - 4) \$1,743,392,200.00
- 78 What is the inverse of the function y = 4x + 5?
 - 1) $x = \frac{1}{4}y \frac{5}{4}$ 2) $y = \frac{1}{4}x - \frac{5}{4}$ 3) y = 4x - 5

 - 4) $y = \frac{1}{4x+5}$

79 The function $f(x) = a \cos bx + c$ is plotted on the graph shown below.



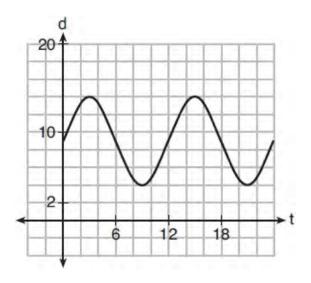
What are the values of *a*, *b*, and *c*?

- 1) a = 2, b = 6, c = 3
- 2) a = 2, b = 3, c = 1
- 3) a = 4, b = 6, c = 5
- 4) $a = 4, b = \frac{\pi}{3}, c = 3$
- 80 Suppose events A and B are independent and P(A and B) is 0.2. Which statement could be true?
 - 1) P(A) = 0.4, P(B) = 0.3, P(A or B) = 0.5
 - 2) P(A) = 0.8, P(B) = 0.25
 - 3) P(A|B) = 0.2, P(B) = 0.2
 - 4) P(A) = 0.15, P(B) = 0.05
- 81 Which statement is true about the graph of

$$f(x) = \left(\frac{1}{8}\right)^x ?$$

- The graph is always increasing. 1)
- 2) The graph is always decreasing.
- The graph passes through (1,0). 3)
- The graph has an asymptote, x = 0. 4)

82 The depth of the water at a marker 20 feet from the shore in a bay is depicted in the graph below.



If the depth, d, is measured in feet and time, t, is measured in hours since midnight, what is an equation for the depth of the water at the marker?

1)
$$d = 5\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{6}t\right) + 9$$

2)
$$d = 9\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{6}t\right) + 5$$

3)
$$d = 9\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{6}t\right) + 5$$

4)
$$d = 5\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{6}t\right) + 9$$

- 83 Given $P(x) = x^3 3x^2 2x + 4$, which statement is true?
 - 1) (x-1) is a factor because P(-1) = 2.
 - 2) (x+1) is a factor because P(-1) = 2.
 - 3) (x+1) is a factor because P(1) = 0.
 - 4) (x-1) is a factor because P(1) = 0.

84 If
$$n = \sqrt{a^5}$$
 and $m = a$, where $a > 0$, an expression
for $\frac{n}{m}$ could be
1) $a^{\frac{5}{2}}$
2) a^4
3) $\sqrt[3]{a^2}$
4) $\sqrt{a^3}$

- 85 Perry invested in property that cost him \$1500. Five years later it was worth \$3000, and 10 years from his original purchase, it was worth \$6000. Assuming the growth rate remains the same, which type of function could he create to find the value of his investment 30 years from his original purchase?
 - 1) exponential function
 - 2) linear function
 - 3) quadratic function
 - 4) trigonometric function
- 86 The function below models the average price of gas in a small town since January 1st.

 $G(t) = -0.0049t^4 + 0.0923t^3 - 0.56t^2 + 1.166t + 3.23,$ where $0 \le t \le 10$.

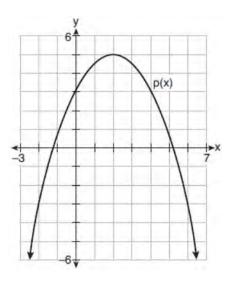
If G(t) is the average price of gas in dollars and t represents the number of months since January 1st, the absolute maximum G(t) reaches over the given domain is about

- 1) \$1.60
- 2) \$3.92
- 3) \$4.01
- 4) \$7.73

87 Julia deposits \$2000 into a savings account that earns 4% interest per year. The exponential function that models this savings account is

 $y = 2000(1.04)^{t}$, where *t* is the time in years. Which equation correctly represents the amount of money in her savings account in terms of the monthly growth rate?

- 1) $y = 166.67(1.04)^{0.12t}$
- 2) $y = 2000(1.01)^t$
- 3) $y = 2000(1.0032737)^{12t}$
- 4) $y = 166.67(1.0032737)^t$
- 88 Consider $f(x) = 4x^2 + 6x 3$, and p(x) defined by the graph below.



The difference between the values of the maximum of p and minimum of f is

- 1) 0.25
- 2) 1.25
- 3) 3.25
- 4) 10.25

- 89 When the expression $(x + 2)^2 + 4(x + 2) + 3$ is rewritten as the product of two binomials, the result is
 - 1) (x+3)(x+1)
 - 2) (x+5)(x+3)
 - 3) (x+2)(x+2)
 - 4) (x+6)(x+1)
- 90 The graphs of the equations $y = x^2 + 4x 1$ and y + 3 = x are drawn on the same set of axes. One solution of this system is
 - 1) (-5,-2)
 - 2) (-1,-4)
 - 3) (1,4)
 - 4) (-2,-1)
- 91 Consider the system of equations below:

$$x + y - z = 6$$
$$2x - 3y + 2z = -19$$
$$-x + 4y - z = 17$$

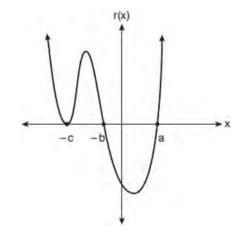
Which number is *not* the value of any variable in the solution of the system?

- 1) -1
- 2) 2
- 3) 3
- 4) -4
- 92 Judith puts \$5000 into an investment account with interest compounded continuously. Which approximate annual rate is needed for the account to grow to \$9110 after 30 years?
 - 1) 2%
 - 2) 2.2%
 - 3) 0.02%
 - 4) 0.022%

93 Evan graphed a cubic function,

 $f(x) = ax^3 + bx^2 + cx + d$, and determined the roots of f(x) to be ± 1 and 2. What is the value of *b*, if a = 1? 1) 1

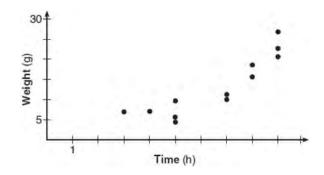
- 2) 2
- $\frac{2}{3}$ -1
- 4) -2
- 94 A sketch of r(x) is shown below.



An equation for r(x) could be

- 1) r(x) = (x-a)(x+b)(x+c)
- 2) $r(x) = (x+a)(x-b)(x-c)^2$
- 3) r(x) = (x+a)(x-b)(x-c)
- 4) $r(x) = (x-a)(x+b)(x+c)^2$
- 95 The temperature, in degrees Fahrenheit, in Times Square during a day in August can be predicted by the function $T(x) = 8 \sin(0.3x - 3) + 74$, where *x* is the number of hours after midnight. According to this model, the predicted temperature, to the *nearest degree* Fahrenheit, at 7 P.M. is
 - 1) 68
 - 2) 74
 - 3) 77
 - 4) 81

96 A scatterplot showing the weight, *w*, in grams, of each crystal after growing *t* hours is shown below.



The relationship between weight, w, and time, t, is best modeled by

- 1) $w = 4^t + 5$
- 2) $w = (1.4)^t + 2$
- 3) $w = 5(2.1)^t$
- 4) $w = 8(.75)^t$
- 97 The parabola described by the equation $y = \frac{1}{12} (x-2)^2 + 2$ has the directrix at y = -1. The focus of the parabola is 1) (2,-1) 2) (2,2)
 - 3) (2,3)
 - 4) (2,5)
- 98 What is the solution set of the equation

$$\frac{2}{x} - \frac{3x}{x+3} = \frac{x}{x+3}?$$
1) {3}
2) { $\frac{3}{2}$ }
3) {-2,3}
4) { $-1,\frac{3}{2}$ }

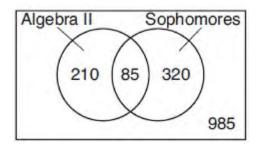
- 99 If $p(x) = 2\ln(x) 1$ and $m(x) = \ln(x+6)$, then what is the solution for p(x) = m(x)?
 - 1) 1.65
 - 2) 3.14
 - 3) 5.62
 - 4) no solution
- 100 A fast-food restaurant analyzes data to better serve its customers. After its analysis, it discovers that the events D, that a customer uses the drive-thru, and F, that a customer orders French fries, are independent. The following data are given in a report:

$$P(F) = 0.8$$
$$P(F \cap D) = 0.456$$

Given this information,
$$P(F|D)$$
 is

- 1) 0.344
- 2) 0.3648
- 3) 0.57
- 4) 0.8
- 101 A random sample of 100 people that would best estimate the proportion of all registered voters in a district who support improvements to the high school football field should be drawn from registered voters in the district at a
 - 1) football game
 - 2) supermarket
 - 3) school fund-raiser
 - 4) high school band concert
- 102 The first term of a geometric sequence is 8 and the fourth term is 216. What is the sum of the first 12 terms of the corresponding series?
 - 1) 236,192
 - 2) 708,584
 - 3) 2,125,760
 - 4) 6,377,288

- 103 A veterinary pharmaceutical company plans to test a new drug to treat a common intestinal infection among puppies. The puppies are randomly assigned to two equal groups. Half of the puppies will receive the drug, and the other half will receive a placebo. The veterinarians monitor the puppies. This is an example of which study method?
 - 1) census
 - 2) observational study
 - 3) survey
 - 4) controlled experiment
- 104 Data for the students enrolled in a local high school are shown in the Venn diagram below.



If a student from the high school is selected at random, what is the probability that the student is a sophomore given that the student is enrolled in Algebra II?

- 1) $\frac{85}{210}$
- 2) $\frac{85}{20}$
- 2) 295
- 3) $\frac{85}{405}$
- 4) $\frac{85}{1600}$

- 105 Which function is even?
 - 1) $f(x) = \sin x$
 - $2) \quad f(x) = x^2 4$
 - 3) f(x) = |x-2| + 5
 - 4) $f(x) = x^4 + 3x^3 + 4$
- 106 What is the solution set of the equation

$$\frac{2}{3x+1} = \frac{1}{x} - \frac{6x}{3x+1}?$$
1)
$$\left\{-\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}\right\}$$
2)
$$\left\{-\frac{1}{3}\right\}$$
3)
$$\left\{\frac{1}{2}\right\}$$
4)
$$\left\{\frac{1}{3}, -2\right\}$$

107 Savannah just got contact lenses. Her doctor said she can wear them 2 hours the first day, and can then increase the length of time by 30 minutes each day. If this pattern continues, which formula would *not* be appropriate to determine the length of time, in either minutes or hours, she could wear her contact lenses on the *n*th day?

1)
$$a_1 = 120$$

$$a_n = a_{n-1} + 30$$

- 2) $a_n = 90 + 30n$
- 3) $a_1 = 2$

$$a_n = a_{n-1} + 0.5$$

4)
$$a_n = 2.5 + 0.5n$$

108 The Fahrenheit temperature, F(t), of a heated object at time t, in minutes, can be modeled by the function below. F_s is the surrounding temperature, F_0 is the initial temperature of the object, and k is a constant.

$$F(t) = F_{s} + (F_{0} - F_{s})e^{-kt}$$

Coffee at a temperature of 195° F is poured into a container. The room temperature is kept at a constant 68° F and k = 0.05. Coffee is safe to drink when its temperature is, at most, 120° F. To the *nearest minute*, how long will it take until the coffee is safe to drink?

- 1) 7
- 2) 10
- 3) 11
- 4) 18
- 109 Written in simplest form, $\frac{c^2 d^2}{d^2 + cd 2c^2}$ where
 - $c \neq d$, is equivalent to

1)
$$\frac{c+d}{d+2c}$$

2)
$$\frac{c-d}{d+2c}$$

3)
$$\frac{-c-d}{d+2c}$$

4)
$$\frac{-c+d}{d+2c}$$

- 110 The average monthly temperature of a city can be modeled by a cosine graph. Melissa has been living in Phoenix, Arizona, where the average annual temperature is 75°F. She would like to move, and live in a location where the average annual temperature is 62°F. When examining the graphs of the average monthly temperatures for various locations, Melissa should focus on the
 - 1) amplitude
 - 2) horizontal shift
 - 3) period
 - 4) midline

- 111 If $p(x) = 2x^3 3x + 5$, what is the remainder of $p(x) \div (x 5)$?
 - 1) -230
 - 2) 0
 - 3) 40
 - 4) 240
- 112 The graph of $y = \log_2 x$ is translated to the right 1 unit and down 1 unit. The coordinates of the *x*-intercept of the translated graph are
 - 1) (0,0)
 - 2) (1,0)
 - 3) (2,0)
 - 4) (3,0)
- 113 The expression $6 (3x 2i)^2$ is equivalent to
 - 1) $-9x^2 + 12xi + 10$
 - 2) $9x^2 12xi + 2$
 - 3) $-9x^2 + 10$
 - 4) $-9x^2 + 12xi 4i + 6$
- 114 What are the solution(s) to the system of equations shown below?

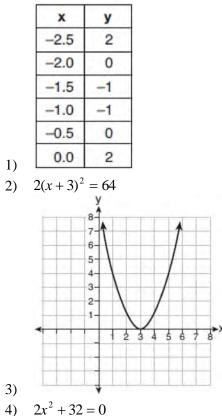
$$x^2 + y^2 = 5$$
$$y = 2x$$

- 1) x = 1 and x = -1
- 2) *x* = 1
- 3) (1,2) and (-1,-2)
- 4) (1,2), only

115 The value(s) of *x* that satisfy

$$\sqrt{x^2 - 4x - 5} = 2x - 10$$
 are
1) {5}
2) {7}
3) {5,7}
4) {3,5,7}

116 Which representation of a quadratic has imaginary roots?



117 What is the solution set for *x* in the equation below?

 $\sqrt{x+1} - 1 = x$

- 2) $\{0\}$ 3) $\{-1,0\}$
- 4) $\{0,1\}$

118 Given $\cos \theta = \frac{7}{25}$, where θ is an angle in standard position terminating in quadrant IV, and $\sin^2 \theta + \cos^2 \theta = 1$, what is the value of $\tan \theta$? 1) $-\frac{24}{24}$

$$\begin{array}{c} 1) & 25 \\ 2) & -\frac{24}{7} \\ 3) & \frac{24}{25} \end{array}$$

4) $\frac{24}{7}$

119 The expression
$$\frac{9x^2 - 2}{3x + 1}$$
 is equivalent to

1)
$$3x - 1 - \frac{1}{3x + 1}$$

2) $3x - 1 + \frac{1}{3x + 1}$
3) $3x + 1 - \frac{1}{3x + 1}$
4) $3x + 1 + \frac{1}{3x + 1}$

120 Which function's graph has a period of 8 and reaches a maximum height of 1 if at least one full period is graphed?

1)
$$y = -4\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{4}x\right) - 3$$

2) $y = -4\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{4}x\right) + 5$

3)
$$y = -4\cos(8x) - 3$$

$$4) \quad y = -4\cos(8x) + 5$$

- 121 Tides are a periodic rise and fall of ocean water. On a typical day at a seaport, to predict the time of the next high tide, the most important value to have would be the
 - 1) time between consecutive low tides
 - 2) time when the tide height is 20 feet
 - 3) average depth of water over a 24-hour period
 - 4) difference between the water heights at low and high tide
- 122 For which values of *x*, rounded to the *nearest* hundredth, will $|x^2 - 9| - 3 = \log_3 x$? 1) 2.29 and 3.63 2) 2.37 and 3.54
 - 3) 2.84 and 3.17
 - 4) 2.92 and 3.06
- 123 For all values of x for which the expression is defined, $\frac{x^3 + 2x^2 - 9x - 18}{x^3 - x^2 - 6x}$, in simplest form, is equivalent to 1) 3 2) $-\frac{17}{2}$ 3) $\frac{x+3}{x}$ 4) $\frac{x^2 - 9}{x(x-3)}$
- 124 If $f(x) = a^x$ where a > 1, then the inverse of the function is

1)
$$f^{-1}(x) = \log_x a$$

$$2) \quad f^{-1}(x) = a \log x$$

3) $f^{-1}(x) = \log_a x$

$$4) \quad f^{-1}(x) = x \log a$$

- 125 If A = -3 + 5i, B = 4 2i, and C = 1 + 6i, where *i* is the imaginary unit, then A BC equals
 - 1) 5 17i
 - 2) 5+27i
 - 3) -19 17i
 - 4) -19 + 27i
- 126 Which expression(s) are equivalent to $\frac{x^2 4x}{2x}$,

where $x \neq 0$?

- I. $\frac{x}{2} 2$ II. $\frac{x-4}{2}$ III. $\frac{x-1}{2} \frac{3}{2}$
- 1) II, only
- 2) I and II
- 3) II and III
- 4) I, II, and III
- 127 Consider the probability statements regarding events *A* and *B* below.

$$P(A \text{ or } B) = 0.3;$$

 $P(A \text{ and } B) = 0.2;$ and
 $P(A|B) = 0.8$

- What is P(B)?
- 1) 0.1
- 2) 0.25
- 3) 0.375
- 4) 0.667
- 128 There are 440 students at Thomas Paine High School enrolled in U.S. History. On the April report card, the students' grades are approximately normally distributed with a mean of 79 and a standard deviation of 7. Students who earn a grade less than or equal to 64.9 must attend summer school. The number of students who must attend summer school for U.S. History is closest to
 - 1) 3
 - 2) 5
 - 3) 10
 - 4) 22

- 129 The solution set for the equation $b = \sqrt{2b^2 64}$ is
 - 1) {-8}
 - 2) {8}
 - 3) {±8}
 - 4) { }
- 130 If f(x) is an even function, which function must also be even?
 - 1) f(x-2)
 - 2) f(x) + 3
 - 3) f(x+1)
 - 4) f(x+1) + 3
- 131 Which expression is equivalent to $(2x-i)^2 - (2x-i)(2x+3i)$ where *i* is the imaginary unit and *x* is a real number? 1) -4 - 8xi2) -4 - 4xi
 - 3) 2
 - 4) 8x 4i
- 132 For a given time, *x*, in seconds, an electric current, *y*, can be represented by $y = 2.5(1-2.7^{-.10x})$. Which equation is *not* equivalent?
 - 1) $y = 2.5 2.5 \left(2.7^{-.10x} \right)$ 2) $y = 2.5 - 2.5 \left(\left(2.7^2 \right)^{-.05x} \right)$
 - 3) $y = 2.5 2.5 \left(\frac{1}{2.7^{10x}}\right)$
 - 4) $y = 2.5 2.5 (2.7^{-2}) (2.7^{.05x})$

- 133 The weights of bags of Graseck's Chocolate Candies are normally distributed with a mean of 4.3 ounces and a standard deviation of 0.05 ounces. What is the probability that a bag of these chocolate candies weighs less than 4.27 ounces?
 - 1) 0.2257
 - 2) 0.2743
 - 3) 0.7257
 - 4) 0.7757

134 The roots of the equation $3x^2 + 2x = -7$ are

1)
$$-2, -\frac{1}{3}$$

2) $-\frac{7}{3}, 1$
3) $-\frac{1}{3} \pm \frac{2i\sqrt{5}}{3}$
4) $-\frac{1}{3} \pm \frac{\sqrt{11}}{3}$

135 A study of black bears in the Adirondacks reveals that their population can be represented by the function $P(t) = 3500(1.025)^t$, where *t* is the number of years since the study began. Which function is correctly rewritten to reveal the monthly growth rate of the black bear population?

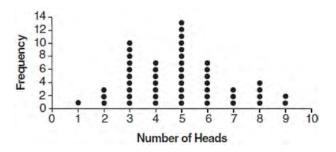
t

1)
$$P(t) = 3500(1.00206)^{12t}$$

2)
$$P(t) = 3500(1.00206)^{12}$$

- 3) $P(t) = 3500(1.34489)^{12t}$
- 4) $P(t) = 3500(1.34489)^{\frac{t}{12}}$

136 The results of simulating tossing a coin 10 times, recording the number of heads, and repeating this 50 times are shown in the graph below.



Based on the results of the simulation, which statement is *false*?

- 1) Five heads occurred most often, which is consistent with the theoretical probability of obtaining a heads.
- 2) Eight heads is unusual, as it falls outside the middle 95% of the data.
- 3) Obtaining three heads or fewer occurred 28% of the time.
- 4) Seven heads is not unusual, as it falls within the middle 95% of the data.
- 137 What is the inverse of $f(x) = x^3 2$?

1)
$$f^{-1}(x) = \sqrt[3]{x} + 2$$

2) $f^{-1}(x) = \pm \sqrt[3]{x} + 2$
3) $f^{-1}(x) = \sqrt[3]{x+2}$
4) $f^{-1}(x) = \pm \sqrt[3]{x+2}$

- 138 If $f(x) = \log_3 x$ and g(x) is the image of f(x) after a translation five units to the left, which equation represents g(x)?
 - 1) $g(x) = \log_3(x+5)$
 - $2) \quad g(x) = \log_3 x + 5$
 - 3) $g(x) = \log_3(x-5)$
 - 4) $g(x) = \log_3 x 5$

139 The height above ground for a person riding a Ferris wheel after *t* seconds is modeled by

$$h(t) = 150 \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{45}t + 67.5\right) + 160$$
 feet. How many

seconds does it take to go from the bottom of the wheel to the top of the wheel?

- 1) 10
- 2) 45
- 3) 90
- 4) 150
- 140 At her job, Pat earns \$25,000 the first year and receives a raise of \$1000 each year. The explicit formula for the *n*th term of this sequence is $a_n = 25,000 + (n-1)1000$. Which rule best represents the equivalent recursive formula?
 - 1) $a_n = 24,000 + 1000n$
 - 2) $a_n = 25,000 + 1000n$
 - 3) $a_1 = 25,000, a_n = a_{n-1} + 1000$
 - 4) $a_1 = 25,000, a_n = a_{n+1} + 1000$
- 141 The completely factored form of

$$n^4 - 9n^2 + 4n^3 - 36n - 12n^2 + 108$$
 is

- 1) $(n^2 9)(n + 6)(n 2)$
- 2) (n+3)(n-3)(n+6)(n-2)
- 3) (n-3)(n-3)(n+6)(n-2)
- 4) (n+3)(n-3)(n-6)(n+2)
- 142 What is the inverse of f(x) = -6(x-2)?

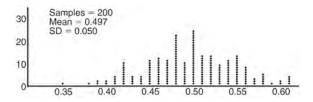
1)
$$f^{-1}(x) = -2 - \frac{x}{6}$$

2)
$$f^{-1}(x) = 2 - \frac{x}{6}$$

3)
$$f^{-l}(x) = \frac{1}{-6(x-2)}$$

4)
$$f^{-1}(x) = 6(x+2)$$

- 143 If $f(x) = x^2 + 9$ and g(x) = x + 3, which operation would not result in a polynomial expression?
 - 1) f(x) + g(x)
 - 2) f(x) g(x)3) $f(x) \bullet g(x)$
 - 4) $f(x) \div g(x)$
- 144 If the function $g(x) = ab^x$ represents exponential growth, which statement about g(x) is *false*?
 - 1) a > 0 and b > 1
 - 2) The y-intercept is (0, a).
 - 3) The asymptote is y = 0.
 - 4) The *x*-intercept is (b, 0).
- 145 Anne has a coin. She does not know if it is a fair coin. She flipped the coin 100 times and obtained 73 heads and 27 tails. She ran a computer simulation of 200 samples of 100 fair coin flips. The output of the proportion of heads is shown below.



Given the results of her coin flips and of her computer simulation, which statement is most accurate?

- 1) 73 of the computer's next 100 coin flips will be heads.
- 2) 50 of her next 100 coin flips will be heads.
- 3) Her coin is not fair.
- 4) Her coin is fair.

Algebra II Multiple Choice Regents Exam Questions

- 146 If $\sin^2(32^\circ) + \cos^2(M) = 1$, then *M* equals
 - 1) 32°
 - 2) 58°
 - 3) 68°
 - 4) 72°
- 147 The Ferris wheel at the landmark Navy Pier in Chicago takes 7 minutes to make one full rotation. The height, *H*, in feet, above the ground of one of the six-person cars can be modeled by
 - $H(t) = 70 \sin\left(\frac{2\pi}{7} (t 1.75)\right) + 80$, where *t* is time,

in minutes. Using H(t) for one full rotation, this car's minimum height, in feet, is

- 1) 150
- 2) 70
- 3) 10
- 4) 0
- 148 If f(x) = 3|x| 1 and $g(x) = 0.03x^3 x + 1$, an approximate solution for the equation f(x) = g(x) is
 - 1) 1.96
 - 2) 11.29
 - 3) (-0.99, 1.96)
 - 4) (11.29,32.87)
- 149 What are the zeros of $P(m) = (m^2 4)(m^2 + 1)$?
 - 1) 2 and -2, only
 - 2) 2, -2, and -4
 - 3) -4, i, and -i
 - 4) 2, -2, i, and -i

150 A payday loan company makes loans between \$100 and \$1000 available to customers. Every 14 days, customers are charged 30% interest with compounding. In 2013, Remi took out a \$300 payday loan. Which expression can be used to calculate the amount she would owe, in dollars, after one year if she did not make payments?

1)
$$300(.30)^{\frac{14}{365}}$$

2)
$$300(1.30)^{\frac{14}{365}}$$

2) $200(20)^{\frac{365}{14}}$

3)
$$300(.30)$$
 $\frac{365}{14}$

- 4) 300(1.30)¹⁴
- 151 Which scenario is best described as an observational study?
 - 1) For a class project, students in Health class ask every tenth student entering the school if they eat breakfast in the morning.
 - A social researcher wants to learn whether or not there is a link between attendance and grades. She gathers data from 15 school districts.
 - A researcher wants to learn whether or not there is a link between children's daily amount of physical activity and their overall energy level. During lunch at the local high school, she distributed a short questionnaire to students in the cafeteria.
 - 4) Sixty seniors taking a course in Advanced Algebra Concepts are randomly divided into two classes. One class uses a graphing calculator all the time, and the other class never uses graphing calculators. A guidance counselor wants to determine whether there is a link between graphing calculator use and students' final exam grades.

152 The function
$$f(x) = 2^{-0.25x} \bullet \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2}x\right)$$
 represents a

damped sound wave function. What is the average rate of change for this function on the interval [-7,7], to the *nearest hundredth*?

- 1) -3.66
- 2) -0.30
- 3) -0.26
- 4) 3.36

153 The expression $\frac{-3x^2 - 5x + 2}{x^3 + 2x^2}$ can be rewritten as 1) $\frac{-3x - 3}{x^2 + 2x}$ 2) $\frac{-3x - 1}{x^2}$ 3) $-3x^{-1} + 1$ 4) $-3x^{-1} + x^{-2}$

- 154 The expression $\frac{4x^3 + 5x + 10}{2x + 3}$ is equivalent to 1) $2x^2 + 3x - 7 + \frac{31}{2x + 3}$ 2) $2x^2 - 3x + 7 - \frac{11}{2x + 3}$ 3) $2x^2 + 2.5x + 5 + \frac{15}{2x + 3}$ 4) $2x^2 - 2.5x - 5 - \frac{20}{2x + 3}$
- 155 The roots of the equation $x^2 + 2x + 5 = 0$ are 1) -3 and 1
 - 2) -1, only
 - 3) -1 + 2i and -1 2i
 - 4) -1 + 4i and -1 4i

156 The focal length, F, of a camera's lens is related to the distance of the object from the lens, J, and the distance to the image area in the camera, W, by the formula below.

$$\frac{1}{J} + \frac{1}{W} = \frac{1}{F}$$

When this equation is solved for *J* in terms of *F* and *W*, *J* equals

1)
$$F-W$$

2) $\frac{FW}{F-W}$
3) $\frac{FW}{W-F}$
4) $\frac{1}{F} - \frac{1}{W}$

- 157 The voltage used by most households can be modeled by a sine function. The maximum voltage is 120 volts, and there are 60 cycles *every second*. Which equation best represents the value of the voltage as it flows through the electric wires, where *t* is time in seconds?
 - 1) $V = 120\sin(t)$
 - 2) $V = 120 \sin(60t)$
 - 3) $V = 120\sin(60\pi t)$
 - 4) $V = 120\sin(120\pi t)$
- 158 Given *i* is the imaginary unit, $(2 yi)^2$ in simplest form is
 - 1) $y^2 4yi + 4$
 - 2) $-y^2 4yi + 4$
 - 3) $-y^2 + 4$
 - 4) $y^2 + 4$

159 Which expression is equivalent to $\frac{4x^3 + 9x - 5}{2x - 1}$,

where
$$x \neq \frac{1}{2}$$
?
1) $2x^2 + x + 5$
2) $2x^2 + \frac{11}{2} + \frac{1}{2(2x - 1)}$
3) $2x^2 - x + 5$

4)
$$2x^2 - x + 4 + \frac{1}{2x - 1}$$

- 160 Sally's high school is planning their spring musical. The revenue, R, generated can be determined by the function $R(t) = -33t^2 + 360t$, where *t* represents the price of a ticket. The production cost, C, of the musical is represented by the function C(t) = 700 + 5t. What is the highest ticket price, to the nearest dollar, they can charge in order to *not* lose money on the event?
 - 1) t = 3
 - 2) t = 5
 - 3) t = 8
 - 4) t = 11
- 161 Jasmine decides to put \$100 in a savings account each month. The account pays 3% annual interest, compounded monthly. How much money, S, will Jasmine have after one year?

1)
$$S = 100(1.03)^{12}$$

2)
$$S = \frac{100 - 100(1.0025)^{12}}{1 - 1.0025}$$

3)
$$S = 100(1.0025)^{12}$$

4)
$$S = \frac{100 - 100(1.03)^{12}}{1 - 1.03}$$

- 162 Which statement(s) about statistical studies is true?
 - I. A survey of all English classes in a high school would be a good sample to determine the number of hours students throughout the school spend studying.
 - A survey of all ninth graders in a high school II. would be a good sample to determine the number of student parking spaces needed at that high school.
 - III. A survey of all students in one lunch period in a high school would be a good sample to determine the number of hours adults spend on social media websites.
 - IV. A survey of all Calculus students in a high school would be a good sample to determine the number of students throughout the school who don't like math.
 - I, only 1)
 - 2) II, only
 - 3) I and III
 - 4) III and IV
- 163 Pedro and Bobby each own an ant farm. Pedro starts with 100 ants and says his farm is growing exponentially at a rate of 15% per month. Bobby starts with 350 ants and says his farm is steadily decreasing by 5 ants per month. Assuming both boys are accurate in describing the population of their ant farms, after how many months will they both have approximately the same number of ants? 7
 - 1)
 - 2) 8
 - 3) 13
 - 4) 36

164 Which binomial is a factor of $x^4 - 4x^2 - 4x + 8$?

- 1) x-2
- 2) x + 2
- 3) x 4
- 4) x + 4

165 The zeros for
$$f(x) = x^4 - 4x^3 - 9x^2 + 36x$$
 are

- 1) $\{0,\pm 3,4\}$
- 2) {0,3,4}
- 3) $\{0, \pm 3, -4\}$
- 4) $\{0, 3, -4\}$
- 166 To the *nearest tenth*, the value of x that satisfies $2^x = -2x + 11$ is
 - 2^{-2x} 1) 2.5
 - 2) 2.6
 - 3) 5.8
 - 4) 5.9
- 167 Which equation represents a parabola with the focus at (0,-1) and the directrix of y = 1?
 - 1) $x^2 = -8y$
 - 2) $x^2 = -4y$
 - 3) $x^2 = 8y$
 - $4) \quad x^2 = 4y$
- 168 Given that $\sin^2 \theta + \cos^2 \theta = 1$ and $\sin \theta = -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{5}$,

what is a possible value of $\cos \theta$?

- 1) $\frac{5+\sqrt{2}}{5}$
2) $\frac{\sqrt{23}}{5}$
- 3) $\frac{3\sqrt{3}}{5}$ 4) $\frac{\sqrt{35}}{5}$

- 169 The inverse of the function $f(x) = \frac{x+1}{x-2}$ is
 - 1) $f^{-1}(x) = \frac{x+1}{x+2}$ 2) $f^{-1}(x) = \frac{2x+1}{x-1}$ 3) $f^{-1}(x) = \frac{x+1}{x-2}$ 4) $f^{-1}(x) = \frac{x-1}{x+1}$
- 170 The expression $\frac{6x^3 + 17x^2 + 10x + 2}{2x + 3}$ equals 1) $3x^2 + 4x - 1 + \frac{5}{2x + 3}$ 2) $6x^2 + 8x - 2 + \frac{5}{2x + 3}$ 3) $6x^2 - x + 13 - \frac{37}{2x + 3}$ 4) $3x^2 + 13x + \frac{49}{2} + \frac{151}{2x + 3}$
- 171 The function $f(x) = \frac{x-3}{x^2+2x-8}$ is undefined when
 - x equals 1) 2 or -4
 - 2) 4 or -2
 - 3) 3, only
 - 4) 2, only

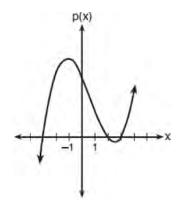
172 What is the solution, if any, of the equation

$$\frac{2}{x+3} - \frac{3}{4-x} = \frac{2x-2}{x^2 - x - 12}?$$

1) -1

- 3) all real numbers
- 4) no real solution

173 The graph of the function p(x) is sketched below.



Which equation could represent p(x)?

1) $p(x) = (x^2 - 9)(x - 2)$

2)
$$p(x) = x^3 - 2x^2 + 9x + 18$$

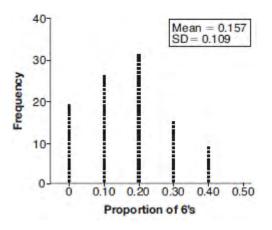
- 3) $p(x) = (x^2 + 9)(x 2)$
- 4) $p(x) = x^3 + 2x^2 9x 18$
- 174 A game spinner is divided into 6 equally sized regions, as shown in the diagram below.



For Miles to win, the spinner must land on the number 6. After spinning the spinner 10 times, and losing all 10 times, Miles complained that the spinner is unfair. At home, his dad ran 100 simulations of spinning the spinner 10 times,

assuming the probability of winning each spin is $\frac{1}{6}$.

The output of the simulation is shown in the diagram below.



Which explanation is appropriate for Miles and his dad to make?

- The spinner was likely unfair, since the number 6 failed to occur in about 20% of the simulations.
- 2) The spinner was likely unfair, since the spinner should have landed on the number 6 by the sixth spin.
- 3) The spinner was likely not unfair, since the number 6 failed to occur in about 20% of the simulations.
- 4) The spinner was likely not unfair, since in the output the player wins once or twice in the majority of the simulations.
- 175 Given the parent function $p(x) = \cos x$, which phrase best describes the transformation used to obtain the graph of $g(x) = \cos(x+a) - b$, if *a* and *b* are positive constants?
 - 1) right *a* units, up *b* units
 - 2) right *a* units, down *b* units
 - 3) left *a* units, up *b* units
 - 4) left *a* units, down *b* units

176 Which expression has been rewritten correctly to form a true statement?

1)
$$(x+2)^2 + 2(x+2) - 8 = (x+6)x$$

- 2) $x^4 + 4x^2 + 9x^2y^2 36y^2 = (x+3y)^2(x-2)^2$
- 3) $x^{3} + 3x^{2} 4xy^{2} 12y^{2} = (x 2y)(x + 3)^{2}$
- 4) $(x^2-4)^2-5(x^2-4)-6=(x^2-7)(x^2-6)$
- 177 Iridium-192 is an isotope of iridium and has a half-life of 73.83 days. If a laboratory experiment begins with 100 grams of Iridium-192, the number of grams, *A*, of Iridium-192 present after *t* days

would be $A = 100 \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{\frac{l}{73.83}}$. Which equation

approximates the amount of Iridium-192 present after *t* days?

1)
$$A = 100 \left(\frac{73.83}{2}\right)^{t}$$

2) $A = 100 \left(\frac{1}{147.66}\right)^{t}$

3)
$$A = 100(0.990656)^t$$

4)
$$A = 100(0.116381)^{t}$$

- 178 Factored completely, $m^5 + m^3 6m$ is equivalent to
 - 1) (m+3)(m-2)
 - 2) $(m^2 + 3m)(m^2 2)$
 - 3) $m(m^4 + m^2 6)$
 - 4) $m(m^2+3)(m^2-2)$

- 179 If $p(x) = ab^x$ and $r(x) = cd^x$, then $p(x) \bullet r(x)$ equals
 - 1) $ac(b+d)^x$
 - $2) \quad ac(b+d)^{2x}$
 - 3) $ac(bd)^x$
 - 4) $ac(bd)^{x^2}$
- 180 When $g(x) = \frac{2}{x+2}$ and $h(x) = \log(x+1) + 3$ are

graphed on the same set of axes, which coordinates best approximate their point of intersection? 1) (-0.9, 1.8)

- $\begin{array}{c} 1) & (-0.9, 1.0) \\ 2) & (-0.9, 1.9) \end{array}$
- 3) (1.4,3.3)
- 4) (1.4, 3.4)

181 The expression
$$\frac{x^3 + 2x^2 + x + 6}{x + 2}$$
 is equivalent to
1) $x^2 + 3$
2) $x^2 + 1 + \frac{4}{x + 2}$
3) $2x^2 + x + 6$
4) $2x^2 + 1 + \frac{4}{x + 2}$

- 182 Which value, to the *nearest tenth*, is *not* a solution of p(x) = q(x) if $p(x) = x^3 + 3x^2 - 3x - 1$ and q(x) = 3x + 8? 1) -3.9 2) -1.1 3) 2.1
 - 4) 4.7

183 Which statement regarding the graphs of the functions below is *untrue*?

$$f(x) = 3 \sin 2x, \text{ from } -\pi < x < \pi$$
$$g(x) = (x - 0.5)(x + 4)(x - 2)$$
$$h(x) = \log_2 x$$
$$j(x) = -|4x - 2| + 3$$

- 1) f(x) and j(x) have a maximum y-value of 3.
- 2) f(x), h(x), and j(x) have one *y*-intercept.
- 3) g(x) and j(x) have the same end behavior as $x \to -\infty$.
- 4) g(x), h(x), and j(x) have rational zeros.
- 184 Mr. Farison gave his class the three mathematical rules shown below to either prove or disprove. Which rules can be proved for all real numbers?

I
$$(m+p)^2 = m^2 + 2mp + p^2$$

II $(x+y)^3 = x^3 + 3xy + y^3$

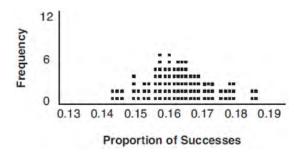
III
$$(a^2 + b^2)^2 = (a^2 - b^2)^2 + (2ab)$$

- 1) I, only
- 2) I and II
- 3) II and III
- 4) I and III
- 185 In 2010, the population of New York State was approximately 19,378,000 with an annual growth rate of 1.5%. Assuming the growth rate is maintained for a large number of years, which equation can be used to predict the population of New York State *t* years after 2010?
 - 1) $P_t = 19,378,000(1.5)^t$
 - 2) $P_0 = 19,378,000$
 - $P_t = 19,378,000 + 1.015P_{t-1}$
 - 3) $P_t = 19,378,000(1.015)^{t-1}$

4)
$$P_0 = 19,378,000$$

$$P_t = 1.015 P_{t-1}$$

186 A study conducted in 2004 in New York City found that 212 out of 1334 participants had hypertension. Kim ran a simulation of 100 studies based on these data. The output of the simulation is shown in the diagram below.



At a 95% confidence level, the proportion of New York City residents with hypertension and the margin of error are closest to

- 1) proportion $\approx .16$; margin of error $\approx .01$
- 2) proportion $\approx .16$; margin of error $\approx .02$
- 3) proportion $\approx .01$; margin of error $\approx .16$
- 4) proportion $\approx .02$; margin of error $\approx .16$

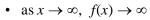
187 The equation $4x^2 - 24x + 4y^2 + 72y = 76$ is equivalent to

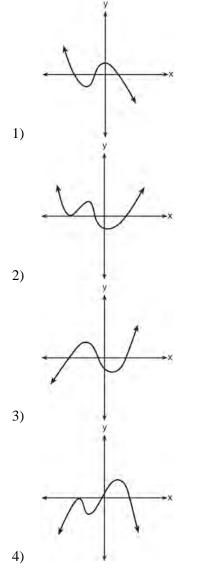
- 1) $4(x-3)^2 + 4(y+9)^2 = 76$
- 2) $4(x-3)^2 + 4(y+9)^2 = 121$
- 3) $4(x-3)^2 + 4(y+9)^2 = 166$
- 4) $4(x-3)^2 + 4(y+9)^2 = 436$

188 Which binomial is *not* a factor of the expression

- $x^{3} 11x^{2} + 16x + 84?$
- 1) x + 2
- 2) x + 4
- 3) x 6
- 4) x 7

- 189 The solution set for the equation $\sqrt{56-x} = x$ is
 - 1) $\{-8,7\}$
 - 2) $\{-7, 8\}$
 - 3) {7}
 - 4) { }
- 190 Which graph has the following characteristics?
 - three real zeros
 - as $x \to -\infty$, $f(x) \to -\infty$





191 The set of data in the table below shows the results of a survey on the number of messages that people of different ages text on their cell phones each month.

A	Text M	Aessages per	Month
Age Group	0-10	11-50	Over 50
15-18	4	37	68
19-22	6	25	87
23-60	25	47	157

If a person from this survey is selected at random, what is the probability that the person texts over 50 messages per month given that the person is between the ages of 23 and 60?

1)	$\frac{157}{229}$
2)	$\frac{157}{312}$
3)	$\frac{157}{384}$
4)	$\frac{157}{456}$

192 Given $f^{-1}(x) = -\frac{3}{4}x + 2$, which equation represents f(x)?

1) $f(x) = \frac{4}{3}x - \frac{8}{3}$

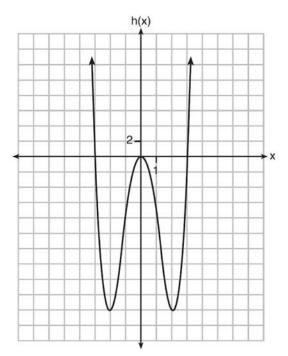
2)
$$f(x) = -\frac{4}{3}x + \frac{8}{3}$$

3)
$$f(x) = \frac{3}{4}x - 2$$

4) $f(x) = -\frac{3}{4}x + 2$

- 193 Which equation represents an odd function?
 - 1) $y = \sin x$
 - $2) \quad y = \cos x$
 - 3) $y = (x+1)^3$
 - 4) $y = e^{5x}$
- 194 Functions f, g, and h are given below.

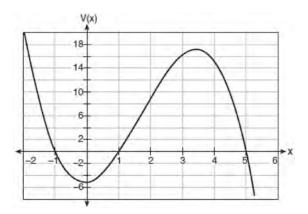




Which statement is true about functions f, g, and h?

- 1) f(x) and g(x) are odd, h(x) is even.
- 2) f(x) and g(x) are even, h(x) is odd.
- 3) f(x) is odd, g(x) is neither, h(x) is even.
- 4) f(x) is even, g(x) is neither, h(x) is odd.

- 195 The expression $6xi^3(-4xi+5)$ is equivalent to
 - 1) 2x 5i
 - 2) $-24x^2 30xi$
 - 3) $-24x^2 + 30x i$
 - 4) $26x 24x^2i 5i$
- 196 A cardboard box manufacturing company is building boxes with length represented by x + 1, width by 5 - x, and height by x - 1. The volume of the box is modeled by the function below.



Over which interval is the volume of the box changing at the fastest average rate?

- 1) [1,2]
- 2) [1,3.5]
- 3) [1,5]
- 4) [0,3.5]
- 197 Which statement about statistical analysis is *false*?
 - 1) Experiments can suggest patterns and relationships in data.
 - 2) Experiments can determine cause and effect relationships.
 - 3) Observational studies can determine cause and effect relationships.
 - 4) Observational studies can suggest patterns and relationships in data.

198 Which function represents exponential decay?

1)
$$y = 2^{0.3t}$$

2) $y = 1.2^{3t}$
3) $y = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{-t}$

- 199 If $g(c) = 1 c^2$ and m(c) = c + 1, then which statement is *not* true?
 - 1) $g(c) \cdot m(c) = 1 + c c^2 c^3$

2)
$$g(c) + m(c) = 2 + c - c^{2}$$

3)
$$m(c) - g(c) = c + c^2$$

- 4) $\frac{m(c)}{g(c)} = \frac{-1}{1-c}$
- 200 A public opinion poll was conducted on behalf of Mayor Ortega's reelection campaign shortly before the election. 264 out of 550 likely voters said they would vote for Mayor Ortega; the rest said they would vote for his opponent. Which statement is *least* appropriate to make, according to the results of the poll?
 - 1) There is a 48% chance that Mayor Ortega will win the election.
 - The point estimate (p̂) of voters who will vote for Mayor Ortega is 48%.
 - 3) It is most likely that between 44% and 52% of voters will vote for Mayor Ortega.
 - 4) Due to the margin of error, an inference cannot be made regarding whether Mayor Ortega or his opponent is most likely to win the election.

201 What is the solution to $8(2^{x+3}) = 48$?

1)
$$x = \frac{\ln 6}{\ln 2} - 3$$

2) $x = 0$
3) $x = \frac{\ln 48}{\ln 16} - 3$
4) $x = \ln 4 - 3$

- 202 The lifespan of a 60-watt lightbulb produced by a company is normally distributed with a mean of 1450 hours and a standard deviation of 8.5 hours. If a 60-watt lightbulb produced by this company is selected at random, what is the probability that its lifespan will be between 1440 and 1465 hours?
 - 0.3803
 0.4612
 - 0.4012
 0.8415
 - 4) 0.9612
- 203 The distribution of the diameters of ball bearings made under a given manufacturing process is normally distributed with a mean of 4 cm and a standard deviation of 0.2 cm. What proportion of the ball bearings will have a diameter less than 3.7 cm?
 - 1) 0.0668
 - 2) 0.4332
 - 3) 0.8664
 - 4) 0.9500
- 204 In 2013, approximately 1.6 million students took the Critical Reading portion of the SAT exam. The mean score, the modal score, and the standard deviation were calculated to be 496, 430, and 115, respectively. Which interval reflects 95% of the Critical Reading scores?
 - 1) 430 ± 115
 - 2) 430 ± 230
 - 3) 496 ± 115
 - 4) 496 ± 230

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- 205 Relative to the graph of $y = 3\sin x$, what is the shift of the graph of $y = 3\sin\left(x + \frac{\pi}{3}\right)$?
 - 1) $\frac{\pi}{3}$ right
 - 2) $\frac{\pi}{3}$ left
 - 3) $\frac{\pi}{3}$ up
 - 4) $\frac{\pi}{3}$ down

206 Which factorization is *incorrect*?

1)
$$4k^2 - 49 = (2k + 7)(2k - 7)$$

2) $a^3 - 8b^3 = (a - 2b)(a^2 + 2ab + 4b^2)$
3) $m^3 + 3m^2 - 4m + 12 = (m - 2)^2(m + 3)$
4) $t^3 + 5t^2 + 6t + t^2 + 5t + 6 = (t + 1)(t + 2)(t + 3)$

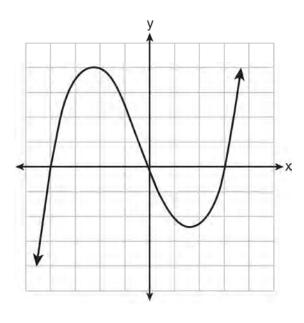
- 207 As x increases from 0 to $\frac{\pi}{2}$, the graph of the equation $y = 2\tan x$ will
 - 1) increase from 0 to 2
 - 2) decrease from 0 to -2
 - 3) increase without limit
 - 4) decrease without limit
- 208 A rabbit population doubles every 4 weeks. There are currently five rabbits in a restricted area. If t represents the time, in weeks, and P(t) is the population of rabbits with respect to time, about how many rabbits will there be in 98 days?
 - 1) 56
 - 2) 152
 - 3) 3688
 - 4) 81,920

209 What does
$$\left(\frac{-54x^9}{y^4}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}$$
 equal?
1) $\frac{9ix^6\sqrt[3]{4}}{y\sqrt[3]{y^2}}$
2) $\frac{9ix^6\sqrt[3]{4}}{y^2\sqrt[3]{y^2}}$
3) $\frac{9x^6\sqrt[3]{4}}{y\sqrt[3]{y}}$
4) $\frac{9x^6\sqrt[3]{4}}{y^2\sqrt[3]{y^2}}$

- 210 According to a pricing website, Indroid phones lose 58% of their cash value over 1.5 years. Which expression can be used to estimate the value of a \$300 Indroid phone in 1.5 years?
 - 1) $300e^{-0.87}$
 - 2) $300e^{-0.63}$
 - 3) $300e^{-0.58}$
 - 4) $300e^{-0.42}$
- 211 A ball is dropped from a height of 32 feet. It bounces and rebounds 80% of the height from which it was falling. What is the total downward distance, in feet, the ball traveled up to the 12th bounce?
 - 1) 29
 - 2) 58
 - 3) 120
 - 4) 149

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- 212 What is the inverse of the function $y = \log_3 x$?
 - 1) $y = x^3$
 - 2) $y = \log_x 3$
 - 3) $y = 3^x$
 - 4) $x = 3^{y}$
- 213 The graph of p(x) is shown below.



What is the remainder when p(x) is divided by x + 4?

- 1) x 4
- 2) -4
- 3) 0
- 4) 4
- 214 Sean's team has a baseball game tomorrow. He pitches 50% of the games. There is a 40% chance of rain during the game tomorrow. If the probability that it rains given that Sean pitches is 40%, it can be concluded that these two events are
 - 1) independent
 - 2) dependent
 - 3) mutually exclusive
 - 4) complements

215 What is the solution set of the equation

$$\frac{3x+25}{x+7} - 5 = \frac{3}{x}?$$
1)
$$\left\{\frac{3}{2},7\right\}$$
2)
$$\left\{\frac{7}{2},-3\right\}$$
3)
$$\left\{-\frac{3}{2},7\right\}$$
4)
$$\left\{-\frac{7}{2},-3\right\}$$

216 Which value is *not* contained in the solution of the system shown below?

$$a + 5b - c = -20$$
$$4a - 5b + 4c = 19$$
$$-a - 5b - 5c = 2$$

- 217 The population of Jamesburg for the years
 2010-2013, respectively, was reported as follows:
 250,000 250,937 251,878 252,822
 How can this sequence be recursively modeled?
 - 1) $j_n = 250,000(1.00375)^{n-1}$
 - 2) $j_n = 250,000 + 937^{(n-1)}$
 - 3) $j_1 = 250,000$

 $\begin{array}{rrrr} 1) & -2 \\ 2) & 2 \\ 3) & 3 \\ 4) & -3 \end{array}$

$$j_n = 1.00375 j_{n-1}$$

4) $j_1 = 250,000$

$$j_n = j_{n-1} + 937$$

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- 218 When g(x) is divided by x + 4, the remainder is 0. Given $g(x) = x^4 + 3x^3 - 6x^2 - 6x + 8$, which conclusion about g(x) is true?
 - 1) g(4) = 0
 - 2) g(-4) = 0
 - 3) x-4 is a factor of g(x).
 - 4) No conclusion can be made regarding g(x).
- 219 A student studying public policy created a model for the population of Detroit, where the population decreased 25% over a decade. He used the model $P = 714(0.75)^d$, where P is the population, in thousands, d decades after 2010. Another student, Suzanne, wants to use a model that would predict the population after y years. Suzanne's model is best represented by
 - 1) $P = 714(0.6500)^{y}$
 - 2) $P = 714(0.8500)^{y}$

3)
$$P = 714(0.9716)^{3}$$

- 4) $P = 714(0.9750)^{y}$
- 220 An equation to represent the value of a car after t

months of ownership is $v = 32,000(0.81)^{\frac{1}{12}}$. Which statement is *not* correct?

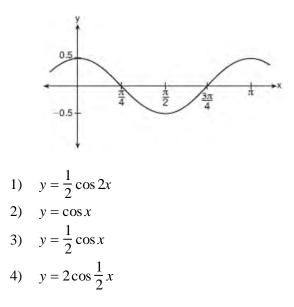
- 1) The car lost approximately 19% of its value each month.
- 2) The car maintained approximately 98% of its value each month.
- 3) The value of the car when it was purchased was \$32,000.
- 4) The value of the car 1 year after it was purchased was \$25,920.

221 The solution to the equation $4x^2 + 98 = 0$ is 1) ± 7

2)
$$\pm 7i$$

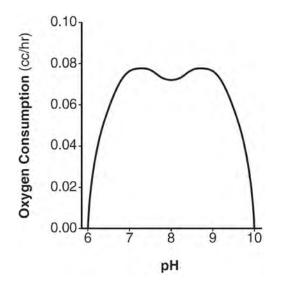
3) $\pm \frac{7\sqrt{2}}{2}$
4) $\pm \frac{7i\sqrt{2}}{2}$

- 222 When b > 0 and d is a positive integer, the expression $(3b)^{\frac{2}{d}}$ is equivalent to 1) $\frac{1}{\left(\frac{d}{\sqrt{3b}}\right)^2}$ 2) $\left(\sqrt{3b}\right)^d$ 3) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{3b^d}}$ 4) $\left(\frac{d}{\sqrt{3b}}\right)^2$
- 223 Which equation is represented by the graph shown below?



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224 There was a study done on oxygen consumption of snails as a function of pH, and the result was a degree 4 polynomial function whose graph is shown below.



Which statement about this function is *incorrect*?

- 1) The degree of the polynomial is even.
- 2) There is a positive leading coefficient.
- 3) At two pH values, there is a relative maximum value.
- 4) There are two intervals where the function is decreasing.
- 225 A circle centered at the origin has a radius of 10 units. The terminal side of an angle, θ , intercepts the circle in Quadrant II at point *C*. The *y*-coordinate of point *C* is 8. What is the value of cos θ ?
 - 1) $-\frac{3}{5}$ 2) $-\frac{3}{4}$

3)
$$\frac{3}{5}$$

4) $\frac{4}{5}$

226 The expression
$$\left(\frac{m^2}{\frac{1}{m^3}}\right)^{-\frac{1}{2}}$$
 is equivalent to
1) $-\sqrt[6]{m^5}$
2) $\frac{1}{\sqrt[6]{m^5}}$
3) $-m\sqrt[5]{m}$
4) $\frac{1}{m\sqrt[5]{m}}$

227 The solution to the equation $18x^2 - 24x + 87 = 0$ is 1) $-\frac{2}{3} \pm 6i\sqrt{158}$

2)
$$-\frac{2}{3} \pm \frac{1}{6}i\sqrt{158}$$

3) $\frac{2}{3} \pm 6i\sqrt{158}$
4) $\frac{2}{3} \pm \frac{1}{6}i\sqrt{158}$

228 A study of the annual population of the red-winged blackbird in Ft. Mill, South Carolina, shows the population, B(t), can be represented by the function $B(t) = 750(1.16)^{t}$, where the *t* represents the

> number of years since the study began. In terms of the monthly rate of growth, the population of red-winged blackbirds can be best approximated by the function

- 1) $B(t) = 750(1.012)^{t}$
- 2) $B(t) = 750(1.012)^{12t}$

3)
$$B(t) = 750(1.16)^{12t}$$

4)
$$B(t) = 750(1.16)^{12}$$

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229 The loudness of sound is measured in units called decibels (dB). These units are measured by first assigning an intensity I_0 to a very soft sound that is called the threshold sound. The sound to be measured is assigned an

intensity, *I*, and the decibel rating, *d*, of this sound is found using $d = 10 \log \frac{I}{I_0}$. The threshold sound audible to

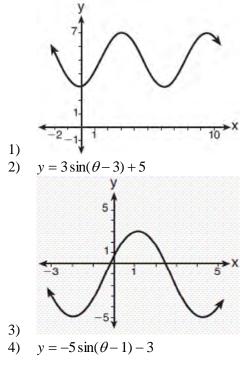
the average person is 1.0×10^{-12} W/m² (watts per square meter). Consider the following sound level classifications:

Moderate	45-69 dB
Loud	70-89 dB
Very loud	90-109 dB
Deafening	>110 dB

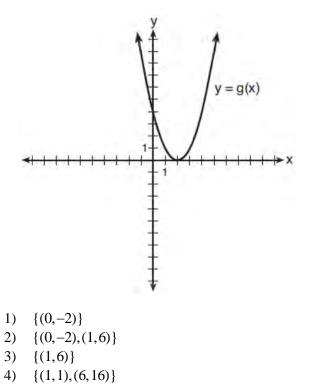
How would a sound with intensity 6.3×10^{-3} W/m² be classified?

moderate
 loud

- 3) very loud
- 4) deafening
- 230 Which sinusoid has the greatest amplitude?

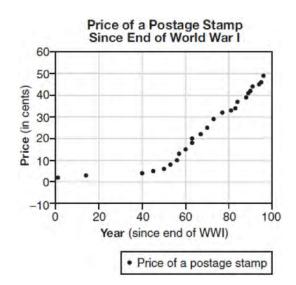


231 What is the solution to the system of equations y = 3x - 2 and y = g(x) where g(x) is defined by the function below?



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- 232 The function $p(t) = 110e^{0.03922t}$ models the population of a city, in millions, *t* years after 2010. As of today, consider the following two statements:
 - I. The current population is 110 million.
 - II. The population increases continuously by approximately 3.9% per year.
 - This model supports
 - 1) I, only
 - 2) II, only
 - 3) both I and II
 - 4) neither I nor II
- 233 The price of a postage stamp in the years since the end of World War I is shown in the scatterplot below.



The equation that best models the price, in cents, of a postage stamp based on these data is

- 1) y = 0.59x 14.82
- 2) $y = 1.04(1.43)^x$
- 3) $y = 1.43(1.04)^x$
- 4) $y = 24\sin(14x) + 25$

- 234 Given f(9) = -2, which function can be used to generate the sequence -8, -7.25, -6.5, -5.75, ...?
 1) f(n) = -8 + 0.75n
 - 2) f(n) = -8 0.75(n-1)
 - 3) f(n) = -8.75 + 0.75n
 - 4) f(n) = -0.75 + 8(n-1)
- 235 Consider the system shown below.

$$2x - y = 4$$

$$(x+3)^2 + y^2 = 8$$

The two solutions of the system can be described as

- 1) both imaginary
- 2) both irrational
- 3) both rational
- 4) one rational and one irrational
- 236 The value of a new car depreciates over time. Greg purchased a new car in June 2011. The value, *V*, of his car after *t* years can be modeled by the equation

 $\log_{0.8}\left(\frac{V}{17000}\right) = t$. What is the average decreasing

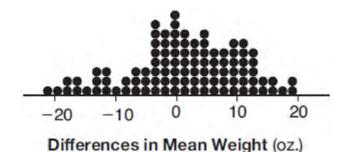
rate of change per year of the value of the car from June 2012 to June 2014, to the *nearest ten dollars per year*?

1)	1960

- 2) 2180
- 3) 2450
- 4) 2770

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237 Gabriel performed an experiment to see if planting 13 tomato plants in black plastic mulch leads to larger tomatoes than if 13 plants are planted without mulch. He observed that the average weight of the tomatoes from tomato plants grown in black plastic mulch was 5 ounces greater than those from the plants planted without mulch. To determine if the observed difference is statistically significant, he rerandomized the tomato groups 100 times to study these random differences in the mean weights. The output of his simulation is summarized in the dotplot below.



Given these results, what is an appropriate inference that can be drawn?

- 1) There was no effect observed between 3) the two groups.
- 2) There was an effect observed that could 4) be due to the random assignment of plants to the groups.
- There is strong evidence to support the hypothesis that tomatoes from plants planted in black plastic mulch are larger than those planted without mulch.
-) There is strong evidence to support the hypothesis that tomatoes from plants planted without mulch are larger than those planted in black plastic mulch.
- 238 Joelle has a credit card that has a 19.2% annual interest rate compounded monthly. She owes a total balance of B dollars after m months. Assuming she makes no payments on her account, the table below illustrates the balance she owes after m months.

m	В
0	100.00
10	1172.00
19	1352.00
36	1770.80
60	2591.90
69	2990.00
72	3135.80
73	3186.00

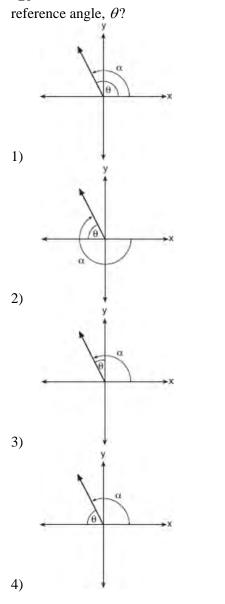
Over which interval of time is her average rate of change for the balance on her credit card account the greatest?

- 1) month 10 to month 60
- 2) month 19 to month 69

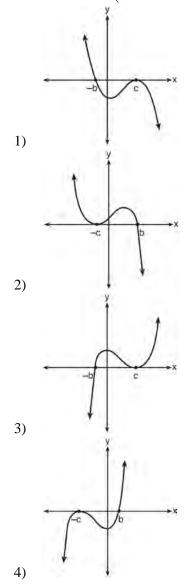
- $3) \quad \text{month 36 to month 72}$
- 4) month 60 to month 73

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239 Which diagram represents an angle, α , measuring $\frac{13\pi}{20}$ radians drawn in standard position, and its



241 If *a*, *b*, and *c* are all positive real numbers, which graph could represent the sketch of the graph of $p(x) = -a(x+b)(x^2 - 2cx + c^2)$?



240 Which equation has 1 - i as a solution?

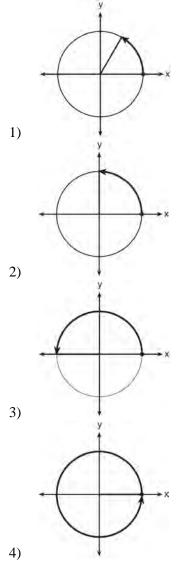
- 1) $x^2 + 2x 2 = 0$
- 2) $x^2 + 2x + 2 = 0$
- 3) $x^2 2x 2 = 0$
- 4) $x^2 2x + 2 = 0$

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242 The completely factored form of

$$2d^4 + 6d^3 - 18d^2 - 54d$$
 is

- 1) $2d(d^2 9)(d + 3)$
- 2) $2d(d^2+9)(d+3)$
- 3) $2d(d+3)^2(d-3)$
- 4) $2d(d-3)^2(d+3)$
- 243 Which diagram shows an angle rotation of 1 radian on the unit circle?



244 A solution of the equation $2x^2 + 3x + 2 = 0$ is

1)
$$-\frac{3}{4} + \frac{1}{4}i\sqrt{7}$$

2) $-\frac{3}{4} + \frac{1}{4}i$
3) $-\frac{3}{4} + \frac{1}{4}\sqrt{7}$
4) $\frac{1}{2}$

245 Based on climate data that have been collected in Bar Harbor, Maine, the average monthly temperature, in degrees F, can be modeled by the equation

 $B(x) = 23.914 \sin(0.508x - 2.116) + 55.300$. The same governmental agency collected average monthly temperature data for Phoenix, Arizona, and found the temperatures could be modeled by the equation

 $P(x) = 20.238 \sin(0.525x - 2.148) + 86.729$. Which statement can *not* be concluded based on the average monthly temperature models *x* months after starting data collection?

- 1) The average monthly temperature variation is more in Bar Harbor than in Phoenix.
- 2) The midline average monthly temperature for Bar Harbor is lower than the midline temperature for Phoenix.
- 3) The maximum average monthly temperature for Bar Harbor is 79° F, to the nearest degree.
- 4) The minimum average monthly temperature for Phoenix is 20° F, to the nearest degree.
- 246 Which statement about the graph of $c(x) = \log_6 x$ is *false*?
 - 1) The asymptote has equation y = 0.
 - 2) The graph has no *y*-intercept.
 - 3) The domain is the set of positive reals.
 - 4) The range is the set of all real numbers.

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247 The solutions to the equation $-\frac{1}{2}x^2 = -6x + 20$ are

1)
$$-6 \pm 2i$$

- 2) $-6 \pm 2\sqrt{19}$
- 3) $6 \pm 2i$
- 4) $6 \pm 2\sqrt{19}$
- 248 The Rickerts decided to set up an account for their daughter to pay for her college education. The day their daughter was born, they deposited \$1000 in an account that pays 1.8% compounded annually. Beginning with her first birthday, they deposit an additional \$750 into the account on each of her birthdays. Which expression correctly represents the amount of money in the account *n* years after their daughter was born?
 - 1) $a_n = 1000(1.018)^n + 750$

2)
$$a_n = 1000(1.018)^n + 750n$$

3)
$$a_0 = 1000$$

$$a_n = a_{n-1}(1.018) + 750$$

$$4) \quad a_0 = 1000$$

$$a_n = a_{n-1}(1.018) + 750n$$

- 249 Last year, the total revenue for Home Style, a national restaurant chain, increased 5.25% over the previous year. If this trend were to continue, which expression could the company's chief financial officer use to approximate their monthly percent increase in revenue? [Let *m* represent months.]
 - 1) $(1.0525)^m$
 - 2) $(1.0525)^{\frac{12}{m}}$
 - 3) $(1.00427)^m$

4)
$$(1.00427)^{\frac{m}{12}}$$

250 The formula below can be used to model which scenario?

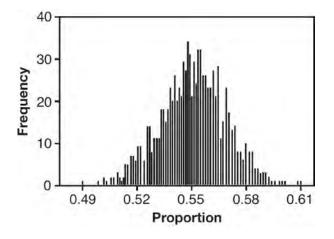
$$a_1 = 3000$$

 $a_n = 0.80a_n$

- 1) The first row of a stadium has 3000 seats, and each row thereafter has 80 more seats than the row in front of it.
- 2) The last row of a stadium has 3000 seats, and each row before it has 80 fewer seats than the row behind it.
- A bank account starts with a deposit of \$3000, and each year it grows by 80%.
- The initial value of a specialty toy is \$3000, and its value each of the following years is 20% less.
- 251 Which graph represents a cosine function with no horizontal shift, an amplitude of 2, and a period of $\frac{2\pi}{2}$
 - $\begin{array}{c} \frac{2\pi}{3}?\\ \\ \\ \\ \\ 1) \\ \\ -1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\ 1\\ -2\\$

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252 A candidate for political office commissioned a poll. His staff received responses from 900 likely voters and 55% of them said they would vote for the candidate. The staff then conducted a simulation of 1000 more polls of 900 voters, assuming that 55% of voters would vote for their candidate. The output of the simulation is shown in the diagram below.



Given this output, and assuming a 95% confidence level, the margin of error for the poll is closest to

- 1) 0.01
- 2) 0.03
- 3) 0.06
- 4) 0.12
- 253 A manufacturing company has developed a cost model, $C(x) = 0.15x^3 + 0.01x^2 + 2x + 120$, where x is the number of items sold, in thousands. The sales price can be modeled by S(x) = 30 - 0.01x. Therefore, revenue is modeled by $R(x) = x \bullet S(x)$. The company's profit, P(x) = R(x) - C(x), could be modeled by
 - 1) $0.15x^3 + 0.02x^2 28x + 120$ 2) $-0.15x^3 - 0.02x^2 + 28x - 120$
 - $\begin{array}{r} 2) & -0.15x^{2} 0.02x^{2} + 28x 120 \\ 3) & -0.15x^{3} + 0.01x^{2} 2.01x 120 \end{array}$
 - -0.15x + 0.01x 2.01x 120
 - 4) $-0.15x^3 + 32x + 120$

- 254 What is the completely factored form of
 - $k^4 4k^2 + 8k^3 32k + 12k^2 48?$
 - 1) (k-2)(k-2)(k+3)(k+4)
 - 2) (k-2)(k-2)(k+6)(k+2)
 - 3) (k+2)(k-2)(k+3)(k+4)4) (k+2)(k-2)(k+3)(k+4)
 - 4) (k+2)(k-2)(k+6)(k+2)
- 255 Which equation represents a parabola with a focus of (0,4) and a directrix of y = 2?
 - 1) $y = x^{2} + 3$ 2) $y = -x^{2} + 1$ 3) $y = \frac{x^{2}}{2} + 3$ 4) $y = \frac{x^{2}}{4} + 3$
- 256 Which expression is equivalent to $(3k 2i)^2$, where *i* is the imaginary unit?
 - 1) $9k^2 4$
 - 2) $9k^2 + 4$
 - 3) $9k^2 12ki 4$
 - 4) $9k^2 12ki + 4$
- 257 A recursive formula for the sequence 18,9,4.5,... is
 - 1) $g_{1} = 18$ $g_{n} = \frac{1}{2}g_{n-1}$ 2) $g_{n} = 18\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n-1}$ 3) $g_{1} = 18$ $g_{n} = 2g_{n-1}$ 4) $g_{n} = 18(2)^{n-1}$

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258 Julie averaged 85 on the first three tests of the semester in her mathematics class. If she scores 93 on each of the remaining tests, her average will be 90. Which equation could be used to determine how many tests, *T*, are left in the semester?

1)
$$\frac{255+93T}{3T} = 90$$

2) $\frac{255+90T}{3T} = 93$

3)
$$\frac{255+93T}{T+3} = 90$$

4) $\frac{255+90T}{T+3} = 93$

259 Mallory wants to buy a new window air conditioning unit. The cost for the unit is \$329.99. If she plans to run the unit three months out of the year for an annual operating cost of \$108.78, which function models the cost per year over the lifetime of the unit, C(n), in terms of the number of years, *n*, that she owns the air conditioner.

1)
$$C(n) = 329.99 + 108.78n$$

2)
$$C(n) = 329.99 + 326.34n$$

3)
$$C(n) = \frac{329.99 + 108.78n}{n}$$

4) $C(n) = \frac{329.99 + 326.34n}{n}$

4)
$$C(n) = \frac{529.99 + 520.3}{n}$$

- 260 Cheap and Fast gas station is conducting a consumer satisfaction survey. Which method of collecting data would most likely lead to a biased sample?
 - 1) interviewing every 5th customer to come into the station
 - interviewing customers chosen at random by a computer at the checkout
 - interviewing customers who call an 800 number posted on the customers' receipts
 - 4) interviewing every customer who comes into the station on a day of the week chosen at random out of a hat

- 261 The eighth and tenth terms of a sequence are 64 and 100. If the sequence is either arithmetic or geometric, the ninth term can *not* be
 - 1) -82
 - 2) -80
 - 3) 80
 - 4) 82
- 262 The probability that Gary and Jane have a child with blue eyes is 0.25, and the probability that they have a child with blond hair is 0.5. The probability that they have a child with both blue eyes and blond hair is 0.125. Given this information, the events blue eyes and blond hair are
 - I: dependent
 - II: independent
 - III: mutually exclusive
 - 1) I, only
 - 2) II, only
 - 3) I and III
 - 4) II and III
- 263 The sequence $a_1 = 6$, $a_n = 3a_{n-1}$ can also be written as
 - 1) $a_n = 6 \cdot 3^n$
 - 2) $a_n = 6 \cdot 3^{n+1}$
 - 3) $a_n = 2 \cdot 3^n$
 - 4) $a_n = 2 \cdot 3^{n+1}$
- 264 To solve $\frac{2x}{x-2} \frac{11}{x} = \frac{8}{x^2 2x}$, Ren multiplied

both sides by the least common denominator. Which statement is true?

- 1) 2 is an extraneous solution.
- 2) $\frac{7}{2}$ is an extraneous solution.
- 3) 0 and 2 are extraneous solutions.
- 4) This equation does not contain any extraneous solutions.

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265 A parabola has its focus at (1,2) and its directrix is y = -2. The equation of this parabola could be

1)
$$y = 8(x+1)^2$$

- 2) $y = \frac{1}{8}(x+1)^2$
- 3) $y = 8(x-1)^2$
- 4) $y = \frac{1}{8}(x-1)^2$
- 266 Which statement is *incorrect* for the graph of the

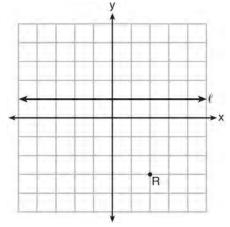
function
$$y = -3\cos\left[\frac{\pi}{3}(x-4)\right] + 7?$$

- 1) The period is 6.
- The amplitude is 3. 2)
- The range is [4,10]. 3)
- 4) The midline is y = -4.
- The heights of women in the United States are 267 normally distributed with a mean of 64 inches and a standard deviation of 2.75 inches. The percent of women whose heights are between 64 and 69.5 inches, to the nearest whole percent, is
 - 1) 6
 - 2) 48
 - 3) 68
 - 4) 95
- 268 A sine function increasing through the origin can be used to model light waves. Violet light has a wavelength of 400 nanometers. Over which interval is the height of the wave *decreasing*, only?
 - 1) (0, 200)
 - 2) (100,300)
 - 3) (200, 400)
 - 4) (300, 400)

The solution set for the equation 269

$$\sqrt{x+14} - \sqrt{2x+5} = 1$$
 is

- 1) $\{-6\}$
- 2) {2} 3)
- {18} {2,22}
- 4)
- 270 Which equation represents the set of points equidistant from line ℓ and point R shown on the graph below?



- 1) $y = -\frac{1}{8}(x+2)^2 + 1$ 2) $y = -\frac{1}{8}(x+2)^2 - 1$ 3) $y = -\frac{1}{8}(x-2)^2 + 1$
- 4) $y = -\frac{1}{8}(x-2)^2 1$

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271 For $x \neq 0$, which expressions are equivalent to one divided by the sixth root of *x*?

I.
$$\frac{\sqrt[6]{x}}{\sqrt[3]{x}}$$
 II. $\frac{x^{\frac{1}{6}}}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}$ III. $x^{\frac{-1}{6}}$

- 1) I and II, only
- 2) I and III, only
- 3) II and III, only
- 4) I, II, and III
- 272 A polynomial equation of degree three, p(x), is used to model the volume of a rectangular box. The graph of p(x) has x intercepts at -2, 10, and 14. Which statements regarding p(x) could be true?
 - A. The equation of p(x) = (x 2)(x + 10)(x + 14).
 - B. The equation of p(x) = -(x+2)(x-10)(x-14).
 - C. The maximum volume occurs when x = 10. D. The maximum volume of the box is approximately 56.
 - 1) A and C
 - 2) A and D
 - 3) B and C
 - 4) B and D
- 273 If the terminal side of angle θ , in standard position, passes through point (-4,3), what is the numerical value of $\sin \theta$?
 - 1)

 - $\frac{\frac{3}{5}}{\frac{4}{5}}$ $-\frac{3}{5}$ 2)
 - 3) $\frac{4}{5}$
 - 4)

274 Kristin wants to increase her running endurance. According to experts, a gradual mileage increase of 10% per week can reduce the risk of injury. If Kristin runs 8 miles in week one, which expression can help her find the total number of miles she will have run over the course of her 6-week training program?

1)
$$\sum_{n=1}^{6} 8(1.10)^{n-1}$$

2) $\sum_{n=1}^{6} 8(1.10)^{n}$
8 - 8(1.10)⁶

3)
$$\frac{8-8(1.10)^6}{0.90}$$

4)
$$\frac{8-8(0.10)^{\prime\prime}}{1.10}$$

Algebra II 2 Point Regents Exam Questions

275 The Wells family is looking to purchase a home in a suburb of Rochester with a 30-year mortgage that has an annual interest rate of 3.6%. The house the family wants to purchase is \$152,500 and they will make a \$15,250 down payment and borrow the remainder. Use the formula below to determine their monthly payment, to the *nearest dollar*.

$$M = \frac{P\left(\frac{r}{12}\right)\left(1 + \frac{r}{12}\right)^n}{\left(1 + \frac{r}{12}\right)^n - 1}$$

M = monthly payment P = amount borrowed r = annual interest rate n = total number of monthly payments

- 276 Solve algebraically for all values of *x*: $\sqrt{x-4} + x = 6$
- 277 Over the set of integers, factor the expression $4x^3 x^2 + 16x 4$ completely.
- 278 The probability that a resident of a housing community opposes spending money for community improvement on plumbing issues is 0.8. The probability that a resident favors spending money on improving walkways given that the resident opposes spending money on plumbing issues is 0.85. Determine the probability that a randomly selected resident opposes spending money on plumbing issues and favors spending money on walkways.

- 279 Simplify $xi(i-7i)^2$, where *i* is the imaginary unit.
- 280 Determine the quotient and remainder when $(6a^3 + 11a^2 - 4a - 9)$ is divided by (3a - 2). Express your answer in the form $q(a) + \frac{r(a)}{d(a)}$.
- 281 For the function $f(x) = (x-3)^3 + 1$, find $f^{-1}(x)$.
- 282 On July 21, 2016, the water level in Puget Sound, WA reached a high of 10.1 ft at 6 a.m. and a low of -2 ft at 12:30 p.m. Across the country in Long Island, NY, Shinnecock Bay's water level reached a high of 2.5 ft at 10:42 p.m. and a low of -0.1 ft at 5:31 a.m. The water levels of both locations are affected by the tides and can be modeled by sinusoidal functions. Determine the difference in amplitudes, in feet, for these two locations.
- 283 Express $(1-i)^3$ in a + bi form.
- 284 Given events *A* and *B*, such that P(A) = 0.6, P(B) = 0.5, and $P(A \cup B) = 0.8$, determine whether *A* and *B* are independent or dependent.

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285 The table below shows the number of hours of daylight on the f	first day of each month in Rochester, NY.
--------------------------------------------------------------------	-------------------------------------------

Month	Hours of Daylight
Jan.	9.4
Feb.	10.6
March	11.9
April	13.9
May	14.7
June	15.4
July	15.1
Aug.	13.9
Sept.	12.5
Oct.	11.1
Nov.	9.7
Dec.	9.0

Given the data, what is the average rate of change in hours of daylight per month from January 1st to April 1st? Interpret what this means in the context of the problem.

286 Consider the function $h(x) = 2\sin(3x) + 1$ and the function q represented in the table below.

	x	q(x)
_	-2	-8
-	-1	0
	0	0
	1	-2
	2	0

Determine which function has the *smaller* minimum value for the domain [-2,2]. Justify your answer.

- 287 In New York State, the minimum wage has grown exponentially. In 1966, the minimum wage was \$1.25 an hour and in 2015, it was \$8.75.Algebraically determine the rate of growth to the *nearest percent*.
- 288 Over the set of integers, factor the expression $x^4 4x^2 12$.
- 289 Rewrite the expression $(4x^2 + 5x)^2 - 5(4x^2 + 5x) - 6$ as a product of four linear factors.

	Neither Sibling Jogs	One Sibling Jogs	Both Siblings Jog	
Student Does Not Jog	1168	1823	1380	
Student Jogs	188	416	400	

290 Data collected about jogging from students with two older siblings are shown in the table below.

Using these data, determine whether a student with two older siblings is more likely to jog if one sibling jogs or if both siblings jog. Justify your answer.

291 The results of a survey of the student body at Central High School about television viewing preferences are shown below.

	Comedy Series	Drama Series	Reality Series	Total
Males	95	65	70	230
Females	80	70	110	260
Total	175	135	180	490

Are the events "student is a male" and "student prefers reality series" independent of each other? Justify your answer.

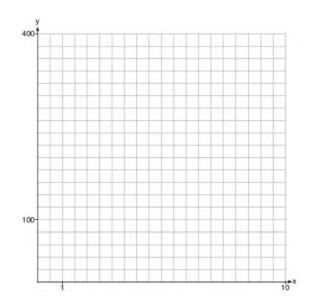
292 Explain how $(-8)^{\frac{7}{3}}$ can be evaluated using properties of rational exponents to result in an integer answer.

293 Express the fraction
$$\frac{2x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{\left(16x^4\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}$$
 in simplest radical

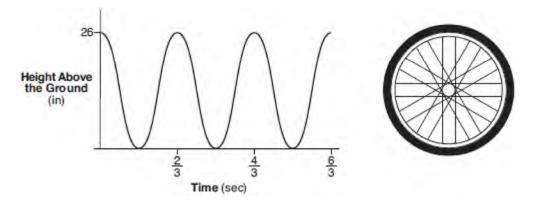
form.

294 Write (5+2yi)(4-3i) - (5-2yi)(4-3i) in a+bi form, where y is a real number.

295 Graph $y = 400(.85)^{2x} - 6$ on the set of axes below.



296 The graph below represents the height above the ground, h, in inches, of a point on a triathlete's bike wheel during a training ride in terms of time, t, in seconds.



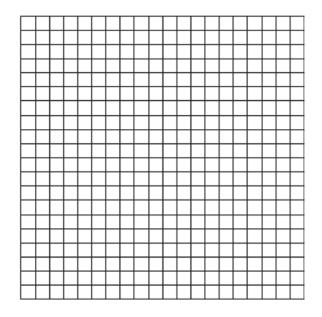
Identify the period of the graph and describe what the period represents in this context.

297 Sketch the graphs of $r(x) = \frac{1}{x}$ and a(x) = |x| - 3 on the set of axes below. Determine, to the *nearest tenth*, the positive solution of r(x) = a(x).

×

298 Write $\sqrt[3]{x} \bullet \sqrt{x}$ as a single term with a rational exponent.

- 299 Determine if x 5 is a factor of $2x^3 4x^2 7x 10$. Explain your answer.
- 300 The zeros of a quartic polynomial function *h* are $-1, \pm 2$, and 3. Sketch a graph of y = h(x) on the grid below.



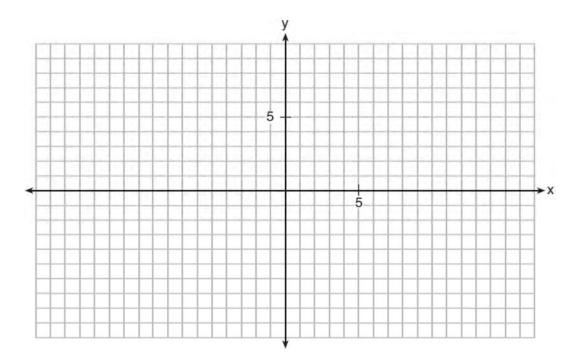
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301 The x-value of which function's x-intercept is larger, f or h? Justify your answer.

$$f(x) = \log(x - 4)$$

X	h(x)
-1	6
0	4
1	2
2	0
3	-2

302 On the grid below, graph the function $y = \log_2(x - 3) + 1$



- 303 Using the identity $\sin^2 \theta + \cos^2 \theta = 1$, find the value of $\tan \theta$, to the *nearest hundredth*, if $\cos \theta$ is -0.7 and θ is in Quadrant II.
- 304 Kenzie believes that for $x \ge 0$, the expression $\left(\sqrt[7]{x^2}\right) \left(\sqrt[5]{x^3}\right)$ is equivalent to $\sqrt[35]{x^6}$. Is she correct? Justify your response algebraically.

305 A survey about television-viewing preferences was given to randomly selected freshmen and seniors at Fairport High School. The results are shown in the table below.

Favorite Type of Program							
Sports Reality Show Comedy Series							
Senior	83	110	67				
Freshmen 119		103	54				

A student response is selected at random from the results. State the *exact* probability the student response is from a freshman, given the student prefers to watch reality shows on television.

306 A runner is using a nine-week training app to prepare for a "fun run." The table below represents the amount of the program completed, *A*, and the distance covered in a session, *D*, in miles.

A	$\frac{4}{9}$	$\frac{5}{9}$	$\frac{6}{9}$	$\frac{8}{9}$	1
D	2	2	2.25	3	3.25

Based on these data, write an exponential regression equation, rounded to the *nearest thousandth*, to model the distance the runner is able to complete in a session as she continues through the nine-week program.

307 Solve for *x*:
$$\frac{1}{x} - \frac{1}{3} = -\frac{1}{3x}$$

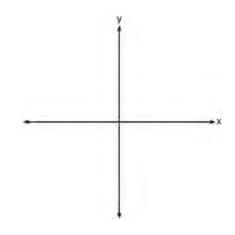
308 Elizabeth tried to find the product of (2+4i) and (3-i), and her work is shown below.

$$(2+4i)(3-i)$$

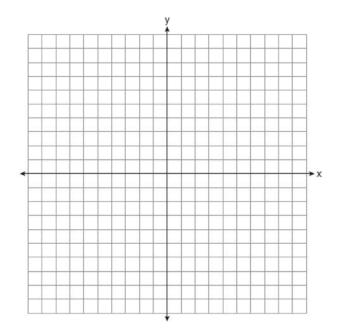
= 6 - 2i + 12i - 4i²
= 6 + 10i - 4i²
= 6 + 10i - 4(1)
= 6 + 10i - 4
= 2 + 10i

Identify the error in the process shown and determine the correct product of (2+4i) and (3-i).

309 The zeros of a quartic polynomial function are 2, -2, 4, and -4. Use the zeros to construct a possible sketch of the function, on the set of axes below.



- 310 Solve algebraically for all values of *x*: $\sqrt{x-5} + x = 7$
- 311 On the axes below, graph *one* cycle of a cosine function with amplitude 3, period $\frac{\pi}{2}$, midline y = -1, and passing through the point (0,2).

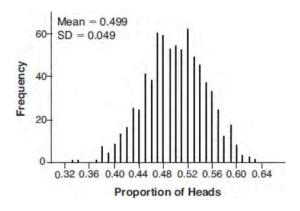


312 A suburban high school has a population of 1376 students. The number of students who participate in sports is 649. The number of students who participate in music is 433. If the probability that a student participates in either sports or music is $\frac{974}{1376}$, what is the probability that a student

 $\overline{1376}$, what is the probability that a student participates in both sports and music?

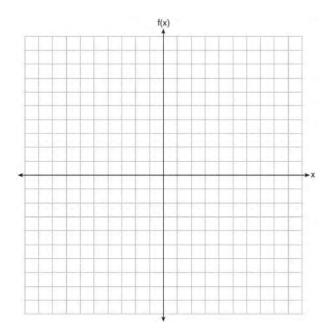
313 Solve the equation $2x^2 + 5x + 8 = 0$. Express the answer in a + bi form.

314 Robin flips a coin 100 times. It lands heads up 43 times, and she wonders if the coin is unfair. She runs a computer simulation of 750 samples of 100 fair coin flips. The output of the proportion of heads is shown below.



Do the results of the simulation provide strong evidence that Robin's coin is unfair? Explain your answer.

315 Graph $f(x) = \log_2(x+6)$ on the set of axes below.



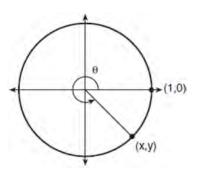
- 316 Rowan is training to run in a race. He runs 15 miles in the first week, and each week following, he runs 3% more than the week before. Using a geometric series formula, find the total number of miles Rowan runs over the first ten weeks of training, rounded to the *nearest thousandth*.
- 317 Chuck's Trucking Company has decided to initiate an Employee of the Month program. To determine the recipient, they put the following sign on the back of each truck.



The driver who receives the highest number of positive comments will win the recognition. Explain *one* statistical bias in this data collection method.

- 318 The scores of a recent test taken by 1200 students had an approximately normal distribution with a mean of 225 and a standard deviation of 18. Determine the number of students who scored between 200 and 245.
- 319 At Andrew Jackson High School, students are only allowed to enroll in AP U.S. History if they have already taken AP World History or AP European History. Out of 825 incoming seniors, 165 took AP World History, 66 took AP European History, and 33 took both. Given this information, determine the probability a randomly selected incoming senior is allowed to enroll in AP U.S. History.

- 320 Algebraically prove that the difference of the squares of any two consecutive integers is an odd integer.
- 321 Using the unit circle below, explain why $\csc \theta = \frac{1}{v}$.

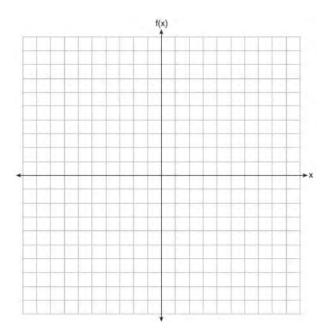


- 322 Algebraically solve for *x*: $\frac{-3}{x+3} + \frac{1}{2} = \frac{x}{6} \frac{1}{2}$
- 323 Researchers in a local area found that the population of rabbits with an initial population of 20 grew continuously at the rate of 5% per month. The fox population had an initial value of 30 and grew continuously at the rate of 3% per month. Find, to the *nearest tenth of a month*, how long it takes for these populations to be equal.
- 324 Describe how a controlled experiment can be created to examine the effect of ingredient *X* in a toothpaste.

325 Determine for which polynomial(s) (x + 2) is a factor. Explain your answer.

$$P(x) = x^{4} - 3x^{3} - 16x - 12$$
$$Q(x) = x^{3} - 3x^{2} - 16x - 12$$

326 On the grid below, graph the function $f(x) = x^3 - 6x^2 + 9x + 6$ on the domain $-1 \le x \le 4$.



327 Algebraically solve for x:
$$\frac{7}{2x} - \frac{2}{x+1} = \frac{1}{4}$$

328 While experimenting with her calculator, Candy creates the sequence 4, 9, 19, 39, 79, Write a recursive formula for Candy's sequence. Determine the eighth term in Candy's sequence.

- 329 Algebraically prove that $\frac{x^3+9}{x^3+8} = 1 + \frac{1}{x^3+8}$, where $x \neq -2$.
- 330 Verify the following Pythagorean identity for all values of *x* and *y*:

$$(x2 + y2)2 = (x2 - y2)2 + (2xy)2$$

331 A formula for work problems involving two people is shown below.

$$\frac{1}{t_1} + \frac{1}{t_2} = \frac{1}{t_b}$$

 t_1 = the time taken by the first person to complete the job

 t_2 = the time taken by the second person to complete the job

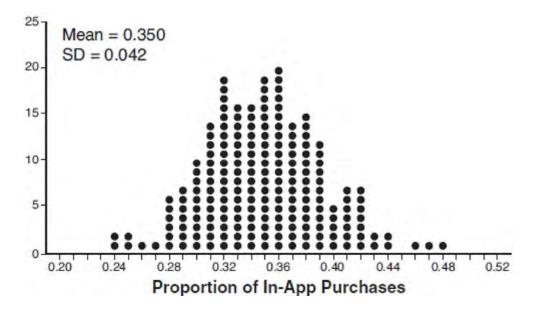
 t_b = the time it takes for them working together to complete the job

Fred and Barney are carpenters who build the same model desk. It takes Fred eight hours to build the desk while it only takes Barney six hours. Write an equation that can be used to find the time it would take both carpenters working together to build a desk. Determine, to the *nearest tenth of an hour*, how long it would take Fred and Barney working together to build a desk.

332 Justify why $\frac{\sqrt[3]{x^2y^5}}{\sqrt[4]{x^3y^4}}$ is equivalent to $x^{\frac{-1}{12}}y^{\frac{2}{3}}$ using

properties of rational exponents, where $x \neq 0$ and $y \neq 0$.

333 Some smart-phone applications contain "in-app" purchases, which allow users to purchase special content within the application. A random sample of 140 users found that 35 percent made in-app purchases. A simulation was conducted with 200 samples of 140 users assuming 35 percent of the samples make in-app purchases. The approximately normal results are shown below.



Considering the middle 95% of the data, determine the margin of error, to the *nearest hundredth*, for the simulated results. In the given context, explain what this value represents.

334 Write
$$-\frac{1}{2}i^3\left(\sqrt{-9}-4\right)-3i^2$$
 in simplest $a+bi$ form.

335 Erin and Christa were working on cubing binomials for math homework. Erin believed they could save time with a shortcut. She wrote down the rule below for Christa to follow.

$$(a+b)^3 = a^3 + b^3$$

Does Erin's shortcut always work? Justify your result algebraically.

336 Solve the following system of equations algebraically. $x^2 + y^2 = 400$ y = x - 28

- 337 Use an appropriate procedure to show that x 4 is a factor of the function $f(x) = 2x^3 - 5x^2 - 11x - 4$. Explain your answer.
- 338 Write a recursive formula for the sequence 6,9, 13.5, 20.25,...

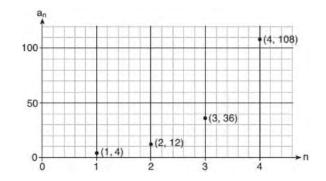
339 The distance needed to stop a car after applying the brakes varies directly with the square of the car's speed. The table below shows stopping distances for various speeds.

Speed (mph)	10	20	30	40	50	60	70
Distance (ft)	6.25	25	56.25	100	156.25	225	306.25

Determine the average rate of change in braking distance, in ft/mph, between one car traveling at 50 mph and one traveling at 70 mph. Explain what this rate of change means as it relates to braking distance.

- 340 Elizabeth waited for 6 minutes at the drive thru at her favorite fast-food restaurant the last time she visited. She was upset about having to wait that long and notified the manager. The manager assured her that her experience was very unusual and that it would not happen again. A study of customers commissioned by this restaurant found an approximately normal distribution of results. The mean wait time was 226 seconds and the standard deviation was 38 seconds. Given these data, and using a 95% level of confidence, was Elizabeth's wait time unusual? Justify your answer.
- 341 The average monthly high temperature in Buffalo, in degrees Fahrenheit, can be modeled by the function $B(t) = 25.29 \sin(0.4895t - 1.9752) + 55.2877$, where *t* is the month number (January = 1). State, to the *nearest tenth*, the average monthly rate of temperature change between August and November. Explain its meaning in the given context.
- 342 Explain what a rational exponent, such as $\frac{5}{2}$ means. Use this explanation to evaluate $9^{\frac{5}{2}}$.

343 Write a recursive formula, a_n , to describe the sequence graphed below.

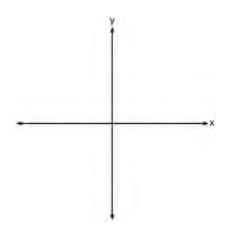


- 344 A house purchased 5 years ago for \$100,000 was just sold for \$135,000. Assuming exponential growth, approximate the annual growth rate, to the *nearest percent*.
- 345 Given $r(x) = x^3 4x^2 + 4x 6$, find the value of r(2). What does your answer tell you about x 2 as a factor of r(x)? Explain.
- 346 Completely factor the following expression: $x^{2} + 3xy + 3x^{3} + y$

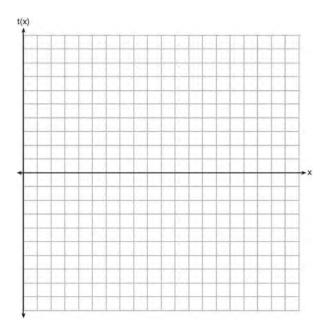
347 Explain how $\left(3^{\frac{1}{5}}\right)^2$ can be written as the

equivalent radical expression $\sqrt[5]{9}$.

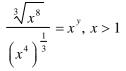
- 348 The weight of a bag of pears at the local market averages 8 pounds with a standard deviation of 0.5 pound. The weights of all the bags of pears at the market closely follow a normal distribution. Determine what percentage of bags, to the *nearest integer*, weighed *less* than 8.25 pounds.
- 349 On the axes below, sketch a possible function p(x) = (x a)(x b)(x + c), where *a*, *b*, and *c* are positive, a > b, and p(x) has a positive *y*-intercept of *d*. Label all intercepts.



350 A study was designed to test the effectiveness of a new drug. Half of the volunteers received the drug. The other half received a sugar pill. The probability of a volunteer receiving the drug and getting well was 40%. What is the probability of a volunteer getting well, given that the volunteer received the drug? 351 Graph $t(x) = 3\sin(2x) + 2$ over the domain $[0, 2\pi]$ on the set of axes below.



352 Use the properties of rational exponents to determine the value of *y* for the equation:



353 The volume of air in a person's lungs, as the person breathes in and out, can be modeled by a sine graph. A scientist is studying the differences in this volume for people at rest compared to people told to take a deep breath. When examining the graphs, should the scientist focus on the amplitude, period, or midline? Explain your choice.

354 The results of a poll of 200 students are shown in the table below:

	Preferred Music Style		
	Techno	Rap	Country
Female	54	25	27
Male	36	40	18

For this group of students, do these data suggest that gender and preferred music styles are independent of each other? Justify your answer.

- 355 Given the equal terms $\sqrt[3]{x^5}$ and $y^{\frac{3}{6}}$, determine and state y, in terms of x.
- 356 The world population was 2560 million people in 1950 and 3040 million in 1960 and can be modeled by the function $p(t) = 2560e^{0.017185t}$, where *t* is time in years after 1950 and p(t) is the population in millions. Determine the average rate of change of p(t) in millions of people per year, from $4 \le t \le 8$. Round your answer to the *nearest hundredth*.
- 357 An angle, θ , is in standard position and its terminal side passes through the point (2,-1). Find the *exact* value of sin θ .
- 358 The directrix of the parabola $12(y+3) = (x-4)^2$ has the equation y = -6. Find the coordinates of the focus of the parabola.
- 359 Point $M\left(t, \frac{4}{7}\right)$ is located in the second quadrant on the unit circle. Determine the exact value of *t*.

- 360 The recursive formula to describe a sequence is shown below.
 - $a_1 = 3$

$$a_n = 1 + 2a_{n-1}$$

State the first four terms of this sequence. Can this sequence be represented using an explicit geometric formula? Justify your answer.

361 Given $f(x) = 3x^2 + 7x - 20$ and g(x) = x - 2, state the quotient and remainder of $\frac{f(x)}{g(x)}$, in the form

$$q(x) + \frac{r(x)}{g(x)}$$

362 Mrs. Jones had hundreds of jelly beans in a bag that contained equal numbers of six different flavors. Her student randomly selected four jelly beans and they were all black licorice. Her student complained and said "What are the odds I got all of that kind?" Mrs. Jones replied, "simulate rolling a die 250 times and tell me if four black licorice jelly beans is unusual." Explain how this simulation could be used to solve the problem.

363 A person's lung capacity can be modeled by the

function
$$C(t) = 250 \sin\left(\frac{2\pi}{5}t\right) + 2450$$
, where $C(t)$

represents the volume in mL present in the lungs after *t* seconds. State the maximum value of this function over one full cycle, and explain what this value represents.

364 Algebraically determine the values of *x* that satisfy the system of equations below.

$$y = -2x + 1$$
$$y = -2x^2 + 3x + 1$$

365 When the function p(x) is divided by x - 1 the quotient is $x^2 + 7 + \frac{5}{x-1}$. State p(x) in standard form.

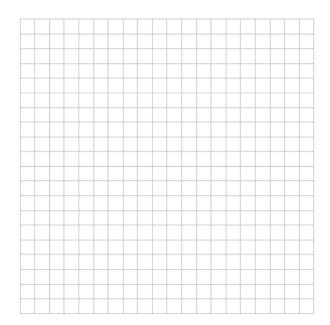
366 Explain why
$$81^{\frac{3}{4}}$$
 equals 27.

- 367 Algebraically determine whether the function $j(x) = x^4 3x^2 4$ is odd, even, or neither.
- 368 The function M(t) represents the mass of radium over time, t, in years.

$$M(t) = 100e^{\frac{\left(\ln\frac{1}{2}\right)^{2}}{1590}}$$

Determine if the function M(t) represents growth or decay. Explain your reasoning.

369 On the grid below, sketch a cubic polynomial whose zeros are 1, 3, and -2.



- 370 Given $\tan \theta = \frac{7}{24}$, and θ terminates in Quadrant III, determine the value of $\cos \theta$.
- 371 An orange-juice processing plant receives a truckload of oranges. The quality control team randomly chooses three pails of oranges, each containing 50 oranges, from the truckload. Identify the sample and the population in the given scenario. State *one* conclusion that the quality control team could make about the population if 5% of the sample was found to be unsatisfactory.
- 372 Given: $h(x) = \frac{2}{9}x^3 + \frac{8}{9}x^2 \frac{16}{13}x + 2$

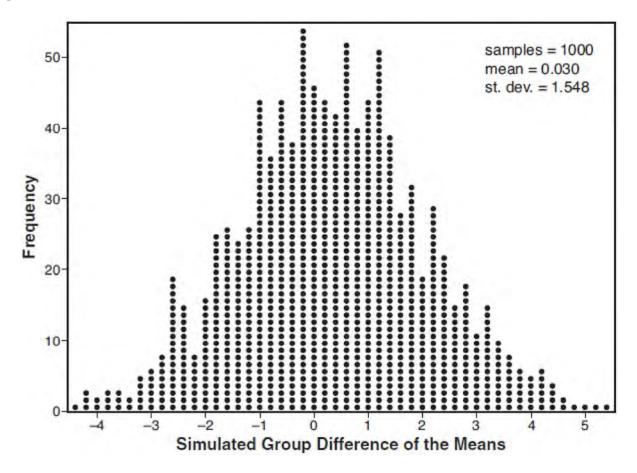
k(x) = -|0.7x| + 5State the solutions to the equation h(x) = k(x), rounded to the *nearest hundredth*.

Algebra II 4 Point Regents Exam Questions

373 Joseph was curious to determine if scent improves memory. A test was created where better memory is indicated by higher test scores. A controlled experiment was performed where one group was given the test on scented paper and the other group was given the test on unscented paper. The summary statistics from the experiment are given below.

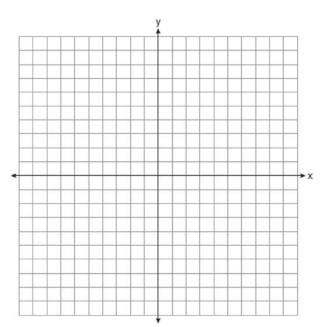
	Scented Paper	Unscented Paper
\overline{x}	23	18
Sx	2.898	2.408

Calculate the difference in means in the experimental test grades (scented -unscented). A simulation was conducted in which the subjects' scores were rerandomized into two groups 1000 times. The differences of the group means were calculated each time. The results are shown below.



Use the simulation results to determine the interval representing the middle 95% of the difference in means, to the *nearest hundredth*. Is the difference in means in Joseph's experiment statistically significant based on the simulation? Explain.

374 Find algebraically the zeros for $p(x) = x^3 + x^2 - 4x - 4$. On the set of axes below, graph y = p(x).



 $\frac{1}{4}$. The probability that the student chosen is a

junior is $\frac{116}{459}$. If the probability that the student selected is a junior or that the student chooses Math as the favorite subject is $\frac{47}{108}$, what is the exact probability that the student selected is a junior

whose favorite subject is Math? Are the events "the student is a junior" and "the student's favorite subject is Math" independent of each other? Explain your answer.

376 Solve the given equation algebraically for all values of *x*. $3\sqrt{x} - 2x = -5$

377 Solve the following system of equations algebraically for all values of *x*, *y*, and *z*:

$$x + y + z = 1$$
$$2x + 4y + 6z = 2$$
$$-x + 3y - 5z = 11$$

378 Using the formula below, determine the monthly payment on a 5-year car loan with a monthly percentage rate of 0.625% for a car with an original cost of \$21,000 and a \$1000 down payment, to the *nearest cent*.

$$P_n = PMT\left(\frac{1 - (1 + i)^{-n}}{i}\right)$$

 P_n = present amount borrowed n = number of monthly pay periods PMT = monthly payment i = interest rate per month The affordable monthly payment is \$300 for the same time period. Determine an appropriate down

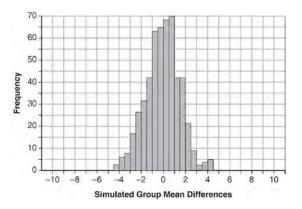
same time period. Determine an appropriate down payment, to the *nearest dollar*.

379 Two versions of a standardized test are given, an April version and a May version. The statistics for the April version show a mean score of 480 and a standard deviation of 24. The statistics for the May version show a mean score of 510 and a standard deviation of 20. Assume the scores are normally distributed. Joanne took the April version and scored in the interval 510-540. What is the probability, to the *nearest ten thousandth*, that a test paper selected at random from the April version scored in the same interval? Maria took the May version. In what interval must Maria score to claim she scored as well as Joanne?

380 Seventy-two students are randomly divided into two equally-sized study groups. Each member of the first group (group 1) is to meet with a tutor after school twice each week for one hour. The second group (group 2), is given an online subscription to a tutorial account that they can access for a maximum of two hours each week. Students in both groups are given the same tests during the year. A summary of the two groups' final grades is shown below:

	Group 1	Group 2
x	80.16	83.8
S_{x}	6.9	5.2

Calculate the mean difference in the final grades (group 1 - group 2) and explain its meaning in the context of the problem. A simulation was conducted in which the students' final grades were rerandomized 500 times. The results are shown below.



Use the simulation to determine if there is a significant difference in the final grades. Explain your answer.

- 381 In contract negotiations between a local government agency and its workers, it is estimated that there is a 50% chance that an agreement will be reached on the salaries of the workers. It is estimated that there is a 70% chance that there will be an agreement on the insurance benefits. There is a 20% chance that no agreement will be reached on either issue. Find the probability that an agreement will be reached on *both* issues. Based on this answer, determine whether the agreement on salaries and the agreement on insurance are independent events. Justify your answer.
- 382 Jim is looking to buy a vacation home for 172,600 near his favorite southern beach. The formula to compute a mortgage payment, M, is

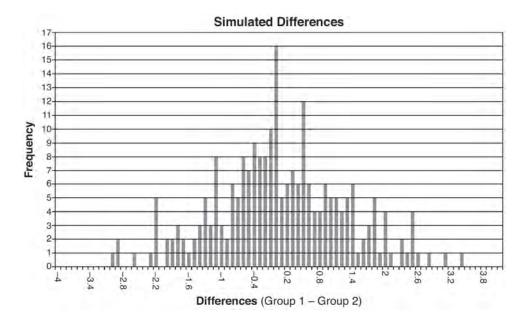
$$M = P \bullet \frac{r(1+r)^{N}}{(1+r)^{N} - 1}$$
 where *P* is the principal

amount of the loan, r is the monthly interest rate, and N is the number of monthly payments. Jim's bank offers a monthly interest rate of 0.305% for a 15-year mortgage. With no down payment, determine Jim's mortgage payment, rounded to the *nearest dollar*. Algebraically determine and state the down payment, rounded to the *nearest dollar*, that Jim needs to make in order for his mortgage payment to be \$1100.

383 Ayva designed an experiment to determine the effect of a new energy drink on a group of 20 volunteer students. Ten students were randomly selected to form group 1 while the remaining 10 made up group 2. Each student in group 1 drank one energy drink, and each student in group 2 drank one cola drink. Ten minutes later, their times were recorded for reading the same paragraph of a novel. The results of the experiment are shown below.

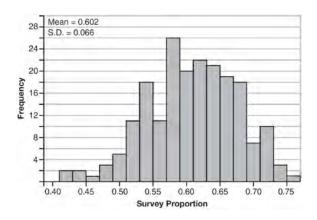
Group 1	Group 2	
(seconds)	(seconds)	
17.4	23.3	
18.1	18.8	
18.2	22.1	
19.6	12.7	
18.6	16.9	
16.2	24.4	
16.1	21.2	
15.3	21.2	
17.8	16.3	
19.7	14.5	
Mean = 17.7	Mean = 19.1	

Ayva thinks drinking energy drinks makes students read faster. Using information from the experimental design or the results, explain why Ayva's hypothesis may be *incorrect*. Using the given results, Ayva randomly mixes the 20 reading times, splits them into two groups of 10, and simulates the difference of the means 232 times.



Ayva has decided that the difference in mean reading times is not an unusual occurrence. Support her decision using the results of the simulation. Explain your reasoning.

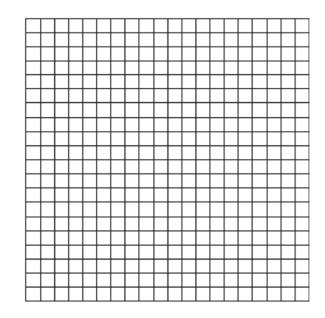
384 Fifty-five students attending the prom were randomly selected to participate in a survey about the music choice at the prom. Sixty percent responded that a DJ would be preferred over a band. Members of the prom committee thought that the vote would have 50% for the DJ and 50% for the band. A simulation was run 200 times, each of sample size 55, based on the premise that 60% of the students would prefer a DJ. The approximate normal simulation results are shown below.



Using the results of the simulation, determine a plausible interval containing the middle 95% of the data. Round all values to the *nearest hundredth*. Members of the prom committee are concerned that a vote of all students attending the prom may produce a 50% - 50% split. Explain what statistical evidence supports this concern.

385 The height, h(t) in cm, of a piston, is given by the equation $h(t) = 12 \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{3}t\right) + 8$, where *t* represents the number of seconds since the measurements began. Determine the average rate of change, in cm/sec, of the piston's height on the interval $1 \le t \le 2$. At what value(s) of *t*, to the *nearest tenth* of a second, does h(t) = 0 in the interval $1 \le t \le 5$? Justify your answer.

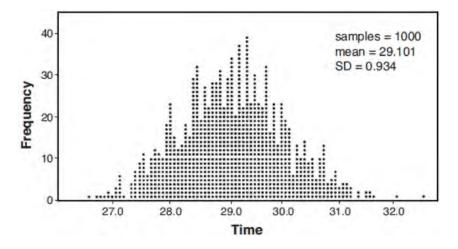
- 386 The guidance department has reported that of the senior class, 2.3% are members of key club, K, 8.6% are enrolled in AP Physics, P, and 1.9% are in both. Determine the probability of P given K, to the *nearest tenth of a percent*. The principal would like a basic interpretation of these results. Write a statement relating your calculated probabilities to student enrollment in the given situation.
- 387 Determine an equation for the parabola with focus (4,-1) and directrix y = -5. (Use of the grid below is optional.)



388 Carla wants to start a college fund for her daughter Lila. She puts \$63,000 into an account that grows at a rate of 2.55% per year, compounded monthly. Write a function, C(t), that represents the amount of money in the account *t* years after the account is opened, given that no more money is deposited into or withdrawn from the account. Calculate algebraically the number of years it will take for the account to reach \$100,000, to the *nearest hundredth of a year*. 389 A radio station claims to its advertisers that the mean number of minutes commuters listen to the station is 30. The station conducted a survey of 500 of their listeners who commute. The sample statistics are shown below.

x	29.11
S _x	20.718

A simulation was run 1000 times based upon the results of the survey. The results of the simulation appear below.



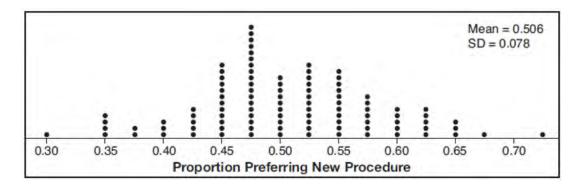
Based on the simulation results, is the claim that commuters listen to the station on average 30 minutes plausible? Explain your response including an interval containing the middle 95% of the data, rounded to the *nearest hundredth*.

- 390 Solve algebraically for all values of *x*: $\sqrt{6-2x} + x = 2(x+15) - 9$
- 391 Given $z(x) = 6x^3 + bx^2 52x + 15$, z(2) = 35, and z(-5) = 0, algebraically determine all the zeros of z(x).
- 392 Algebraically determine the values of h and k to correctly complete the identity stated below.

$$2x^{3} - 10x^{2} + 11x - 7 = (x - 4)(2x^{2} + hx + 3) + k$$

- 393 The half-life of a radioactive substance is 15 years. Write an equation that can be used to determine the amount, s(t), of 200 grams of this substance that remains after *t* years. Determine algebraically, to the *nearest year*, how long it will take for $\frac{1}{10}$ of this substance to remain.
- 394 Solve the equation $\sqrt{2x-7} + x = 5$ algebraically, and justify the solution set.

395 Charlie's Automotive Dealership is considering implementing a new check-in procedure for customers who are bringing their vehicles for routine maintenance. The dealership will launch the procedure if 50% or more of the customers give the new procedure a favorable rating when compared to the current procedure. The dealership devises a simulation based on the minimal requirement that 50% of the customers prefer the new procedure. Each dot on the graph below represents the proportion of the customers who preferred the new check-in procedure, each of sample size 40, simulated 100 times.



Assume the set of data is approximately normal and the dealership wants to be 95% confident of its results. Determine an interval containing the plausible sample values for which the dealership will launch the new procedure. Round your answer to the *nearest hundredth*. Forty customers are selected randomly to undergo the new check-in procedure and the proportion of customers who prefer the new procedure is 32.5%. The dealership decides *not* to implement the new check-in procedure based on the results of the study. Use statistical evidence to explain this decision.

- 396 One of the medical uses of Iodine–131 (I–131), a radioactive isotope of iodine, is to enhance x-ray images. The half-life of I–131 is approximately 8.02 days. A patient is injected with 20 milligrams of I–131. Determine, to the *nearest day*, the amount of time needed before the amount of I–131 in the patient's body is approximately 7 milligrams.
- 397 Write an explicit formula for a_n , the *n*th term of the recursively defined sequence below.

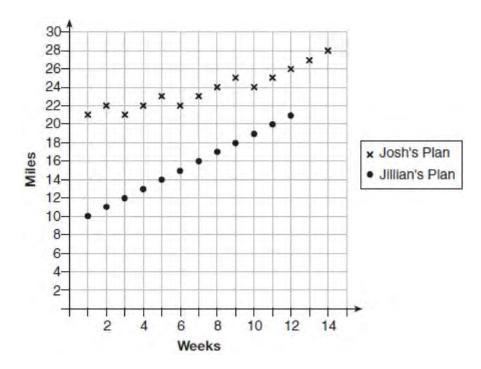
 $a_1 = x + 1$

 $a_n = x(a_{n-1})$ For what values of *x* would $a_n = 0$ when n > 1?

398 Solve for all values of
$$p: \frac{3p}{p-5} - \frac{2}{p+3} = \frac{p}{p+3}$$

- 399 Evaluate j(-1) given $j(x) = 2x^4 - x^3 - 35x^2 + 16x + 48$. Explain what your answer tells you about x + 1 as a factor. Algebraically find the remaining zeros of j(x).
- 400 Given $a(x) = x^4 + 2x^3 + 4x 10$ and b(x) = x + 2, determine $\frac{a(x)}{b(x)}$ in the form $q(x) + \frac{r(x)}{b(x)}$. Is b(x) a factor of a(x)? Explain.

401 Elaina has decided to run the Buffalo half-marathon in May. She researched training plans on the Internet and is looking at two possible plans: Jillian's 12-week plan and Josh's 14-week plan. The number of miles run per week for each plan is plotted below.



Which one of the plans follows an arithmetic pattern? Explain how you arrived at your answer. Write a recursive definition to represent the number of miles run each week for the duration of the plan you chose. Jillian's plan has an alternative if Elaina wanted to train instead for a full 26-mile marathon. Week one would start at 13 miles and follow the same pattern for the half-marathon, but it would continue for 14 weeks. Write an explicit formula, in *simplest form*, to represent the number of miles run each week for the full-marathon training plan.

402 Juan and Filipe practice at the driving range before playing golf. The number of wins and corresponding practice times for each player are shown in the table below.

	Juan Wins	Felipe Wins
Short Practice Time	8	10
Long Practice Time	15	12

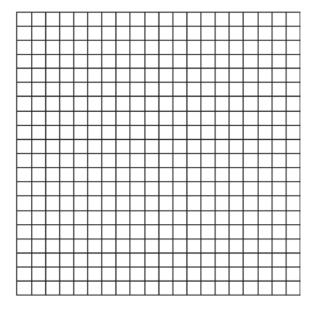
Given that the practice time was long, determine the exact probability that Filipe wins the next match. Determine whether or not the two events "Filipe wins" and "long practice time" are independent. Justify your answer.

403 Using a microscope, a researcher observed and recorded the number of bacteria spores on a large sample of uniformly sized pieces of meat kept at room temperature. A summary of the data she recorded is shown in the table below.

Hours (x)	Average Number of Spores (y)
0	4
0.5	10
1	15
2	60
3	260
4	1130
6	16,380

Using these data, write an exponential regression equation, rounding all values to the *nearest thousandth*. The researcher knows that people are likely to suffer from food-borne illness if the number of spores exceeds 100. Using the exponential regression equation, determine the maximum amount of time, to the *nearest quarter hour*, that the meat can be kept at room temperature safely.

- 404 Write an equation for a sine function with an amplitude of 2 and a period of $\frac{\pi}{2}$. On the grid below, sketch the graph of the equation in the
 - interval 0 to 2π .



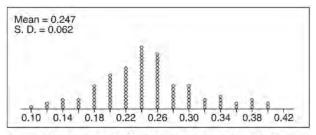
405 Monthly mortgage payments can be found using the formula below:

$$M = \frac{P\left(\frac{r}{12}\right)\left(1 + \frac{r}{12}\right)^n}{\left(1 + \frac{r}{12}\right)^n - 1}$$

M = monthly payment P = amount borrowed r = annual interest rate n = number of monthly payments

The Banks family would like to borrow \$120,000 to purchase a home. They qualified for an annual interest rate of 4.8%. Algebraically determine the *fewest* number of whole years the Banks family would need to include in the mortgage agreement in order to have a monthly payment of no more than \$720.

406 Stephen's Beverage Company is considering whether to produce a new brand of cola. The company will launch the product if at least 25% of cola drinkers will buy the product. Fifty cola drinkers are randomly selected to take a blind taste-test of products *A*, *B*, and the new product. Nine out of fifty participants preferred Stephen's new cola to products *A* and *B*. The company then devised a simulation based on the requirement that 25% of cola drinkers will buy the product. Each dot in the graph shown below represents the proportion of people who preferred Stephen's new product, each of sample size 50, simulated 100 times.



Proportion Preferring Stephen's Product

Assume the set of data is approximately normal and the company wants to be 95% confident of its results. Does the sample proportion obtained from the blind taste-test, nine out of fifty, fall within the margin of error developed from the simulation? Justify your answer. The company decides to continue developing the product even though only nine out of fifty participants preferred its brand of cola in the taste-test. Describe how the simulation data could be used to support this decision.

407 Solve the following system of equations algebraically for all values of x, y, and z: x + 3y + 5z = 45

$$6x - 3y + 2z = -10$$
$$-2x + 3y + 8z = 72$$

- 408 Alexa earns \$33,000 in her first year of teaching and earns a 4% increase in each successive year. Write a geometric series formula, S_n , for Alexa's total earnings over *n* years. Use this formula to find Alexa's total earnings for her first 15 years of teaching, to the *nearest cent*.
- 409 Factor completely over the set of integers: $16x^4 - 81$. Sara graphed the polynomial $y = 16x^4 - 81$ and stated "All the roots of $y = 16x^4 - 81$ are real." Is Sara correct? Explain your reasoning.
- 410 Determine, to the *nearest tenth of a year*, how long it would take an investment to double at a $3\frac{3}{4}$ % interest rate, compounded continuously.
- 411 a) Algebraically determine the roots, in simplest a + bi form, to the equation below.

$$x^{2} - 2x + 7 = 4x - 10$$

b) Consider the system of equations below.
$$y = x^{2} - 2x + 7$$
$$y = 4x - 10$$
The energy of this system can firm the solution

The graph of this system confirms the solution from part a is imaginary. Explain why.

412 Solve the following system of equations algebraically for all values of *a*, *b*, and *c*. a + 4b + 6c = 23

$$a + 4b + 6c = 23$$
$$a + 2b + c = 2$$
$$6b + 2c = a + 14$$

413 After sitting out of the refrigerator for a while, a turkey at room temperature (68°F) is placed into an oven at 8 a.m., when the oven temperature is 325°F. Newton's Law of Heating explains that the temperature of the turkey will increase proportionally to the difference between the temperature of the turkey and the temperature of the oven, as given by the formula below:

$$T = T_a + \left(T_0 - T_a\right)e^{-kt}$$

 T_a = the temperature surrounding the object

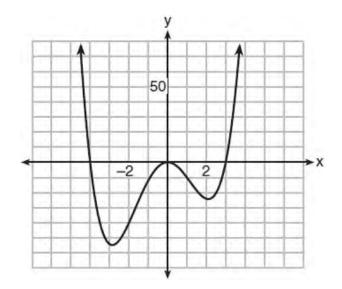
- T_0 = the initial temperature of the object
- t = the time in hours

T = the temperature of the object after t hours

k = decay constant

The turkey reaches the temperature of approximately 100° F after 2 hours. Find the value of *k*, to the *nearest thousandth*, and write an equation to determine the temperature of the turkey after *t* hours. Determine the Fahrenheit temperature of the turkey, to the *nearest degree*, at 3 p.m.

414 Simon lost his library card and has an overdue library book. When the book was 5 days late, he owed \$2.25 to replace his library card and pay the fine for the overdue book. When the book was 21 days late, he owed \$6.25 to replace his library card and pay the fine for the overdue book. Suppose the total amount Simon owes when the book is *n* days late can be determined by an arithmetic sequence. Determine a formula for a_n , the *n*th term of this sequence. Use the formula to determine the amount of money, in dollars, Simon needs to pay when the book is 60 days late. 415 The graph of y = f(x) is shown below. The function has a leading coefficient of 1.



Write an equation for f(x). The function g is formed by translating function f left 2 units. Write an equation for g(x).

- 416 A population of 950 bacteria grows continuously at a rate of 4.75% per day. Write an exponential function, N(t), that represents the bacterial population after *t* days and explain the reason for your choice of base. Determine the bacterial population after 36 hours, to the *nearest bacterium*.
- 417 Given: $f(x) = 2x^2 + x 3$ and g(x) = x 1Express $f(x) \bullet g(x) - [f(x) + g(x)]$ as a polynomial in standard form.
- 418 Solve the system of equations shown below algebraically.

$$(x-3)^{2} + (y+2)^{2} = 1$$

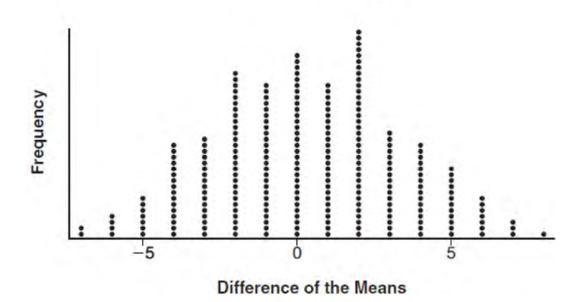
2x + 2y = 10

6

419 To determine if the type of music played while taking a quiz has a relationship to results, 16 students were randomly assigned to either a room softly playing classical music or a room softly playing rap music. The results on the quiz were as follows:

Classical: 74, 83, 77, 77, 84, 82, 90, 89 Rap: 77, 80, 78, 74, 69, 72, 78, 69

John correctly rounded the difference of the means of his experimental groups as 7. How did John obtain this value and what does it represent in the given context? Justify your answer. To determine if there is any significance in this value, John rerandomized the 16 scores into two groups of 8, calculated the difference of the means, and simulated this process 250 times as shown below.



Classical vs. Rap

Does the simulation support the theory that there may be a significant difference in quiz scores? Explain.

420 Solve the following system of equations algebraically for all values of x, y, and z:

$$2x + 3y - 4z = -1$$

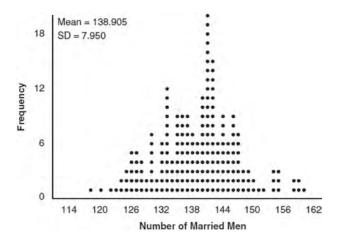
 $x - 2y + 5z = 3$
 $-4x + y + z = 16$

421 Which function shown below has a greater average rate of change on the interval [-2,4]? Justify your answer.

X	f(x)
-4	0.3125
-3	0.625
-2	1.25
-1	2.5
0	5
1	10
2	20
3	40
4	80
5	160
6	320

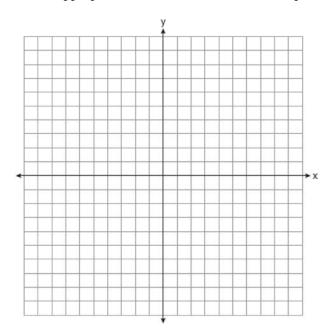
 $g(x) = 4x^3 - 5x^2 + 3$

422 In a random sample of 250 men in the United States, age 21 or older, 139 are married. The graph below simulated samples of 250 men, 200 times, assuming that 139 of the men are married.



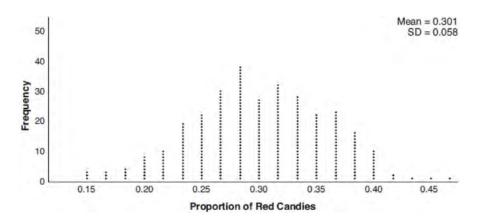
a) Based on the simulation, create an interval in which the middle 95% of the number of married men may fall. Round your answer to the *nearest integer*.

b) A study claims "50 percent of men 21 and older in the United States are married." Do your results from part a contradict this claim? Explain. 423 Graph $y = \log_2(x+3) - 5$ on the set of axes below. Use an appropriate scale to include *both* intercepts.



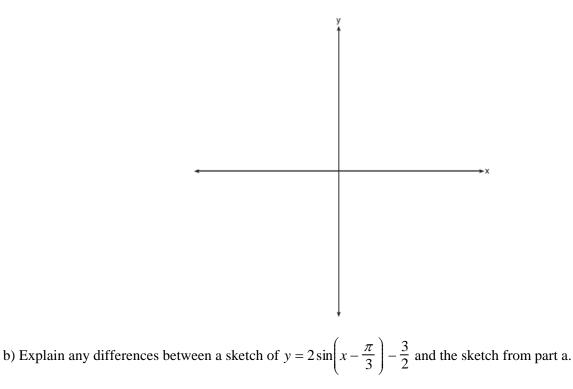
Describe the behavior of the given function as x approaches -3 and as x approaches positive infinity.

424 Mary bought a pack of candy. The manufacturer claims that 30% of the candies manufactured are red. In her pack, 14 of the 60 candies are red. She ran a simulation of 300 samples, assuming the manufacturer is correct. The results are shown below.



Based on the simulation, determine the middle 95% of plausible values that the proportion of red candies in a pack is within. Based on the simulation, is it unusual that Mary's pack had 14 red candies out of a total of 60? Explain.

425 a) On the axes below, sketch *at least one* cycle of a sine curve with an amplitude of 2, a midline at $y = -\frac{3}{2}$, and a period of 2π .



Algebra II 6 Point Regents Exam Questions

426 The Beaufort Wind Scale was devised by British Rear Admiral Sir Francis Beaufort, in 1805 based upon observations of the effects of the wind. Beaufort numbers, B, are determined by the equation

 $B = 1.69\sqrt{s + 4.45} - 3.49$, where s is the speed of the wind in mph, and B is rounded to the nearest integer from 0 to 12.

Beaufort Wind Scale		
Beaufort Number	Force of Wind	
0	Calm	
1	Light air	
2	Light breeze	
3	Gentle breeze	
4	Moderate breeze	
5	Fresh breeze	
6	Steady breeze	
7	Moderate gale	
8	Fresh gale	
9	Strong gale	
10	Whole gale	
11	Storm	
12	Hurricane	

Using the table above, classify the force of wind at a speed of 30 mph. Justify your answer. In 1946, the scale was extended to accommodate strong hurricanes. A strong hurricane received a *B* value of exactly 15. Algebraically determine the value of *s*, to the *nearest mph*. Any *B* values that round to 10 receive a Beaufort number of 10. Using technology, find an approximate range of wind speeds, to the *nearest mph*, associated with a Beaufort number of 10.

- 427 Titanium-44 is a radioactive isotope such that every 63 years, its mass decreases by half. For a sample of titanium-44 with an initial mass of 100 grams, write a function that will give the mass of the sample remaining after any amount of time. Define all variables. Scientists sometimes use the average yearly decrease in mass for estimation purposes. Use the average yearly decrease in mass of the sample between year 0 and year 10 to predict the amount of the sample remaining after 40 years. Round your answer to the *nearest tenth*. Is the actual mass of the sample or the estimated mass greater after 40 years? Justify your answer.
- 428 A radioactive substance has a mass of 140 g at 3 p.m. and 100 g at 8 p.m. Write an equation in the

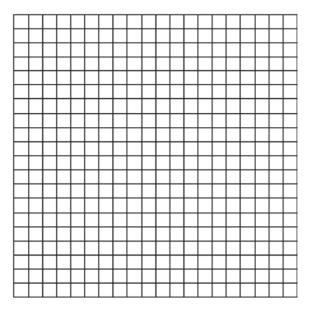
form
$$A = A_0 \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{\frac{1}{h}}$$
 that models this situation,

where *h* is the constant representing the number of hours in the half-life, A_0 is the initial mass, and *A*

is the mass t hours after 3 p.m. Using this equation, solve for h, to the *nearest ten thousandth*. Determine when the mass of the radioactive substance will be 40 g. Round your answer to the *nearest tenth of an hour*.

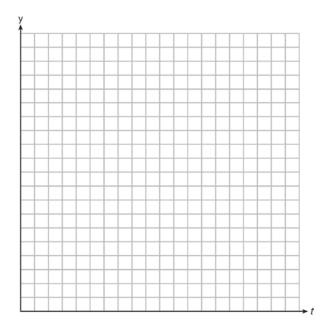
429 Griffin is riding his bike down the street in Churchville, N.Y. at a constant speed, when a nail gets caught in one of his tires. The height of the nail above the ground, in inches, can be represented by the trigonometric function

 $f(t) = -13\cos(0.8\pi t) + 13$, where *t* represents the time (in seconds) since the nail first became caught in the tire. Determine the period of f(t). Interpret what the period represents in this context. On the grid below, graph *at least one* cycle of f(t) that includes the *y*-intercept of the function.



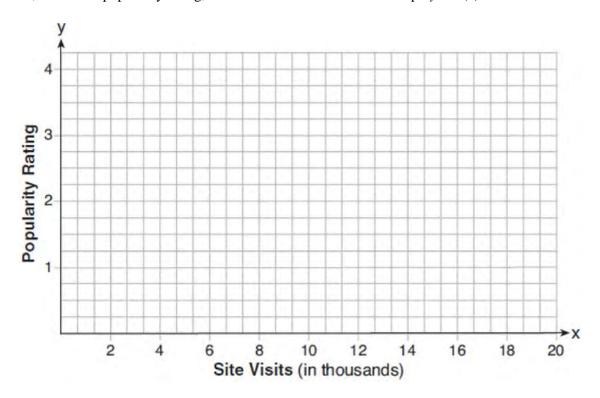
Does the height of the nail ever reach 30 inches above the ground? Justify your answer.

430 Drugs break down in the human body at different rates and therefore must be prescribed by doctors carefully to prevent complications, such as overdosing. The breakdown of a drug is represented by the function $N(t) = N_0(e)^{-rt}$, where N(t) is the amount left in the body, N_0 is the initial dosage, *r* is the decay rate, and *t* is time in hours. Patient *A*, A(t), is given 800 milligrams of a drug with a decay rate of 0.347. Patient *B*, B(t), is given 400 milligrams of another drug with a decay rate of 0.231. Write two functions, A(t) and B(t), to represent the breakdown of the respective drug given to each patient. Graph each function on the set of axes below.



To the *nearest hour*, *t*, when does the amount of the given drug remaining in patient *B* begin to exceed the amount of the given drug remaining in patient *A*? The doctor will allow patient *A* to take another 800 milligram dose of the drug once only 15% of the original dose is left in the body. Determine, to the *nearest tenth of an hour*, how long patient *A* will have to wait to take another 800 milligram dose of the drug.

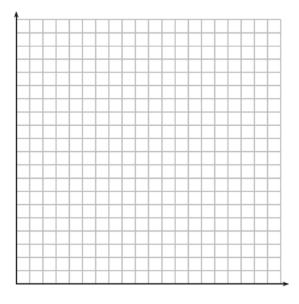
431 Website popularity ratings are often determined using models that incorporate the number of visits per week a website receives. One model for ranking websites is $P(x) = \log(x - 4)$, where x is the number of visits per week in thousands and P(x) is the website's popularity rating. According to this model, if a website is visited 16,000 times in one week, what is its popularity rating, rounded to the *nearest tenth*? Graph y = P(x) on the axes below.



An alternative rating model is represented by $R(x) = \frac{1}{2}x - 6$, where *x* is the number of visits per week in thousands. Graph R(x) on the same set of axes. For what number of weekly visits will the two models provide the same rating?

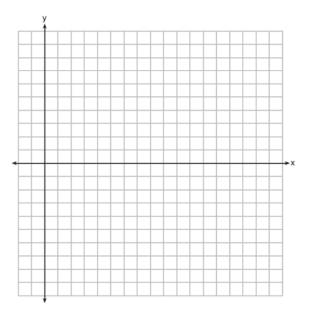
432 The value of a certain small passenger car based on its use in years is modeled by

 $V(t) = 28482.698(0.684)^t$, where V(t) is the value in dollars and *t* is the time in years. Zach had to take out a loan to purchase the small passenger car. The function $Z(t) = 22151.327(0.778)^t$, where Z(t) is measured in dollars, and *t* is the time in years, models the unpaid amount of Zach's loan over time. Graph V(t) and Z(t) over the interval $0 \le t \le 5$, on the set of axes below.



State when V(t) = Z(t), to the *nearest hundredth*, and interpret its meaning in the context of the problem. Zach takes out an insurance policy that requires him to pay a \$3000 deductible in case of a collision. Zach will cancel the collision policy when the value of his car equals his deductible. To the *nearest year*, how long will it take Zach to cancel this policy? Justify your answer. 433 A major car company analyzes its revenue, R(x), and costs C(x), in millions of dollars over a fifteen-year period. The company represents its revenue and costs as a function of time, in years, x, using the given functions.

> $R(x) = 550x^{3} - 12,000x^{2} + 83,000x + 7000$ $C(x) = 880x^{3} - 21,000x^{2} + 150,000x - 160,000$ The company's profits can be represented as the difference between its revenue and costs. Write the profit function, P(x), as a polynomial in standard form. Graph y = P(x) on the set of axes below over the domain $2 \le x \le 16$.

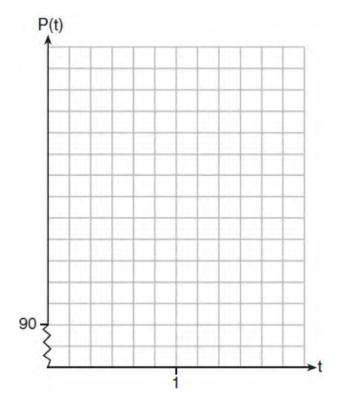


Over the given domain, state when the company was the least profitable and the most profitable, to the *nearest year*. Explain how you determined your answer.

434 The resting blood pressure of an adult patient can be modeled by the function P below, where P(t) is the pressure in millimeters of mercury after time tin seconds.

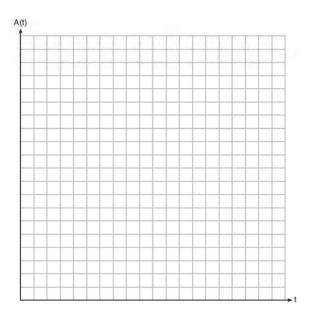
 $P(t) = 24\cos(3\pi t) + 120$

On the set of axes below, graph y = P(t) over the domain $0 \le t \le 2$.



Determine the period of *P*. Explain what this value represents in the given context. Normal resting blood pressure for an adult is 120 over 80. This means that the blood pressure oscillates between a maximum of 120 and a minimum of 80. Adults with high blood pressure (above 140 over 90) and adults with low blood pressure (below 90 over 60) may be at risk for health disorders. Classify the given patient's blood pressure as low, normal, or high and explain your reasoning.

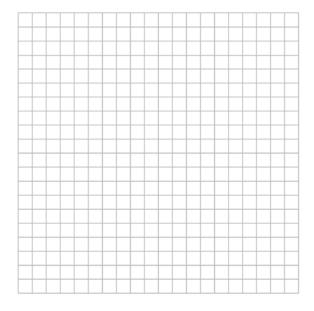
435 Tony is evaluating his retirement savings. He currently has \$318,000 in his account, which earns an interest rate of 7% compounded annually. He wants to determine how much he will have in the account in the future, even if he makes no additional contributions to the account. Write a function, A(t), to represent the amount of money that will be in his account in *t* years. Graph A(t) where $0 \le t \le 20$ on the set of axes below.



Tony's goal is to save \$1,000,000. Determine algebraically, to the *nearest year*, how many years it will take for him to achieve his goal. Explain how your graph of A(t) confirms your answer.

436 The speed of a tidal wave, *s*, in hundreds of miles per hour, can be modeled by the equation $s = \sqrt{t} - 2t + 6$, where *t* represents the time from its origin in hours. Algebraically determine the time when s = 0. How much faster was the tidal wave traveling after 1 hour than 3 hours, to the *nearest mile per hour*? Justify your answer.

437 The ocean tides near Carter Beach follow a repeating pattern over time, with the amount of time between each low and high tide remaining relatively constant. On a certain day, low tide occurred at 8:30 a.m. and high tide occurred at 3:00 p.m. At high tide, the water level was 12 inches above the average local sea level; at low tide it was 12 inches below the average local sea level. Assume that high tide and low tide are the maximum and minimum water levels each day, respectively. Write a cosine function of the form $f(t) = A\cos(Bt)$, where A and B are real numbers, that models the water level, f(t), in inches above or below the average Carter Beach sea level, as a function of the time measured in t hours since 8:30 a.m. On the grid below, graph one cycle of this function.



People who fish in Carter Beach know that a certain species of fish is most plentiful when the water level is increasing. Explain whether you would recommend fishing for this species at 7:30 p.m. or 10:30 p.m. using evidence from the given context.

438 Seth's parents gave him \$5000 to invest for his 16th birthday. He is considering two investment options. Option A will pay him 4.5% interest compounded annually. Option B will pay him 4.6% compounded quarterly. Write a function of option A and option B that calculates the value of each account after n years. Seth plans to use the money after he graduates from college in 6 years. Determine how much more money option B will earn than option A to the nearest cent. Algebraically determine, to the nearest tenth of a year, how long it would take for option B to double Seth's initial investment.

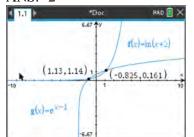
Algebra II Multiple Choice Regents Exam Questions Answer Section

1 ANS: 4

$$m^{3} - 2m^{2} + 4m - 8 = 0$$

 $m^{2}(m-2) + 4(m-2) = 0$
 $(m^{2} + 4)(m-2) = 0$

REF: 081821aii NAT: A.APR.B.3 TOP: Solving Polynomial Equations 2 ANS: 2



REF: 081920aii NAT: A.REI.D.11 TOP: Other Systems 3 ANS: 3

$$e^{bt} = \frac{c}{a}$$
$$\ln e^{bt} = \ln \frac{c}{a}$$
$$bt \ln e = \ln \frac{c}{a}$$
$$t = \frac{\ln \frac{c}{a}}{b}$$

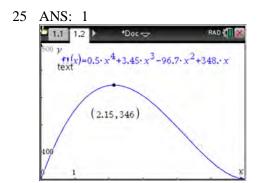
REF: 011813aii NAT: F.LE.A.4 TOP: Exponential Growth 4 ANS: 2 REF: 081904aii NAT: A.SSE.A.2 **TOP:** Factoring Polynomials KEY: higher power 5 ANS: 1 In vertex form, the parabola is $y = -\frac{1}{4(2)}(x+4)^2 + 3$. The vertex is (-4,3) and p = 2. 3+2=5REF: 011816aii NAT: G.GPE.A.2 **TOP:** Graphing Quadratic Functions 6 ANS: 4 **TOP:** Transformations with Functions REF: 081817aii NAT: F.BF.B.3

ID: A

7	ANS: 1 $\frac{N(10) - N(1)}{10 - 1} \approx -2.03$	$3, \frac{N(20) - N(10)}{20 - 10} \approx -1.$.63, <u>N(</u>	$\frac{25) - N(15)}{25 - 15} \approx -1.46, \frac{1}{25}$	$\frac{N(30) - N(1)}{30 - 1} \approx -1.64$
8	ANS: 4 $(x^6y^4 - 9)(x^4)$,	TOP:	Rate of Change	
9	KEY: factoring by gr ANS: 4	NAT: A.SSE.A.2 rouping		Factoring Polynomia	ls
		$= 3^{\frac{1}{2}} xy^{\frac{1}{2}} \bullet 3^{\frac{2}{2}} xy^{\frac{2}{3}} = 3^{\frac{2}{3}}$ NAT: N.RN.A.2		Operations with Redi	anla
10	KEY: with variables. ANS: 4 $400.954 \approx 380$		IOF.	Operations with Rau	Cais
	REF: 061918aii KEY: predict	NAT: S.ID.A.4	TOP:	Normal Distributions	
11	-	REF: 061816aii	NAT:	F.IF.C.7 TOP:	Graphing Polynomial Functions
12	ANS: 2 KEY: bimodalgraph		NAT:	F.IF.C.7 TOP:	Graphing Logarithmic Functions
13	ANS: 1 2) linear, 3) quadratic	e, 4) cubic			
14	REF: 061920aii ANS: 4 $wx^{2} + w = 0$	NAT: F.LE.A.2	TOP:	Families of Functions	3
	$wx^2 = -w$				
	$x^2 = -1$ $x = \pm i$				
15	REF: 061912aii KEY: complex solut ANS: 4 1 year = 365 days	NAT: A.REI.B.4 ions taking square roo		Solving Quadratics	
	REF: 061823aii	NAT: A.SSE.B.3	TOP:	Modeling Exponentia	ll Functions

16 ANS: 2 $121(b)^2 = 64 \quad 64\left(\frac{8}{11}\right)^2 \approx 34$ $b = \frac{8}{11}$ REF: 011904aii NAT: F.IF.A.3 KEY: explicit TOP: Sequences 17 ANS: 1 REF: 081804aii NAT: F.IF.C.9 **TOP:** Comparing Functions 18 ANS: 1 p(x) = r(x) - c(x) $-0.5x^{2} + 250x - 300 = -0.3x^{2} + 150x - c(x)$ $c(x) = 0.2x^2 - 100x + 300$ REF: 061813aii NAT: F.BF.A.1 TOP: Operations with Functions 19 ANS: 3 $y = 278(0.5)^{\frac{18}{1.8}} \approx 0.271$ REF: 011920aii NAT: F.LE.A.2 **TOP:** Modeling Exponential Functions 20 ANS: 1 REF: 061904aii NAT: F.IF.B.4 TOP: Relating Graphs to Events 21 ANS: 1 $x^{3} + 2x^{2} - 9x - 18 = 0$ $x^{3} - 9x + 2x^{2} - 18 = 0$ $x^{3} - 9x + 2x^{2} - 18 = 0$ $x^{2}(x+2) - 9(x+2) = 0$ $x(x^{2}-9) + 2(x^{2}-9) = 0$ $x(x^{2}-9) + 2(x^{2}-9) = 0$ $(x+2)(x^2-9)=0$ REF: 011903aii NAT: A.APR.B.3 TOP: Solving Polynomial Equations 22 ANS: 4 $\ln e^{0.3x} = \ln \frac{5918}{87}$ $x = \frac{\ln \frac{5918}{87}}{0.3}$ REF: 081801aii NAT: F.LE.A.4 **TOP:** Exponential Equations KEY: without common base

23	ANS: 2	REF: 011806aii	NAT: A.APR.C.4	TOP: Polynomial Identities
24	ANS: 2	REF: 011901aii	NAT: S.ID.A.4	TOP: Normal Distributions
	KEY: mean and	standard deviation		



 REF:
 011908aii
 NAT:
 F.IF.B.4

 26
 ANS:
 1
 REF:
 011815aii

 27
 ANS:
 3
 REF:
 061910aii

 28
 ANS:
 2
 REF:
 011804aii

 KEY:
 radians
 29
 ANS:
 3

TOP:	Graphing Poly	nomial	Functions
NAT:	F.TF.A.2	TOP:	Unit Circle
NAT:	F.BF.A.2	TOP:	Sequences
NAT:	F.TF.A.2	TOP:	Determining Trigonometric Functions

$$2x^{3} - 4x^{2} - x + \frac{14}{x+6}$$

$$x+6) 2x^{4} + 8x^{3} - 25x^{2} - 6x + 14$$

$$\underline{2x^{4} + 12x^{3}}$$

$$-4x^{3} - 25x^{2}$$

$$\underline{-4x^{3} - 24x^{2}}$$

$$-x^{2} - 6x$$

$$\underline{-x^{2} - 6x}$$

REF: 081805aii NAT: A.APR.D.6 TOP: Rational Expressions KEY: division

30 ANS: 2

 $0.254 \pm 2(0.060) \rightarrow (0.134, 0.374)$

	REF: 061913aii	NAT: S.IC.B.5	TOP: Analysis of I	Data
31	ANS: 3	REF: 081909aii	NAT: F.LE.A.2	TOP: Sequences

- KEY: recursive
- 32 ANS: 2

$$x = \frac{2 \pm \sqrt{(-2)^2 - 4(5)(4)}}{2(5)} = \frac{2 \pm \sqrt{-76}}{10} = \frac{2 \pm i\sqrt{4}\sqrt{19}}{10} = \frac{1}{5} \pm \frac{i\sqrt{19}}{5}$$

REF: 011905aii NAT: A.REI.B.4 TOP: Solving Quadratics KEY: complex solutions | quadratic formula

33 ANS: 2

$$2 - \frac{x-1}{x+2}$$

 $1 + \frac{x+2}{x+2} - \frac{x-1}{x+2}$
 $1 + \frac{x+2-(x-1)}{x+2}$
 $1 + \frac{3}{x+2}$

REF: 081907aii NAT: A.APR.D.7 TOP: Addition and Subtraction of Rationals 34 ANS: 1

 $x^2 + 2x + 1 = (x+1)^2$

REF: 011919aii NAT: A.APR.B.3 TOP: Graphing Polynomial Functions
35 ANS: 2 REF: 081802aii NAT: S.IC.B.3 TOP: Analysis of Data KEY: type

36 ANS: 4

 $(a+b+c)^{2} = a^{2} + ab + ac + ab + b^{2} + bc + ac + ab + c^{2}$ $x = a^{2} + b^{2} + c^{2} + 2(ab + bc + ac)$ x = y + 2z

REF: 061822aii NAT: A.APR.C.4 TOP: Polynomial Identities 37 ANS: 1

0.02275	1

REF: 081919aii NAT: S.ID.A.4 TOP: Normal Distributions KEY: percent

38 ANS: 4

 $(x-y)^{2} = x^{2} - 2xy + y^{2} (x+y)^{3} = x^{3} + 3x^{2}y + 3xy^{2} + y^{3}$

REF: 061902aii NAT: A.APR.C.4 TOP: Polynomial Identities 39 ANS: 1 $84.1\% \times 750 \approx 631$

REF: 011923aii NAT: S.ID.A.4 TOP: Normal Distributions KEY: predict

40 ANS: 1

$$x - \frac{4}{x-1} = 2 \qquad x = \frac{3 \pm \sqrt{(-3)^2 - 4(1)(-2)}}{2(1)} = \frac{3 \pm \sqrt{17}}{2}$$

$$x(x-1) - 4 = 2(x-1)$$

$$x^2 - x - 4 = 2x - 2$$

$$x^2 - 3x - 2 = 0$$
REF: 011812aii NAT: A.REI.A.2 TOP: Solving Rationals
KEY: rational solutions
41 ANS: 4

$$1.06^{\frac{1}{52}}$$
REF: 061924aii NAT: F.BF.A.1 TOP: Modeling Exponential Functions
42 ANS: 1

$$(x^{\frac{3}{2}})^2 = x^3$$
REF: 061908aii NAT: N.RN.A.2 TOP: Radicals and Rational Exponents
KEY: variables
43 ANS: 1

$$100\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{\frac{1}{8}} = 100e^{4d}$$

$$\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{\frac{1}{8}} = e^k$$

$$k \approx -0.087$$
REF: 061818aii NAT: A.SSE.B.3 TOP: Modeling Exponential Functions
44 ANS: 4

$$x(x-2)\left(\frac{10}{x^2-2x} + \frac{4}{x} = \frac{5}{x-2}\right) 2 \text{ is extraneous.}$$

$$10 + 4(x-2) = 5x$$

$$10 + 4(x-2) = 5x$$

$$10 + 4x - 8 = 5x$$

$$2 = x$$
REF: 081915aii NAT: A.REI.A.2 TOP: Solving Rationals

KEY: rational solutions

45 ANS: 4 $\frac{5+9}{2} = 7$, vertex: (-2,7); p = 7-9 = -2, $y = \frac{1}{4(-2)} (x+2)^2 + 7$ $y - 7 = \frac{1}{-8} (x+2)^2$ $-8(y-7) = (x+2)^2$

REF:061821aiiNAT:G.GPE.A.2TOP:Graphing Quadratic Functions46ANS:2REF:061917aiiNAT:F.LE.B.5TOP:Modeling Exponential Functions47ANS:3

$$(x + 4)^{2} - 10 = 3x + 6 \quad y = 3(-5) + 6 = -9$$
$$x^{2} + 8x + 16 - 10 = 3x + 6 \quad y = 3(0) + 6 = 6$$
$$x^{2} + 5x = 0$$
$$x(x + 5) = 0$$
$$x = -5, 0$$

REF: 061903aii NAT: A.REI.C.7 TOP: Quadratic-Linear Systems 48 ANS: 3

The vertex is (-3,5) and p = 2. $y = \frac{-1}{4(2)} (x+3)^2 + 5$

REF: 011914aii NAT: G.GPE.A.2 TOP: Graphing Quadratic Functions 49 ANS: 3

1.1	*Doc	PAD 🚺 🗙
Define $t(a) = \frac{1}{0.01}$	$\frac{a}{05} \cdot \ln\left(\frac{a}{5000}\right)$	Done
r(8000)-r(6000)		0.013699
8000-6000 1		
t(12000)-t(9000 12000-9000	<u>)</u>	0.009133

	REF: 081922aii	NAT: F.IF.B.6	TOP: Rate of Change
50	ANS: 3	REF: 061901aii	NAT: S.IC.B.3 TOP: Analysis of Data
	KEY: type		
51	ANS: 4	REF: 011805aii	NAT: F.LE.B.5 TOP: Modeling Exponential Functions
52	ANS: 1		
	$1240(1.06)^x = 890(2)$	$1.11)^{x}$	

 $x \approx 7$

REF: 061814aii NAT: A.REI.D.11 TOP: Other Systems

53 ANS: 2

$$x = \frac{y}{y+2}$$

$$xy + 2x = y$$

$$xy - y = -2x$$

$$y(x-1) = -2x$$

$$y = \frac{-2x}{x-1}$$
REF: 081924aii NAT: F.BF.B.4 TOP: Inverse of Functions
KEY: other
54 ANS: 4
 $1 + \frac{.009}{.122} = 1.00075$
REF: 011918aii NAT: A.SSE.B.3 TOP: Modeling Exponential Functions
55 ANS: 3 REF: 061906aii NAT: F.LE.A.2 TOP: Families of Functions
56 ANS: 4
 $2x-1 \int \frac{5x^2 + x - 3}{10x^3 - 3x^2 - 7x + 3}$

$$\frac{10x^3 - 5x^2}{.2x^2 - 7x}$$

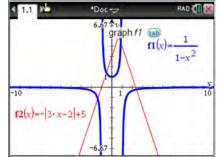
$$-6x + 3$$

$$\frac{2x^2 - x}{.6x + 3}$$
REF: 011809aii NAT: A.APR.D.6 TOP: Rational Expressions
KEY: division
57 ANS: 1 REF: 081813aii NAT: A.SSE.B.4 TOP: Series
58 ANS: 3

$$\frac{2}{x^3 - x^2} = \frac{4}{x^6} - \frac{x^6}{x^6} = x^{\frac{16}{3}} = x^{\frac{18}{3}}$$
REF: 081812aii NAT: N.RN.A.2 TOP: Operations with Radicals
KEY: with variables, index > 2

60 ANS: 4 $0.48 \cdot 0.25 = 0.12$ REF: 061811aii NAT: S.CP.A.2 TOP: Probability of Compound Events KEY: probability 61 ANS: 2 $1.00643^{12} \approx 1.08$ REF: 081808aii NAT: A.SSE.B.3 **TOP:** Modeling Exponential Functions 62 ANS: 4 $5000 \left(1 + \frac{.035}{12}\right)^{12 \cdot 6} \approx 6166.50$ REF: 081917aii NAT: A.CED.A.1 TOP: Exponential Growth 63 ANS: 3 REF: 061824aii NAT: A.CED.A.1 TOP: Modeling Rationals 64 ANS: 4 $S_7 = \frac{85000 - 85000(1.06)^7}{1 - 1.06} \approx 713476.20$ REF: 061905aii TOP: Series NAT: A.SSE.B.4 65 ANS: 1 $x - \frac{20}{x} = 8$ $x^2 - 8x - 20 = 0$ (x-10)(x+2) = 0x = 10, -2

REF: 061916aii NAT: A.CED.A.1 TOP: Modeling Rationals 66 ANS: 4



REF: 011924aii NAT: A.REI.D.11 TOP: Other Systems

67 ANS: 1 $-\sqrt{1 - \left(-\frac{3}{4}\right)^2} = -\sqrt{\frac{16}{16} - \frac{9}{16}} = -\sqrt{\frac{7}{16}} = -\frac{\sqrt{7}}{4}$ REF: 081905aii NAT: F.TF.C.8 **TOP:** Determining Trigonometric Functions 68 ANS: 3 $1^{3} - k(1)^{2} + 2(1) = 0$ k = 3REF: 061812aii NAT: A.SSE.A.2 **TOP:** Factoring Polynomials KEY: higher power 69 ANS: 2 $4x \bullet x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 2x^{\frac{5}{3}} = 4x^{\frac{5}{3}} + 2x^{\frac{5}{3}} = 6x^{\frac{5}{3}} = 6\sqrt[3]{x^5}$ REF: 061820aii NAT: N.RN.A.2 **TOP:** Operations with Radicals KEY: with variables, index > 270 ANS: 2 REF: 081908aii NAT: F.IF.B.4 **TOP:** Graphing Polynomial Functions 71 ANS: 1 $(x+7)(x-1) = x^{2} + 6x - 7 = x^{2} + 6x + 9 - 7 - 9 = (x+3)^{2} - 16$ **TOP:** Polynomial Identities REF: 061808aii NAT: A.APR.C.4 72 ANS: 4 REF: 011801aii NAT: S.IC.B.3 TOP: Analysis of Data KEY: bias 73 ANS: 4 REF: 081810aii NAT: F.BF.A.2 **TOP:** Sequences 74 ANS: 2 $y = \frac{1}{2}x + 8$ $x = \frac{1}{2}y + 8$ 2x = y + 16y = 2x - 16REF: 081806aii NAT: F.BF.B.4 **TOP:** Inverse of Functions KEY: linear 75 ANS: 3 $(x+3i)^{2} - (2x-3i)^{2} = x^{2} + 6xi + 9i^{2} - (4x^{2} - 12xi + 9i^{2}) = -3x^{2} + 18xi$ REF: 061805aii NAT: N.CN.A.2 TOP: Operations with Complex Numbers

76 ANS: 4 $3x - (-2x + 14) = 16 \ 3(6) - 4z = 2$ 5x = 30 -4z = -16x = 6z = 4TOP: Solving Linear Systems REF: 011803aii NAT: A.REI.C.6 KEY: three variables 77 ANS: 2 $S_{20} = \frac{.01 - .01(3)^{20}}{1 - 3} = 17,433,922$ REF: 011822aii TOP: Series NAT: A.SSE.B.4 78 ANS: 2 x = 4y + 5x - 5 = 4y $\frac{1}{4}x - \frac{5}{4} = y$ **TOP:** Inverse of Functions REF: 061909aii NAT: F.BF.B.4 KEY: linear 79 ANS: 1 The cosine function has been translated +3. Since the maximum is 5 and the minimum is 1, the amplitude is 2. $\frac{\pi}{3} = \frac{2\pi}{b}.$ *b* = 6 REF: 011913aii NAT: F.TF.B.5 **TOP:** Modeling Trigonometric Functions 80 ANS: 2 (1) $0.4 \cdot 0.3 \neq 0.2$, (2) $0.8 \cdot 0.25 = 0.2$, (3) P(A|B) = P(A) = 0.2, (4) $0.2 \neq 0.15 \cdot 0.05$ $0.2 \neq 0.2 \cdot 0.2$ NAT: S.CP.A.3 **TOP:** Conditional Probability REF: 011912aii 81 ANS: 2 REF: 061802aii NAT: F.IF.C.7 **TOP:** Graphing Exponential Functions 82 ANS: 4 $a = \frac{14-4}{2} = 5, d = \frac{14+4}{2} = 9$ REF: 061810aii NAT: F.TF.B.5 TOP: Modeling Trigonometric Functions 83 ANS: 4 REF: 061907aii NAT: A.APR.B.2 TOP: Remainder Theorem

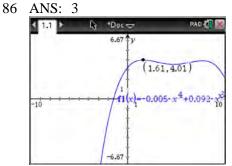
84 ANS: 4

$$\frac{n}{m} = \frac{\sqrt{a^5}}{a} = \frac{a^{\frac{5}{2}}}{a^{\frac{2}{2}}} = a^{\frac{3}{2}} = \sqrt{a^3}$$

REF: 011811aii NAT: N.RN.A.2 KEY: variables

TOP: Radicals and Rational Exponents

85 ANS: 1



REF: 081903aii

NAT: F.LE.A.2 **TOP:** Families of Functions

REF: 011817aii NAT: F.IF.B.4 87 ANS: 3

TOP: Graphing Polynomial Functions

 $1.04^{\frac{1}{12}}\approx 1.0032737$

REF: 011906aii NAT: A.SSE.B.3 TOP: Modeling Exponential Functions 88 ANS: 4

The maximum of p is 5. The minimum of f is $-\frac{21}{4}$ $(x = \frac{-6}{2(4)} = -\frac{3}{4}$ (a)(21) $(2)^{2}$ (2)1

$$f\left(-\frac{3}{4}\right) = 4\left(-\frac{3}{4}\right) + 6\left(-\frac{3}{4}\right) - 3 = 4\left(\frac{9}{16}\right) - \frac{18}{4} - \frac{12}{4} = -\frac{21}{4}, \frac{20}{4} - \left(-\frac{21}{4}\right) = \frac{41}{4} = 10.25$$

REF: 011922aii NAT: F.IF.C.9 89 ANS: 2

TOP: Comparing Functions

$$u = x + 2 \qquad u^{2} + 4u + 3$$
$$(u + 3)(u + 1)$$
$$(x + 2 + 3)(x + 2 + 1)$$
$$(x + 5)(x + 3)$$

REF: 081901aii NAT: A.SSE.A.2 **TOP:** Factoring Polynomials KEY: higher power

90 ANS: 2

 $x^{2} + 4x - 1 = x - 3 \quad y + 3 = -1$ $x^{2} + 3x + 2 = 0 \qquad y = -4$ (x + 2)(x + 1) = 0x = -2, -1

REF: 061801aii NAT: A.REI.C.7 TOP: Quadratic-Linear Systems 91 ANS: 2

 $x + y - z = 6 \qquad 2x + 2y - 2z = 12 \qquad 5y - 4z = 31 \qquad 5y - 2(-4) = 23 \qquad x + 3 - (-4) = 6$ $-x + 4y - z = 17 \qquad 2x - 3y + 2z = -19 \qquad 5y - 2z = 23 \qquad 5y = 15 \qquad x = -1$ $5y - 2z = 23 \qquad 5y - 4z = 31 \qquad -2z = 8 \qquad y = 3$ z = -4

REF: 061923aii NAT: A.REI.C.6 TOP: Solving Linear Systems KEY: three variables

92 ANS: 1

$$9110 = 5000e^{30r}$$
$$\ln \frac{911}{500} = \ln e^{30r}$$
$$\frac{\ln \frac{911}{500}}{30} = r$$

r ≈.02

REF: 011810aii NAT: F.LE.A.4 TOP: Exponential Growth

93 ANS: 4

 $f(x) = (x+1)(x-1)(x-2) = (x^2 - 1)(x-2) = x^3 - 2x^2 - x + 2$

REF: 081921aii NAT: A.APR.B.3 **TOP:** Graphing Polynomial Functions 94 ANS: 4 REF: 061921aii NAT: A.APR.B.3 TOP: Graphing Polynomial Functions 95 ANS: 3 $T(19) = 8\sin(0.3(19) - 3) + 74 \approx 77$ REF: 061922aii NAT: F.TF.A.2 **TOP:** Determining Trigonometric Functions KEY: radians 96 ANS: 2 REF: 061804aii NAT: S.ID.B.6 TOP: Regression KEY: choose model 97 ANS: 4 The vertex is (2,2) and p = 3. 3 + 2 = 5REF: 081823aii NAT: G.GPE.A.2 **TOP:** Graphing Quadratic Functions

98 ANS: 4

$$\frac{2}{x} = \frac{4x}{x+3}$$

$$2x+6 = 4x^{2}$$

$$4x^{2} - 2x - 6 = 0$$

$$2(2x^{2} - x - 3) = 0$$

$$(2x-3)(x+1) = 0$$

$$x = \frac{3}{2}, -1$$

100 101	REF: 061809aii ANS: 3 ANS: 4 ANS: 2 KEY: bias ANS: 3 $8r^3 = 216 S_{12} = \frac{8-3}{1}r^3 = 27$	NAT: A.REI.A.2 REF: 081819aii REF: 081824aii REF: 011910aii $\frac{8(3)^{12}}{-3} = 2125760$	NAT: S.CP.A.3 TOP:	Other Systems Conditional Probability Analysis of Data
	<i>r</i> = 3			
103 104	ANS: 4 KEY: type	NAT: A.SSE.B.4 REF: 081906aii	TOP: Series NAT: S.IC.B.3 TOP:	Analysis of Data
105	REF: 081818aii ANS: 2 f(x) = f(-x) $x^{2} - 4 = (-x)^{2} - 4$ $x^{2} - 4 = x^{2} - 4$	NAT: S.CP.A.1	TOP: Venn Diagrams	
	REF: 061806aii	NAT: F.BF.B.3	TOP: Even and Odd Funct	ions

 $\frac{2}{3x+1} = \frac{1}{x} - \frac{6x}{3x+1} - \frac{1}{3}$ is extraneous. $\frac{6x+2}{3x+1} = \frac{1}{x}$ $6x^2 + 2x = 3x + 1$ $6x^2 - x - 1 = 0$ (2x-1)(3x+1) = 0 $x = \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{3}$ REF: 011915aii NAT: A.REI.A.2 **TOP:** Solving Rationals 107 ANS: 4 $a_1 = 2.5 + 0.5(1) = 3$ REF: 011916aii NAT: F.BF.A.2 **TOP:** Sequences 108 ANS: 4 $120 = 68 + (195 - 68)e^{-0.05t}$ $52 = 127e^{-0.05t}$ $\ln \frac{52}{127} = \ln e^{-0.05t}$ $\ln \frac{52}{127} = -0.05t$ $\frac{\ln \frac{52}{127}}{-0.05} = t$ $18 \approx t$ REF: 081918aii NAT: F.LE.A.4 TOP: Exponential Decay 109 ANS: 3 $\frac{c^2 - d^2}{d^2 + cd - 2c^2} = \frac{(c+d)(c-d)}{(d+2c)(d-c)} = \frac{-(c+d)}{d+2c} = \frac{-c-d}{d+2c}$ REF: 011818aii NAT: A.APR.D.6 TOP: Rational Expressions KEY: factoring NAT: F.IF.C.7 110 ANS: 4 REF: 081912aii **TOP:** Graphing Trigonometric Functions KEY: mixed 111 ANS: 4 $p(5) = 2(5)^3 - 3(5) + 5 = 240$ REF: 011819aii NAT: A.APR.B.2 TOP: Remainder Theorem

106 ANS: 3

112 ANS: 4 $\log_2(x-1) - 1 = 0$ $\log_2(x-1) = 1$ $x - 1 = 2^1$ x = 3

REF: 061819aii NAT: F.IF.C.7 TOP: Graphing Logarithmic Functions 113 ANS: 1

$$6 - (3x - 2i)(3x - 2i) = 6 - (9x^2 - 12xi + 4i^2) = 6 - 9x^2 + 12xi + 4 = -9x^2 + 12xi + 10$$

REF: 061915aii NAT: N.CN.A.2 TOP: Operations with Complex Numbers 114 ANS: 3

 $x^{2} + (2x)^{2} = 5 \qquad y = 2x = \pm 2$ $x^{2} + 4x^{2} = 5$ $5x^{2} = 5$ $x = \pm 1$

REF: 081916aii NAT: A.REI.C.7 TOP: Quadratic-Linear Systems 115 ANS: 3 $x^2 - 4x - 5 = 4x^2 - 40x + 100$

 $3x^{2} - 36x + 105 = 0$ $x^{2} - 12x + 35 = 0$ (x - 7)(x - 5) = 0x = 5,7

REF: 081807aii NAT: A.REI.A.2 TOP: Solving Radicals

KEY: extraneous solutions

116 ANS: 4

(1) quadratic has two roots and both are real (-2,0) and (-0.5,0), (2) $x = \pm \sqrt{32} - 3$, (3) the real root is 3, with a multiplicity of 2, (4) $x = \pm 4i$

REF: 011909aii NAT: A.REI.B.4 TOP: Using the Discriminant KEY: determine nature of roots given equation, graph, table

117 ANS: 3

$$\sqrt{x+1} = x+1$$

 $x+1 = x^2 + 2x + 1$
 $0 = x^2 + x$
 $0 = x(x+1)$
 $x = -1, 0$

REF: 011802aii NAT: A.REI.A.2 TOP: Solving Radicals KEY: extraneous solutions

118 ANS: 2

If
$$\cos \theta = \frac{7}{25}$$
, $\sin \theta = \pm \frac{24}{25}$, and $\tan \theta = \frac{\sin \theta}{\cos \theta} = \frac{-\frac{24}{25}}{\frac{7}{25}} = -\frac{24}{7}$

REF: 081811aii NAT: F.TF.C.8 TOP: Determining Trigonometric Functions 119 ANS: 1

$$3x + 1 \overline{\smash{\big)}\ 9x^2 + 0x - 2}$$

$$9x^2 + 0x - 2$$

$$9x^2 + 3x$$

$$-3x - 2$$

$$-3x - 1$$

$$-1$$

REF: 081910aii NAT: A.APR.D.6 TOP: Rational Expressions KEY: division

120 ANS: 1

$$-4(-1) - 3 = 1 \quad 8 = \frac{2\pi}{b}$$
$$b = \frac{\pi}{4}$$

REF: 081820aii NAT: F.IF.B.4 TOP: Graphing Trigonometric Functions KEY: maximum/minimum

121 ANS: 1

The time of the next high tide will be the midpoint of consecutive low tides.

REF: 011907aii	NAT: F.IF.C.7	TOP: Graphing Trigonometric Functions	
KEY: mixed			
122 ANS: 1	REF: 011814aii	NAT: A.REI.D.11 TOP: Other Systems	

123 ANS: 3 $\frac{x^2(x+2)-9(x+2)}{x\left(x^2-x-6\right)} = \frac{\left(x^2-9\right)(x+2)}{x(x-3)(x+2)} = \frac{(x+3)(x-3)}{x(x-3)} = \frac{x+3}{x}$ REF: 061803aii NAT: A.APR.D.6 TOP: Rational Expressions KEY: factoring 124 ANS: 3 REF: 011917aii NAT: F.BF.B.4 **TOP:** Inverse of Functions KEY: other 125 ANS: 3 $-3 + 5i - \left(4 + 24i - 2i - 12i^{2}\right) = -3 + 5i - (16 + 22i) = -19 - 17i$ REF: 081815aii NAT: N.CN.A.2 TOP: Operations with Complex Numbers 126 ANS: 4 $\frac{x^2 - 4x}{2x} = \frac{x(x-4)}{2x} = \frac{x-4}{2} = \frac{x}{2} - 2 \frac{x-1}{2} - \frac{3}{2} = \frac{x-1-3}{2} = \frac{x-4}{2}$ REF: 011921aii NAT: A.APR.D.6 TOP: Rational Expressions KEY: factoring 127 ANS: 2 $P(B) \cdot P(A|B) = P(A \text{ and } B)$ $P(B) \cdot 0.8 = 0.2$ P(B) = 0.25NAT: S.CP.A.3 TOP: Conditional Probability REF: 081913aii 128 ANS: 3 $440 \times 2.3\% \approx 10$ REF: 011807aii NAT: S.ID.A.4 TOP: Normal Distributions KEY: predict 129 ANS: 2 $b^2 = 2b^2 - 64 - 8$ is extraneous. $-b^2 = -64$ $b = \pm 8$ NAT: A.REI.A.2 TOP: Solving Radicals REF: 061919aii KEY: extraneous solutions 130 ANS: 2 REF: 081911aii NAT: F.BF.B.3 TOP: Even and Odd Functions 131 ANS: 1 $(2x-i)^2 - (2x-i)(2x+3i)$ (2x-i)[(2x-i) - (2x+3i)] (2x-i)(-4i) $-8xi + 4i^2$ -8xi - 4

- REF:
 011911aii
 NAT:
 N.CN.A.2

 132
 ANS:
 4
 REF:
 011808aii
- TOP: Operations with Complex Numbers NAT: A.SSE.B.3 TOP: Modeling Exponential Functions

133 ANS: 2



REF: 061817aii NAT: S.ID.A.4 TOP: Normal Distributions KEY: probability

134 ANS: 3

$$x = \frac{-2 \pm \sqrt{2^2 - 4(3)(7)}}{2(3)} = \frac{-2 \pm \sqrt{-80}}{6} = \frac{-2 \pm i\sqrt{16}\sqrt{5}}{6} = -\frac{1}{3} \pm \frac{2i\sqrt{5}}{3}$$

REF: 081809aii NAT: A.REI.B.4 TOP: Solving Quadratics KEY: complex solutions | quadratic formula

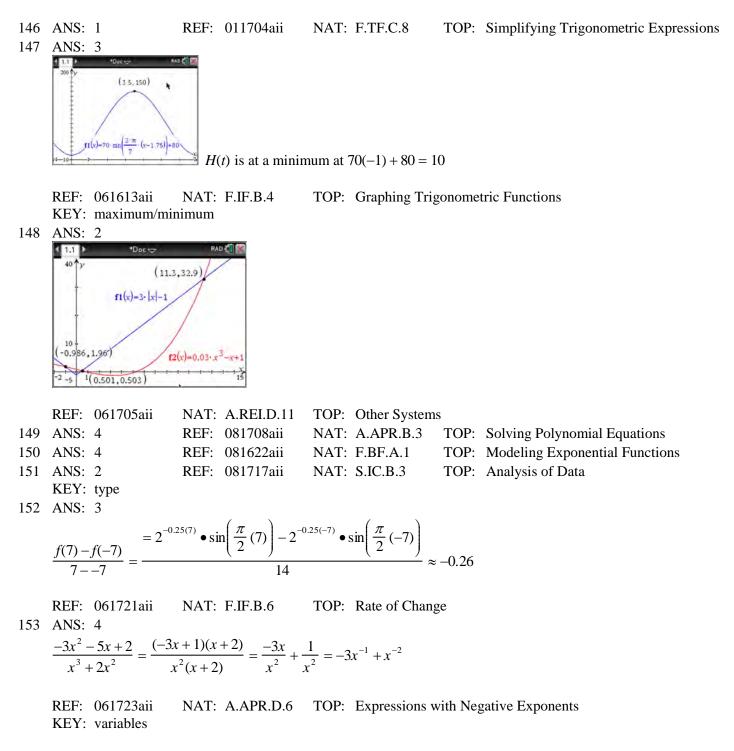
135 ANS: 1

 $1.025^{\frac{1}{12}} \approx 1.00206$

REF: 081924aii NAT: A.SSE.B.3 TOP: Modeling Exponential Functions 136 ANS: 2 REF: 011820aii NAT: S.IC.A.2 TOP: Analysis of Data 137 ANS: 3 $y = x^3 - 2$ $x = y^3 - 2$ $x + 2 = y^3$ $\sqrt[3]{x+2} = y$ REF: 061815aii NAT: F.BF.B.4 **TOP:** Inverse of Functions KEY: other 138 ANS: 1 REF: 011902aii NAT: F.IF.C.7 TOP: Graphing Logarithmic Functions

139	ANS: 2 $P = \frac{2\pi}{\frac{\pi}{45}} = 90$							
	REF: 081822aii KEY: period	NAT: F.IF.C.7	TOP: Graphing Trigonometric Functions					
140 141	ANS: 3 ANS: 2	REF: 011824aii	NAT: F.BF.A.2 TOP: Sequences					
171	$n^{2}(n^{2}-9) + 4n(n^{2}-9) - 12(n^{2}-9)$							
	$\left(n^2 + 4n - 12\right)$	$2\left(n^2-9\right)$						
	(n+6)(n-2)(n-2)(n-2)(n-2)(n-2)(n-2)(n-2)(n-2	(n+3)(n-3)						
	REF: 061911aii KEY: factoring by g	NAT: A.SSE.A.2 grouping	TOP: Factoring Polynomials					
142	ANS: 2 x = -6(y - 2)							
	$-\frac{x}{6} = y - 2$							
	$-\frac{x}{6} + 2 = y$							
	REF: 011821aii KEY: linear	NAT: F.BF.B.4	TOP: Inverse of Functions					
143 144	ANS: 4 ANS: 4	REF: 081803aii	NAT: F.BF.A.1 TOP: Operations with Functions					
- • •	There is no <i>x</i> -interce	pt.						
145	REF: 011823aii ANS: 3	NAT: F.IF.C.7 REF: 061607aii	TOP:Graphing Exponential FunctionsNAT:S.IC.A.2TOP:Analysis of Data					

Algebra II Multiple Choice Regents Exam Questions Answer Section



$$2x^{2} - 3x + 7$$

$$2x + 3\overline{\smash{\big)}} 4x^{3} + 0x^{2} + 5x + 10$$

$$4x^{3} + 6x^{2}$$

$$-6x^{2} + 5x$$

$$-6x^{2} - 9x$$

$$14x + 10$$

$$14x + 21$$

$$-11$$

REF: 061614aii NAT: A.APR.D.6 TOP: Rational Expressions KEY: division 155 ANS: 3 $x^2 + 2x + 1 = -5 + 1$ $(x + 1)^2 = -4$ $x + 1 = \pm 2i$ $x = -1 \pm 2i$

REF: 081703aii NAT: A.REI.B.4 TOP: Solving Quadratics KEY: complex solutions | completing the square

156 ANS: 3 $\frac{1}{J} = \frac{1}{F} - \frac{1}{W}$ $\frac{1}{J} = \frac{W - F}{FW}$ EW

$$I = \frac{FW}{W - F}$$

REF: 081617aii NAT: A.REI.A.2 TOP: Solving Rationals KEY: rational solutions

157 ANS: 4

period = $\frac{2\pi}{B}$ $\frac{1}{60} = \frac{2\pi}{B}$ $B = 120\pi$

REF: 061624aii NAT: F.TF.B.5 TOP: Modeling Trigonometric Functions

158 ANS: 2 (2-yi)(2-yi) = 4-4yi + $y^2i^2 = -y^2 - 4yi + 4$

REF: 061603aii NAT: N.CN.A.2 TOP: Operations with Complex Numbers 159 ANS: 1

$$\begin{array}{r} 2x^{2} + x + 5 \\
2x - 1 \overline{\smash{\big)}} 4x^{3} + 0x^{2} + 9x - 5 \\
 \underbrace{4x^{3} - 2x^{2}} \\
 2x^{2} + 9x \\
 \underline{2x^{2} - x} \\
 10x - 5 \\
 \underline{10x - 5} \\
 \end{array}$$

REF: 081713aii NAT: A.APR.D.6 TOP: Rational Expressions KEY: division

160 ANS: 3

$$-33t^2 + 360t = 700 + 5t$$

 $-33t^2 + 355t - 700 = 0$

$$t = \frac{-355 \pm \sqrt{355^2 - 4(-33)(-700)}}{2(-33)} \approx 3.8$$

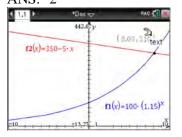
	REF:	081606aii	NAT:	A.REI.D.11	TOP:	Quadratic-Lin	ear Sys	tems
161	ANS:	2	REF:	061724aii	NAT:	A.SSE.B.4	TOP:	Series

162 ANS: 1

II. Ninth graders drive to school less often; III.Students know little about adults; IV. Calculus students love math!

REF: 081602aii NAT: S.IC.B.3 TOP: Analysis of Data KEY: bias

163 ANS: 2



REF: 011716aii NAT: A.REI.D.11 TOP: Other Systems

Since there is no remainder when the quartic is divided by x - 2, this binomial is a factor.

REF: 061711aii NAT: A.APR.B.2 TOP: Remainder Theorem 165 ANS: 1

$$x^{4} - 4x^{3} - 9x^{2} + 36x = 0$$

$$x^{3}(x - 4) - 9x(x - 4) = 0$$

$$(x^{3} - 9x)(x - 4) = 0$$

$$x(x^{2} - 9)(x - 4) = 0$$

$$x(x + 3)(x - 3)(x - 4) = 0$$

$$x = 0, \pm 3, 4$$

REF: 061606aii NAT: A.APR.B.3 TOP: Solving Polynomial Equations 166 ANS: 2

010
2,55719

REF: 081603aii NAT: A.REI.D.11 TOP: Other Systems

167 ANS: 2

The vertex of the parabola is (0,0). The distance, *p*, between the vertex and the focus or the vertex and the directrix is 1. $y = \frac{-1}{4p} (x - h)^2 + k$

$$y = \frac{-1}{4(1)} (x - 0)^{2} + 0$$
$$y = -\frac{1}{4} x^{2}$$

REF: 081706aii NAT: G.GPE.A.2 TOP: Graphing Quadratic Functions

$$\cos \theta = \pm \sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{-\sqrt{2}}{5}\right)^2} = \pm \sqrt{\frac{25}{25} - \frac{2}{25}} = \pm \frac{\sqrt{23}}{5}$$

REF: 061712aii NAT: F.TF.C.8 TOP: Determining Trigonometric Functions 169 ANS: 2

 $x = \frac{y+1}{y-2}$ xy - 2x = y + 1xy - y = 2x + 1y(x-1) = 2x + 1 $y = \frac{2x+1}{x-1}$

REF: 081714aii NAT: F.BF.B.4 TOP: Inverse of Functions KEY: other

170 ANS: 1

$3x^2 + 4x - 1$
$2x+3 6x^3+17x^2+10x+2$
$\frac{6x^3 + 9x^2}{2}$
$8x^2 + 10x$
$8x^2 + 12x$
-2x+2
-2x-3
5

REF: fall1503aii NAT: A.APR.D.6 TOP: Rational Expressions KEY: division

171 ANS: 1

 $x^{2} + 2x - 8 = 0$ (x + 4)(x - 2) = 0 x = -4, 2

REF: 081701aii NAT: A.APR.D.6 TOP: Undefined Rationals

172 ANS: 1 $\frac{2(x-4)}{(x+3)(x-4)} + \frac{3(x+3)}{(x-4)(x+3)} = \frac{2x-2}{x^2 - x - 12}$ 2x - 8 + 3x + 9 = 2x - 23x = -3x = -1REF: 011717aii NAT: A.REI.A.2 **TOP:** Solving Rationals **KEY:** rational solutions 173 ANS: 1 REF: 061701aii NAT: A.APR.B.3 **TOP:** Graphing Polynomial Functions NAT: S.IC.A.2 174 ANS: 3 REF: 061710aii TOP: Analysis of Data 175 ANS: 4 REF: 061706aii NAT: F.IF.B.4 TOP: Graphing Trigonometric Functions 176 ANS: 1 1) let y = x + 2, then $y^2 + 2y - 8$ (y+4)(y-2)(x+2+4)(x+2-2)(x+6)xREF: 081715aii NAT: A.SSE.A.2 **TOP:** Factoring Polynomials KEY: multivariable 177 ANS: 3 $\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{\frac{1}{73.83}}$ ≈ 0.990656 REF: 081710aii NAT: A.SSE.B.3 **TOP:** Modeling Exponential Functions 178 ANS: 4 $m^{5} + m^{3} - 6m = m(m^{4} + m^{2} - 6) = m(m^{2} + 3)(m^{2} - 2)$ REF: 011703aii NAT: A.SSE.A.2 **TOP:** Factoring Polynomials KEY: higher power 179 ANS: 3 REF: 011710aii NAT: F.BF.A.1 TOP: Operations with Functions 180 ANS: 2 *Doc 🗢 < 1.1 × $r_2(x) = \log_{10}(x+1) + 3$ (-0.927,1.86) f1(x)-REF: 011712aii NAT: A.REI.D.11 TOP: Other Systems

181 ANS: 2

$$\frac{x^{2}+0x+1}{x+2}x^{3}+2x^{2}+x+6}$$

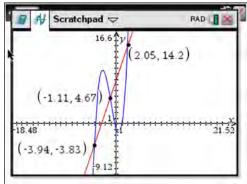
$$\frac{x^{3}+2x^{2}}{0x^{2}+x}$$

$$\frac{0x^{2}+0x}{x+6}$$

$$\frac{x+2}{4}$$

REF: 081611aii NAT: A.APR.D.6 TOP: Rational Expressions KEY: division

182 ANS: 4



REF: 061622aii NAT: A.REI.D.11 TOP: Other Systems 183 ANS: 2

h(x) does not have a y-intercept.

REF: 011719aii NAT: F.IF.C.9 TOP: Comparing Functions 184 ANS: 4 $(x+y)^3 = x^3 + 3x^2y + 3xy^2 + y^3 \neq x^3 + 3xy + y^3$

REF: 081620aii NAT: A.APR.C.4 TOP: Polynomial Identities 185 ANS: 4 REF: 081624aii NAT: F.BF.A.2 TOP: Sequences 186 ANS: 2

$$ME = \left(z\sqrt{\frac{p(1-p)}{n}}\right) = \left(1.96\sqrt{\frac{(0.16)(0.84)}{1334}}\right) \approx 0.02$$

REF: 081716aii NAT: S.IC.B.4 TOP: Analysis of Data

187 ANS: 4 $4(x^2 - 6x + 9) + 4(y^2 + 18y + 81) = 76 + 36 + 324$

 $4(x-3)^2 + 4(y+9)^2 = 436$

REF: 061619aii NAT: G.GPE.A.1 TOP: Equations of Circles

KEY: completing the square

188 ANS: 2

-4 1 -11 16 84 -4 60 -304 1 -15 76

Since there is a remainder when the cubic is divided by x + 4, this binomial is not a factor.

REF: 081720aii NAT: A.APR.B.2 TOP: Remainder Theorem 189 ANS: 3 $\sqrt{56-x} = x$ -8 is extraneous. $56-x = x^2$

$$0 = x^{2} + x - 56$$

$$0 = (x + 8)(x - 7)$$

$$x = 7$$

REF: 061605aii NAT: A.REI.A.2 TOP: Solving Radicals

KEY: extraneous solutions

190 ANS: 3

The graph shows three real zeros, and has end behavior matching the given end behavior.

REF: 061604aii NAT: F.IF.C.7 TOP: Graphing Polynomial Functions KEY: bimodalgraph

191 ANS: 1

 $\frac{157}{25+47+157}$

REF: 081607aii NAT: S.CP.A.4 TOP: Conditional Probability 192 ANS: 2

$$x = -\frac{3}{4}y + 2$$
$$-4x = 3y - 8$$
$$-4x + 8 = 3y$$
$$-\frac{4}{3}x + \frac{8}{3} = y$$

REF: 061616aii NAT: F.BF.B.4 TOP: Inverse of Functions KEY: linear

The graph of $y = \sin x$ is unchanged when rotated 180° about the origin.

TOP: Even and Odd Functions REF: 081614aii NAT: F.BF.B.3 194 ANS: 3 f(x) = -f(x), so f(x) is odd. $g(-x) \neq g(x)$, so g(x) is not even. $g(-x) \neq -g(x)$, so g(x) is not odd. h(-x) = h(x), so h(x) is even. REF: fall1502aii NAT: F.BF.B.3 TOP: Even and Odd Functions 195 ANS: 2 $6xi^{3}(-4xi+5) = -24x^{2}i^{4} + 30xi^{3} = -24x^{2}(1) + 30x(-1) = -24x^{2} - 30xi$ REF: 061704aii NAT: N.CN.A.2 TOP: Operations with Complex Numbers 196 ANS: 1 (1) $\frac{9-0}{2-1} = 9$ (2) $\frac{17-0}{35-1} = 6.8$ (3) $\frac{0-0}{5-1} = 0$ (4) $\frac{17-5}{35-1} \approx 6.3$ REF: 011724aii NAT: F.IF.B.6 TOP: Rate of Change 197 ANS: 3 REF: 011706aii NAT: S.IC.B.3 TOP: Analysis of Data KEY: type 198 ANS: 4 f1(x)=5 * $y = 5^{-t} = \left(\frac{1}{5}\right)^t$ REF: 061615aii NAT: F.IF.C.7 **TOP:** Graphing Exponential Functions 199 ANS: 4 $\frac{m(c)}{g(c)} = \frac{c+1}{1-c^2} = \frac{c+1}{(1+c)(1-c)} = \frac{1}{1-c}$

	REF:	061608aii	NAT: F.BF.A.1	TOP: Operations with Functions
200	ANS:	1	REF: 081722aii	NAT: S.IC.B.6 TOP: Analysis of Data

201 ANS: 1

$$8(2^{x+3}) = 48$$

$$2^{x+3} = 6$$

$$(x+3) \ln 2 = \ln 6$$

$$x+3 = \frac{\ln 6}{\ln 2}$$

$$x = \frac{\ln 6}{\ln 2} - \frac{1}{\ln 2}$$

REF: 061702aii NAT: F.LE.A.4 KEY: without common base

3

TOP: Exponential Equations

202 ANS: 3



REF: 081604aii NAT: S.ID.A.4 KEY: probability



TOP: Normal Distributions

203 ANS: 1



REF: 081711aii NAT: S.ID.A.4

KEY: percent 204 ANS: 4

 $496 \pm 2(115)$

REF: 011718aii NAT: S.ID.A.4 TOP: Normal Distributions KEY: interval

205 ANS: 2 REF: 011701aii NAT: F.IF.B.4 TOP: Graphing Trigonometric Functions 206 ANS: 3 $(m - 2)^2(m + 2) - (m^2 - 4m + 4)(m + 2) - m^3 + 2m^2 - 4m^2 - 12m + 4m + 12 - m^3 - m^2 - 8m + 12$

 $(m-2)^{2}(m+3) = (m^{2} - 4m + 4)(m+3) = m^{3} + 3m^{2} - 4m^{2} - 12m + 4m + 12 = m^{3} - m^{2} - 8m + 12$

REF:081605aiiNAT:A.SSE.A.2TOP:Factoring PolynomialsKEY:factoring by grouping707ANS:3REF:081705aiiNAT:F.IF.B.4TOP:Graphing Trigonometric Functions

KEY: increasing/decreasing

$$P(28) = 5(2)^{\overline{28}} \approx 56$$

98

REF: 011702aii NAT: F.LE.A.2 TOP: Modeling Exponential Functions 209 ANS: 4 $\left(2 \right)^{\frac{2}{2}}$ $\frac{2}{3}$ $\frac{18}{3}$ $\frac{2}{2}$

$$\left(\frac{-54x^9}{y^4}\right)^{\overline{3}} = \frac{(2\cdot-27)^3 x^3}{\frac{8}{y^3}} = \frac{2^{\overline{3}} \cdot 9x^6}{y^2 \cdot y^{\overline{3}}} = \frac{9x^6 \sqrt[3]{4}}{y^2 \sqrt[3]{y^2}}$$

REF: 081723aii NAT: N.RN.A.2 TOP: Radicals and Rational Exponents KEY: variables 210 ANS: 1

$$\frac{A}{P} = e^{rt}$$

$$0.42 = e^{rt}$$

$$\ln 0.42 = \ln e^{rt}$$

$$-0.87\approx rt$$

REF: 011723aii NAT: F.BF.A.1 TOP: Modeling Exponential Functions 211 ANS: 4

$$d = 32(.8)^{b-1}$$
 $S_n = \frac{32 - 32(.8)^{12}}{1 - .8} \approx 149$

	REF: 081721aii	NAT: A.SSE.B.4	TOP: Series		
212	ANS: 3	REF: 011708aii	NAT: F.BF.B.4	TOP:	Inverse of Functions
	KEY: other				

213 ANS: 3

Since x + 4 is a factor of p(x), there is no remainder.

REF: 081621aii NAT: A.APR.B.2 TOP: Remainder Theorem

214 ANS: 1

The probability of rain equals the probability of rain, given that Sean pitches.

REF: 061611aii NAT: S.CP.A.3 TOP: Conditional Probability

 $x(x+7)\left[\frac{3x+25}{x+7} - 5 = \frac{3}{x}\right]$ x(3x+25) - 5x(x+7) = 3(x+7) $3x^{2} + 25x - 5x^{2} - 35x = 3x + 21$ $2x^{2} + 13x + 21 = 0$ (2x+7)(x+3) = 0 $x = -\frac{7}{2}, -3$

REF: fall1501aii NAT: A.REI.A.2 TOP: Solving Rationals KEY: rational solutions

216 ANS: 2

Combining (1) and (3): -6c = -18 Combining (1) and (2): 5a + 3c = -1 Using (3): -(-2) - 5b - 5(3) = 2 c = 3 5a + 3(3) = -1 2 - 5b - 15 = 2 5a = -10 b = -3a = -2REF: 081623aii NAT: A.REI.C.6 TOP: Solving Linear Systems

KEY: three variables 217 ANS: 3 REF: 061623aii NAT: F.BF.A.2 TOP: Sequences 218 ANS: 2 REF: 011720aii NAT: A.APR.B.2 TOP: Remainder Theorem 219 ANS: 3 $0.75^{\frac{1}{10}} \approx .9716$ REF: 061713aii NAT: A.SSE.B.3 TOP: Modeling Exponential Functions 220 ANS: 1

The car lost approximately 19% of its value each year.

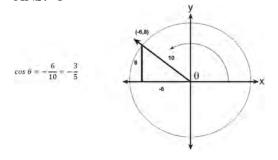
REF: 081613aii NAT: F.LE.B.5 TOP: Modeling Exponential Functions

221 ANS: 4

$$4x^{2} = -98$$

 $x^{2} = -\frac{98}{4}$
 $x^{2} = -\frac{49}{2}$
 $x = \pm \sqrt{-\frac{49}{2}} = \pm \frac{7i}{\sqrt{2}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}} = \pm \frac{7i\sqrt{2}}{2}$

	REF:	061707aii	NAT:	A.REI.B.4	TOP:	Solving Quad	ratics	
	KEY:	complex solut	ions ta	aking square ro	ots			
222	ANS:	4	REF:	061601aii	NAT:	N.RN.A.2	TOP:	Radicals and Rational Exponents
	KEY:	variables						
223	ANS:	1	REF:	061708aii	NAT:	F.TF.B.5	TOP:	Modeling Trigonometric Functions
224	ANS:	2	REF:	061620aii	NAT:	F.IF.B.4	TOP:	Graphing Polynomial Functions
225	ANS:	1						



NAT: F.TF.A.2

TOP: Determining Trigonometric Functions

226 ANS: 2

$$\left(m^{\frac{5}{3}}\right)^{-\frac{1}{2}} = m^{-\frac{5}{6}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt[6]{m^5}}$$

-

KEY: extension to reals

REF: 061617aii

REF: 011707aii NAT: N.RN.A.2 TOP: Radicals and Rational Exponents KEY: variables

227 ANS: 4

$$x = \frac{8 \pm \sqrt{(-8)^2 - 4(6)(29)}}{2(6)} = \frac{8 \pm \sqrt{-632}}{12} = \frac{8 \pm i\sqrt{4}\sqrt{158}}{12} = \frac{2}{3} \pm \frac{1}{6}i\sqrt{158}$$

REF: 011711aii NAT: A.REI.B.4 TOP: Solving Quadratics KEY: complex solutions | quadratic formula

$$B(t) = 750 \left(1.16^{\frac{1}{12}} \right)^{12t} \approx 750(1.012)^{12t} \quad B(t) = 750 \left(1 + \frac{0.16}{12} \right)^{12t}$$
 is wrong, because the growth is an annual rate

that is not compounded monthly.

REF: spr1504aii NAT: A.SSE.B.3 TOP: Modeling Exponential Functions 229 ANS: 3

$$d = 10\log\frac{6.3 \times 10^{-3}}{1.0 \times 10^{-12}} \approx 98$$

REF:011715aiiNAT:F.IF.B.4TOP:Evaluating Logarithmic Expressions230ANS:4REF:081718aiiNAT:F.IF.C.7TOP:Graphing Trigonometric FunctionsKEY:amplitudeAmplitudeAmplitudeAmplitudeAmplitudeAmplitudeAmplitude

231 ANS: 4

$$y = g(x) = (x-2)^{2} \qquad (x-2)^{2} = 3x-2 \quad y = 3(6)-2 = 16$$
$$x^{2}-4x+4 = 3x-2 \quad y = 3(1)-2 = 1$$
$$x^{2}-7x+6 = 0$$
$$(x-6)(x-1) = 0$$
$$x = 6, 1$$

REF: 011705aii NAT: A.REI.C.7 TOP: Quadratic-Linear Systems

232 ANS: 2

The 2010 population is 110 million.

REF: 061718aii NAT: F.LE.B.5 TOP: Modeling Exponential Functions

233 ANS: 3

The pattern suggests an exponential pattern, not linear or sinusoidal. A 4% growth rate is accurate, while a 43% growth rate is not.

REF: 011713aii NAT: S.ID.B.6 TOP: Regression KEY: choose model 234 ANS: 3 REF: 061720aii NAT: F.LE.A.2 TOP: Sequences KEY: explicit 235 ANS: 1 $(x+3)^2 + (2x-4)^2 = 8$ $b^2 - 4ac$

 $x^{2} + 6x + 9 + 4x^{2} - 16x + 16 = 8 \quad 100 - 4(5)(17) < 0$ $5x^{2} - 10x + 17 = 0$

REF: 081719aii NAT: A.REI.C.7 TOP: Quadratic-Linear Systems

236 ANS: 3 $\frac{17,000(0.8)^3 - 17,000(0.8)^1}{3 - 1} \approx -2450$ $\log_{0.8}\left(\frac{V}{17000}\right) = t$ $0.8^t = \frac{V}{17000}$ $V = 17000(0.8)^{t}$ REF: 081709aii NAT: F.IF.B.6 TOP: Rate of Change 237 ANS: 2 REF: 011709aii NAT: S.IC.B.5 TOP: Analysis of Data 238 ANS: 4 $(1) \frac{B(60) - B(10)}{60 - 10} \approx 28\% \quad (2) \frac{B(69) - B(19)}{69 - 19} \approx 33\% \quad (3) \frac{B(72) - B(36)}{72 - 36} \approx 38\% \quad (4) \frac{B(73) - B(60)}{73 - 60} \approx 46\%$ REF: 011721aii NAT: F.IF.B.6 TOP: Rate of Change 239 ANS: 4 REF: 081707aii NAT: F.TF.A.2 **TOP:** Reference Angles KEY: bimodalgraph 240 ANS: 4 (x - (1 - i))(x - (1 + i)) = 0If 1 - i is one solution, the other is 1 + i. $x^{2} - x - ix - x + ix + (1 - i^{2}) = 0$ $x^{2} - 2x + 2 = 0$ REF: 081601aii NAT: A.REI.B.4 TOP: Complex Conjugate Root Theorem

241 ANS: 1

The zeros of the polynomial are at -b, and c. The sketch of a polynomial of degree 3 with a negative leading coefficient should have end behavior showing as x goes to negative infinity, f(x) goes to positive infinity. The multiplicities of the roots are correctly represented in the graph.

REF: spr1501aii NAT: F.IF.C.7 **TOP:** Graphing Polynomial Functions **KEY**: bimodalgraph 242 ANS: 3 $2d(d^3 + 3d^2 - 9d - 27)$ $2d(d^2(d+3) - 9(d+3))$ $2d(d^2 - 9)(d + 3)$ 2d(d+3)(d-3)(d+3) $2d(d+3)^2(d-3)$ REF: 081615aii NAT: A.SSE.A.2 **TOP:** Factoring Polynomials KEY: factoring by grouping 243 ANS: 1 REF: 081616aii NAT: F.TF.A.1 TOP: Unit Circle KEY: bimodalgraph

$$x = \frac{-3 \pm \sqrt{3^2 - 4(2)(2)}}{2(2)} = \frac{-3 \pm \sqrt{-7}}{4} = -\frac{3}{4} \pm \frac{i\sqrt{7}}{4}$$

REF: 061612aii NAT: A.REI.B.4 TOP: Solving Quadratics

KEY: complex solutions | quadratic formula

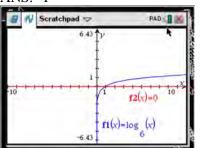
245 ANS: 4

	Bar Harbor	Phoenix	
Minimum	31.386	66.491	
Midline	55.3	86.729	
Maximum	79.214	106.967	
Range	47.828	40.476	

TOP: Graphing Logarithmic Functions

REF: 061715aii NAT: F.IF.B.4 TOP: Graphing Trigonometric Functions KEY: maximum/minimum





REF: 061618aii NAT: F.IF.C.7 247 ANS: 3

$$x^2 - 12x = -40$$

 $-2\left(-\frac{1}{2}x^2 = -6x + 20\right)$

 $x^2 - 12x + 36 = -40 + 36$

$$(x-6)^2 = -4$$
$$x-6 = \pm 2i$$

$$x = 6 \pm 2i$$

REF: fall1504aii NAT: A.REI.B.4 TOP: Solving Quadratics KEY: complex solutions | completing the square 248 ANS: 3 REF: 081724aii NAT: F.BF.A.2 TOP: Sequences 249 ANS: 3 $1.0525^{\frac{1}{12}} \approx 1.00427$ REF: 061621aii NAT: F.BF.A.1 TOP: Modeling Exponential Functions

The scenario represents a decreasing geometric sequence with a common ratio of 0.80.

REF: 061610aii NAT: F.BF.A.2 TOP: Sequences

251 ANS: 3

(3) repeats 3 times over 2π .

REF:011722aiiNAT:F.IF.C.7TOP:Graphing Trigonometric FunctionsKEY:recognize | bimodalgraph

252 ANS: 2

$$ME = \left(z\sqrt{\frac{p(1-p)}{n}}\right) = \left(1.96\sqrt{\frac{(0.55)(0.45)}{900}}\right) \approx 0.03$$

REF: 081612aii NAT: S.IC.B.4 TOP: Analysis of Data

253 ANS: 2

$$x(30 - 0.01x) - (0.15x^{3} + 0.01x^{2} + 2x + 120) = 30x - 0.01x^{2} - 0.15x^{3} - 0.01x^{2} - 2x - 120$$
$$= -0.15x^{3} - 0.02x^{2} + 28x - 120$$

REF: 061709aii NAT: F.BF.A.1 TOP: Operations with Functions 254 ANS: 4

 $k^{4} - 4k^{2} + 8k^{3} - 32k + 12k^{2} - 48$ $k^{2}(k^{2} - 4) + 8k(k^{2} - 4) + 12(k^{2} - 4)$ $(k^{2} - 4)(k^{2} + 8k + 12)$ (k + 2)(k - 2)(k + 6)(k + 2)

REF: fall1505aii NAT: A.SSE.A.2 TOP: Factoring Polynomials KEY: factoring by grouping



A parabola with a focus of (0,4) and a directrix of y = 2 is sketched as follows: By inspection, it is determined that the vertex of the parabola is (0,3). It is also evident that the distance, p, between the vertex and the focus is 1. It is possible to use the formula $(x - h)^2 = 4p(y - k)$ to derive the equation of the parabola as follows: $(x - 0)^2 = 4(1)(y - 3)$

$$x^{2} = 4y - 12$$
$$x^{2} + 12 = 4y$$
$$\frac{x^{2}}{4} + 3 = y$$

or A point (x, y) on the parabola must be the same distance from the focus as it is from the directrix. For any such point (x, y), the distance to the focus is $\sqrt{(x-0)^2 + (y-4)^2}$ and the distance to the directrix is y-2. Setting this equal leads to: $x^2 + y^2 - 8y + 16 = y^2 - 4y + 4$

$$x^2 + 16 = 4y + 4$$
$$\frac{x^2}{4} + 3 = y$$

REF: spr1502aii NAT: G.GPE.A.2 TOP: Graphing Quadratic Functions 256 ANS: 3

 $(3k-2i)^2 = 9k^2 - 12ki + 4i^2 = 9k^2 - 12ki - 4$

REF: 081702aii NAT: N.CN.A.2 TOP: Operations with Complex Numbers 257 ANS: 1

(2) is not recursive

	REF: 081608aii	NAT: F.LE.A.2	TOP: Sequences	KEY: recursive
258	ANS: 3	REF: 061602aii	NAT: A.CED.A.1	TOP: Modeling Rationals
259	ANS: 3	REF: 061722aii	NAT: A.CED.A.1	TOP: Modeling Rationals
260	ANS: 3			
	Self selection causes	s bias.		
261	REF: 061703aii KEY: bias ANS: 1 $d = 18; r = \pm \frac{5}{4}$	NAT: S.IC.B.3	TOP: Analysis of E	Data
	REF: 011714aii	NAT: F.IF.A.3	TOP: Sequences	KEY: explicit

The events are independent because $P(A \text{ and } B) = P(A) \cdot P(B)$.

 $0.125 = 0.5 \cdot 0.25$ If P(A or B) = P(A) + P(B) - P(A and B) = 0.25 + 0.5 - .125 = 0.625, then the events are not mutually exclusive because P(A or B) = P(A) + P(B)

$$0.625 \neq 0.5 + 0.25$$

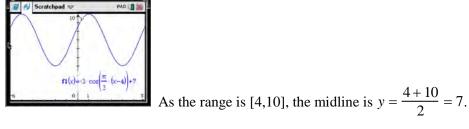
	REF:	061714aii	NAT:	S.CP.B.7	TOP:	Theoretical Pr	obabili	ty
263	ANS:	3	REF:	081618aii	NAT:	F.LE.A.2	TOP:	Sequences
	KEY:	recursive						

$$\frac{2x}{x-2}\left(\frac{x}{x}\right) - \frac{11}{x}\left(\frac{x-2}{x-2}\right) = \frac{8}{x^2 - 2x}$$
$$2x^2 - 11x + 22 = 8$$
$$2x^2 - 11x + 14 = 0$$
$$(2x - 7)(x - 2) = 0$$
$$x = \frac{7}{2}, 2$$

REF: 061719aii NAT: A.REI.A.2 TOP: Solving Rationals 265 ANS: 4

The vertex is (1,0) and p = 2. $y = \frac{1}{4(2)} (x-1)^2 + 0$

REF: 061717aii NAT: G.GPE.A.2 TOP: Graphing Quadratic Functions 266 ANS: 4



REF: fall1506aii NAT: F.IF.C.7 TOP: Graphing Trigonometric Functions KEY: mixed

267 ANS: 2 Cdf(64.69 5 64.2 75) 0 47725 $x + 2\sigma$ represents approximately 48% of the data. REF: 061609aii NAT: S.ID.A.4 **TOP:** Normal Distributions KEY: percent 268 ANS: 2 REF: 081610aii NAT: F.IF.B.4 TOP: Graphing Trigonometric Functions KEY: increasing/decreasing 269 ANS: 2 $\sqrt{x+14} = \sqrt{2x+5} + 1$ $\sqrt{22+14} - \sqrt{2(22)+5} = 1$ $x + 14 = 2x + 5 + 2\sqrt{2x + 5} + 1$ $6 - 7 \neq 1$ $-x + 8 = 2\sqrt{2x + 5}$ $x^{2} - 16x + 64 = 8x + 20$ $x^{2} - 24x + 44 = 0$ (x-22)(x-2) = 0x = 2,22REF: 081704aii NAT: A.REI.A.2 **TOP:** Solving Radicals KEY: advanced 270 ANS: 4 The vertex is (2,-1) and p = 2. $y = -\frac{1}{4(2)}(x-2)^2 - 1$ REF: 081619aii NAT: G.GPE.A.2 **TOP:** Graphing Quadratic Functions REF: 061716aii 271 ANS: 4 NAT: N.RN.A.2 TOP: Radicals and Rational Exponents KEY: variables 272 ANS: 4 The maximum volume of p(x) = -(x+2)(x-10)(x-14) is about 56, at x = 12.1NAT: F.IF.B.4 REF: 081712aii **TOP:** Graphing Polynomial Functions

273 ANS: 1

A reference triangle can be sketched using the coordinates (-4,3) in the second quadrant to find the value of $\sin \theta$.



REF: spr150	3aii NAT: F.TF.A.2	TOP: Determining Trigonometric Functions
IZEV.		

- KEY: extension to reals274ANS: 1REF: 081609aii
 - KEY: represent

- NAT: F.BF.B.6 TOP
- TOP: Sigma Notation

Algebra II 2 Point Regents Exam Questions Answer Section

275 ANS:

$$M = \frac{(152500 - 15250) \left(\frac{.036}{12}\right) \left(1 + \frac{.036}{12}\right)^{360}}{\left(1 + \frac{.036}{12}\right)^{360} - 1} \approx 624$$

REF: 061831aii NAT: A.SSE.B.4 TOP: Series 276 ANS: $\sqrt{x-4} = -x+6$ $\sqrt{x-4} = -8+6 = -2$ is extraneous. $x-4 = x^2 - 12x + 36$ $0 = x^2 - 13x + 40$ 0 = (x-8)(x-5) x = 5, 8REF: 061730aii NAT: A.REI.A.2 TOP: Solving Radicals KEY: extraneous solutions

277 ANS:

 $x^{2}(4x-1) + 4(4x-1) = (x^{2}+4)(4x-1)$

REF: 061727aii NAT: A.SSE.A.2 TOP: Factoring Polynomials KEY: factoring by grouping

278 ANS:

 $P(A+B) = P(A) \cdot P(B|A) = 0.8 \cdot 0.85 = 0.68$

REF: 011928aii NAT: S.CP.A.3 TOP: Conditional Probability

279 ANS:

 $xi(-6i)^2 = xi(36i^2) = 36xi^3 = -36xi$

REF: 081627aii NAT: N.CN.A.2 TOP: Operations with Complex Numbers

$$3a-2)\overline{\smash{\big)}\,6a^{3}+11a^{2}-4a-9} 2a^{2}+5a+2-\frac{5}{3a-2}$$

$$\underline{6a^{3}-4a^{2}} 15a^{2}-4a$$

$$\underline{15a^{2}-4a} 6a-9$$

$$\underline{6a-4} -5$$

REF: 061829aii NAT: A.APR.D.6 TOP: Rational Expressions KEY: division

281 ANS:

$$x = (y-3)^{3} + 1$$
$$x-1 = (y-3)^{3}$$
$$\sqrt[3]{x-1} = y-3$$
$$\sqrt[3]{x-1} + 3 = y$$
$$f^{-1}(x) = \sqrt[3]{x-1} + 3$$

REF: fall1509aii NAT: F.BF.B.4 TOP: Inverse of Functions KEY: other

282 ANS:

 $\frac{10.1 - -2}{2} - \frac{2.5 - -0.1}{2} = 6.05 - 1.3 = 4.75$

REF: 081930aii NAT: F.IF.C.7 TOP: Graphing Trigonometric Functions KEY: amplitude

283 ANS:

 $(1-i)(1-i)(1-i) = (1-2i+i^2)(1-i) = -2i(1-i) = -2i + 2i^2 = -2 - 2i$

REF: 011725aii NAT: N.CN.A.2 TOP: Operations with Complex Numbers 284 ANS:

 $P(A \cup B) = P(A) + P(B) - P(A \cap B)$ A and B are independent since $P(A \cap B) = P(A) \cdot P(B)$
 $0.8 = 0.6 + 0.5 - P(A \cap B)$ $0.3 = 0.6 \cdot 0.5$
 $P(A \cap B) = 0.3$ 0.3 = 0.3

REF: 081632aii NAT: S.CP.A.2 TOP: Probability of Compound Events KEY: independence

 $\frac{13.9-9.4}{4-1} = 1.5$ The average rate of change in the number of hours of daylight from January 1-April 1 is 1.5.

REF: 061925aii NAT: F.IF.B.6 TOP: Rate of Change

286 ANS:

q has the smaller minimum value for the domain [-2,2]. h's minimum is -1(2(-1)+1) and q's minimum is -8.

REF: 011830aii NAT: F.IF.C.9 TOP: Comparing Functions

287 ANS:

 $8.75 = 1.25x^{49}$ $7 = x^{49}$ $x = \sqrt[49]{7} \approx 1.04$

REF: 081730aii NAT: F.LE.A.4 TOP: Exponential Growth

288 ANS:

$$\left(x^2-6\right)\left(x^2+2\right)$$

REF: 081825aii NAT: A.SSE.A.2 TOP: Factoring Polynomials KEY: higher power

289 ANS:

The expression is of the form $y^2 - 5y - 6$ or (y - 6)(y + 1). Let $y = 4x^2 + 5x$: $(4x^2 + 5x - 6)(4x^2 + 5x + 1)$ (4x - 3)(x + 2)(4x + 1)(x + 1)

REF: fall1512aii NAT: A.SSE.A.2 TOP: Factoring Polynomials KEY: a>1

290 ANS:

A student is more likely to jog if both siblings jog. 1 jogs: $\frac{416}{2239} \approx 0.19$. both jog: $\frac{400}{1780} \approx 0.22$

REF: 061732aii NAT: S.CP.A.4 TOP: Conditional Probability

291 ANS:

No, because $P(M / R) \neq P(M)$

$$\frac{70}{180} \neq \frac{230}{490} \\ 0.38 \neq 0.47$$

REF: 011731aii NAT: S.CP.A.4 TOP: Conditional Probability

Rewrite $\frac{4}{3}$ as $\frac{1}{3} \cdot \frac{4}{1}$, using the power of a power rule.

REF: 081725aii NAT: N.RN.A.1 TOP: Radicals and Rational Exponents 293 ANS:

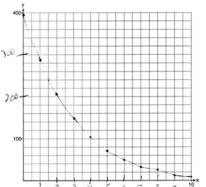
 $\frac{2x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{2x^{\frac{2}{2}}} = x^{\frac{1}{2}} = \sqrt{x}$

REF: 081826aii NAT: N.RN.A.2 TOP: Radicals and Rational Exponents KEY: variables

294 ANS:

(4-3i)(5+2yi-5+2yi)(4-3i)(4yi)16yi-12yi²12y+16yi

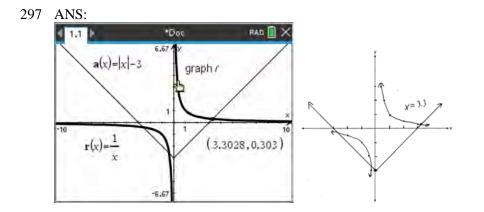
REF: spr1506aii NAT: N.CN.A.2 295 ANS:



TOP: Operations with Complex Numbers

REF: 061729aii NAT: F.IF.C.7 TOP: Graphing Exponential Functions 296 ANS: period is $\frac{2}{3}$. The wheel rotates once every $\frac{2}{3}$ second.

REF: 061728aii NAT: F.IF.C.7 TOP: Graphing Trigonometric Functions KEY: period

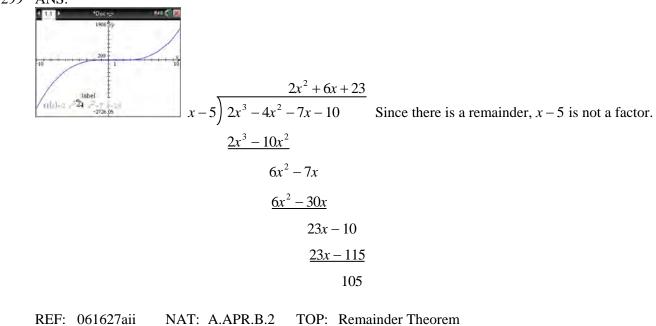


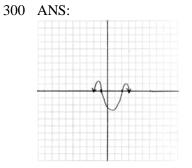
REF: 081932aii NAT: A.REI.D.11 TOP: Other Systems 298 ANS:

$$\sqrt[3]{x} \bullet \sqrt{x} = x^{\frac{1}{3}} \bullet x^{\frac{1}{2}} = x^{\frac{3}{6}} \bullet x^{\frac{3}{6}} = x^{\frac{5}{6}}$$

REF: 061731aii NAT: N.RN.A.2 TOP: Operations with Radicals KEY: with variables, index > 2





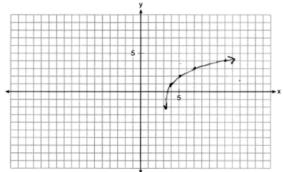


REF: 011831aii NAT: F.IF.C.7 TOP: Graphing Polynomial Functions 301 ANS:

 $0 = \log_{10}(x - 4)$ The x-intercept of h is (2,0). f has the larger value.

 $10^{0} = x - 4$ 1 = x - 4x = 5

REF: 081630aii NAT: F.IF.C.9 TOP: Comparing Functions 302 ANS:



REF: 011932aii NAT: F.IF.C.7 TOP: Graphing Logarithmic Functions 303 ANS:

 $\sin^{2}\theta + (-0.7)^{2} = 1$ Since θ is in Quadrant II, $\sin \theta = \sqrt{.51}$ and $\tan \theta = \frac{\sin \theta}{\cos \theta} = \frac{\sqrt{.51}}{-0.7} \approx -1.02$ $\sin^{2}\theta = .51$ $\sin \theta = \pm \sqrt{.51}$

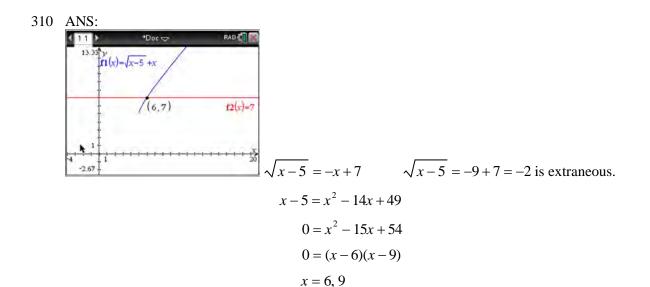
REF: 081628aii NAT: F.TF.C.8 TOP: Determining Trigonometric Functions 304 ANS:

No.
$$\left(\sqrt[7]{x^2}\right)\left(\sqrt[5]{x^3}\right) = x^{\frac{2}{7}} \cdot x^{\frac{3}{5}} = x^{\frac{31}{35}} = \sqrt[35]{x^{31}}$$

REF: 061929aii NAT: N.RN.A.2 TOP: Radicals and Rational Exponents KEY: variables

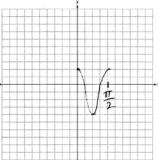
305 ANS: $\frac{103}{110+103} = \frac{103}{213}$ REF: 061825aii NAT: S.CP.A.4 **TOP:** Conditional Probability 306 ANS: $D = 1.223(2.652)^A$ REF: 011826aii NAT: S.ID.B.6 TOP: Regression KEY: exponential 307 ANS: $\frac{1}{x} - \frac{1}{3} = -\frac{1}{3x}$ $\frac{3-x}{3x} = -\frac{1}{3x}$ 3 - x = -1x = 4REF: 061625aii NAT: A.REI.A.2 TOP: Solving Rationals KEY: rational solutions 308 ANS: $i^2 = -1$, and not 1; 10 + 10iNAT: N.CN.A.2 TOP: Operations with Complex Numbers REF: 011825aii 309 ANS: REF: 011926aii NAT: F.IF.C.7 **TOP:** Graphing Polynomial Functions

7



REF: spr1508aii NAT: A.REI.A.2 TOP: Solving Radicals KEY: extraneous solutions

311 ANS:



REF: 061628aii NAT: F.IF.C.7 TOP: Graphing Trigonometric Functions KEY: graph

312 ANS:

 $P(S \cap M) = P(S) + P(M) - P(S \cup M) = \frac{649}{1376} + \frac{433}{1376} - \frac{974}{1376} = \frac{108}{1376}$

REF: 061629aii NAT: S.CP.B.7 TOP: Theoretical Probability 313 ANS:

$$x = \frac{-5 \pm \sqrt{5^2 + 4(2)(8)}}{2(2)} = -\frac{5}{4} \pm \frac{i\sqrt{39}}{4}$$

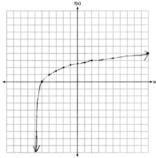
REF: 061827aii NAT: A.REI.B.4 TOP: Solving Quadratics KEY: complex solutions | quadratic formula

314 ANS:

No. $0.499 \pm 2(0.049) \rightarrow 0.401 - 0.597$. Since 0.43 falls within this interval, Robin's coin is likely not unfair.

REF: 061932aii NAT: S.IC.A.2 TOP: Analysis of Data





REF: 061927aii NAT: F.IF.C.7 TOP: Graphing Logarithmic Functions 316 ANS: $S_{10} = \frac{15 - 15(1.03)^{10}}{1 - 1.03} \approx 171.958$

REF: 011929aii NAT: A.SSE.B.4 TOP: Series

317 ANS:

Self selection is a cause of bias because people with more free time are more likely to respond.

TOP: Analysis of Data REF: 061828aii NAT: S.IC.B.3 KEY: bias 318 ANS: $1200 \cdot 0.784 \approx 941$ REF: 081828aii NAT: S.ID.A.4 **TOP:** Normal Distributions KEY: predict 319 ANS: $\frac{165+66-33}{825} = \frac{198}{825}$ REF: 081925aii NAT: S.CP.B.6 **TOP:** Conditional Probability 320 ANS:

Let x equal the first integer and x + 1 equal the next. $(x + 1)^2 - x^2 = x^2 + 2x + 1 - x^2 = 2x + 1$. 2x + 1 is an odd integer.

REF: fall1511aii NAT: A.APR.C.4 TOP: Polynomial Identities

321 ANS:

 $\csc \theta = \frac{1}{\sin \theta}$, and $\sin \theta$ on a unit circle represents the y value of a point on the unit circle. Since $y = \sin \theta$, $\csc \theta = \frac{1}{y}$.

REF: 011727aii NAT: F.TF.A.2 TOP: Reciprocal Trigonometric Relationships

$$-6(x+3)\left(\frac{-3}{x+3} - \frac{x}{6} + 1 = 0\right)$$

$$18 + x(x+3) - 6(x+3) = 0$$

$$18 + x^{2} + 3x - 6x - 18 = 0$$

$$x^{2} - 3x = 0$$

$$x(x-3) = 0$$

$$x = 0, 3$$

REF: 081829aii NAT: A.REI.A.2 TOP: Solving Rationals KEY: rational solutions

323 ANS:

$$20e^{.05t} = 30e^{.03t}$$
$$\frac{\frac{2}{3}e^{.05t}}{e^{.05t}} = \frac{e^{.03t}}{e^{.05t}}$$
$$\ln \frac{2}{3} = \ln e^{-.02t}$$
$$\ln \frac{2}{3} = -.02t \ln e$$
$$\frac{\ln \frac{2}{3}}{-.02} = t$$
$$20.3 \approx t$$

REF: 011829aii NAT: A.REI.D.11 TOP: Other Systems

324 ANS:

Randomly assign participants to two groups. One group uses the toothpaste with ingredient X and the other group uses the toothpaste without ingredient X.

REF: 061626aii NAT: S.IC.B.3 TOP: Analysis of Data

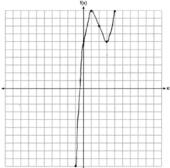
KEY: type

325 ANS:

 $P(-2) = 60 \quad Q(-2) = 0 \quad (x+2) \text{ is a factor of } Q(x) \text{ since } Q(-2) = 0.$

REF: 081929aii NAT: A.APR.B.2 TOP: Remainder Theorem





REF: 061826aii NAT: F.IF.C.7 327 ANS: $\frac{7}{2r} - \frac{2}{r+1} = \frac{1}{4}$

TOP: Graphing Polynomial Functions

$$\frac{7}{2x} - \frac{2}{x+1} = \frac{1}{4}$$
$$\frac{7x+7-4x}{2x^2+2x} = \frac{1}{4}$$
$$2x^2+2x = 12x+28$$
$$x^2-5x-14 = 0$$
$$(x-7)(x+2) = 0$$
$$x = 7, -2$$

REF: 061926aii NAT: A.REI.A.2 TOP: Solving Rationals KEY: rational solutions

328 ANS:

$$a_1 = 4$$
 $a_8 = 639$
 $a_n = 2a_{n-1} + 1$

REF: 081729aii NAT: F.LE.A.2 TOP: Sequences KEY: recursive 329 ANS:

$$\frac{x^3+9}{x^3+8} = \frac{x^3+8}{x^3+8} + \frac{1}{x^3+8}$$
$$\frac{x^3+9}{x^3+8} = \frac{x^3+9}{x^3+8}$$

REF: 061631aii NAT: A.APR.C.4 TOP: Polynomial Identities

$$(x^{2} + y^{2})^{2} = (x^{2} - y^{2})^{2} + (2xy)^{2}$$
$$x^{4} + 2x^{2}y^{2} + y^{4} = x^{4} - 2x^{2}y^{2} + y^{4} + 4x^{2}y^{2}$$
$$x^{4} + 2x^{2}y^{2} + y^{4} = x^{4} + 2x^{2}y^{2} + y^{4}$$

REF: 081727aii NAT: A.APR.C.4 TOP: Polynomial Identities 331 ANS:

$$\frac{1}{8} + \frac{1}{6} = \frac{1}{t_b}; \quad \frac{24t_b}{8} + \frac{24t_b}{6} = \frac{24t_b}{t_b}$$
$$3t_b + 4t_b = 24$$
$$t_b = \frac{24}{7} \approx$$

REF: 011827aii NAT: A.CED.A.1 TOP: Modeling Rationals 332 ANS:

3.4

$$\frac{\sqrt[3]{x^2y^5}}{\sqrt[4]{x^3y^4}} = \frac{x^{\frac{2}{3}}y^{\frac{5}{3}}}{x^{\frac{3}{4}}y} = \frac{x^{\frac{8}{12}}y^{\frac{20}{12}}}{x^{\frac{9}{12}}y^{\frac{12}{12}}} = x^{-\frac{1}{12}}y^{\frac{2}{3}}$$

REF: 011925aii NAT: N.RN.A.2 TOP: Radicals and Rational Exponents KEY: variables

333 ANS:

 $2(0.042) = 0.084 \approx 0.08$ The percent of users making in-app purchases will be within 8% of 35%.

REF: 081832aii NAT: S.IC.B.4 TOP: Analysis of Data 334 ANS:

$$-\frac{1}{2}i^{3}(3i-4) - 3i^{2} = -\frac{3}{2}i^{4} + 2i^{3} - 3i^{2} = -\frac{3}{2} - 2i + 3 = \frac{3}{2} - 2i$$

REF: 081927aii NAT: N.CN.A.2 TOP: Operations with Complex Numbers 335 ANS:

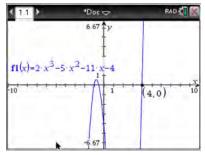
$$(a+b)^3 = a^3 + b^3$$
 No. Erin's shortcut only works if $a = 0, b = 0$ or $a = -b$.
 $a^3 + 3a^2b + 3ab^2 + b^3 = a^3 + b^3$
 $3ab^2 + 3a^2b = 0$
 $3ab(b+a) = 0$
 $a = 0, b = 0, a = -b$

REF: 011927aii NAT: A.APR.C.4 TOP: Polynomial Identities

$$x^{2} + (x - 28)^{2} = 400 \qquad y = 12 - 28 = -16 \quad y = 16 - 28 = -12$$
$$x^{2} + x^{2} - 56x + 784 = 400$$
$$2x^{2} - 56x + 384 = 0$$
$$x^{2} - 28x + 192 = 0$$
$$(x - 16)(x - 12) = 0$$
$$x = 12, 16$$

REF: 081831aii NAT: A.REI.C.7 TOP: Quadratic-Linear Systems 337 ANS:

 $f(4) = 2(4)^3 - 5(4)^2 - 11(4) - 4 = 128 - 80 - 44 - 4 = 0$ Any method that demonstrates 4 is a zero of f(x) confirms



that x - 4 is a factor, as suggested by the Remainder Theorem.

REF: spr1507aii NAT: A.APR.B.2 TOP: Remainder Theorem 338 ANS:

 $\frac{9}{6} = 1.5 \ a_1 = 6$ $a_n = 1.5 \cdot a_{n-1}$

REF: 061931aii NAT: F.BF.A.2 TOP: Sequences

339 ANS:

 $\frac{306.25 - 156.25}{70 - 50} = \frac{150}{20} = 7.5$ Between 50-70 mph, each additional mph in speed requires 7.5 more feet to stop.

REF: 081631aii NAT: F.IF.B.6 TOP: Rate of Change

340 ANS:

Using a 95% level of confidence, $x \pm 2$ standard deviations sets the usual wait time as 150-302 seconds. 360 seconds is unusual.

REF: 081629aii NAT: S.IC.B.6 TOP: Analysis of Data

341 ANS:

 $\frac{B(11) - B(8)}{11 - 8} \approx -10.1$ The average monthly high temperature decreases 10.1° each month from August to November.

REF: 011930aii NAT: F.IF.B.6 TOP: Rate of Change

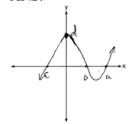
The denominator of the rational exponent represents the index of a root, and the numerator of the rational exponent represents the power of the base. $\left(\sqrt{9}\right)^5 = 243$

REF: 081926aii NAT: N.RN.A.1 **TOP:** Radicals and Rational Exponents 343 ANS: $a_1 = 4$ $a_n = 3a_{n-1}$ REF: 081931aii NAT: F.LE.A.2 TOP: Sequences KEY: recursive 344 ANS: $A = Pe^{rt}$ $135000 = 100000e^{5r}$ $1.35 = e^{5r}$ $\ln 1.35 = \ln e^{5r}$ $\ln 1.35 = 5r$ $.06 \approx r \text{ or } 6\%$ REF: 061632aii NAT: F.LE.A.4 TOP: Exponential Growth 345 ANS: r(2) = -6. Since there is a remainder when the cubic is divided by x - 2, this binomial is not a factor. 1 -4 4 6 2 -4 01 -2 0 -6 REF: 061725aii NAT: A.APR.B.2 TOP: Remainder Theorem 346 ANS: $3x^{3} + x^{2} + 3xy + y = x^{2}(3x + 1) + y(3x + 1) = (x^{2} + y)(3x + 1)$ REF: 011828aii NAT: A.SSE.A.2 **TOP:** Factoring Polynomials KEY: factoring by grouping 347 ANS: Applying the commutative property, $\left(3^{\frac{1}{5}}\right)^2$ can be rewritten as $\left(3^2\right)^{\frac{1}{5}}$ or $9^{\frac{1}{5}}$. A fractional exponent can be rewritten as a radical with the denominator as the index, or $9^{\frac{1}{5}} = \sqrt[5]{9}$.

REF: 081626aii NAT: N.RN.A.1 TOP: Radicals and Rational Exponents



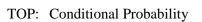
REF: 061726aii NAT: S.ID.A.4 **TOP:** Normal Distributions KEY: percent 349 ANS:



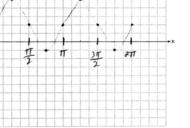
REF: 081732aii NAT: F.IF.C.7 350 ANS:

$$P(W/D) = \frac{P(W^{\wedge}D)}{P(D)} = \frac{.4}{.5} = .8$$

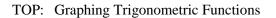
REF: 081726aii NAT: S.CP.B.6 351 ANS:



TOP: Graphing Polynomial Functions



REF: 081830aii NAT: F.IF.C.7 KEY: graph



352 ANS: $\frac{x^{\frac{8}{3}}}{x^{\frac{4}{3}}} = x^{y}$ $x^{\frac{4}{3}} = x^{y}$ $\frac{4}{3} = y$

REF: spr1505aii NAT: N.RN.A.2 TOP: Radicals and Rational Exponents KEY: numbers

353 ANS:

Amplitude, because the height of the graph shows the volume of the air.

REF: 081625aii NAT: F.IF.C.7 TOP: Graphing Trigonometric Functions KEY: mixed

354 ANS:

Based on these data, the two events do not appear to be independent. $P(F) = \frac{106}{200} = 0.53$, while

 $P(F|T) = \frac{54}{90} = 0.6$, $P(F|R) = \frac{25}{65} = 0.39$, and $P(F|C) = \frac{27}{45} = 0.6$. The probability of being female are not the same as the conditional probabilities. This suggests that the events are not independent.

REF: fall1508aii NAT: S.CP.A.4 TOP: Conditional Probability 355 ANS:

$$\left(x^{\frac{5}{3}}\right)^{\frac{6}{5}} = \left(y^{\frac{5}{6}}\right)^{\frac{6}{5}}$$
$$x^{2} = y$$

REF: 011730aii NAT: N.RN.A.2 TOP: Radicals and Rational Exponents KEY: variables

356 ANS:

$$\frac{p(8) - p(4)}{8 - 4} \approx 48.78$$

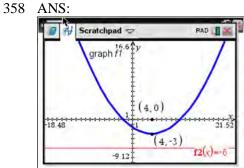
REF: 081827aii NAT: F.IF.B.6 TOP: Rate of Change

357 ANS:

$$\frac{-1}{\sqrt{2^2 + (-1)^2}} = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{5}}$$

REF: 061832aii NAT: F.TF.A.2 TOP: Determining Trigonometric Functions KEY: extension to reals

ID: A



The vertex of the parabola is (4,-3). The *x*-coordinate of the focus and the vertex is the same. Since the distance from the vertex to the directrix is 3, the distance from the vertex to the focus is 3, so the *y*-coordinate of the focus is 0. The coordinates of the focus are (4,0).

REF: 061630aii NAT: G.GPE.A.2 TOP: Graphing Quadratic Functions

ANS:

$$t^{2} + \left(\frac{4}{7}\right)^{2} = 1 \qquad -\frac{\sqrt{33}}{7}$$

$$t^{2} + \frac{16}{49} = \frac{49}{49}$$

$$t^{2} = \frac{33}{49}$$

$$t = \frac{\pm\sqrt{33}}{7}$$

359

REF: 011931aii NAT: F.TF.A.2 TOP: Unit Circle 360 ANS:

 $a_1 = 3$ $a_2 = 7$ $a_3 = 15$ $a_4 = 31$; No, because there is no common ratio: $\frac{7}{3} \neq \frac{15}{7}$

REF: 061830aii NAT: F.IF.A.3 TOP: Sequences KEY: recursive 361 ANS:

$$\begin{array}{r} 3x + 13 \\ x - 2 \overline{\smash{\big)}\ 3x^2 + 7x - 20} \\ 3x + 13 + \frac{6}{x - 2} \\ \underline{3x^2 - 6x} \\ 13x - 20 \\ \underline{13x - 26} \\ 6 \end{array}$$

REF: 011732aii NAT: A.APR.D.6 TOP: Rational Expressions KEY: division

Since there are six flavors, each flavor can be assigned a number, 1-6. Use the simulation to see the number of times the same number is rolled 4 times in a row.

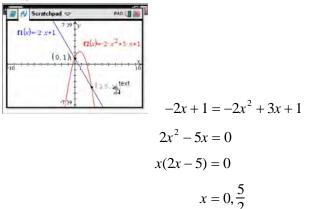
REF: 081728aii NAT: S.IC.A.2 TOP: Analysis of Data

363 ANS:

250(1) + 2450 = 2700 The maximum lung capacity of a person is 2700 mL.

REF: 081928aii NAT: F.IF.B.4 TOP: Graphing Trigonometric Functions

364 ANS:



REF: fall1507aii NAT: A.REI.C.7 TOP: Quadratic-Linear Systems 365 ANS:

$$\frac{p(x)}{x-1} = x^2 + 7 + \frac{5}{x-1}$$
$$p(x) = x^3 - x^2 + 7x - 7 + 5$$
$$p(x) = x^3 - x^2 + 7x - 2$$

REF: 061930aii NAT: A.APR.D.6 TOP: Rational Expressions

366 ANS:

KEY: division

The denominator of the rational exponent represents the index of a root, and the 4th root of 81 is 3 and 3³ is 27.

REF: 011832aii NAT: N.RN.A.1 TOP: Radicals and Rational Exponents 367 ANS:

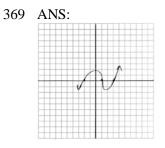
 $j(-x) = (-x)^4 - 3(-x)^2 - 4 = x^2 - 3x^2 - 4$ Since j(x) = j(-x), the function is even.

REF: 081731aii NAT: F.BF.B.3 TOP: Even and Odd Functions

368 ANS:

 $\left(\ln\frac{1}{2}\right)$ 1590 is negative, so M(t) represents decay.

REF: 011728aii NAT: F.IF.C.7 TOP: Graphing Exponential Functions



REF: 011729aii NAT: F.IF.C.7 TOP: Graphing Polynomial Functions 370 ANS:

$$\tan \theta = \frac{\sin \theta}{\cos \theta} = \frac{\frac{-1}{25}}{\frac{-24}{25}} \cos \theta = \frac{-24}{25}$$

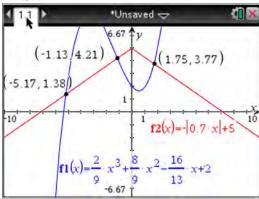
REF: 061928aii NAT: F.TF.C.8 TOP: Determining Trigonometric Functions

371 ANS:

sample: pails of oranges; population: truckload of oranges. It is likely that about 5% of all the oranges are unsatisfactory.

REF: 011726aii NAT: S.IC.A.2 TOP: Analysis of Data

372 ANS:



REF: fall1510aii NAT: A.REI.D.11 TOP: Other Systems

Algebra II 4 Point Regents Exam Questions Answer Section

373 ANS:

23-18=5, $\bar{x} \pm 2\sigma = -3.07 - 3.13$, Yes, a difference of 5 or more occurred three times out of a thousand, which is statistically significant.

REF: 061834aii NAT: S.IC.B.5 TOP: Analysis of Data 374 ANS:

$$0 = x^{2}(x+1) - 4(x+1)$$

$$0 = (x^{2} - 4)(x+1)$$

$$0 = (x+2)(x-2)(x+1)$$

$$x = -2, -1, 2$$

REF: 081633aii NAT: F.IF.C.7 TOP: Graphing Polynomial Functions 375 ANS:

$$\frac{47}{108} = \frac{1}{4} + \frac{116}{459} - P(M \text{ and } J); \text{ No, because } \frac{31}{459} \neq \frac{1}{4} \cdot \frac{116}{459}$$

$$P(M \text{ and } J) = \frac{31}{459}$$

REF: 011834aii NAT: S.CP.A.3 TOP: Conditional Probability 376 ANS:

$$3\sqrt{x} - 2x = -5$$
 1 is extraneous.
 $3\sqrt{x} = 2x - 5$
 $9x = 4x^2 - 20x + 25$
 $4x^2 - 29x + 25 = 0$
 $(4x - 25)(x - 1) = 0$
 $x = \frac{25}{4}, 1$

REF: 011936aii NAT: A.REI.A.2 TOP: Solving Radicals KEY: extraneous solutions

REF: 061733aii NAT: A.REI.C.6 TOP: Solving Linear Systems KEY: three variables

378 ANS:

$$20000 = PMT \left(\frac{1 - (1 + .00625)^{-60}}{0.00625} \right) 21000 - x = 300 \left(\frac{1 - (1 + .00625)^{-60}}{0.00625} \right)$$
$$PMT \approx 400.76 \qquad x \approx 6028$$

NAT: A.SSE.B.4 TOP: Series REF: 011736aii 379 ANS:

normcdf(510, 540, 480, 24) = 0.0994
$$z = \frac{510 - 480}{24} = 1.25$$
 $1.25 = \frac{x - 510}{20}$ $2.5 = \frac{x - 510}{20}$ $535 - 560$
 $z = \frac{540 - 480}{24} = 2.5$ $x = 535$ $x = 560$

_ . .

REF: fall1516aii NAT: S.ID.A.4 **TOP:** Normal Distributions KEY: probability

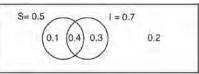
380 ANS:

The mean difference between the students' final grades in group 1 and group 2 is -3.64. This value indicates that students who met with a tutor had a mean final grade of 3.64 points less than students who used an on-line subscription. One can infer whether this difference is due to the differences in intervention or due to which students were assigned to each group by using a simulation to rerandomize the students' final grades many (500) times. If the observed difference -3.64 is the result of the assignment of students to groups alone, then a difference of -3.64 or less should be observed fairly regularly in the simulation output. However, a difference of -3 or less occurs in only about 2% of the rerandomizations. Therefore, it is quite unlikely that the assignment to groups alone accounts for the difference; rather, it is likely that the difference between the interventions themselves accounts for the difference between the two groups' mean final grades.

REF: fall1514aii NAT: S.IC.B.5 TOP: Analysis of Data

Since

381 ANS:



This scenario can be modeled with a Venn Diagram:

 $P(S \cup I)_c = 0.2$, $P(S \cup I) = 0.8$. Then, $P(S \cap I) = P(S) + P(I) - P(S \cup I)$ If S and I are independent, then the

$$= 0.5 + 0.7 - 0.8$$

= 0.4

Product Rule must be satisfied. However, $(0.5)(0.7) \neq 0.4$. Therefore, salary and insurance have not been treated independently.

REF: spr1513aii NAT: S.CP.A.2 TOP: Pro KEY: independence

TOP: Probability of Compound Events

382 ANS:

$$M = 172600 \bullet \frac{0.00305(1+0.00305)^{12 \cdot 15}}{(1+0.00305)^{12 \cdot 15} - 1} \approx 1247 \qquad 1100 = (172600 - x) \bullet \frac{0.00305(1+0.00305)^{12 \cdot 15}}{(1+0.00305)^{12 \cdot 15} - 1}$$
$$1100 \approx (172600 - x) \bullet (0.007228)$$
$$152193 \approx 172600 - x$$
$$20407 \approx x$$

REF: 061734aii NAT: A.SSE.B.4 TOP: Series

383 ANS:

Some of the students who did not drink energy drinks read faster than those who did drink energy drinks.

17.7 - 19.1 = -1.4 Differences of -1.4 and less occur $\frac{25}{232}$ or about 10% of the time, so the difference is not unusual.

REF: 081636aii NAT: S.IC.B.5 TOP: Analysis of Data

384 ANS:

 $0.602 \pm 2 \cdot 0.066 = 0.47 - 0.73$. Since 0.50 falls within the 95% interval, this supports the concern there may be an even split.

REF: 061635aii NAT: S.IC.B.5 TOP: Analysis of Data

385 ANS:

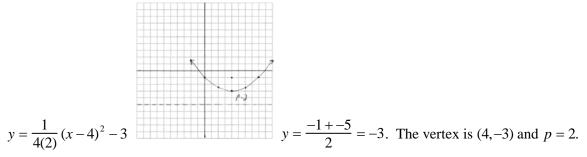
 $\frac{h(2) - h(1)}{2 - 1} = -12, \ h(t) = 0 \text{ at } t \approx 2.2, 3.8, \text{ using a graphing calculator to find where } h(t) = 0.$

REF: 061836aii NAT: F.IF.B.4 TOP: Graphing Trigonometric Functions

386 ANS:

 $P(P/K) = \frac{P(P^{K})}{P(K)} = \frac{1.9}{2.3} \approx 82.6\%$ A key club member has an 82.6% probability of being enrolled in AP Physics.

REF: 011735aii NAT: S.CP.B.6 TOP: Conditional Probability



REF: 061935aii NAT: G.GPE.A.2 TOP: Graphing Quadratic Functions 388 ANS:

$$C(t) = 63000 \left(1 + \frac{0.0255}{12}\right)^{12t} \quad 63000 \left(1 + \frac{0.0255}{12}\right)^{12t} = 100000$$
$$12t \log(1.002125) = \log \frac{100}{63}$$
$$t \approx 18.14$$

REF: 061835aii NAT: A.CED.A.1 TOP: Exponential Growth 389 ANS:

 $29.101 \pm 2 \cdot 0.934 = 27.23 - 30.97$. Yes, since 30 falls within the 95% interval.

REF: 011935aii NAT: S.IC.A.2 TOP: Analysis of Data
390 ANS:

$$\sqrt{6-2x} + x = 2x + 30 - 9$$
 $\sqrt{6-2(-29)} \neq -29 + 21$, so -29 is extraneous.
 $\sqrt{6-2x} = x + 21$ $\sqrt{64} \neq -8$
 $6-2x = x^2 + 42x + 441$
 $x^2 + 44x + 435 = 0$
 $(x + 29)(x + 15) = 0$
 $x = -29, -15$

REF: 061833aii NAT: A.REI.A.2 TOP: Solving Radicals KEY: extraneous solutions

391 ANS:

$$0 = 6(-5)^{3} + b(-5)^{2} - 52(-5) + 15 \quad z(x) = 6x^{3} + 19x^{2} - 52x + 15$$

$$0 = -750 + 25b + 260 + 15$$

$$475 = 25b$$

$$19 = b$$

$$-5 \boxed{ \begin{array}{c} 6 & 19 & -52 & 15 \\ \hline & -30 & 55 & 15 \\ \hline & 6 & -11 & 3 & 0 \end{array}}$$

$$6x^{2} - 11x + 3 = 0$$

$$(2x - 3)(3x - 1) = 0$$

$$x = \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{3}, -5$$

REF: fall1515aii NAT: A.APR.B.2 TOP: Remainder Theorem 392 ANS:

$$2x^{3} - 10x^{2} + 11x - 7 = 2x^{3} + hx^{2} + 3x - 8x^{2} - 4hx - 12 + k \quad h = -2$$
$$-2x^{2} + 8x + 5 = hx^{2} - 4hx + k \qquad k = 5$$

REF: 011733aii NAT: A.APR.C.4 TOP: Polynomial Identities 393 ANS:

$$s(t) = 200(0.5)^{\frac{t}{15}} \qquad \frac{1}{10} = (0.5)^{\frac{t}{15}}$$
$$\log \frac{1}{10} = \log(0.5)^{\frac{t}{15}}$$
$$-1 = \frac{t \cdot \log(0.5)}{15}$$
$$t = \frac{-15}{\log(0.5)} \approx 50$$

REF: 061934aii NAT: F.LE.A.4 TOP: Exponential Decay

$$\left(\sqrt{2x-7}\right)^2 = (5-x)^2 \qquad \sqrt{2(4)-7} + 4 = 5 \quad \sqrt{2(8)-7} + 8 = 5$$
$$2x - 7 = 25 - 10x + x^2 \qquad \sqrt{1} = 1 \qquad \sqrt{9} \neq -3$$
$$0 = x^2 - 12x + 32$$
$$0 = (x-8)(x-4)$$
$$x = 4,8$$

REF: 081635aii NAT: A.REI.A.2 TOP: Solving Radicals KEY: extraneous solutions

395 ANS:

 $0.506 \pm 2 \cdot 0.078 = 0.35 - 0.66$. The 32.5% value falls below the 95% confidence level.

REF: 061736aii NAT: S.IC.B.5 TOP: Analysis of Data 396 ANS:

$$7 = 20(0.5)^{\frac{t}{8.02}}$$

$$\log 0.35 = \log 0.5^{\frac{t}{8.02}}$$

$$\log 0.35 = \frac{t \log 0.5}{8.02}$$

$$\frac{8.02 \log 0.35}{\log 0.5} = t$$

$$t \approx 12$$
397 REF: 081634aii NAT: F.LE.A.4 TOP: Exponential Decay
397 ANS:
$$a_n = x^{n-1}(x+1) \ x^{n-1} = 0 \ x+1 = 0$$

$$x = 0 \qquad x = -1$$
REF: spr1511aii NAT: F.LE.A.2 TOP: Sequences KEY: recursive

$$\frac{3p}{p-5} = \frac{p+2}{p+3}$$
$$3p^2 + 9p = p^2 - 3p - 10$$
$$2p^2 + 12p + 10 = 0$$
$$p^2 + 6p + 5 = 0$$
$$(p+5)(p+1) = 0$$
$$p = -5, -1$$

REF: 081733aii NAT: A.REI.A.2 TOP: Solving Rationals KEY: rational solutions

399 ANS:

$$j(-1) = 2(-1)^{4} - (-1)^{3} - 35(-1)^{2} + 16(-1) + 48 = 2 + 1 - 35 - 16 + 48 = 0; x + 1 \text{ is a factor of } j(x);$$

$$2x^{3} - 3x^{2} - 32x + 48 = 0$$

$$x^{2}(2x - 3) - 16(2x - 3) = 0$$

$$\left(x^{2} - 16\right)(2x - 3) = 0$$

$$x = \pm 4, \frac{3}{2}$$

REF: 081834aii NAT: A.APR.B.2 TOP: Remainder Theorem 400 ANS:

$$\frac{x^{3} + 4}{x + 2} \frac{x^{3} + 4}{x^{4} + 2x^{3} + 4x - 10} x^{3} + 4 - \frac{18}{x + 2}$$
. No, because there is a remainder.
$$\frac{x^{4} + 2x^{3}}{4x - 10} \frac{4x + 8}{-18}$$

REF: 011934aii NAT: A.APR.D.6 TOP: Rational Expressions KEY: division

401 ANS:

Jillian's plan, because distance increases by one mile each week. $a_1 = 10$ $a_n = n + 12$

$$a_n = a_{n-1} + 1$$

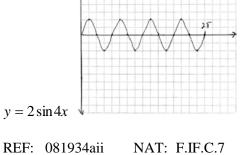
REF: 011734aii NAT: F.BF.A.2 TOP: Sequences

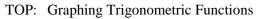
$$P(F|L) = \frac{12}{27}$$
 $P(F) = \frac{22}{45}$ Since $P(F|L) \neq P(F)$, the events are not independent.

REF: 061936aii NAT: S.CP.A.4 TOP: Conditional Probability 403 ANS: $y = 4.168(3.981)^x$. $100 = 4.168(3.981)^x$

$$100 = 4.168(3.981)^{x}$$
$$\log \frac{100}{4.168} = \log(3.981)^{x}$$
$$\log \frac{100}{4.168} = x \log(3.981)$$
$$\frac{\log \frac{100}{4.168}}{\log(3.981)} = x$$
$$x \approx 2.25$$







KEY: graph

< 1.1 >	'Doc 🗢	PAD C
1000 y	1	
f1(x)	-720	
	(275	202,720)
•	r2(x)-120000	0.004 (1.004
1.16	12(x)-	.004)×-1

$$720 = \frac{120000 \left(\frac{.048}{12}\right) \left(1 + \frac{.048}{12}\right)^n}{\left(1 + \frac{.048}{12}\right)^n - 1} \quad \frac{275.2}{12} \approx 23 \text{ years}$$

 $720(1.004)^n - 720 = 480(1.004)^n$

$$240(1.004)^n = 720$$

 $1.004^n = 3$

$$n\log 1.004 = \log 3$$

 $n \approx 275.2$ months

REF: spr1509aii NAT: A.CED.A.1 TOP: Exponential Growth 406 ANS:

Yes. The margin of error from this simulation indicates that 95% of the observations fall within ± 0.12 of the simulated proportion, 0.25. The margin of error can be estimated by multiplying the standard deviation, shown to

be 0.06 in the dotplot, by 2, or applying the estimated standard error formula,

$$\sqrt{\frac{p(1-p)}{n}} or \left(\sqrt{\frac{(0.25)(0.75)}{50}}\right)$$

and multiplying by 2. The interval 0.25 ± 0.12 includes plausible values for the true proportion of people who prefer Stephen's new product. The company has evidence that the population proportion could be at least 25%. As seen in the dotplot, it can be expected to obtain a sample proportion of 0.18 (9 out of 50) or less several times, even when the population proportion is 0.25, due to sampling variability. Given this information, the results of the survey do not provide enough evidence to suggest that the true proportion is not at least 0.25, so the development of the product should continue at this time.

REF: spr1512aii NAT: S.IC.B.4 TOP: Analysis of Data

407 ANS:

 $6x - 3y + 2z = -10 \quad x + 3y + 5z = 45 \quad 4x + 10z = 62 \quad 4x + 4(7) = 20 \quad 6(-2) - 3y + 2(7) = -10$ $-2x + 3y + 8z = 72 \quad 6x - 3y + 2z = -10 \quad 4x + 4z = 20 \quad 4x = -8 \quad -3y = -12$ $4x + 10z = 62 \quad 7x + 7z = 35 \quad 6z = 42 \quad x = -2 \quad y = 4$ $4x + 4z = 20 \quad z = 7$

REF: spr1510aii NAT: A.REI.C.6 TOP: Solving Linear Systems KEY: three variables

 $S_n = \frac{33000 - 33000(1.04)^n}{1 - 1.04}$ $S_{15} = \frac{33000 - 33000(1.04)^{15}}{1 - 1.04} \approx 660778.39$ NAT: A.SSE.B.4 TOP: Series REF: 061634aii 409 ANS: $16x^4 - 81 = (4x^2 + 9)(4x^2 - 9) = (4x^2 + 9)(2x + 3)(2x - 3)$. No, because $\pm \frac{3i}{2}$ are roots. REF: 061933aii NAT: F.IF.B.4 **TOP:** Graphing Polynomial Functions 410 ANS: $2 = e^{0.0375t}$ $t \approx 18.5$ NAT: F.LE.A.4 TOP: Exponential Growth REF: 081835aii 411 ANS: $x^2 - 6x = -17$ The solution is imaginary because the parabola and line do not intersect. $x^{2} - 6x + 9 = -17 + 9$ $(x-3)^2 = -8$ $x-3=+2i\sqrt{2}$ $x = 3 \pm 2i\sqrt{2}$

REF: 081936aii NAT: A.REI.B.4 TOP: Solving Quadratics KEY: complex solutions | completing the square

412 ANS:

a + 4b + 6c = 23	a+2b+c=2	8b + 3c = 16	2b + 5(4) = 21 a	$+4\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)+6(4)=23$
	$\underline{-a+6b+2c=14}$			(-) a+2+24=23
2b + 5c = 21	8b + 3c = 16	17c = 68	$b=\frac{1}{2}$	a + 2 + 24 = 23 $a = -3$
		c = 4	Z	<i>u</i> 5

REF: 011933aii NAT: A.REI.C.6 TOP: Solving Linear Systems KEY: three variables

$$100 = 325 + (68 - 325)e^{-2k} \quad T = 325 - 257e^{-0.066t}$$
$$-225 = -257e^{-2k} \quad T = 325 - 257e^{-0.066(7)} \approx 163$$
$$k = \frac{\ln\left(\frac{-225}{-257}\right)}{-2}$$
$$k \approx 0.066$$

REF: fall1513aii NAT: F.LE.A.4 TOP: Exponential Growth 414 ANS:

 $\frac{6.25 - 2.25}{21 - 5} = \frac{4}{16} = \$.25 \text{ fine per day. } 2.25 - 5(.25) = \$1 \text{ replacement fee. } a_n = 1.25 + (n - 1)(.25). a_{60} = \16

REF: 081734aii NAT: F.BF.A.2 TOP: Sequences

415 ANS:

 $f(x) = x^{2}(x+4)(x-3); g(x) = (x+2)^{2}(x+6)(x-1)$

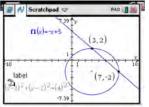
REF: 011836aii NAT: A.APR.B.3 TOP: Graphing Polynomial Functions 416 ANS:

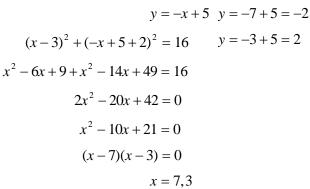
 $N(t) = 950e^{0.0475t}$ The base is *e* because growth is continuous. $N\left(\frac{36}{24}\right) \approx 1020$

REF: 081933aii NAT: F.LE.A.2 TOP: Modeling Exponential Functions 417 ANS:

$$(2x^{2} + x - 3) \bullet (x - 1) - [(2x^{2} + x - 3) + (x - 1)]$$
$$(2x^{3} - 2x^{2} + x^{2} - x - 3x + 3) - (2x^{2} + 2x - 4)$$
$$2x^{3} - 3x^{2} - 6x + 7$$

REF: 011833aii NAT: F.BF.A.1 TOP: Operations with Functions





TOP: Quadratic-Linear Systems REF: 061633aii NAT: A.REI.C.7

419 ANS:

John found the means of the scores of the two rooms and subtracted the means. The mean score for the classical room was 7 higher than the rap room (82-75). Yes, there is less than a 5% chance this difference occurring due to random chance. It is likely the difference was due to the music.

REF: 081836aii NAT: S.IC.B.5 TOP: Analysis of Data
420 ANS:

$$4x + 6y - 8z = -2$$
 $4x + 6y - 8z = -2$ $4x - 8y + 20z = 12$ $z + 2 = 3z - 4$ $y = 3 + 2$ $-4x + 5 + 3 = 16$
 $4x - 8y + 20z = 12$ $-4x + y + z = 16$ $-4x + y + z = 16$ $6 = 2z$ $= 5$ $-4x = 8$
 $-4x + y + z = 16$ $7y - 7z = 14$ $-7y + 21z = 28$ $z = 3$ $x = -2$
 $y - z = 2$ $y - 3z = -4$
 $y = z + 2$ $y = 3z - 4$

REF: 081833aii NAT: A.REI.C.6 **TOP:** Solving Linear Systems KEY: three variables

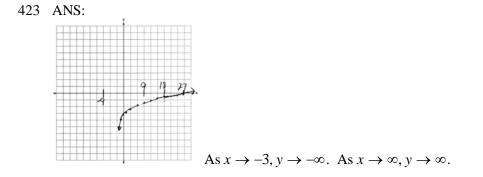
421 ANS:

 $\frac{f(4) - f(-2)}{4 - -2} = \frac{80 - 1.25}{6} = 13.125 \ g(x) \text{ has a greater rate of change}$ $\frac{g(4) - g(-2)}{4 - -2} = \frac{179 - -49}{6} = 38$

NAT: F.IF.C.9 REF: 061636aii **TOP:** Comparing Functions 422 ANS:

 $138.905 \pm 2 \cdot 7.95 = 123 - 155$. No, since 125 (50% of 250) falls within the 95% interval.

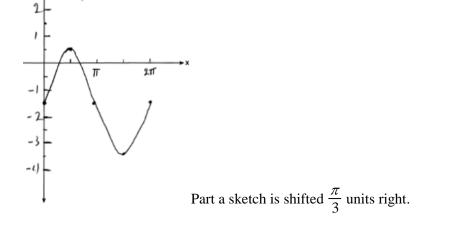
REF: 011835aii NAT: S.IC.A.2 TOP: Analysis of Data



REF:061735aiiNAT:F.IF.C.7TOP:Graphing Logarithmic Functions424ANS:

 $0.301 \pm 2(0.058) \rightarrow 0.185 - 0.417 \quad \frac{14}{60} \approx 0.23$. It is not unusual because 0.23 falls within this interval.

REF: 081935aii NAT: S.IC.B.5 TOP: Analysis of Data 425 ANS:



REF: 081735aii NAT: F.IF.C.7 TOP: Graphing Trigonometric Functions KEY: graph

Algebra II 6 Point Regents Exam Questions Answer Section

426 ANS:

 $B = 1.69\sqrt{30 + 4.45} - 3.49 \approx 6$, which is a steady breeze. $15 = 1.69\sqrt{s + 4.45} - 3.49$

$$18.49 = 1.69\sqrt{s + 4.45}$$

$$\frac{18.49}{1.69} = \sqrt{s + 4.45}$$

$$\left(\frac{18.49}{1.69}\right)^2 = s + 4.45$$

$$s = \left(\frac{18.49}{1.69}\right)^2 - 4.45$$

$$s \approx 115$$

$$9.5 = 1.69\sqrt{s + 4.45} - 3.49 \quad 10.49 = 1.69\sqrt{s + 4.45} - 3.49 \quad 55 - 64$$

$$12.99 = 1.69\sqrt{s + 4.45} \quad 13.98 = 1.69\sqrt{s + 4.45}$$

$$\frac{12.99}{1.69} = \sqrt{s + 4.45} \quad \frac{13.98}{1.69} = \sqrt{s + 4.45}$$

$$\frac{12.99}{1.69} = s + 4.45 \quad \left(\frac{13.98}{1.69}\right)^2 = s + 4.45$$

$$s = \left(\frac{12.99}{1.69}\right)^2 - 4.45 \quad s = \left(\frac{13.98}{1.69}\right)^2 - 4.45$$

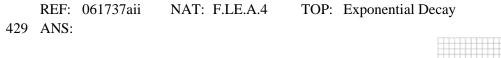
$$s \approx 55 \quad s \approx 64$$

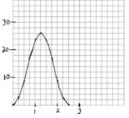
REF: 081937aii NAT: A.REI.A.2 TOP: Solving Radicals KEY: context

427 ANS:

 $A(t) = 100(0.5)^{\frac{t}{63}}, \text{ where } t \text{ is time in years, and } A(t) \text{ is the amount of titanium-44 left after } t \text{ years.}$ $\frac{A(10) - A(0)}{10 - 0} = \frac{89.58132 - 100}{10} = -1.041868 \text{ The estimated mass at } t = 40 \text{ is } 100 - 40(-1.041868) \approx 58.3. \text{ The}$ actual mass is $A(40) = 100(0.5)^{\frac{40}{63}} \approx 64.3976.$ The estimated mass is less than the actual mass. REF: fall1517aii NAT: F.LE.A.2 TOP: Modeling Exponential Functions

$$100 = 140 \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{\frac{5}{h}} \log \frac{100}{140} = \log\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{\frac{5}{h}} \qquad 40 = 140 \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{\frac{t}{10.3002}}$$
$$\log \frac{5}{7} = \frac{5}{h} \log \frac{1}{2} \qquad \log \frac{2}{7} = \log\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{\frac{t}{10.3002}}$$
$$h = \frac{5 \log \frac{1}{2}}{\log \frac{5}{7}} \approx 10.3002 \qquad \log \frac{2}{7} = \frac{t \log\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)}{10.3002}$$
$$t = \frac{10.3002 \log \frac{2}{7}}{\log \frac{1}{2}} \approx 18.6$$

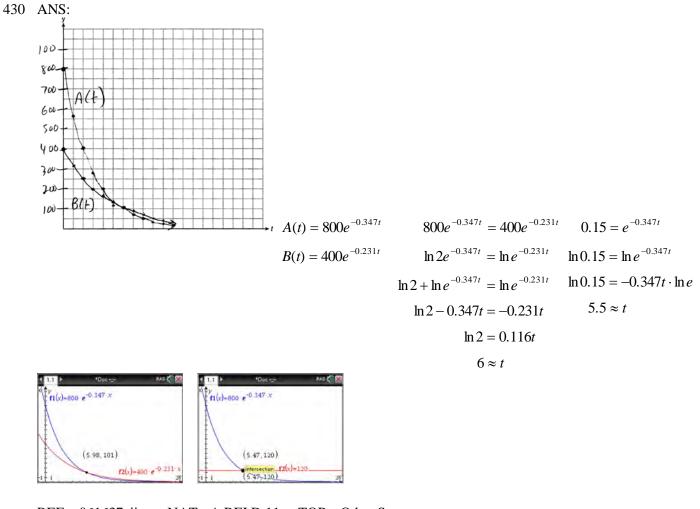




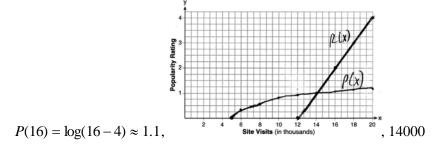
No, because the maximum

period = $\frac{2\pi}{0.8\pi}$ = 2.5. The wheel rotates once every 2.5 seconds. of f(t) = 26.

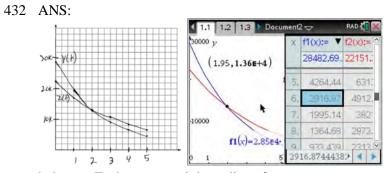
REF: 061937aii NAT: F.IF.C.7 TOP: Graphing Trigonometric Functions KEY: graph



REF: 061637aii NAT: A.REI.D.11 TOP: Other Systems 431 ANS:



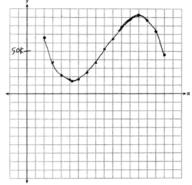
REF: 061837aii NAT: A.REI.D.11 TOP: Other Systems



At 1.95 years, the value of the car equals the loan

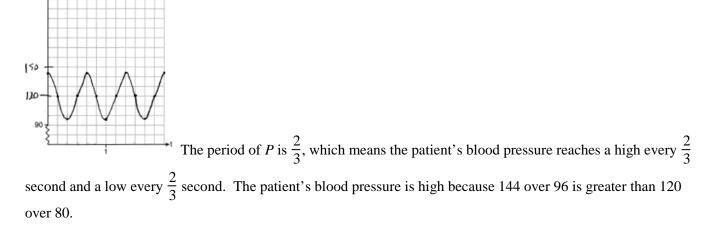
balance. Zach can cancel the policy after 6 years.

REF: 081737aii NAT: A.REI.D.11 TOP: Other Systems 433 ANS:

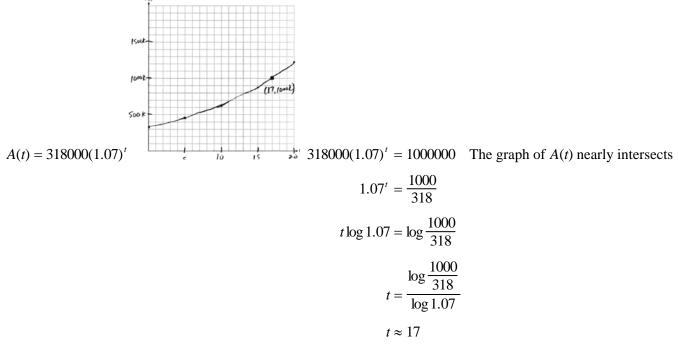


 $P(x) = R(x) - C(x) = -330x^3 + 9000x^2 - 67000x + 167000$ Least profitable at year 13 because there is a maximum in P(x).

REF: 081837aii NAT: F.IF.C.7 TOP: Graphing Polynomial Functions 434 ANS:



REF: 011837aii NAT: F.IF.C.7 TOP: Graphing Trigonometric Functions KEY: graph



the point (17, 100000).

REF: 011937aii NAT: A.CED.A.1 TOP: Exponential Growth 436 ANS:

$$0 = \sqrt{t} - 2t + 6 \ 2\left(\frac{9}{4}\right) - 6 < 0, \text{ so } \frac{9}{4} \text{ is extraneous.}$$

$$2t - 6 = \sqrt{t}$$

$$4t^2 - 24t + 36 = t$$

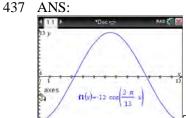
$$4t^2 - 25t + 36 = 0$$

$$(4t - 9)(t - 4) = 0$$

$$t = \frac{9}{4}, 4$$

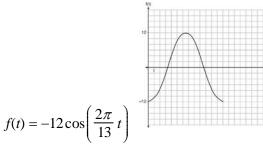
$$(\sqrt{1} - 2(1) + 6) - (\sqrt{3} - 2(3) + 6) = 5 - \sqrt{3} \approx 3.268 \ 327 \text{ mph}$$

REF: 011737aii NAT: A.REI.A.2 TOP: Solving Radicals KEY: context



The amplitude, 12, can be interpreted from the situation, since the water level has a minimum of -12 and a maximum of 12. The value of *A* is -12 since at 8:30 it is low tide. The period of the function is 13 hours, and is expressed in the function through the parameter *B*. By experimentation with

technology or using the relation $P = \frac{2\pi}{B}$ (where P is the period), it is determined that $B = \frac{2\pi}{13}$.



In order to answer the question about when to fish, the student must interpret the function and determine which choice, 7:30 pm or 10:30 pm, is on an increasing interval. Since the function is increasing from t = 13 to t = 19.5 (which corresponds to 9:30 pm to 4:00 am), 10:30 is the appropriate choice.

REF: spr1514aii NAT: F.IF.C.7 TOP: Graphing Trigonometric Functions KEY: graph 438 ANS:

 $A = 5000(1.045)^{n} \qquad 5000 \left(1 + \frac{.046}{4}\right)^{4(6)} - 5000(1.045)^{6} \approx 6578.87 - 6511.30 \approx 67.57 \quad 10000 = 5000 \left(1 + \frac{.046}{4}\right)^{4n}$ $B = 5000 \left(1 + \frac{.046}{4}\right)^{4n} \qquad 2 = 1.0115^{4n}$ $\log 2 = 4n \cdot \log 1.0115$ $n = \frac{\log 2}{4 \log 1.0115}$

$$n \approx 4 \log 1.011$$

 $n \approx 15.2$

REF: 081637aii NAT: A.CED.A.1 TOP: Exponential Growth